Question 1: Explain this following bash script:

```
#!/bin/bash
space_free=$( df -h | awk '{ print $5 }' | sort -n | tail -n 1 | sed 's/%//' )
case $space_free in
[1-5]*)
echo Plenty of disk space available
;;
[6-7]*)
echo There could be a problem in the near future
;;
8*)
echo Maybe we should look at clearing out old files
;;
9*)
echo We could have a serious problem on our hands soon
;;
*)
echo Something is not quite right here
;;
Esac
Explain-
```

df - used to display the disk space used in the file system

-h -lt is used to display sizes in powers of 1024

```
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$ bash assignment.sh
Filesystem
                        Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
                       903M 0 903M 0% /dev
919M 0 919M 0% /dev/shm
devtmpfs
tmpfs
                       919M 9.5M 910M 2% /run
tmpfs
                       919M 0 919M 0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/mapper/centos-root 17G 7.4G 9.7G 44% /
                       1014M 239M 776M 24% /boot
/dev/sda1
                       184M 28K 184M 1% /run/user/1000
tmpfs
/dev/sr0
                         51M
                             51M 0 100% /run/media/sujoy/VBox GAs 7.0.2
```

awk'{print \$5}' -it will display the 5th column

```
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$ bash assignment.sh
Use%
0%
0%
2%
0%
44%
24%
1%
100%
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$ |
```

Sort -n: It will perform numeric sorting upon "use%" column.

```
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$ bash assignment.sh
0%
0%
0%
Use%
1%
2%
24%
44%
100%
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$ vim assignment sh
```

Tail -n 1 : display last line or last row from "user%" column

```
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$ bash assignment.sh
100%
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$
```

sed 's/%//' : It will remove "%", convert 100% to 100

```
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$ bash assignment.sh
100
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$
```

 Case statement will check space_free value and display the output 100 in [1-5]*

```
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$ bash assignment.sh
Plenty of disk space available
[sujoy@localhost DevOps]$
```