

There is a directed graph of n nodes with each node labeled from 0 to $n - 1$. The graph is represented by a 0-indexed 2D integer array `graph` where `graph[i]` is an integer array of nodes adjacent to node i , meaning there is an edge from node i to each node in `graph[i]`.

A node is a terminal node if there are no outgoing edges. A node is a safe node if every possible path starting from that node leads to a terminal node (or another safe node).

Return an array containing all the safe nodes of the graph. The answer should be sorted in ascending order.

Example 1:

Input: `graph = [[1,2],[2,3],[5],[0],[5],[],[[]]`

Output: `[2,4,5,6]`

Explanation: The given graph is shown above.

Nodes 5 and 6 are terminal nodes as there are no outgoing edges from either of them.

Every path starting at nodes 2, 4, 5, and 6 all lead to either node 5 or 6.

Example 2:

Input: `graph = [[1,2,3,4],[1,2],[3,4],[0,4],[[]]`

Output: `[4]`

Explanation:

Only node 4 is a terminal node, and every path starting at node 4 leads to node 4.