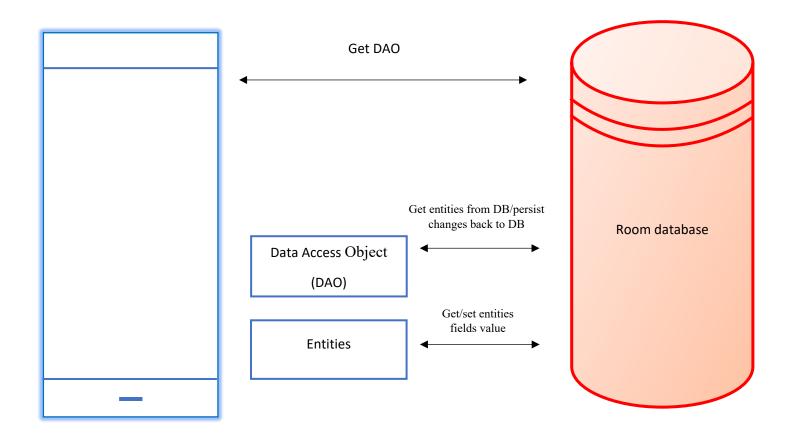
#### 1.INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 overview

This project demonstrates the use of android jet pack compose to build a UI for a snack squad app. Snack squad is a sample project built using the android compose UI tool kit. It demonstrates how to create a simple E-commerce app for snacks using the compose libraries.

The user can see a list of snacks and by tapping on a snack and by tapping on the "ADD TO CART" button the snacks will be added to the cart. The user can also see the list of items in the cart and can proceed to check out to make the purchase.



Android app

# 1.2 purpose

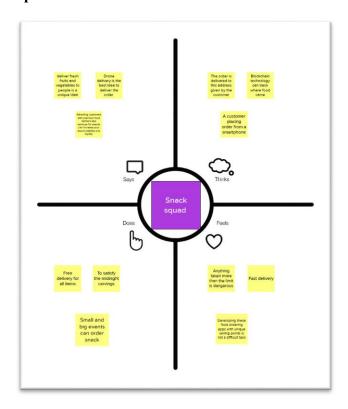
We have a handpicked selection of the best snack, sweets and drinks from around the world. Ready to be delivered straight to your door.

A snacks delivery app that provides snacks delivery at your door in very less time and with the best packaging. Providing snacks from every famous snack place near you. Order snacks with the best user experience.

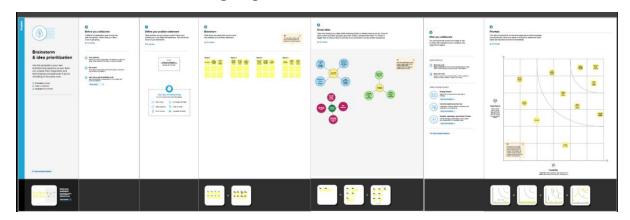
The purpose of online snack delivery system is to automate the existing manual system by the help of computerized equipment's and full-fledged computer software, fulfilling their requirements, so that their valuable data/information can be stored for a longer period with easy accessing and manipulation of the same. The required software and hardware are easily available and easy to work with. The online snacks ordering systems main purpose is to maintain track of information. Such item category, snack, delivery address, order and shopping cart. It keeps track of information about the item category, the customer, the shopping cart and the item category. Only the administrator gets access to the projects, because it is totally built at the administrative level. The project purpose is to develop software that will cut down on the time spent manually managing item category, customer, and delivery address. It saves the delivery address order and shopping cart information.

# 2.PROBLEM DEFINITION AND DESIGH THINKING

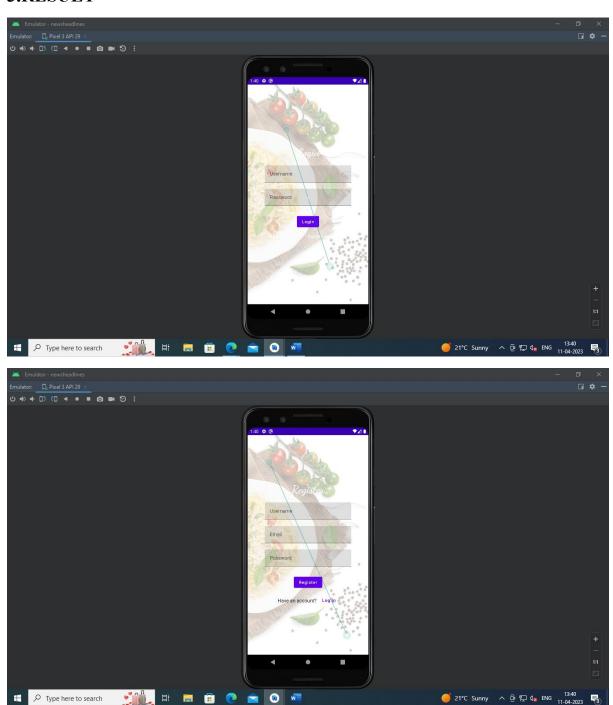
# 2.1 empathy map

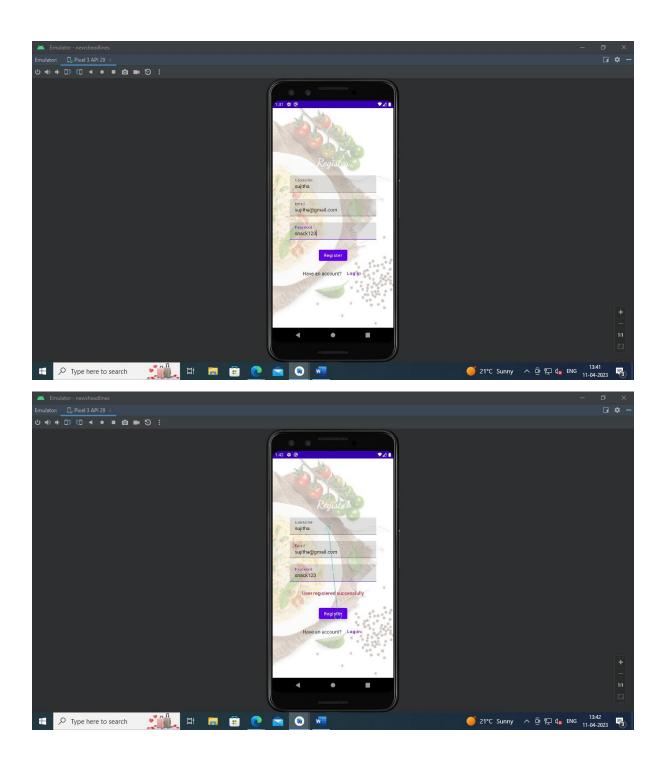


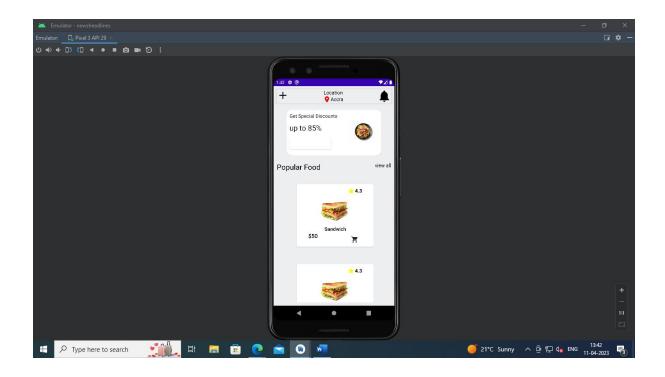
# 2.2 ideation and brainstorming map-



# 3.RESULT







#### 4.ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

#### **ADVANTAGES:**

Running an online snack ordering system adds flexibility to the business, which will ultimately increase sales and profits.

#### • Easy, fast, and comfortable:

In short, your customers choose to order snack online because it is really at their fingertips. Anyone with a smartphone can order snack online from their favourite restaurant.

#### • Health benefits:

One of the important benefits of snack ordering systems is health benefits. Because the meal is planned, it is easy to determine the exact number of calories consumed in each meal. Many snack ordering systems retain their menu for health benefits and weight loss, which can be very helpful for individuals who are trying to lose weight and start a healthy diet.

#### • Safer and healthier:

To reopen, snack businesses will have to set up shop to meet the health and safety regulations of the Indian government. Owners must maintain social distances, use non-contact ordering and payment methods, and ensure surfaces are regularly cleaned.

Even if you are a small shop owner, Switching to the online ordering system for businesses means that your customers can order snack without coming to the store and pay online without contact. This method not only brings profit to your business but also protects from the spread of covid-19.

#### • Less chance for errors:

One of the best advantages of an online snack ordering system for customers is that it ensures prices are accurate and there is less room for error when it comes time to settle the bill. This is because customers have to select an item in the menu at the appropriate price and make sure that the right amount is always paid.

#### • More customers:

As the new life progresses with technologies, online orders and payments are expected to be accepted. If your payment and menu method is hassle free, your regular customers will recommend you to their friends and will share on social media about your restaurant.

You can maximize your customers and your profits by providing a seamless customer experience.

#### • Increased customer loyalty:

If you give customers a reason to come back, they will choose your store over your competitor. You can promote their loyalty through the loyalty program.

According to a recent study, a personalized digital experience is also a great way to encourage customers to come back

#### • Higher customer spends:

We all know that more and more customers are now engaging in digital products and services than ever before.

They also spend more when ordering online. Because reading the online menu is different from standing in line.

#### Highly customizable:

Snack ordering apps are highly customizable so you can easily advertise your logo, brand colours, or other features that make your business unique. Additionally, if you want to delete or add an item to the menu, you must sign in, make your changes, and it's done.

#### **DISADVANTAGE:**

While there are many advantages to the online snack ordering system, there are also some disadvantages to online snack ordering systems. They are

#### Price:

One of the major drawbacks of online snack ordering systems is price. When snack is ordered for more than one person, the cost is usually equal to eating at a good restaurant every night. Many snack ordering systems cost more than \$ 20 per person per day. Even more expensive for some other snack ordering systems. For individuals with a limited snack budget, online snack ordering systems are often too expensive.

#### • Limited menu:

Another disadvantage for snack ordering systems is menu choices. Most snack ordering systems have a limited number of meals. The menu changes every few weeks or months, but if you stick to the system for more than a few months the menu items will come back again and again. You should also eat the snack provided for that week. If you do not want to eat that particular snack, you may have to order another snack from another place or eat snack you do not like.

#### • Preparation:

The preparation factor may be a disadvantage to snack ordering systems. Most snack ordering systems give frozen snack. They are usually easy to prepare, but they usually take more than an hour to cook because the snack is frozen. To avoid long cooking times, you can remove the snack from the freezer the day before. However, remember to eliminate snack from the freezer to reduce cooking time.

#### • Quality of snack may be suffer:

One problem with the snack ordering system is that the quality of the snack served is often worse than eating at a restaurant. Often, snack has to be fed over long distances, and over time, precious vitamins can be lost. Also, snack from the ordering system is often served in plastic packaging, which may not be very appealing to your eyes compared to the snack neatly placed on your plate in a restaurant.

#### • Snack may get cold:

Due to the long ordering distances, your snack may also be cold once it is finally delivered to your home. You need to reheat it or eat it cold.

This is especially true, if you order in an emergency the streets are often crowded and the ordering person will be stuck in traffic.

#### • The vibe of the restaurant is missing:

In some restaurants, there is also a good circumstance which you will miss if you order your snack at home.

#### 4.APPLICATIONS

- Restaurants.
- Bakeries.
- Independent snacks apps.
- Food cooperatives.
- Delivery platforms.
- Virtual restaurants.
- Online ordering apps.
- Supermarkets.

#### 5.CONCLUSION

online snack ordering system is a mobile-based technology that aids the bakery and mini restaurant and snack industry in carrying out tasks effectively and efficiently. It aids in managing cash flow for managers. Managers can view analytics data to access company growth. The manager can control orders and employee schedules by using this system. The full complement is a snack ordering management system, it provides access to the online order platform, third-party connectors software, and comprehensive CRM solution, which together cover a sizable portion of your snack's requirements.

In the "online snack ordering app project", we made every effort to meet all the demands of the bakeries and snack industries. Because it is straightforward and adaptable, the project is successful. The biggest benefit of this project is that it draws plenty of users because of its simplicity. This project will undoubtedly succeed in replacing the antiquated manual way of storing secure information, the work plan also specifies the specific front end and back end characteristics of the technology being used in the project. Future project goals and its scope have been elaborated.

### 7.FUTURE SCOPE

Each project should pay close attention to future development because it contains the system's most recent features. It lessens software issues and defects. It developes a close

relationship with customers based on their comments or preferences. Developer will incorporate certain dynamic elements that are briefly described.

Reporting module with real time mechanism.

- Modern architecture with smooth transitions.
- System foe email and mobile confirmation.
- Selling points.

# 8.SOURCE CODE Gradel

```
plugins
    compileSdk
    defaultConfig
    buildTypes
            minifyEnabled
                                                      JavaVersion.VERSION 1 8
    buildFeatures
dependencies
```

# creating database

#### user

#### user Dao

```
package com.example.snackordering
```

## user database

# user database helper

```
override fun onUpgrade(db: SQLiteDatabase?, oldVersion: Int, newVersion:
  db?.execSQL("DROP TABLE IF EXISTS $TABLE NAME")
  onCreate(db)
```

```
insertUser(user:
       db.close()
   fun getUserByUsername(username: String): User?
       val cursor: Cursor = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM $TABLE NAME WHERE
                                                                  User(
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN FIRST NAME)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN LAST NAME)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN EMAIL)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN PASSWORD)),
       db.close()
```

```
fun getUserById(id: Int):
                                                            User(
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN FIRST NAME)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN LAST NAME)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN EMAIL)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN PASSWORD)),
   fun getAllUsers(): List<User>
      val cursor: Cursor = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM $TABLE NAME", null)
                     (cursor.moveToFirst())
                                                            User(
```

#### database 2:

#### order dataclass:

)

#### order Dao:

#### order database

```
import
import
import
import
import
androidx.room.Database
import
androidx.room.Room
import
androidx.room.Room
```

```
Database (entities
      fun getDatabase(context: Context): OrderDatabase
```

# database helper

```
import
import
import
import
android.annotation.SuppressLint
android.content.ContentValues
import
android.content.Context
import
android.database.Cursor
```

```
android.database.sqlite.SQLiteDatabase
                                 android.database.sqlite.SQLiteOpenHelper
      db?.execSQL(createTable)
   override fun onUpgrade (db: SQLiteDatabase?, oldVersion: Int, newVersion:
Int)
       db?.execSQL("DROP TABLE IF EXISTS $TABLE NAME")
      onCreate(db)
```

```
db.close()
   fun getOrderByQuantity(quantity: String): Order?
      val cursor: Cursor = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM $TABLE NAME WHERE
                                                              Order(
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN QUANTITY)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN ADDRESS)),
```

```
getOrderById(id:
                                                  arrayOf(id.toString()))
                                                                    Order(
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN QUANTITY)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN ADDRESS)),
       val cursor: Cursor = db.rawQuery("SELECT * FROM $TABLE NAME", null)
                                                                   Order(
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN QUANTITY)),
cursor.getString(cursor.getColumnIndex(COLUMN ADDRESS)),
```

# login activity

```
com.example.snackordering
```

```
androidx.core.content.ContextCompat
           SnackOrderingTheme
               Surface(
                                                         databaseHelper)
@Composable
fun LoginScreen(context: Context, databaseHelper: UserDatabaseHelper) {
```

```
username
                       remember
                                          mutableStateOf("")
TextField(
                                                               },
                                          Modifier.padding(10.dp)
```

```
Text("Password")
                           Modifier.padding(10.dp)
                         MaterialTheme.colors.error,
val user = databaseHelper.getUserByUsername(username)
```

```
Intent(
```

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.width(60.dp))
    Text(color = Color.White,text = "Forget password?")
}

private fun startMainPage(context: Context) {
    val intent = Intent(context, MainPage::class.java)
    ContextCompat.startActivity(context, intent, null)
}
```

# main activity

```
import androidx.annotation.SuppressLint import androidx.activity.ComponentActivity import androidx.activity.compose.setContent import androidx.annotation.DrawableRes import androidx.annotation.DrawableRes import androidx.compose.foundation.Image import androidx.compose.foundation.Image import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.* import androidx.compose.foundation.layout.* import androidx.compose.foundation.shape.CircleShape import androidx.compose.foundation.shape.CircleShape import androidx.compose.foundation.shape.RoundedCornerShape import androidx.compose.material.* import androidx.compose.material.icons.Icons import androidx.compose.material.icons.filled.*
```

```
Intent1
          onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?)
SnackOrderingTheme
   Surface(
                                     Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
```

```
MaterialTheme.colors.background
@Composable
                                TopPart()
           Modifier
              .clip(CircleShape)
```

```
MaterialTheme.typography.subtitle1, color
          Modifier
@Composable
                              CardPart()
RoundedCornerShape(20.dp))
MaterialTheme.typography.h5)
```

```
{},
             Button(onClick
ButtonDefaults.buttonColors(Color.White))
MaterialTheme.colors.surface)
@Composable
                                                        PopularFood(
                                                          Modifier
        horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHorizontally
```

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.padding(vertical = 5.dp))
                                                           Modifier
                                                        Color.Yellow
                                                            Modifier
FontWeight.Bold)
          Row(modifier
Arrangement.SpaceBetween)
```

```
TargetActivity::class.java)
                                                                   listOf(
```

```
R.drawable.pop
@Composable
               App(context:
                                                          Modifier
          .padding(10.dp),
          TopPart()
                                    Modifier.padding(10.dp))
      CardPart()
```

```
MaterialTheme.typography.subtitle1,
                                           Modifier.padding(10.dp))
@Composable
        PopularFoodColumn(context: Context)
@SuppressLint("UnusedMaterialScaffoldPaddingParameter")
@Composable
```

```
SnackOrderingTheme

Scaffold()

val context = LocalContext.current

App(context)

}
```

## target activity

```
androidx.compose.foundation.text.KeyboardOptions
```

```
androidx.compose.ui.res.painterResource
                       androidx.compose.ui.text.input.KeyboardType
                onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?)
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
setContent
                                                        Modifier
               .fillMaxSize()
           Order(this,
                                      orders.toString())
```

```
Alignment.CenterHorizontally,
                                    Arrangement.Center)
      TextField(value = quantity, onValueChange = {quantity=it},
KeyboardType.Number),
                                                       Modifier
            .padding(10.dp)
            .width(280.dp))
      Spacer(modifier = Modifier.padding(10.dp))
                                                   Modifier
            .padding(10.dp)
```

```
= Modifier.padding(10.dp))
                         (error.isNotEmpty())
            modifier = Modifier.padding(vertical = 16.dp)
         if( quantity.isNotEmpty() and address.isNotEmpty()) {
                                                         Order(
             orderDatabaseHelper.insertOrder(order)
Toast.LENGTH SHORT).show() }
Color.White))
```

```
}

private fun startMainPage(context: Context) {
  val intent = Intent(context, LoginActivity::class.java)
      ContextCompat.startActivity(context, intent, null)
}
```

## admin Activity

```
android.icu.text.SimpleDateFormat
   androidx.activity.ComponentActivity
androidx.compose.material.MaterialTheme
     androidx.compose.material.Surface
```

```
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
      orderDatabaseHelper = OrderDatabaseHelper(this)
      setContent
         SnackOrderingTheme
            Surface(
                                               ,data.toString())
@Composable
fun ListListScopeSample(order: List<Order>)
```

```
Text(text = "Order Tracking", modifier = Modifier.padding(top = 24.dp, start = 106.dp, bottom = 24.dp), color = Color.White, fontSize = 30.sp)
               .padding(top
    ) {
                     items(order)
                           Column(modifier = Modifier.padding(top = 16.dp, start =
```

## register activity

```
import
import
import
import
import
android.content.Context
android.content.Intent
import
android.os.Bundle
```

```
androidx.compose.ui.Modifier
lateinit var databaseHelper: UserDatabaseHelper
         onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?)
                               UserDatabaseHelper(this)
Surface(
                                Modifier.fillMaxSize(),
```

```
fun RegistrationScreen(context: Context, databaseHelper: UserDatabaseHelper)
```

```
Text(
TextField(
                                                     Modifier
      .padding(10.dp)
      .padding(10.dp)
```

```
onValueChange
                                password = it
            .padding(10.dp)
                         (error.isNotEmpty())
            modifier = Modifier.padding(vertical = 16.dp)
           if (username.isNotEmpty() && password.isNotEmpty() &&
email.isNotEmpty())
                                                        User(
```

```
Intent(
modifier = Modifier.padding(top =
   modifier = Modifier.padding(top = 14.dp), text = "Have an
```

## manifest:

```
android:exported="true"
          </intent-filter>
          android:exported="false"
/manifest>
```