Prediction Tsunami

∨ 2.Data Understanding

Collect Initial Data

from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

eq=pd.read_csv('/content/drive/My Drive/Data_science/Project/earthquake_data.csv') eq

	title	magnitude	date_time	cdi	mmi	alert	tsunami	sig	net	nst	dmin	
0	M 7.0 - 18 km SW of Malango, Solomon Islands	7.0	22-11- 2022 02:03	8	7	green	1	768	us	117	0.509	_
1	M 6.9 - 204 km SW of Bengkulu, Indonesia	6.9	18-11- 2022 13:37	4	4	green	0	735	us	99	2.229	3
2	M 7.0 -	7.0	12-11- 2022 07:09	3	3	green	1	755	us	147	3.125	
3	M 7.3 - 205 km ESE of Neiafu, Tonga	7.3	11-11- 2022 10:48	5	5	green	1	833	us	149	1.865	2
4	M 6.6 -	6.6	09-11- 2022 10:14	0	2	green	1	670	us	131	4.998	2
777	M 7.7 - 28 km SSW of Puerto El Triunfo, El Sal	7.7	13-01- 2001 17:33	0	8	NaN	0	912	us	427	0.000	
778	M 6.9 - 47 km S of Old Harbor, Alaska	6.9	10-01- 2001 16:02	5	7	NaN	0	745	ak	0	0.000	
779	M 7.1 - 16 km NE of Port-Olry, Vanuatu	7.1	09-01- 2001 16:49	0	7	NaN	0	776	us	372	0.000	
780	M 6.8 - Mindanao, Philippines	6.8	01-01- 2001 08:54	0	5	NaN	0	711	us	64	0.000	
781	M 7.5 - 21 km SE of Lukatan, Philippines	7.5	01-01- 2001 06:57	0	7	NaN	0	865	us	324	0.000	
782 rc	ws × 19 colu	mns										

Describe Data

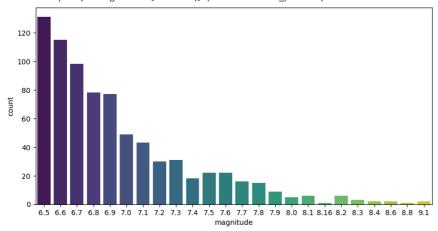
```
#รายละเอียดข้อมูล
eq.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 782 entries, 0 to 781
    Data columns (total 19 columns):
                    Non-Null Count Dtype
         Column
     ---
     0
         title
                    782 non-null
                                   object
         magnitude
                    782 non-null
                                   float64
                    782 non-null
         date_time
                                   object
                    782 non-null
         cdi
                                   int64
                    782 non-null
                                   int64
         mmi
                    415 non-null
                                   object
     5
         alert
                    782 non-null
     6
         tsunami
                                   int64
                    782 non-null
                                   int64
         sig
                    782 non-null
     8
         net
                                   object
     9
         nst
                    782 non-null
                                   int64
     10 dmin
                    782 non-null
                                   float64
                    782 non-null
                                   float64
         gap
         magType
                    782 non-null
                                   object
         depth
                    782 non-null
                                   float64
     14
         latitude
                    782 non-null
                                   float64
     15 longitude 782 non-null
                                   float64
                    777 non-null
     16 location
                                   object
     17 continent 206 non-null
                                   obiect
                    484 non-null
     18 country
                                   object
     dtypes: float64(6), int64(5), object(8)
     memory usage: 116.2+ KB
#Target
tsunami = eq['tsunami'].unique()
tsunami
     array([1, 0])
eq.isnull().sum()/eq.shape[0]*100
#continent,country,alert have 73%,38%,46% null values
#we can drop continenet(too much null values)
#we have latitude and longitude so we can drop location
#alert is a unnecessary data
     title
                  0.000000
     magnitude
                  0.000000
     date_time
                  0.000000
                  0.000000
    cdi
                  0.000000
    mmi
                 46.930946
    alert
     tsunami
                  0.000000
                  0.000000
    sig
    net
                  0.000000
    nst
                  0.000000
     dmin
                  0.000000
     gap
                  0.000000
     magType
                  0.000000
                  0.000000
     depth
     latitude
                  0.000000
     longitude
                  0.000000
                  0.639386
     location
                 73.657289
     continent
                 38.107417
    country
    dtype: float64
eq.columns
    Explore Data
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
# Define a color palette
custom_palette = sns.color_palette("viridis", n_colors=len(eq['magnitude'].unique()))
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.countplot(x='magnitude', data=eq, palette=custom_palette)
plt.show()
```

<ipython-input-9-7b3f8b833d6f>:5: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.

sns.countplot(x='magnitude', data=eq, palette=custom_palette)



```
# Define a color palette
custom_palette = sns.color_palette("Set2")
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
\verb|sns.countplot(x='alert', data=eq, palette=custom_palette)|\\
plt.show()
     <ipython-input-10-70537c2a153f>:5: FutureWarning:
     Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.
       \verb|sns.countplot(x='alert', data=eq, palette=custom_palette)|\\
     <ipython-input-10-70537c2a153f>:5: UserWarning: The palette list has more values (8)
       sns.countplot(x='alert', data=eq, palette=custom_palette)
        300
        250
        200
      count
        150
        100
         50
```

yellow

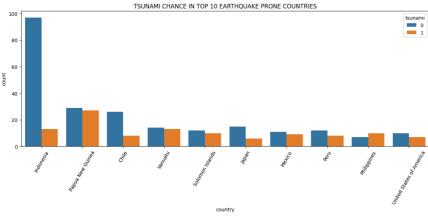
green

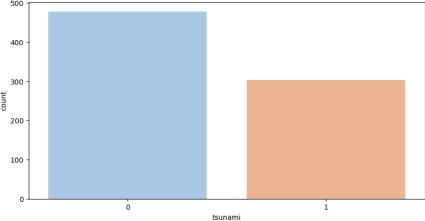
```
o=eq['country'].value_counts().head(10).index
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
sns.countplot(x='country',data=eq,order=o,hue='tsunami')
plt.xticks(rotation=60)
plt.title('TSUNAMI CHANCE IN TOP 10 EARTHQUAKE PRONE COUNTRIES')
#Indonesia has the highest number of earthquakes worldwide, but Papua New Guinea and Philippines has a very high risk of tsunamis followed.
```

orange

red

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'TSUNAMI CHANCE IN TOP 10 EARTHQUAKE PRONE COUNTRIES')





∨ 2. Data Preparation

```
#DROPING UNNECESSARY DATA
eq.drop(['date_time','title'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

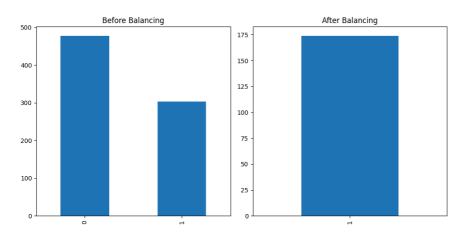
```
# แทนที่ค่าว่างด้วยค่าที่กำหนด
eq.fillna({'alert': 'No Alert', 'continent': 'Unknown', 'country': 'Unknown', 'location': 'Unknown'}, inplace=True)
eq.isnull().sum()
     magnitude
                  0
     cdi
                  0
     {\rm mmi}
                  0
     alert
     tsunami
                  0
     sig
                  0
     net
    nst
     dmin
                  a
                  0
     gap
     magType
                  0
     depth
                  0
     latitude
                  0
     longitude
                  0
     location
                  0
     continent
                  0
     country
                  0
     dtype: int64
#รายละเอียดข้อมูลหลังลบค่าว่างใน column 'alert', 'continent', 'country', 'location'
eq.info()
     <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 782 entries, 0 to 781
     Data columns (total 17 columns):
     # Column
                    Non-Null Count Dtype
         -----
         magnitude 782 non-null
                                     float64
     0
                                     int64
                     782 non-null
         cdi
     1
                                     int64
      2
         mmi
                     782 non-null
      3
         alert
                     782 non-null
                                     object
      4
          tsunami
                     782 non-null
                                     int64
          sig
                     782 non-null
                                     int64
                     782 non-null
                                     object
                     782 non-null
                                     int64
         nst
                     782 non-null
      8
         dmin
                                     float64
      9
         gap
                     782 non-null
                                     float64
                     782 non-null
                                     object
     10 magType
                     782 non-null
                                     float64
      11
         depth
                    782 non-null
         latitude
                                     float64
     12
      13 longitude 782 non-null
                                     float64
      14 location
                    782 non-null
                                     object
      15 continent 782 non-null
                                     object
      16 country
                     782 non-null
                                     object
     dtypes: float64(6), int64(5), object(6)
    memory usage: 104.0+ KB
eq
```

		magnitude	cdi	mmi	alert	tsunami	sig	net	nst	dmin	gap	magType	depth
	0	7.0	8	7	green	1	768	us	117	0.509	17.0	mww	14.000
	1	6.9	4	4	green	0	735	us	99	2.229	34.0	mww	25.000
	2	7.0	3	3	green	1	755	us	147	3.125	18.0	mww	579.000
	3	7.3	5	5	green	1	833	us	149	1.865	21.0	mww	37.000
	4	6.6	0	2	green	1	670	us	131	4.998	27.0	mww	624.464
,	777	7.7	0	8	No Alert	0	912	us	427	0.000	0.0	mwc	60.000
	778	6.9	5	7	No Alert	0	745	ak	0	0.000	0.0	mw	36.400

แสดงจำนวนข้อมูลก่อนการทำ balancing print("จำนวนข้อมูลก่อนการทำ balancing:") print(eq['tsunami'].value_counts())

จำนวนข้อมูลก่อนการทำ balancing:

```
304
     Name: tsunami, dtype: int64
# หาจำนวนตัวอย่างที่มากที่สุดในคอลัมน์ 'tsunami'
max_samples = eq['tsunami'].value_counts().max()
# สร้าง DataFrame เพื่อเก็บข้อมูลที่สมดุล
balanced_data = pd.DataFrame(columns=['tsunami'])
# วนลูปผ่านแต่ละกลุ่มข้อมูล
for index, count in eq['tsunami'].value_counts().items():
    tsunami_value = index
    # ถ้าจำนวนตัวอย่างในแต่ละกลุ่มน้อยกว่า max samples
    if count < max_samples:</pre>
        # สุ่มเพิ่มข้อมูลเพื่อทำให้มีจำนวนเท่ากับ max_samples
        additional_samples = max_samples - count
        additional_data = pd.DataFrame({'tsunami': [tsunami_value] * additional_samples})
        # เพิ่มข้อมูลเพิ่มเติมเข้ากับ DataFrame ที่สมดุล
        balanced_data = pd.concat([balanced_data, additional_data], ignore_index=True)
# แสดง DataFrame หลังการทำ balancing
print("จำนวนข้อมูลหลังการทำ balancing:")
print(balanced_data['tsunami'].value_counts())
     จำนวนข้อมูลหลังการทำ balancing:
     Name: tsunami, dtype: int64
# สร้างกราฟเปรียบเทียบก่อนและหลังทำ balancing
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
eq['tsunami'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar', title='Before Balancing')
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
balanced_data['tsunami'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar', title='After Balancing')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



eq.head()

	magnitude	cdi	mmi	alert	tsunami	sig	net	nst	dmin	gap	magType	depth	1;
0	7.0	8	7	green	1	768	us	117	0.509	17.0	mww	14.000	
1	6.9	4	4	green	0	735	us	99	2.229	34.0	mww	25.000	
2	7.0	3	3	green	1	755	us	147	3.125	18.0	mww	579.000	-
4													•

Feature Engineering

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

```
le_alert=LabelEncoder()
le_net=LabelEncoder()
le_magType=LabelEncoder()
le_location=LabelEncoder()
le_continent=LabelEncoder()
le_country=LabelEncoder()
```

#แปลงข้อมูล

```
alert_en=le_alert.fit_transform(eq['alert'])
net_en=le_net.fit_transform(eq['net'])
magType_en=le_magType.fit_transform(eq['magType'])
location_en=le_location.fit_transform(eq['location'])
continent_en=le_continent.fit_transform(eq['continent'])
country_en=le_country.fit_transform(eq['country'])
```

#ใส่ข้อมูลเข้าไปใหม่ในตาราง

```
eq['alert_en']=alert_en
eq['net_en']=net_en
eq['magType_en']=magType_en
eq['location_en']=location_en
eq['continent_en']=continent_en
eq['country_en']=country_en
```

#แสดงข้อมูลหลังแปลงตัวอักษรเป็นตัวเลข

eq.head()

	magnitude	cdi	mmi	alert	tsunami	sig	net	nst	dmin	gap	• • •	longitude	loc
0	7.0	8	7	green	1	768	us	117	0.509	17.0		159.596	Ma So I
1	6.9	4	4	green	0	735	us	99	2.229	34.0		100.738	Ber Ind
2	7.0	3	3	green	1	755	us	147	3.125	18.0		-178.346	Un
3	7.3	5	5	green	1	833	us	149	1.865	21.0		-172.129	1
4	6.6	0	2	green	1	670	us	131	4.998	27.0		178.278	Un

#ลบคอลัมน์ที่ไม่ใช้งาน

5 rows × 23 columns

eq.drop(['alert','net','magType','location','continent','country','location_en','country_en','continent_en','alert_en'], axis=1, inplace

eq

	magnitude	cdi	mmi	tsunami	sig	nst	dmin	gap	depth	latitude	longitude
0	7.0	8	7	1	768	117	0.509	17.0	14.000	-9.7963	159.596
1	6.9	4	4	0	735	99	2.229	34.0	25.000	-4.9559	100.738
2	7.0	3	3	1	755	147	3.125	18.0	579.000	-20.0508	-178.346
3	7.3	5	5	1	833	149	1.865	21.0	37.000	-19.2918	-172.129
4	6.6	0	2	1	670	131	4.998	27.0	624.464	-25.5948	178.278
777	7.7	0	8	0	912	427	0.000	0.0	60.000	13.0490	-88.660
778	6.9	5	7	0	745	0	0.000	0.0	36.400	56.7744	-153.281
779	7.1	0	7	0	776	372	0.000	0.0	103.000	-14.9280	167.170
780	6.8	0	5	0	711	64	0.000	0.0	33.000	6.6310	126.899
781	7.5	0	7	0	865	324	0.000	0.0	33.000	6.8980	126.579
700 га	v 19 aaliii	mno									•
relati	on matrix 1	ເລູງກໍລາ	າເລ + ເ	unami							

```
#correlation matrix ของข้อมูล tsunami
# Check data correlation
correlation = eq.corr()
# Get correlations related to 'tsunami' column
tsunami_correlation = correlation['tsunami']
# Exclude self-correlation and sort by absolute value
top_5_correlation = tsunami_correlation.drop('tsunami').abs().nlargest(5)
print("Top 5 highest correlations with 'tsunami':")
print(top_5_correlation)
# Create a mask for the upper triangle
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(correlation, dtype=bool))
# Generate the heatmap
sns.heatmap(correlation, mask=mask, cmap='coolwarm', annot=True, fmt=".2f")
     Top 5 highest correlations with 'tsunami':
                    0.600231
     nst
                    0.400752
     dmin
                    0.340445
     magType_en
                    0.160266
     cdi
     mmi
                    0.147363
     Name: tsunami, dtype: float64
     <Axes: >
        magnitude -
                cdi -0.21
              mmi -0.290.32
           tsunami -0.000.16-0.15
                                                                                    0.2
                sig -0.520.480.440.02
                nst -0.11-0.180.16-0.600.03
                                                                                   - 0.0
              dmin -0.090.01-0.300.40-0.100.53
               gap -0.110.10-0.020.120.11-0.120.02
             depth -0.03-0.100.500.06-0.090.120.17-0.11
                                                                                    -0.2
           latitude -0.010.130.140.110.200.140.240.090.07
          longitude -0.010.150.010.140.190.17-0.100.310.040.03
            net en -0.110.070.110.020.20<mark>0.130.10</mark>-0.150.05-0.270.2
       magType_en -0.05<mark>0.24</mark>-0.06<mark>0.34</mark>0.01<mark>-0.33</mark>0.32<mark>-0.290.11-0.210.06</mark>0.3
```

→ 3. Modeling

!pip install pycaret

```
Requirement already satisfied: pycaret in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (3.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: ipython>=5.5.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (7.34.0)
Requirement already satisfied: ipywidgets>=7.6.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (7.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm>=4.62.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (4.66.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy<1.27,>=1.21 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (1.25.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas<2.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (1.5.3)
Requirement already satisfied: jinja2>=3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (3.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy<=1.11.4,>=1.6.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (1.11.4)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (1.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>1.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (1.4.1.post1)
Requirement already satisfied: pyod>=1.1.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (1.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: imbalanced-learn>=0.12.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (0.12.0)
Requirement already satisfied: category-encoders>=2.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (2.6.3)
Requirement already satisfied: lightgbm>=3.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (4.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: numba>=0.55.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (0.58.1)
Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.27.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (2.31.0)
Requirement already satisfied: psutil>=5.9.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (5.9.5)
Requirement already satisfied: markupsafe>=2.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (2.1.5)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata>=4.12.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (7.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: nbformat>=4.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (5.10.3)
Requirement already satisfied: cloudpickle in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (2.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: deprecation>=2.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (2.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: xxhash in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (3.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib<3.8.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (3.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-plot>=0.3.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (0.3.7)
Requirement already satisfied: yellowbrick>=1.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (1.5)
Requirement already satisfied: plotly>=5.14.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (5.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kaleido>=0.2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (0.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: schemdraw==0.15 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (0.15)
Requirement already satisfied: plotly-resampler>=0.8.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: statsmodels>=0.12.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (0.14.1)
Requirement already satisfied: sktime>=0.26.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (0.28.0)
Requirement already satisfied: tbats>=1.1.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (1.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pmdarima>=2.0.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (2.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: wurlitzer in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pycaret) (3.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from category-encoders>=2.4.0->pycaret)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from deprecation>=2.1.0->pycaret) (24.0)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from imbalanced-learn>=0.12.0->p
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from importlib-metadata>=4.12.0->pycaret) (
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools>=18.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (67.7.
Requirement already satisfied: jedi>=0.16 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (0.19.1)
Requirement already satisfied: decorator in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (4.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pickleshare in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (0.7.5)
Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (5.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: prompt-toolkit!=3.0.0,!=3.0.1,<3.1.0,>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipy
Requirement already satisfied: pygments in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (2.16.1)
Requirement already satisfied: backcall in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib-inline in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (0.1.
Requirement already satisfied: pexpect>4.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipython>=5.5.0->pycaret) (4.9.0)
Requirement already satisfied: ipykernel>=4.5.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipywidgets>=7.6.5->pycaret) (5.
Requirement already satisfied: ipython-genutils~=0.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipywidgets>=7.6.5->pycar
Requirement already satisfied: widgetsnbextension~=3.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipywidgets>=7.6.5->pyc
Requirement already satisfied: jupyterlab-widgets>=1.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from ipywidgets>=7.6.5->pyc
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib<3.8.0->pycaret) (1.2
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib<3.8.0->pycaret) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib<3.8.0->pycaret) (4.
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib<3.8.0->pycaret) (1.
```

```
# import pycaret classification and init setup
from pycaret.classification import *
py_eq = setup(eq, target = 'tsunami', session_id = 123 ,fold = 5)
```

	Description	Value
0	Session id	123
1	Target	tsunami
2	Target type	Binary
3	Original data shape	(782, 13)
4	Transformed data shape	(782, 13)
5	Transformed train set shape	(547, 13)
6	Transformed test set shape	(235, 13)
7	Numeric features	12
8	Preprocess	True
9	Imputation type	simple
10	Numeric imputation	mean
11	Categorical imputation	mode
12	Fold Generator	StratifiedKFold
13	Fold Number	5
14	CPU Jobs	-1
15	Use GPU	False
16	Log Experiment	False
17	Experiment Name	clf-default-name
18	USI	a2fd

from pycaret.classification import *
exp_reg101 = setup(data = eq, target = 'tsunami', session_id=123,fold=5)

	Description	Value
0	Session id	123
1	Target	tsunami
2	Target type	Binary
3	Original data shape	(782, 13)
4	Transformed data shape	(782, 13)
5	Transformed train set shape	(547, 13)
6	Transformed test set shape	(235, 13)
7	Numeric features	12
8	Preprocess	True
9	Imputation type	simple
10	Numeric imputation	mean
11	Categorical imputation	mode
12	Fold Generator	StratifiedKFold
13	Fold Number	5
14	CPU Jobs	-1
15	Use GPU	False
16	Log Experiment	False
17	Experiment Name	clf-default-name
18	USI	a84b

compare_models()

	Model	Accuracy	AUC	Recall	Prec.	F1	Карра	MCC	TT (Sec)
xgboost	Extreme Gradient Boosting	0.8903	0.9456	0.8681	0.8537	0.8599	0.7698	0.7711	0.2820
rf	Random Forest Classifier	0.8885	0.9474	0.8588	0.8575	0.8570	0.7657	0.7671	0.5300
et	Extra Trees Classifier	0.8885	0.9406	0.8685	0.8491	0.8585	0.7665	0.7670	0.4340
gbc	Gradient Boosting Classifier	0.8867	0.9416	0.8590	0.8534	0.8548	0.7620	0.7637	0.4700
lightgbm	Light Gradient Boosting Machine	0.8848	0.9466	0.8493	0.8532	0.8500	0.7566	0.7580	1.1920
ada	Ada Boost Classifier	0.8739	0.9478	0.8216	0.8516	0.8355	0.7334	0.7346	0.5800
dt	Decision Tree Classifier	0.8556	0.8460	0.8027	0.8228	0.8116	0.6947	0.6959	0.0840
lda	Linear Discriminant Analysis	0.8245	0.8653	0.8734	0.7291	0.7944	0.6434	0.6521	0.0700
knn	K Neighbors Classifier	0.8227	0.8798	0.7934	0.7625	0.7760	0.6294	0.6317	0.1180
ridge	Ridge Classifier	0.8227	0.0000	0.8688	0.7280	0.7918	0.6393	0.6477	0.0820
Ir	Logistic Regression	0.8135	0.8532	0.8501	0.7207	0.7797	0.6199	0.6269	2.2540
nb	Naive Bayes	0.8117	0.8272	0.8544	0.7170	0.7789	0.6170	0.6254	0.1060
qda	Quadratic Discriminant	0.7952	0.8411	0.8071	0.7075	0.7532	0.5793	0.5844	0.0860

Extreme Gradient Boosting

xgboost_model = create_model('xgboost')

	Accuracy	AUC	Recall	Prec.	F1	Карра	MCC
Fold							
0	0.8818	0.9337	0.8605	0.8409	0.8506	0.7529	0.7530
1	0.8909	0.9427	0.9070	0.8298	0.8667	0.7747	0.7769
2	0.8807	0.9453	0.8095	0.8718	0.8395	0.7448	0.7461
3	0.8899	0.9460	0.8333	0.8750	0.8537	0.7655	0.7661
4	0.9083	0.9605	0.9302	0.8511	0.8889	0.8110	0.8134
Mean	0.8903	0.9456	0.8681	0.8537	0.8599	0.7698	0.7711
Std	0.0099	0.0086	0.0449	0.0175	0.0169	0.0230	0.0236

#tune เพื่อปรับค่าพารามิเตอร์ให้ดีที่สุด

tuned_xgboost_model = tune_model(xgboost_model)

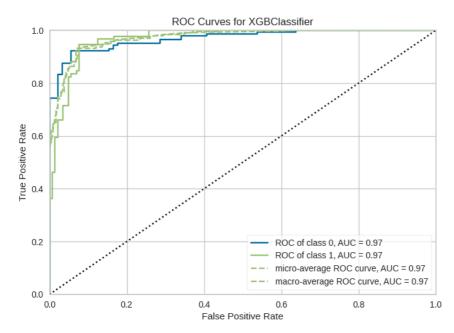
	Accuracy	AUC	Recall	Prec.	F1	Карра	MCC
Fold							
0	0.8818	0.9351	0.8837	0.8261	0.8539	0.7549	0.7561
1	0.8818	0.9434	0.9302	0.8000	0.8602	0.7589	0.7653
2	0.8899	0.9471	0.9762	0.7885	0.8723	0.7775	0.7912
3	0.8440	0.9382	0.8810	0.7551	0.8132	0.6807	0.6866
4	0.8532	0.9602	1.0000	0.7288	0.8431	0.7114	0.7431
Mean	0.8702	0.9448	0.9342	0.7797	0.8486	0.7367	0.7485
Std	0.0181	0.0087	0.0479	0.0342	0.0201	0.0354	0.0347

Fitting 5 folds for each of 10 candidates, totalling 50 fits

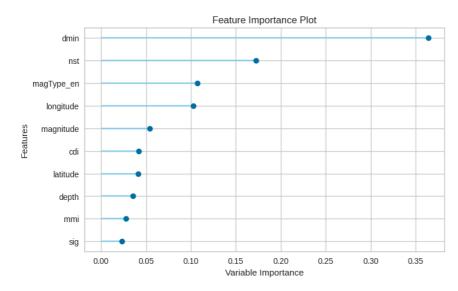
#tuned model object is stored in the variable 'tuned_model'.
print(tuned_xgboost_model)

XGBClassifier(base_score=None, booster='gbtree', callbacks=None, colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None, colsample_bytree=None, device='cpu', early_stopping_rounds=None, enable_categorical=False, eval_metric=None, feature_types=None, gamma=None, grow_policy=None, importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None, learning_rate=None, max_bin=None, max_cat_threshold=None, max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=None, max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=None, missing=nan, monotone_constraints=None, multi_strategy=None, n_estimators=None, n_jobs=-1, num_parallel_tree=None, objective='binary:logistic', ...)

plot_model(tuned_xgboost_model)



plot_model(tuned_xgboost_model, plot='feature')



from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

```
# กำหนดค่าพารามิเตอร์ที่ถกปรับค่า
tuned_xgboost_params = {
    'n_estimators': 100,
    'max_depth': 6,
    'learning_rate': 0.1,
    'subsample': 0.8,
    'colsample_bytree': 0.8,
    'gamma': 0,
    'random_state': 123
}
# Split Data into Train and Test Sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(eq[['dmin', 'nst', 'magType_en', 'longitude', 'magnitude']], eq['tsunami'], test_size:
# สร้างโมเดล XGBClassifier ด้วยพารามิเตอร์ที่ถูกปรับค่า
tuned_xgboost_model = XGBClassifier(**tuned_xgb_params)
# เทรนโมเดลด้วยชดข้อมลการฝึก
tuned_xgboost_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
                                       XGBClassifier
     XGBClassifier(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
                    \verb|colsample_bylevel=None|, colsample_bynode=None|,
                    colsample_bytree=0.8, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None,
                    enable_categorical=False, eval_metric=None, feature_types=None,
```

```
XGBClassifier
XGBClassifier(base_score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None, colsample_bylevel=None, colsample_bynode=None, colsample_bytree=0.8, device=None, early_stopping_rounds=None, enable_categorical=False, eval_metric=None, feature_types=None, gamma=0, grow_policy=None, importance_type=None, interaction_constraints=None, learning_rate=0.1, max_bin=None, max_cat_threshold=None, max_cat_to_onehot=None, max_delta_step=None, max_depth=6, max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=None, missing=nan, monotone_constraints=None, multi_strategy=None, n_estimators=100, n_jobs=None, num_parallel_tree=None, objective='binary:logistic', ...)
```

Random Forest Classifier

rf_model = create_model('rf')

	Accuracy	AUC	Recall	Prec.	F1	Карра	MCC
Fold							
0	0.8545	0.9346	0.8372	0.8000	0.8182	0.6971	0.6976
1	0.8909	0.9427	0.8837	0.8444	0.8636	0.7728	0.7734
2	0.8899	0.9636	0.8095	0.8947	0.8500	0.7634	0.7658
3	0.8991	0.9316	0.8333	0.8974	0.8642	0.7841	0.7854
4	0.9083	0.9646	0.9302	0.8511	0.8889	0.8110	0.8134
Mean	0.8885	0.9474	0.8588	0.8575	0.8570	0.7657	0.7671
Std	0.0182	0.0141	0.0431	0.0361	0.0231	0.0378	0.0383

```
#tune เพื่อปรับค่าพารามิเดอร์ให้ดีที่สุด
tuned_rf_model = tune_model(rf_model)
```

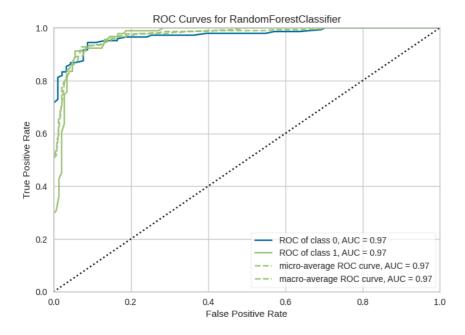
	Accuracy	AUC	Recall	Prec.	F1	Карра	MCC
Fold							
0	0.8364	0.8820	0.7907	0.7907	0.7907	0.6564	0.6564
1	0.8727	0.9360	0.8837	0.8085	0.8444	0.7371	0.7392
2	0.8624	0.9371	0.8095	0.8293	0.8193	0.7082	0.7083
3	0.8807	0.9138	0.8810	0.8222	0.8506	0.7515	0.7528
4	0.8532	0.9412	0.9302	0.7547	0.8333	0.7047	0.7170
Mean	0.8611	0.9220	0.8590	0.8011	0.8277	0.7116	0.7147
Std	0.0155	0.0222	0.0515	0.0267	0.0213	0.0327	0.0332

Fitting 5 folds for each of 10 candidates, totalling 50 fits

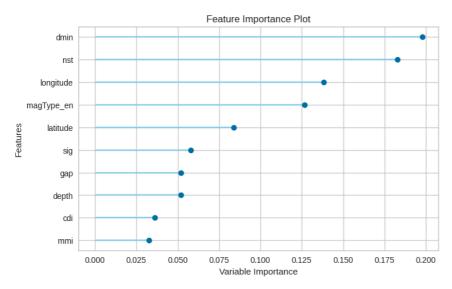
#tuned model object is stored in the variable 'tuned_model'.
print(tuned_rf_model)

RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, ccp_alpha=0.0, class_weight=None, criterion='gini', max_depth=None, max_features='sqrt', max_leaf_nodes=None, max_samples=None, min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2, min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, monotonic_cst=None, n_estimators=100, n_jobs=-1, oob_score=False, random_state=123, verbose=0, warm_start=False)

plot_model(tuned_rf_model)



plot_model(tuned_rf_model, plot='feature')



```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
```

```
# แบ่งข้อมูลเป็น Train และ Test
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(eq[['longitude', 'dmin', 'latitude', 'nst', 'magType_en']], eq['tsunami'], test_size={
# กำหนดพารามิเตอร์ที่จะใช้ในการปรับแต่ง Random Forest
tuned_rf_params = {
    'n_estimators': 100,
    'max_depth': None,
    'min_samples_split': 2,
    'min_samples_leaf': 1,
    'bootstrap': True
}
# สร้างโมเดล RandomForestClassifier โดยใช้พารามิเตอร์ที่ถูกปรับค่า
tuned_rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(**tuned_rf_params)
```

เทรนโมเดลด้วยข้อมูลการฝึก tuned_rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

```
(i) (?)
                                                                                                                                                                  RandomForestClassifier
Random Forest Classifier (bootstrap = True, ccp\_alpha = 0.0, class\_weight = None, class\_wei
                                                                                                                                            criterion='gini', max_depth=None, max_features='sqrt',
                                                                                                                                            max_leaf_nodes=None, max_samples=None,
                                                                                                                                            min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_samples_leaf=1,
                                                                                                                                            min_samples_split=2, min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0,
                                                                                                                                            monotonic_cst=None, n_estimators=100, n_jobs=None,
                                                                                                                                            oob_score=False, random_state=None, verbose=0,
                                                                                                                                            warm_start=False)
```

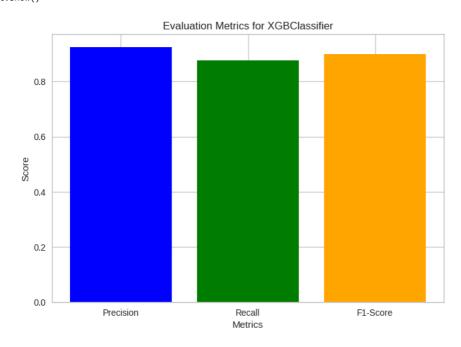
- # ใช้โมเดลที่ฝึกไว้เพื่อทำนายผลลัพธ์ของชุดข้อมูลทดสอบ
- # ทำนายบนชุดข้อมูลทดสอบ

rf_y_pred = tuned_rf_model.predict(X_test)

4. Evaluation

from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, accuracy_score, recall_score, f1_score, confusion_matrix

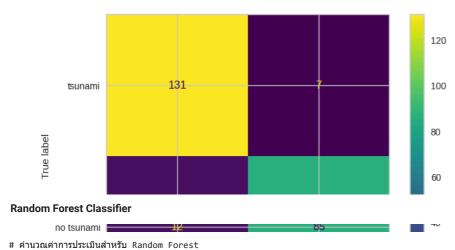
```
# คำนวณค่าการประเมิน
xgboost_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
xgboost_precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred)
xgboost_recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred)
xgboost_f1 = f1_score(y_test, y_pred)
# แสดงผลลัพธ์
print("Accuracy:", xgboost_accuracy)
print("Precision:", xgboost_precision)
print("Recall:", xgboost_recall)
print("F1-Score:", xgboost_f1)
     Accuracy: 0.9191489361702128
     Precision: 0.9239130434782609
     Recall: 0.8762886597938144
     F1-Score: 0.8994708994708994
# กำหนดค่า labels
labels = ['Precision', 'Recall', 'F1-Score']
# พล็อตกราฟ
plt.bar(labels, [xgboost_precision, xgboost_recall, xgboost_f1], color=['blue', 'green', 'orange'])
plt.xlabel('Metrics')
plt.ylabel('Score')
plt.title('Evaluation Metrics for XGBClassifier')
plt.show()
```



```
# คำนวณ Confusion Matrix สำหรับ XGBoost
conf_matrix_xgboost = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
conf_matrix_xgboost
    array([[131, 7],
        [ 12, 85]])

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import ConfusionMatrixDisplay

# พล็ลต Confusion Matrix
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=conf_matrix_xgboost, display_labels=['tsunami', 'no tsunami'])
disp.plot()
plt.show()
```



```
rf_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, rf_y_pred)
rf_precision = precision_score(y_test, rf_y_pred)
rf_recall = recall_score(y_test, rf_y_pred)
rf_f1 = f1_score(y_test, rf_y_pred)

print("Evaluation Metrics for Random Forest:")
print("Accuracy:", rf_accuracy)
print("Precision:", rf_precision)
print("Recall:", rf_recall)
print("F1-Score:", rf_f1)
print()
```