

# **Object Oriented Software Engineering Project StockCheckR**

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- Hussam Eldin Mohamed - 301090956
- Ahmad (0% contribution)

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## Section 1: Problem statement

### 1.1 a) Problem & Need

Covid has changed people's needs, security action plans like social distance and staying safe are the main reasons why this application was designed for online grocery shopping this would help shorten the time people spend in the store and even support people bringing the grocery to their homes with a delivery service, people certainly know what they come looking for, but usually come to stores without even knowing if they'll find all they need. Not finding an important product usually ends up in visiting more than one grocery store in a day/week which might be a problem not contributing to social distance.

Even before covid, this solution would have been a lot of help for customers because it involves just opening an app and searching for the product name or brand and making sure how many pieces would they find in stock on several stores, and making the way to pick a grocery store to go to easier.

#### b) List of:

##### (i) capabilities

- Provide the user with a list of products
- Filter products by name, brand, location and more..
- Search the number of items found per store
- Make a cart mixing products of different stores
- Buy products for in-store pickup
- Get notifications on stock arrival
- Give feedback to the system

##### (ii) Benefits

- The user would be able to make grocery online
- Grocery shopping would allow several stores stock so that user can have exactly the product desired

- User can consult on every desired product before wasting time and money on going to the shop
- If the user desires just to visit one store, he or she would be able to find a similar product for inexistent products, such as different brand or ingredients

### 1.1 b) Identify the stakeholders and their roles

Stakeholders could be anyone who does grocery, workers, packers, big product companies, store managers, or any other user/ possible user.

**Direct stakeholders:** user (any person with the app): its role is to navigate in the app to find products, make a cart, buy, or just search for something in stock

**Stores (a store manager):** upgrade on every item in stock as it is registered for sale including quantities, unregister every item after it's been sold

**Developing staff:** keep the app working and testing on solutions for possible bugs or inconsistencies

**Programmers:** Update application on a weekly basis. Could include new features, bug fixes and overall customer feedback getting approved and cleared.

**Customer Service Representatives:** Help any confused customers with any questions or inquiries they have. Fulfil any refunds a customer requested.

### 1.1 c) Identify the sub-systems of your application (What are its functional components)

**Payment System** - Accurately and Securely check out customers items and send them confirmation email as soon as payment has been received on our end.

**Search System** - Would be useful to find a more specific product or brand or store.

**GPS System** - Helps users to find the nearest stores and pick according to the user's needs.

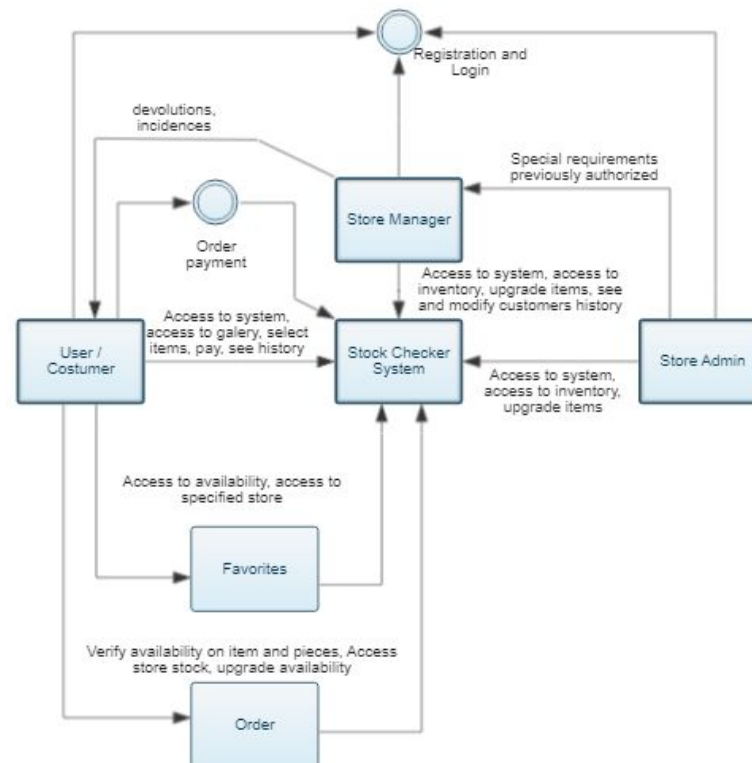
**Maps External Linked System** - This would help the user to move between maps apps and our System in case they need the specific route and instructions.

**Wish List** - Implemented wish list that users can add items in and share with friends.

#### 1.4 d) Who are the intended users of the SRS documentation.

This project is a prototype for a universal stock checker. It is built to be useful for every individual especially during these tough times with COVID-19. The true intended audience we have is for people who want to quickly organize themselves before heading out by making sure every store they are going to, has the product they need without wasting any sort of time. StockCheckR also has the feature of an all-in-one shopping cart which can combine items from a variety of stores to one checkout price. This can help with the safety measures that the world has in place with its physical distancing. The intended users for the SRS documentation range from programmers, testers, developers, project managers, researchers, and designers.

## Section 2: A Context Flow – Structured Modeling



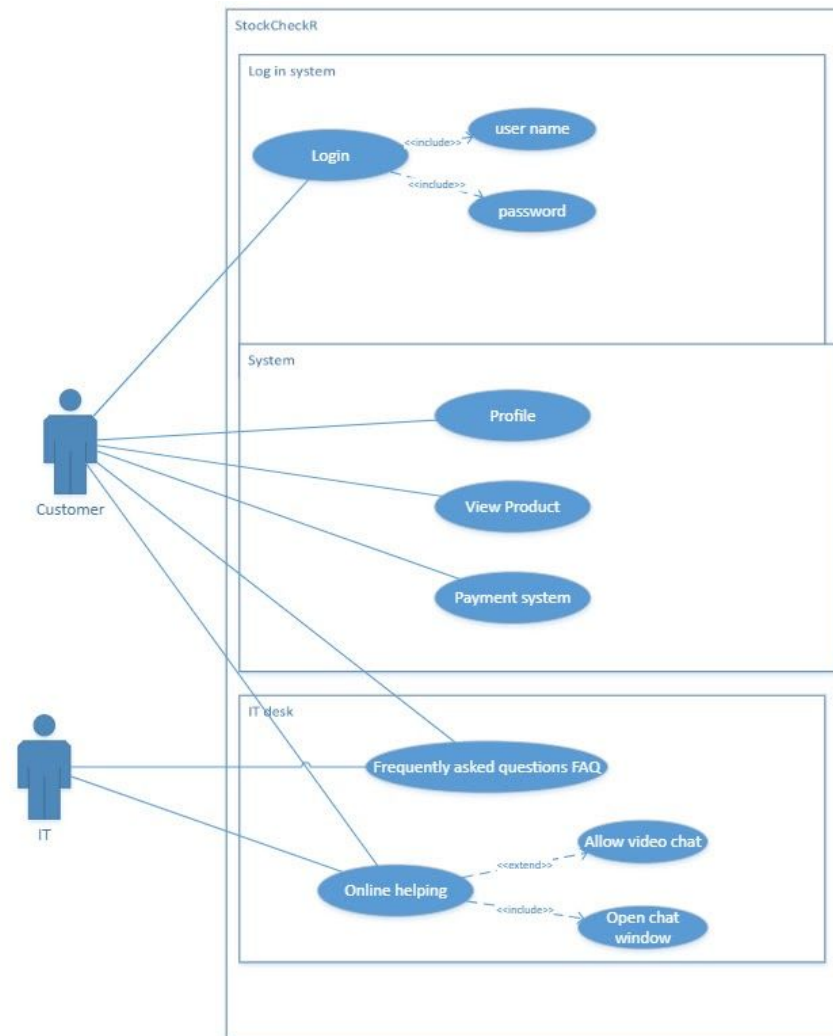
## Section 3: Requirements – Functional -- UML Use Case Modeling

### 3.1 Goal Use Cases

FR #	Goal Use Case	Role Player	Description
FR 01	Notify	Customer	The system gives the customer notification on the website or the mobile application when the store has updated stock information.
FR 02	View products	Customer	The system allows the customer to review the amount of the products and information about stocks.
FR 03	Payment system	Customer	The payment system interface supports credit CARDS and most popular online payment software such as Apple Pay and PayPal.
FR 04	Profile	Customer	The system will allow the customer to renew their profiles.
FR 05	Frequently asked question	Administrator	The system should have the ability to enable the manager to set up and operate frequently asked questions.
FR 06	Email	Store holder/ Customer	The system will automatically send emails to confirm that customers update the profile or purchase from StockCheckR.



### 3.2 Use case Diagrams



### 3.3 User Stories:

- 1) As a user, I want to search for the item so that I can decide to buy it.

Acceptance criteria:

- Should be able to find the product
- Should be able to check out securely and efficiently
- Accurately show stock of item from multiple vendors
- Having vendor contact numbers to stores nearby customers to possibly ask any questions they may have or to put items on hold (varies).

- 2) As a user, I want to access my information so I can update my profile.

Acceptance criteria:

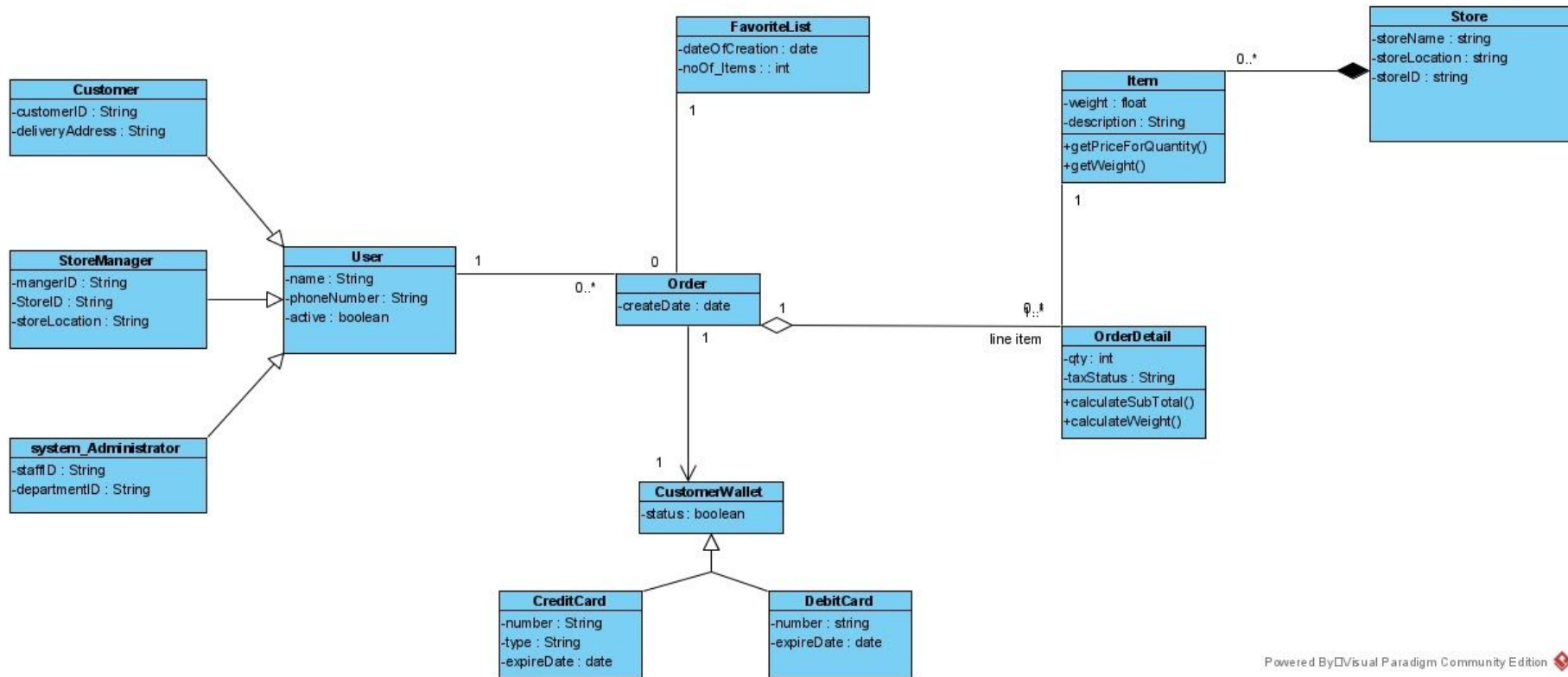
- Should be able to update personal information such as an address, name, picture, and phone number.
- Secure and Accurate security
- Logins always having some sort of 2-step verification to ensure maximum security
- Easy access to information whether it would be via desktop, tablet, or mobile phone

## Section 4.0 UML Domain Class Diagram

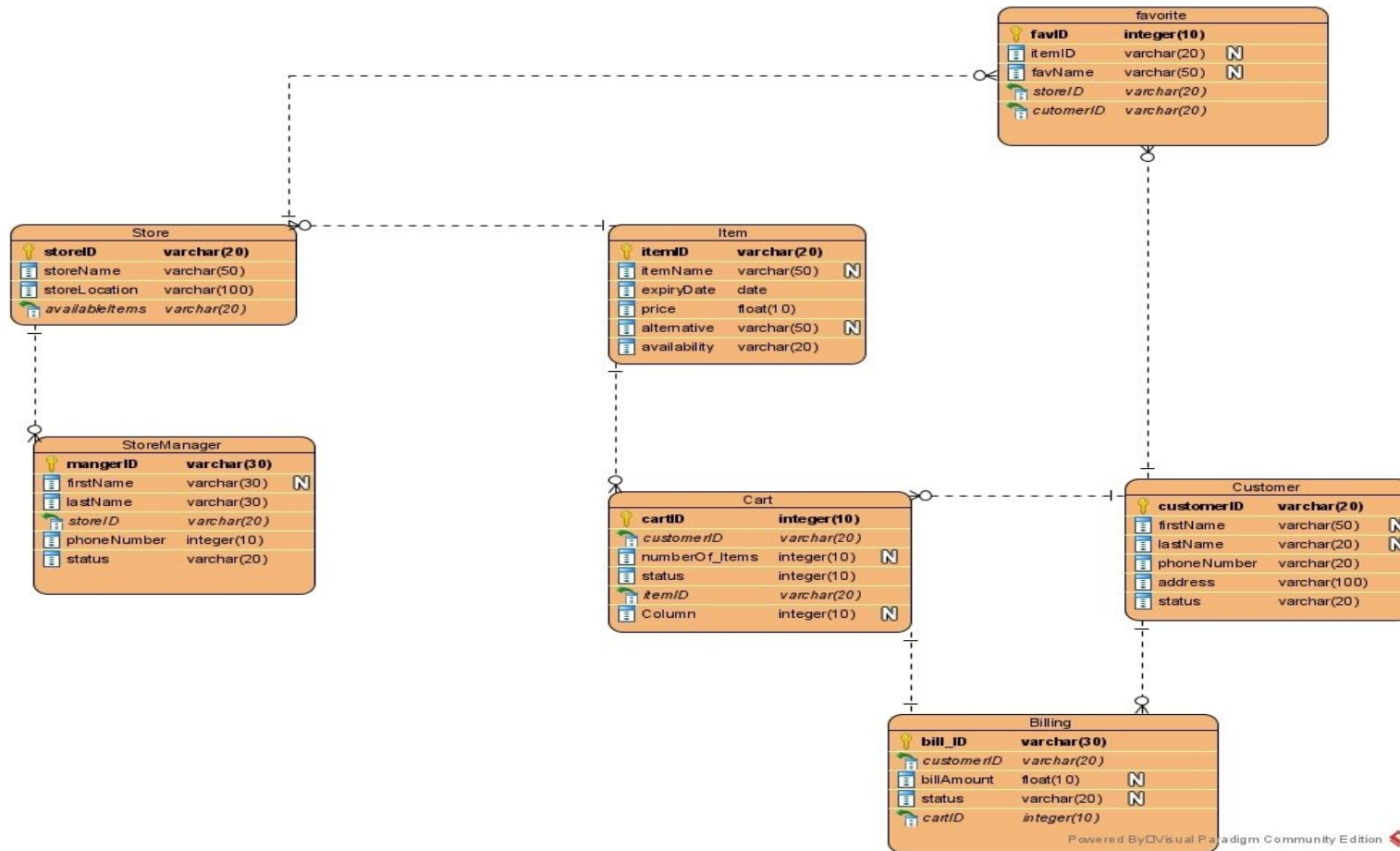
### 4.1 List of the classes

- Favourite
- Customer
- Cart
- Product
- Store
- Payment
- Availability
- Credit
- Cash
- Wire Transfer

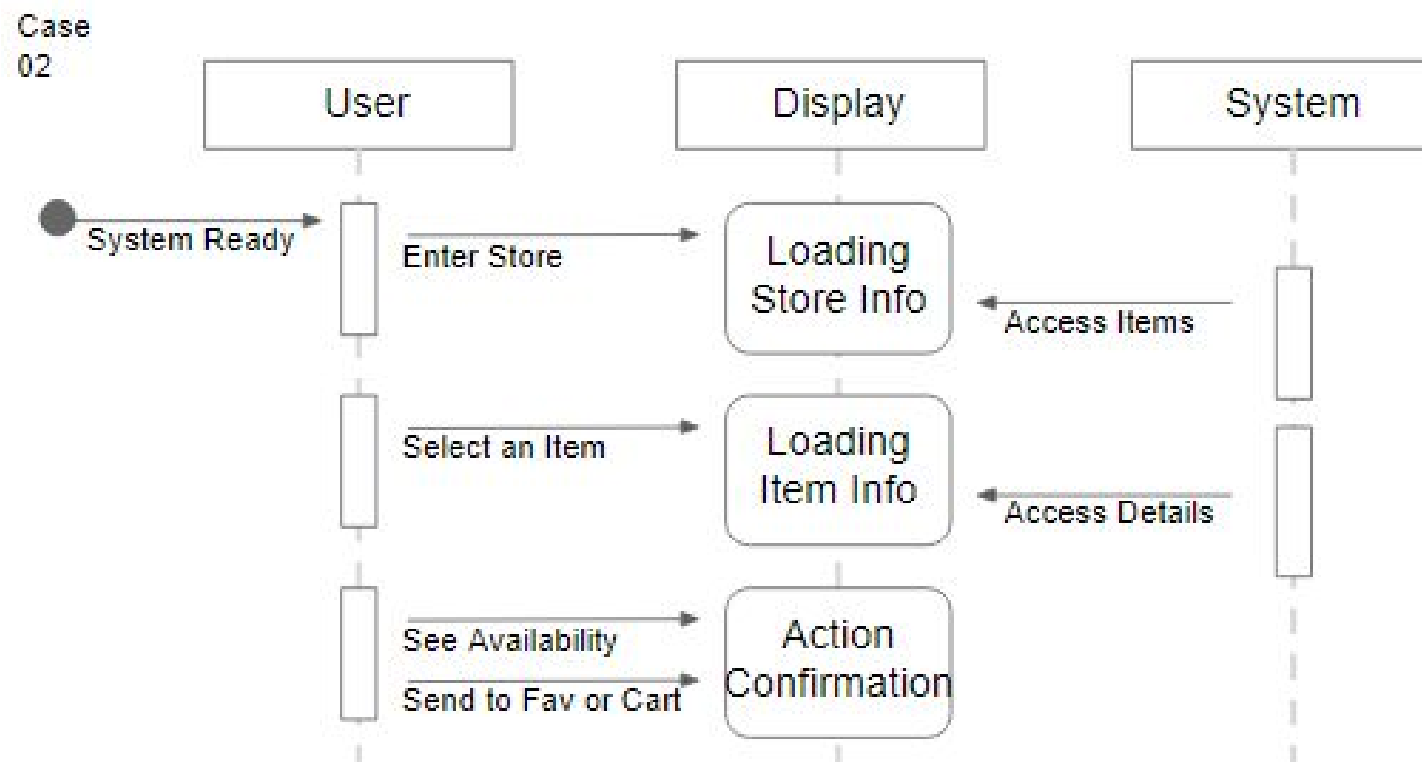
## 4.2 Domain class diagram

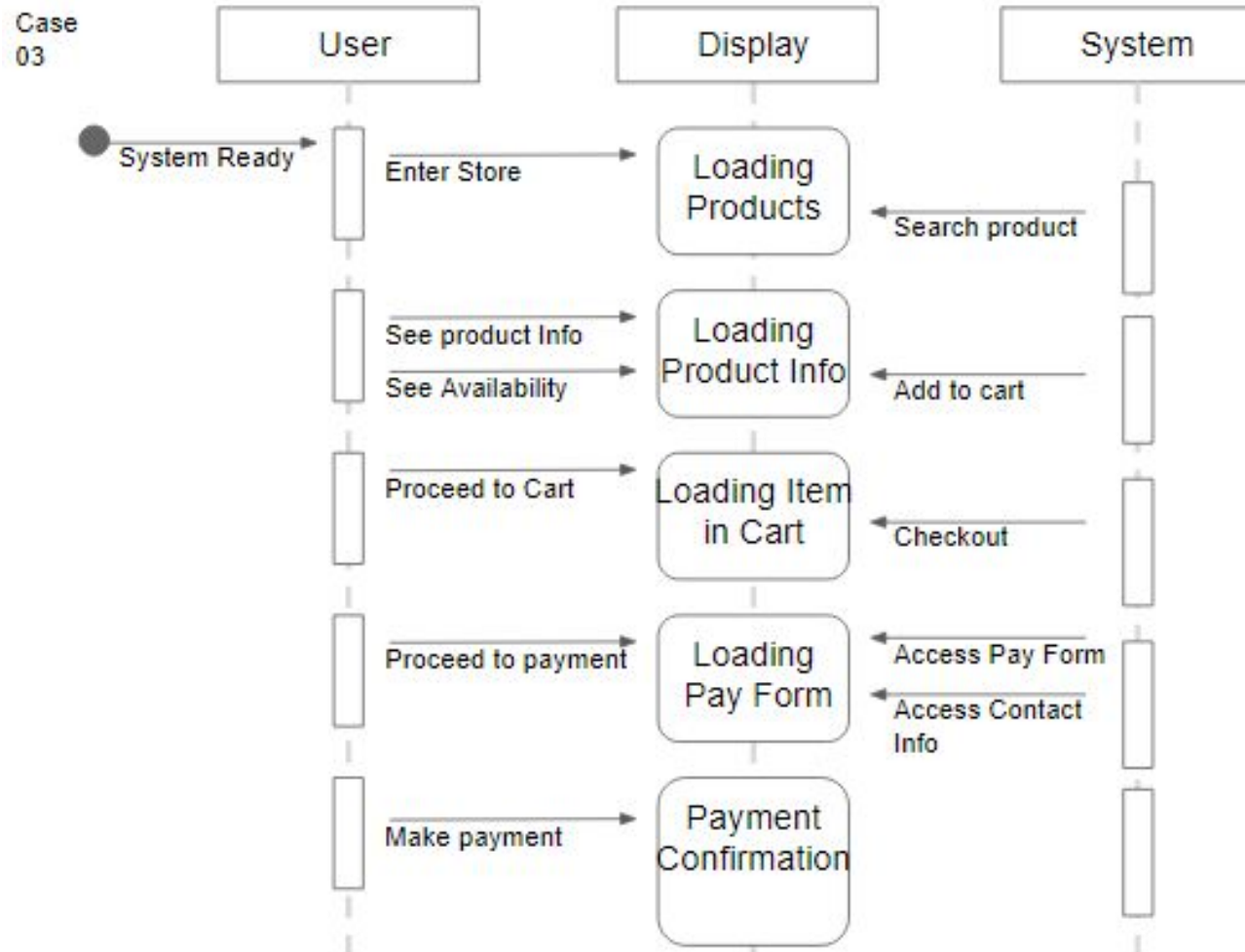


## Section 5.0 Sketch an Entity Relationship Diagram to show the tables for your database



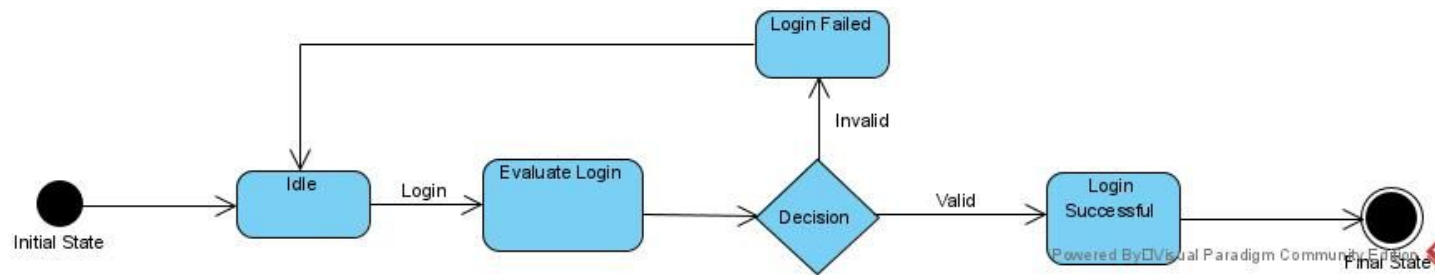
## Section 6.0: Sketch Two UML Systems Sequence diagrams



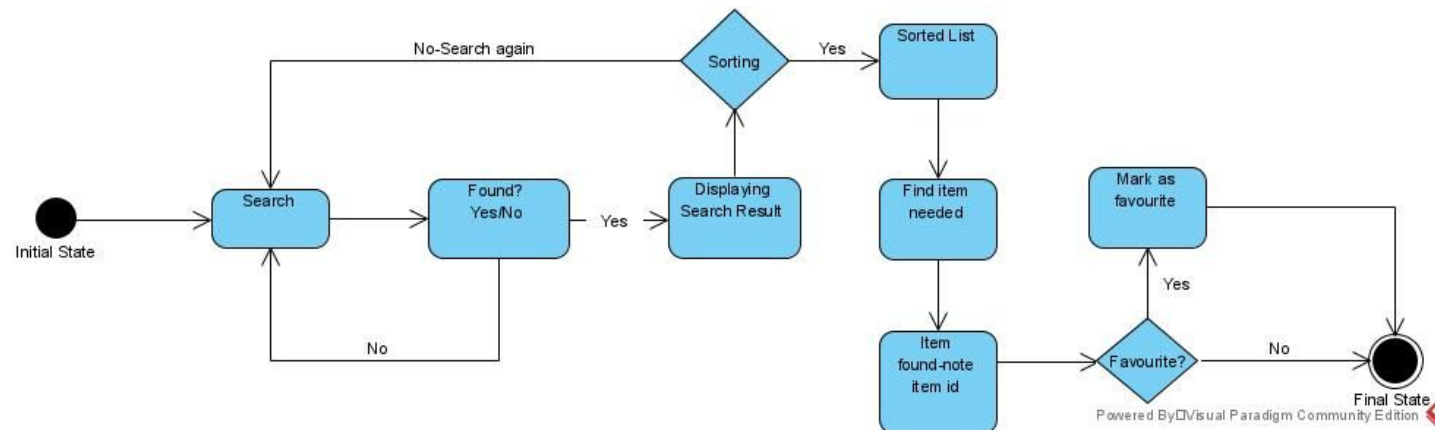


## Section 7.0 Sketch Two UML State Diagrams

### 7.1 Login to the StockChecKR system



### 7.2 Search an item in StockChecKR



## Section 8.0: Technologies

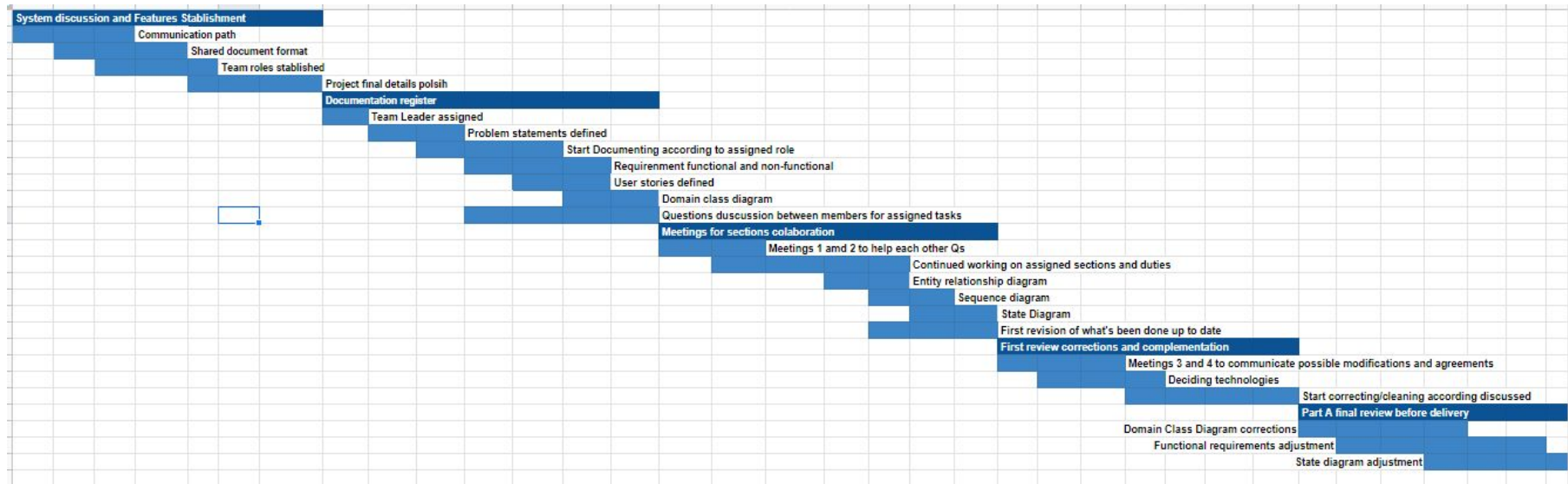
8.0 Technologies used for Stock ChecKR software development are listed below

Categories	Technologies Used	Comments
Platform	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Windows</li><li>Android</li></ul>	The interface used for web view The interface usedfor the Mobile view
Programming Languages	<div><div><b>Client-Side Development</b></div><div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Java</li><li>C#</li></ul></div><div><b>Server-Side Development</b></div><div><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>HTML 5</li><li>JavaScript</li><li>CSS3</li><li>NodeJS</li></ul></div></div>	Programming languages used for the application development (both back-end and front-end development)
Business Logic /Documentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Visual Paradigm</li><li>Visio</li><li>Lucidchart</li></ul>	Tools used for the diagrams
Data side/Database	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>SQL-Developer</li><li>Oracle</li></ul>	The database used for processing data.
Version Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>GitHub</li></ul>	Online technology used for code backup and version control.



## Section 9.0: Project Management

### 9.1 Gantt Chart for the activities from Sections 1 to 8 of this Part A



# PART B - Software Design Architecture

## Section 1: Requirements Edits to Part A

1.1 Problem & Statement (modified in part A)

1.2 The CFD has to show the complete list of stakeholders, interfaces, entities. (modified in part A)

## Section 2: Overview Model

### 2.1 Intended users for the Software Design Document- SDD

SDD is the written description of the software product that gives a total portrayal of the framework plan so that the software development team can have a full comprehension of what should be manufactured. This gives the team overall guidance to the architecture of the software project. This document not only describes the software already in place but also enforces the compatibility for future modifications or add-ons. Thus, the target group for this report is the software developers, software engineers, researchers and the project managers. They are liable for framework improvement.

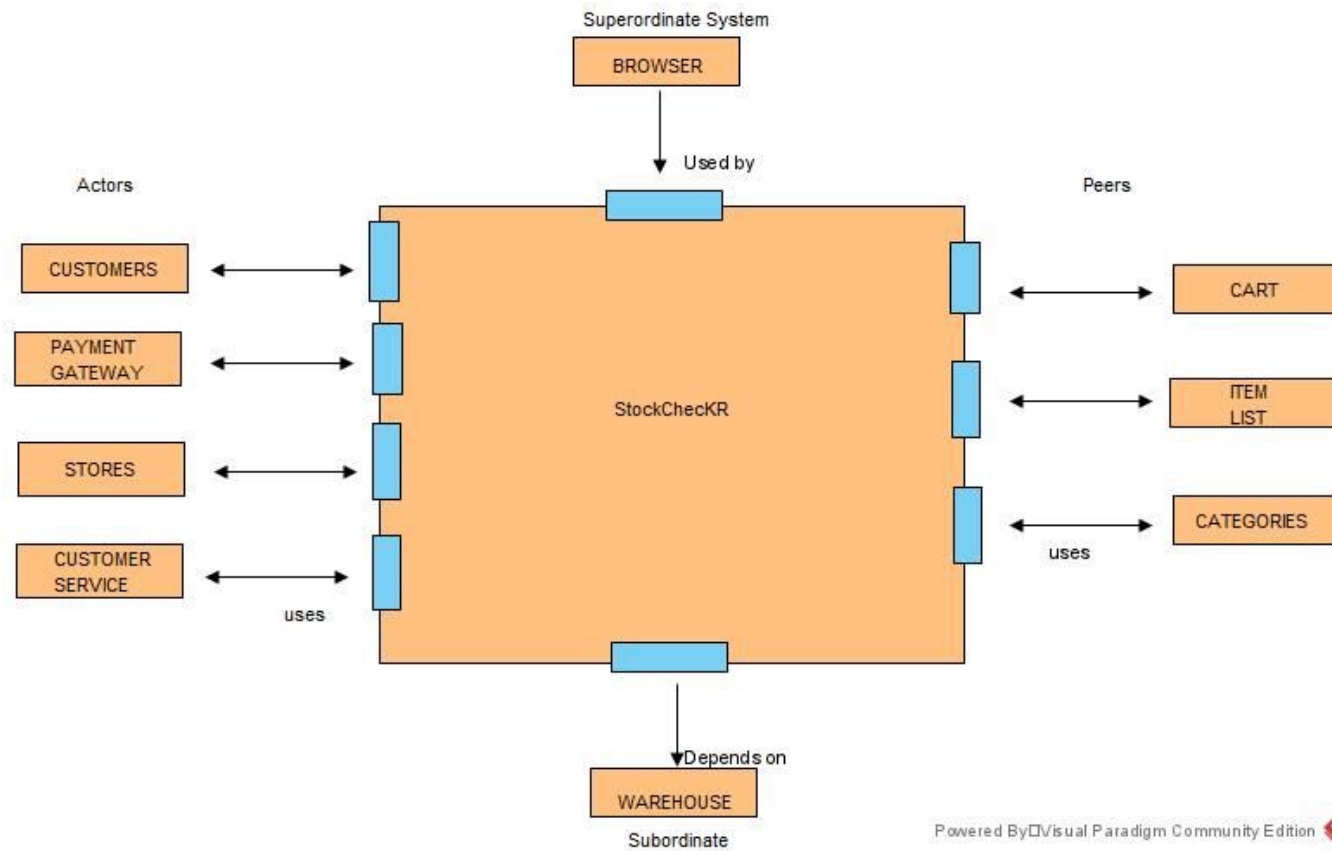
### 2.2 Architectural Context Diagram

Architectural Context Diagram is a graphical representation of the StockCheckKR which shows the interaction of the external entities with it.

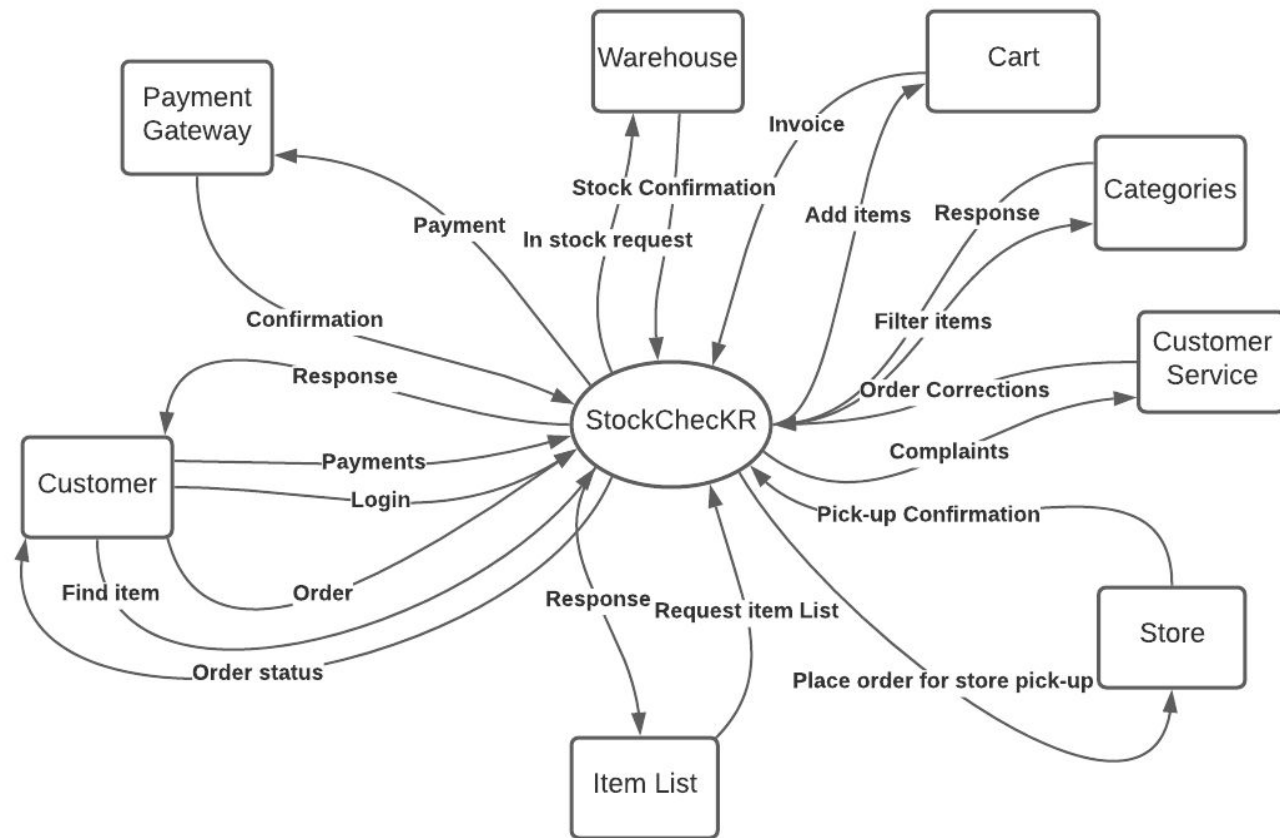
Four elements of ACD are below:

1. Superiors System - the system used to realize the function
2. Subordinated System - System which is used by the main system
3. Peers - Internal systems in the main system use the systems
4. Actors - External entities with consumes the data of the main system

## 2.2.1 HOW overview- Architectural Context diagram



### 2.2.2 What overview- Architectural Context diagram



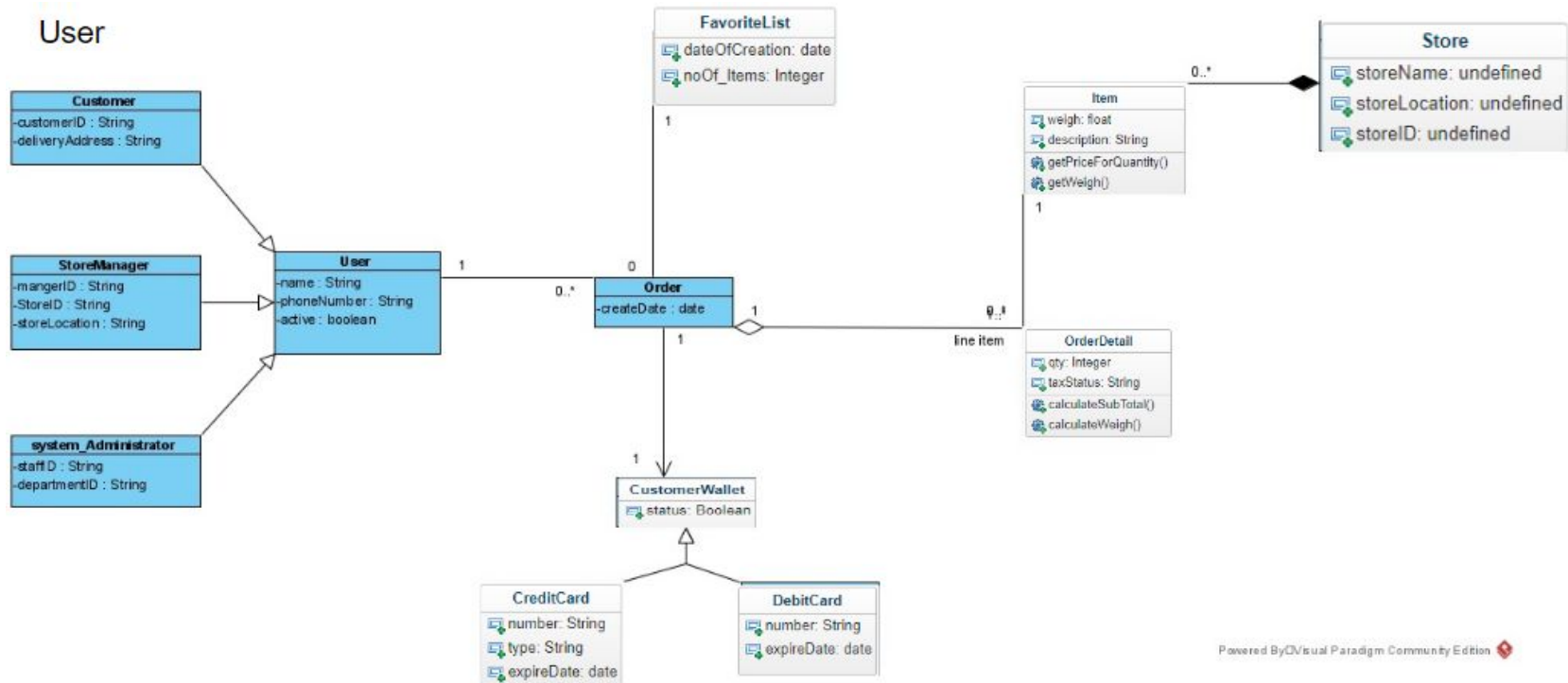
## Section 3: Modularization

Develop the Design classes as per Sub-system Component

### 3.1 Partitioning of the analysis model

#### 3.1.1 User Subsystem

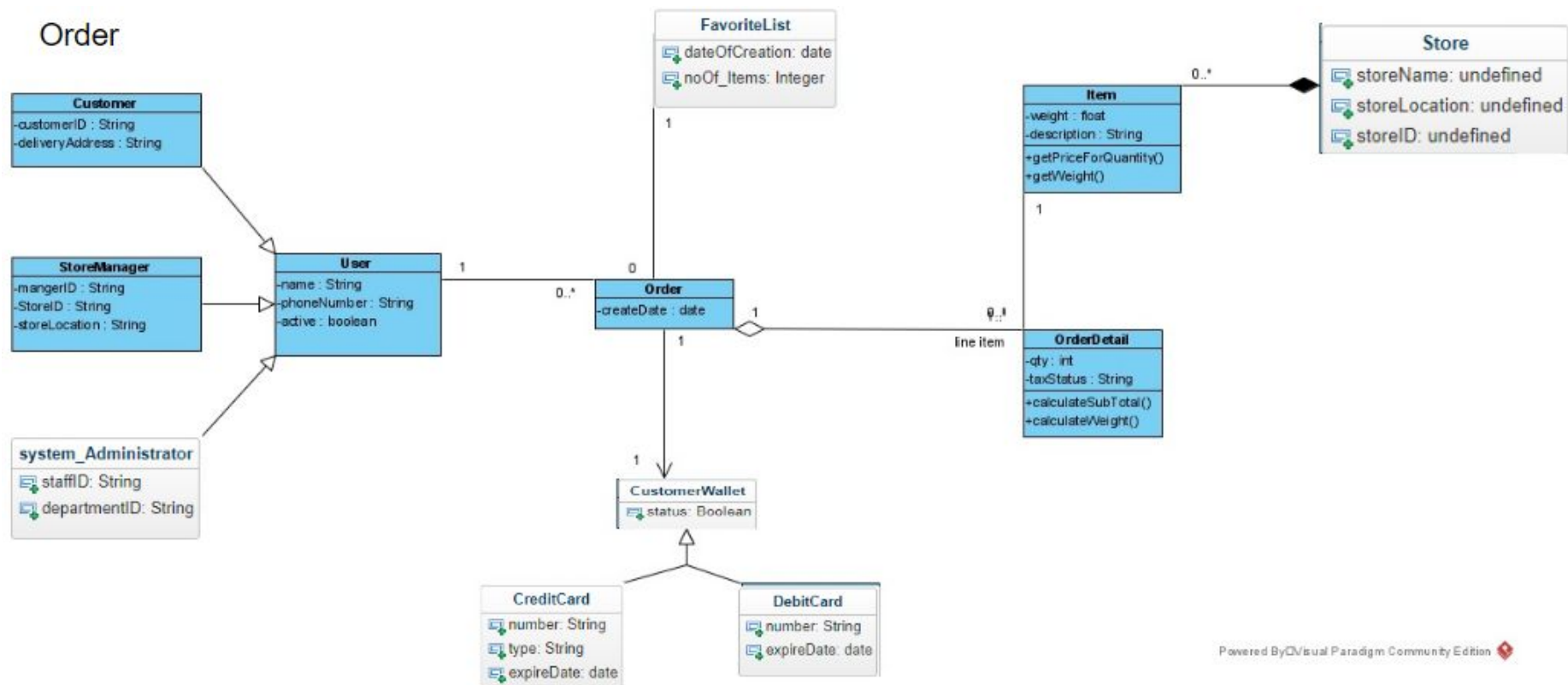
- Order
- User
- Customer
- StoreManager
- system\_Administrator



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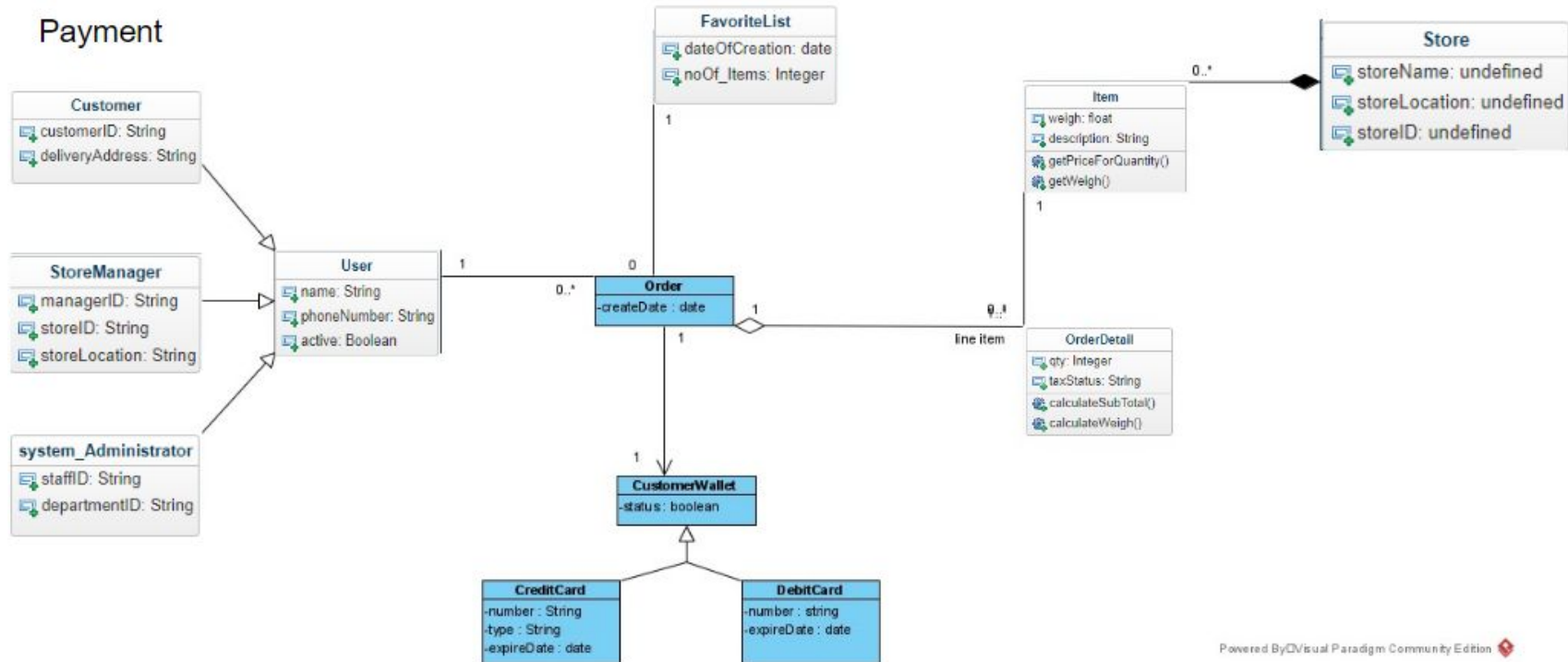
### 3.1.2 Order Subsystem

- Order
- User
- Customer
- StoreManager
- Item
- OrderDetail



### 3.1.3 Payment Subsystem

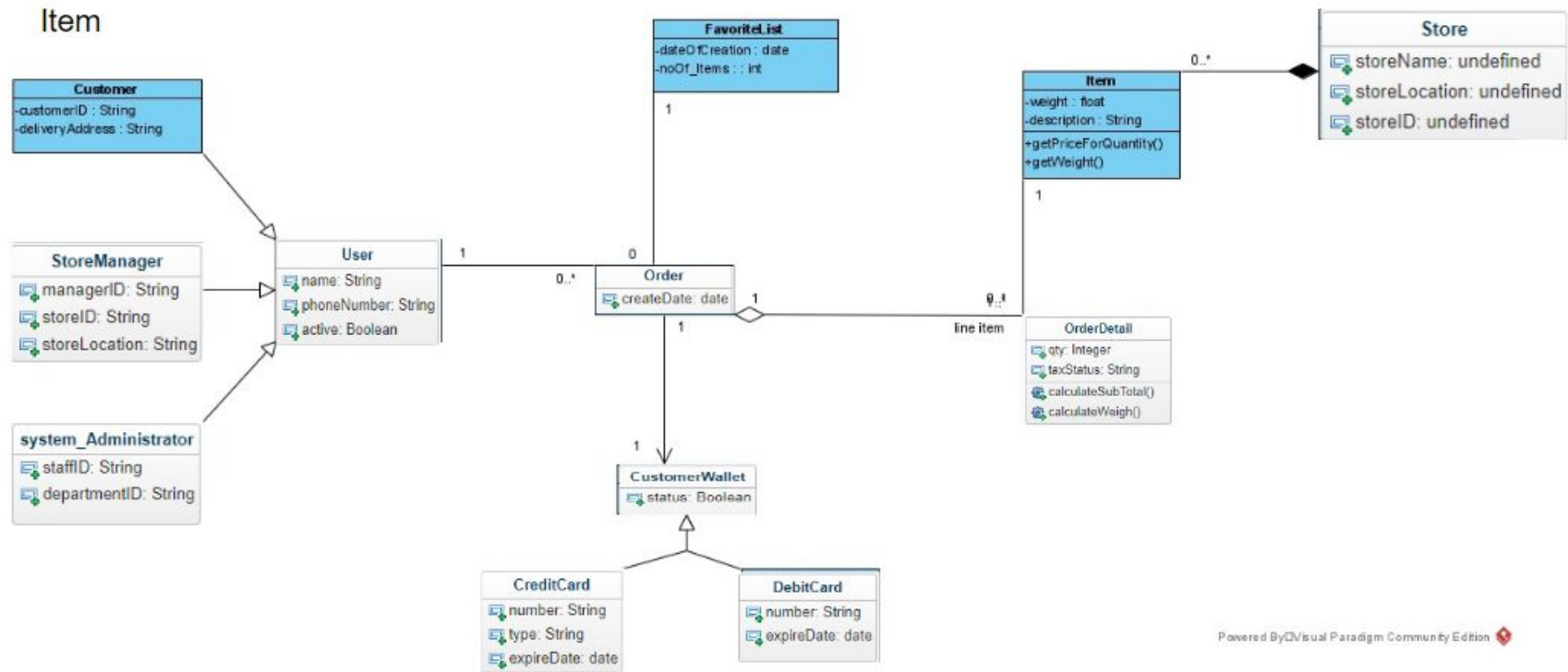
- Order
- CustomerWallet
- CreditCard
- DebitCard



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### 3.1.4 Item Subsystem

- Store
- FavoriteList
- User
- StoreManager



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## 3.2 Class Responsibility Collaboration-CRC

User	
<b>Sub Classes:</b> Customer,StoreManager,System Administrator	
<b>Description:</b> store user's information and authentications	
Attributes	
Name	Description
name	name of the user
phoneNumber	user phone number
active	user account status
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
create new order	order
update item inventory	store
track an order	
make a payment	payment

Customer	
<b>Super Classes:</b> User	
<b>Description:</b> store customer's information	
Attributes	
Name	Description
customerID	customer ID number
deliveryAddress	customer delivery address
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
create new order	order
track an order	
make a payment	payment

StoreManager	
<b>Super Classes:</b> User	
<b>Description:</b> store store manager's information	
Attributes	
Name	Description
managerID	store manager ID number
storeID	store ID number
storeLocation	store address
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
update item inventory	store

System Administrator	
<b>Super Classes:</b> User	
<b>Description:</b> store system administrator information	
Attributes	
Name	Description
staffID	staff ID number
departmentID	staff department number
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
update the system	
troubleshoot system error	

Item	
<b>Super Classes:</b> store	
<b>Description:</b> show item description	
Attributes	
Name	Description
itemID	item ID number
itemDescription	item description
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
describe item	store

FavoriteList	
<b>Super Classes:</b> Order	
<b>Description:</b> store and show customer's favorite list	
Attributes	
Name	Description
dateOfCreation	the date when the customer create his list
numberOfItems	number of items available in the list
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
show the customer's favorite list	Item , Order

Order	
<b>Description:</b> view customer's order	
Attributes	
Name	Description
createDate	the date when the customer creates his order
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
show ordered item	items
show payment	payment

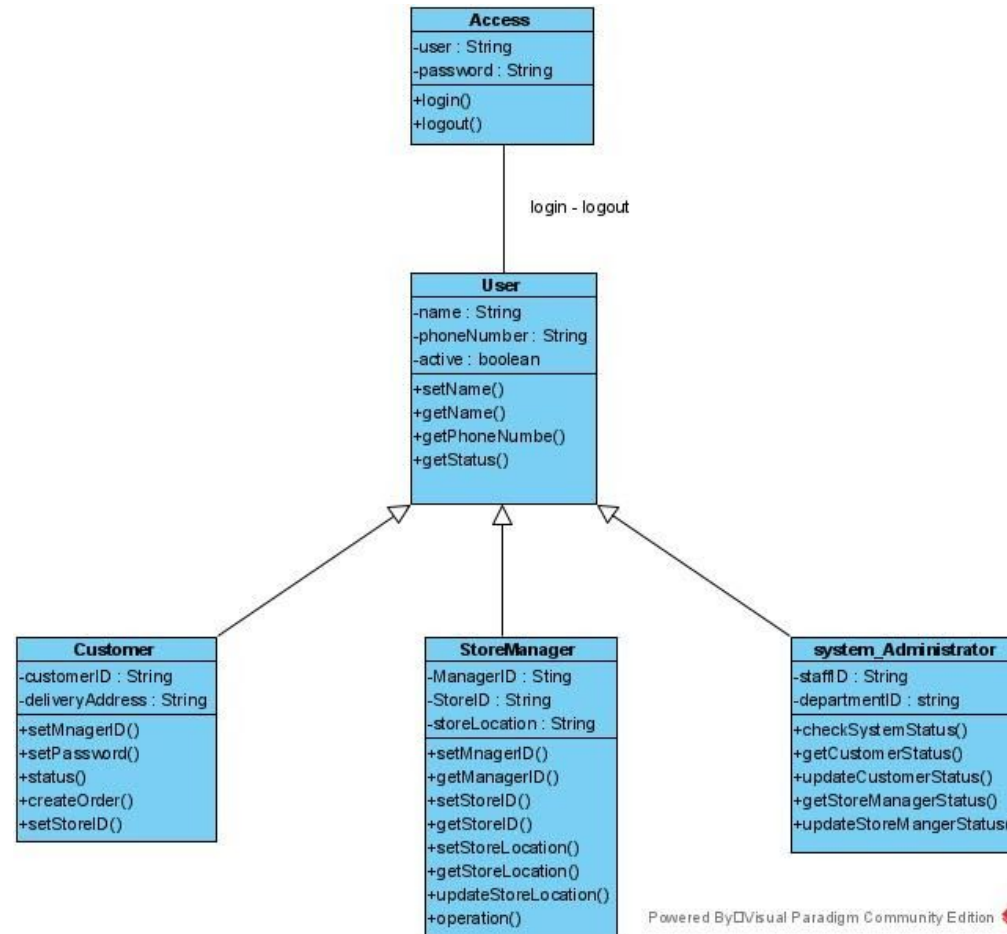
Store	
<b>Description:</b> store and show store inventory	
Attributes	
Name	Description
storeID	store ID number
storeName	store name
storeLocation	store address
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
show inventory	item

Payment	
<b>Description:</b> allow the customer to make payments, and store customer payment information	
Attributes	
Name	Description
billID	bill ID number
customerID	customer ID number
itemID	item ID number
status	payment status
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
show payment information	
show payment status	

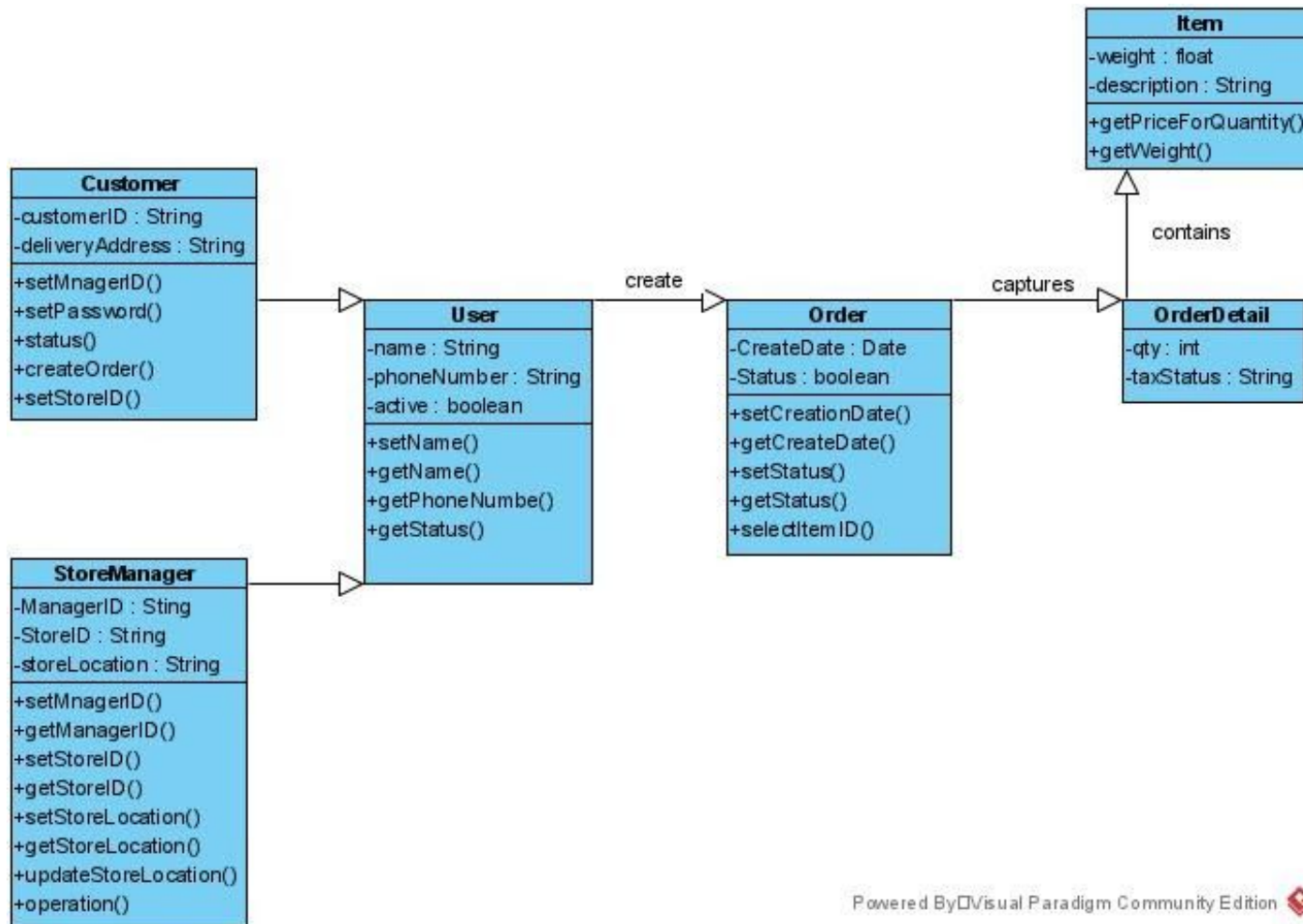
Access	
<b>Description:</b> carries user credential	
Attributes	
Name	Description
user	username
password	user password
Responsibilities	
Name	Collaborator
allow user to login and log out	customer,StoreManager,System Administrator

### 3.3 Design classes diagram

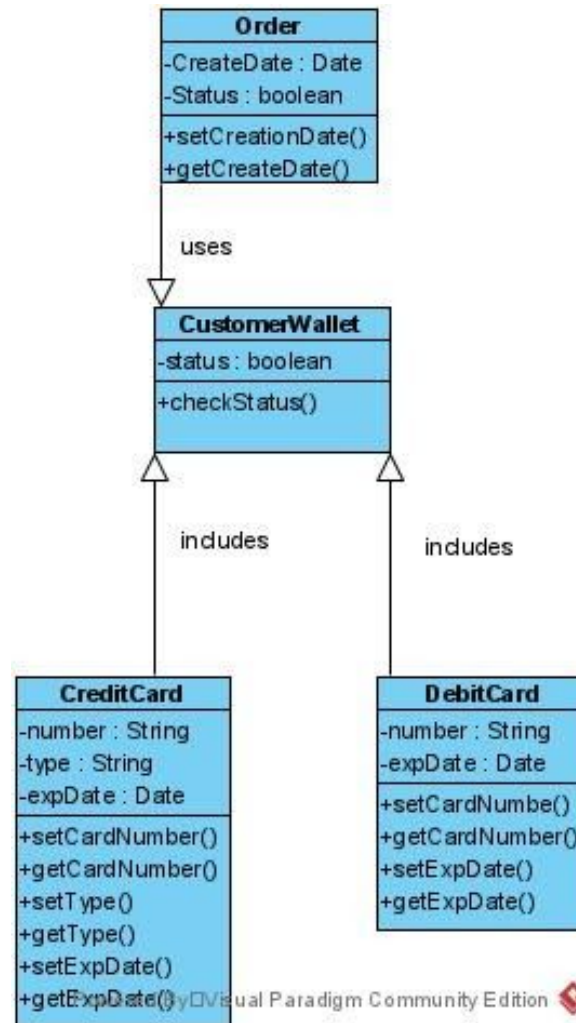
#### 3.3.1 User Login Subsystem



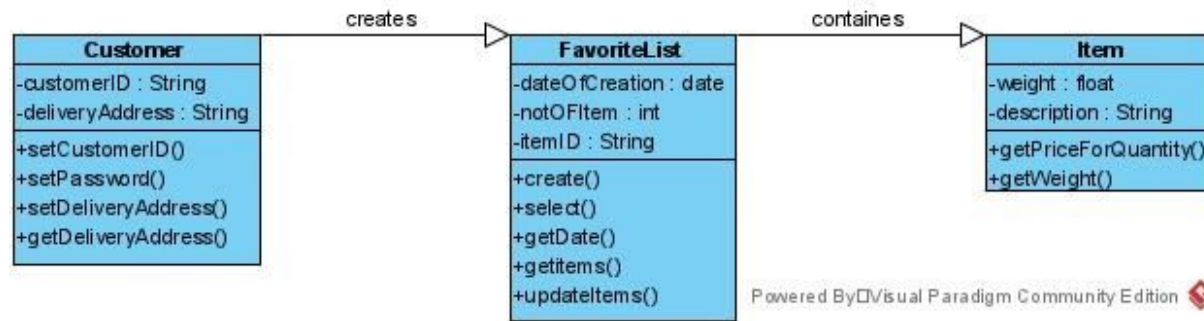
### 3.3.2 Order Subsystem



### 3.3.3 Payment Subsystem



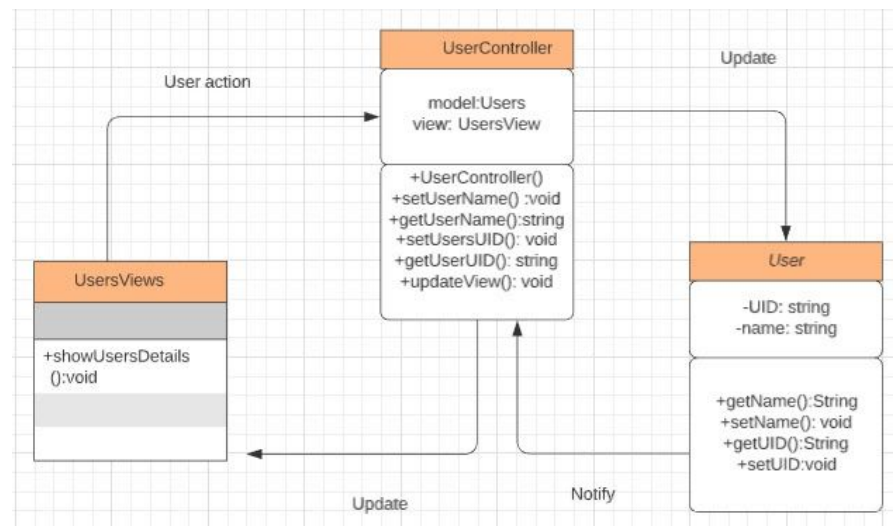
### 3.3.4 Favorites Subsystem



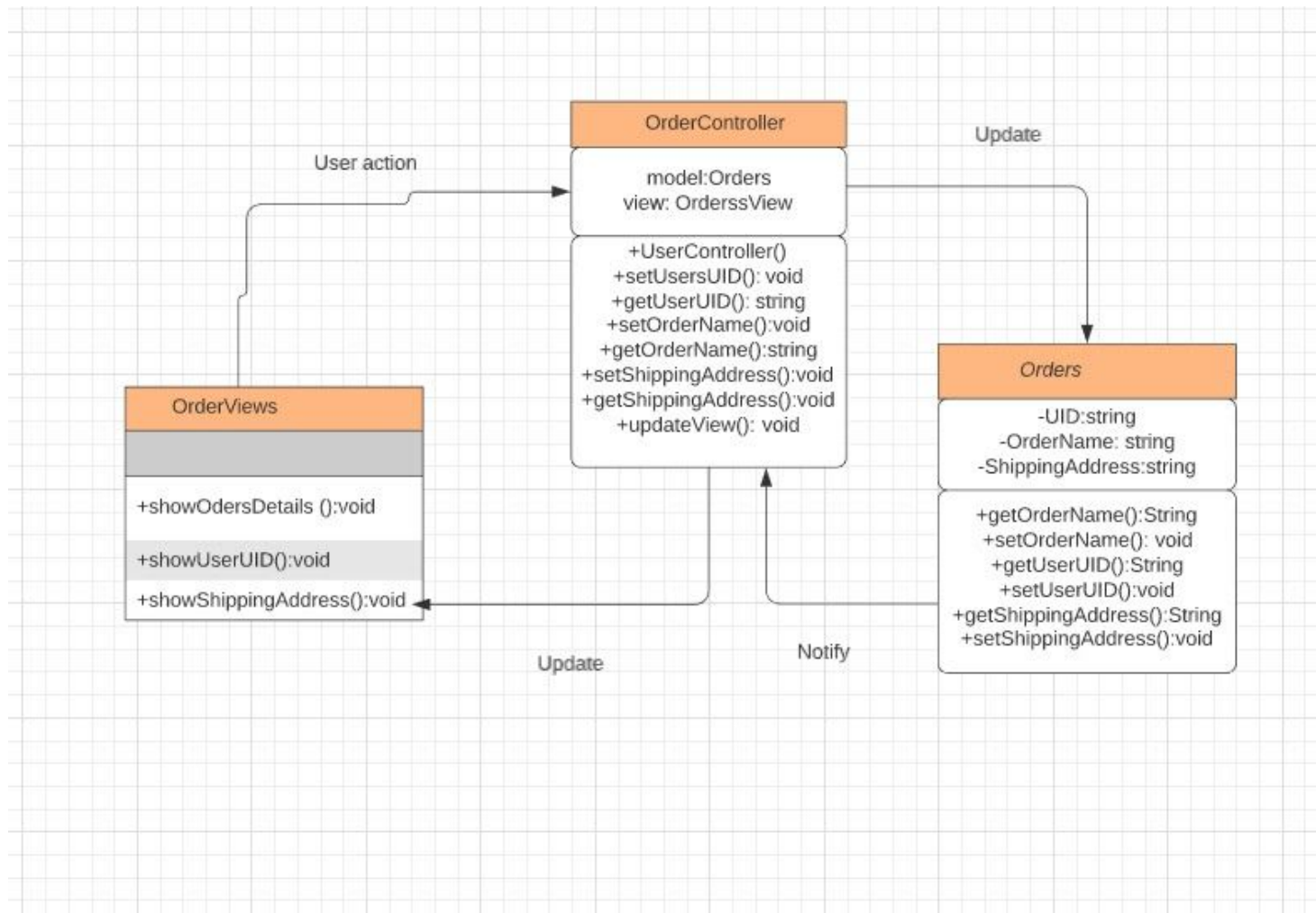
## Section 4.0 Framework Model View Controller -MVC

### 4.1 For each Class diagram subsystem component

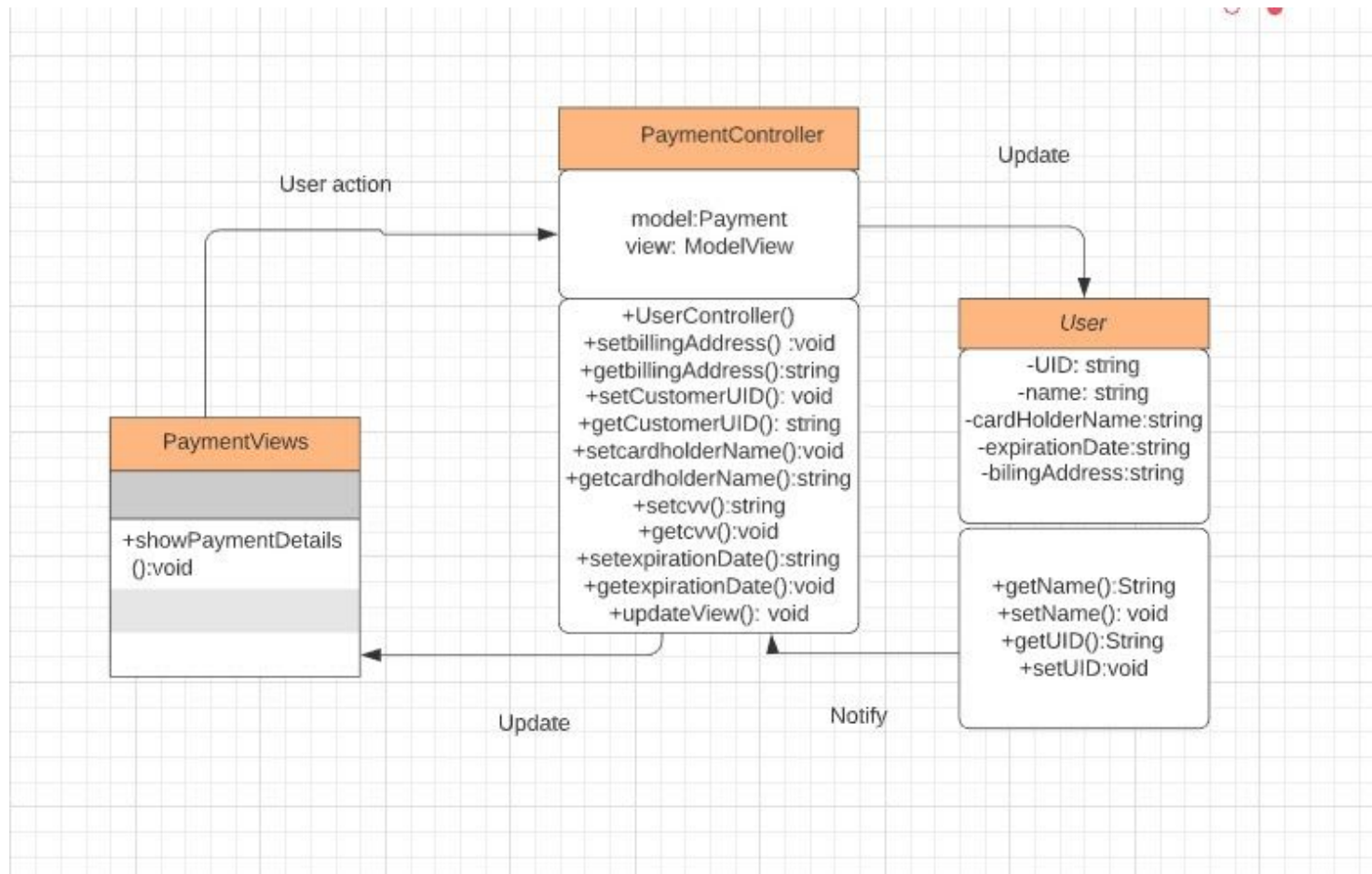
#### User



## Order

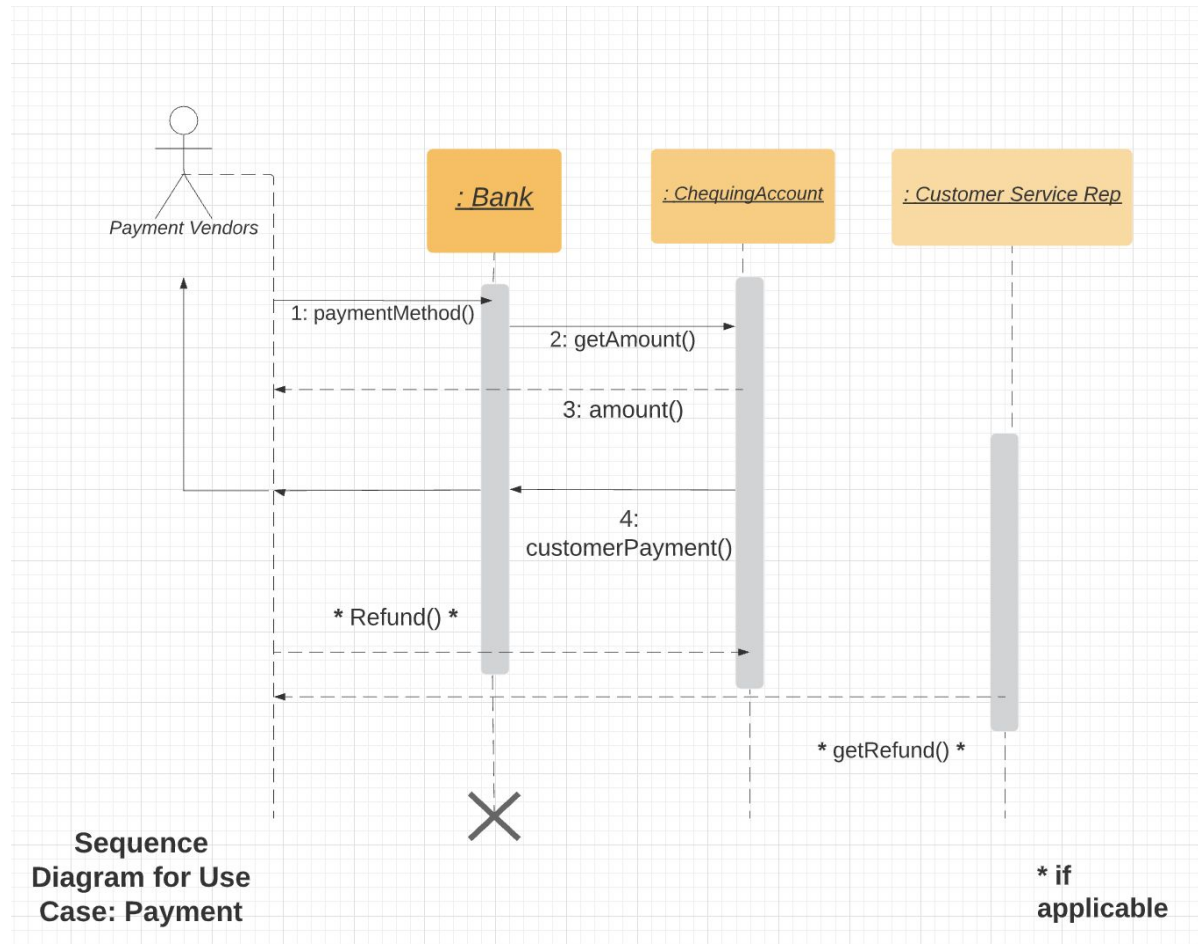


## Payment

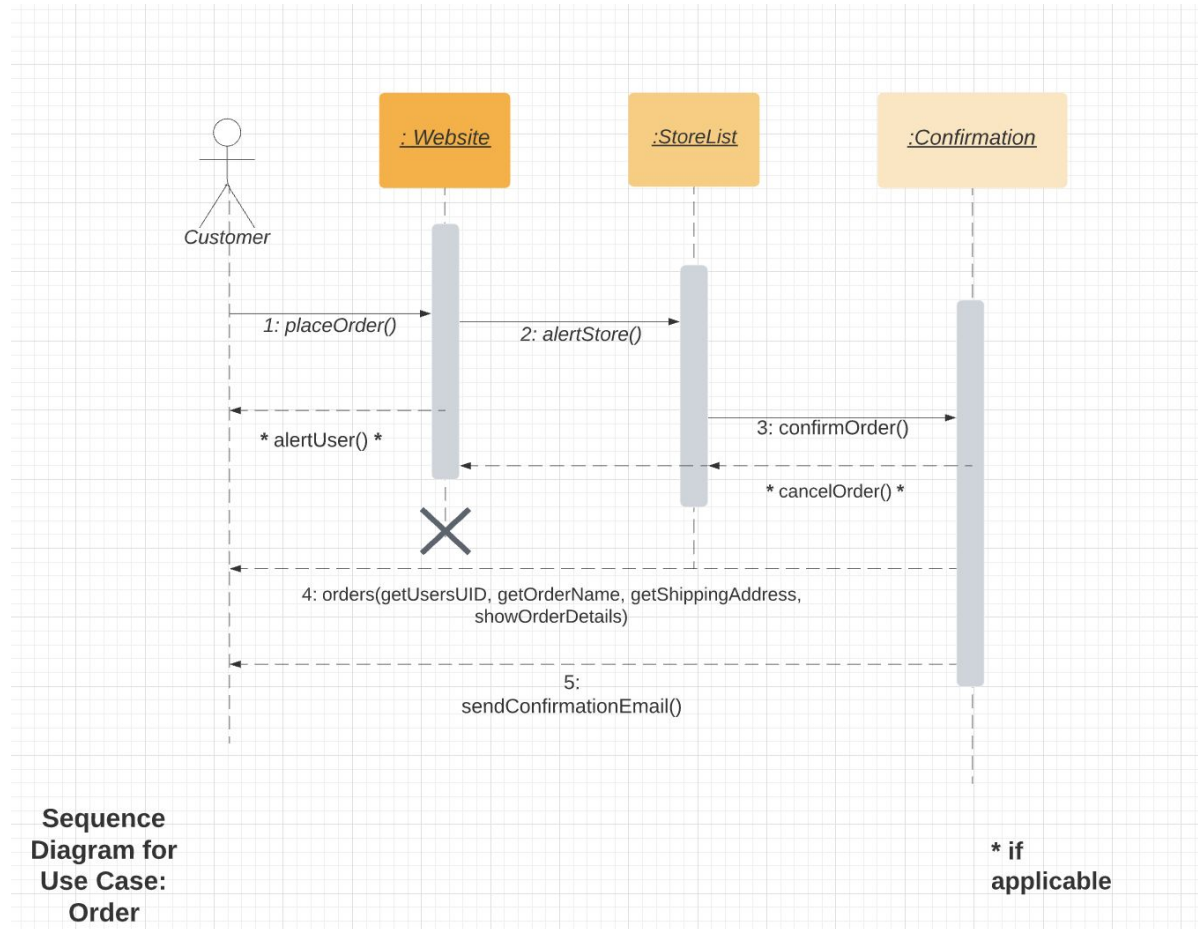




## 4.2 Full Sequence diagrams

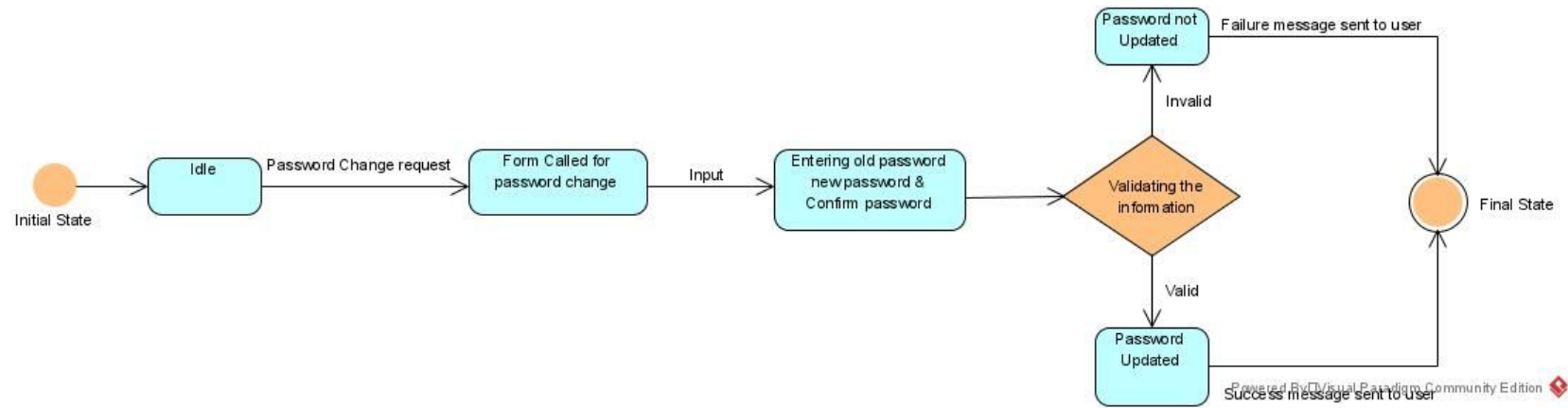




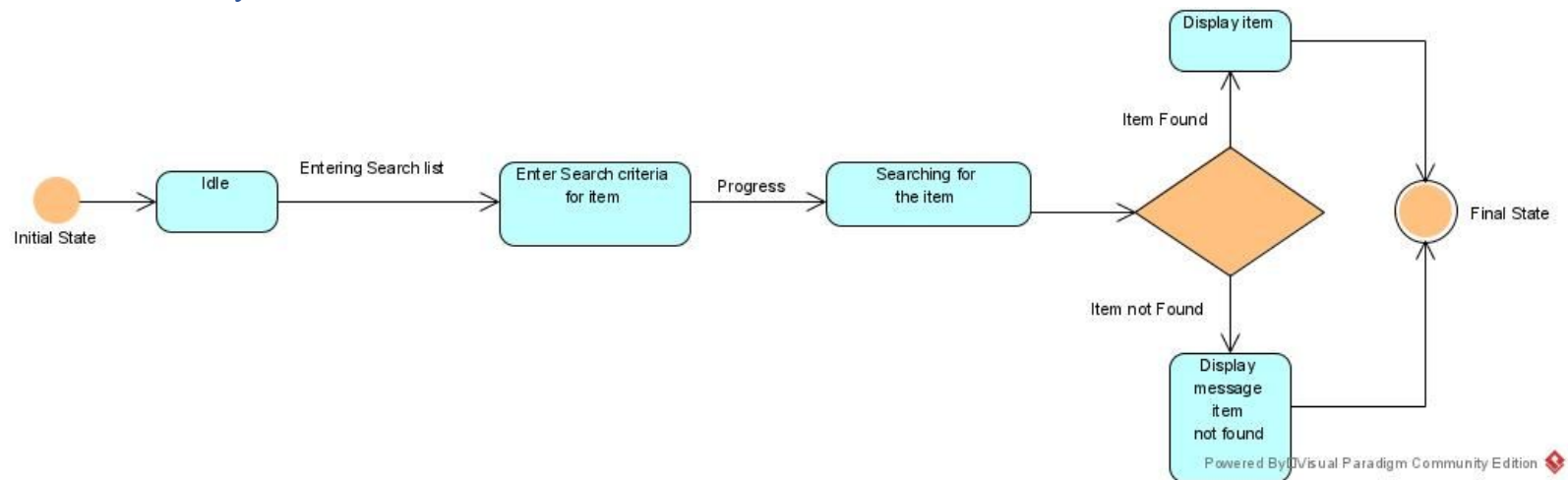


## 4.3 State Machine Diagrams

### 4.3.1 Password change request to system

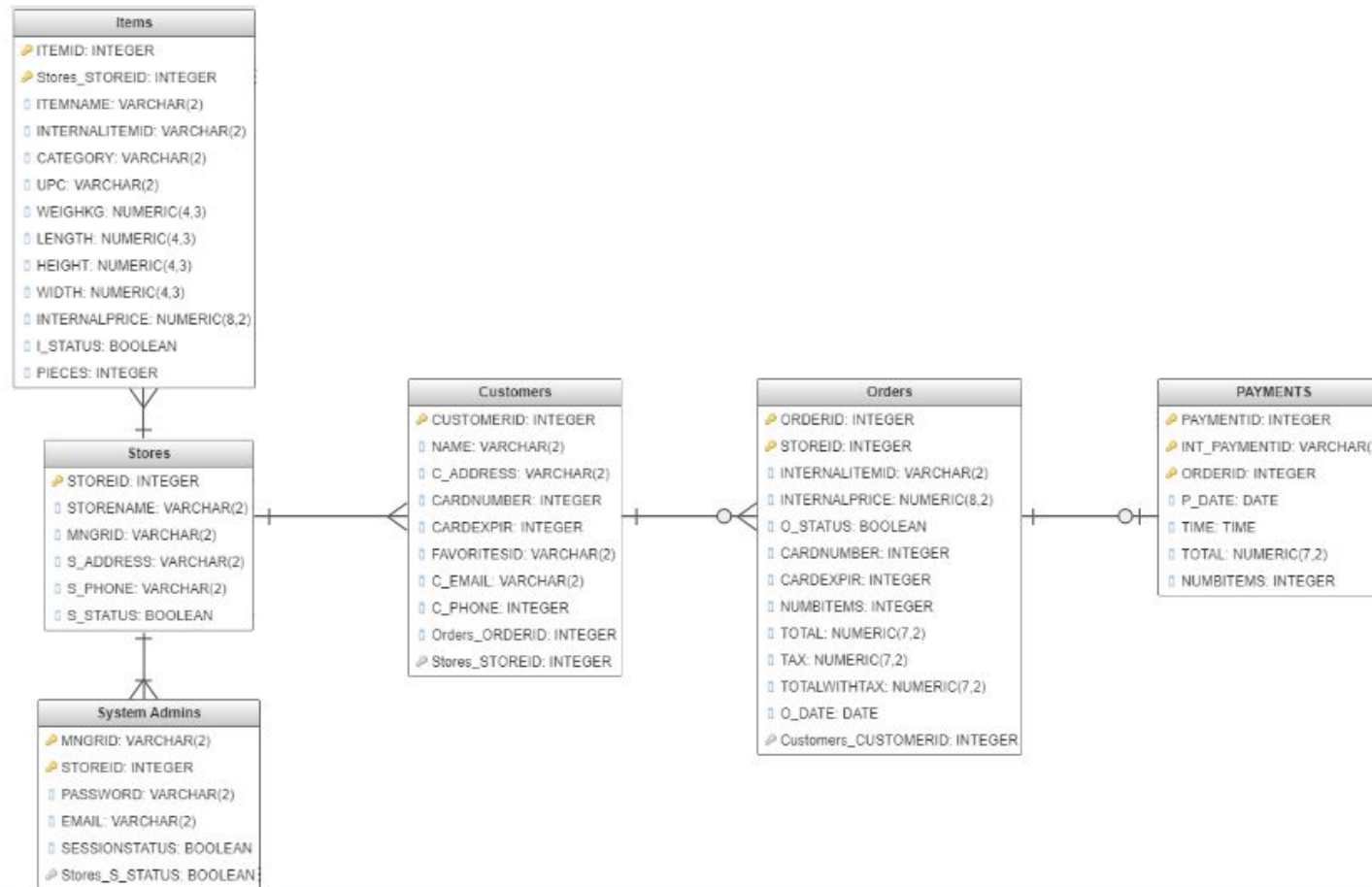


### 4.3.2 Search for item in the system



## Section 5.0 Data Layer

### 5.1. Database Schema



## 5.2 Update your Technology List

### Changes in technology in the Server-side development programming and the Database.

Categories	Technologies Used		Comments
Platform	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Windows</li><li>Android</li></ul>		The interface used for web view The interface used for the Mobile view
Programming Languages (Updated)	<b>Client-Side Development</b>		Programming languages used for the application development (both back-end and front-end development)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Java</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>C#</li></ul>	
	<b>Server-Side Development</b>		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>HTML 5</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>JavaScript</li></ul>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>CSS3</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><a href="#">Express &amp; NodeJS</a></li></ul>	
Business Logic /Documentation (Updated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Visual Paradigm</li><li>Visio</li><li><a href="#">Lucidchart</a></li></ul>		Tools used for the diagrams
Data side/Database (Updated)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><a href="#">MongoDB</a></li><li><a href="#">Mongo Atlas</a></li></ul>		The database used for processing data.
Version Control	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>GitHub</li></ul>		Online technology used for code backup and version control.

## Section 6.0 Update the Gannt chart

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	
26-Oct	27-Oct	28-Oct	29-Oct	30-Oct	31-Oct	01-Nov	02-Nov	03-Nov	04-Nov	05-Nov	06-Nov	07-Nov	08-Nov	09-Nov	10-Nov	11-Nov	12-Nov	13-Nov	14-Nov	15-Nov	
MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY	MONDAY	
Section 1: Making further corrections to Part A																					
	Weekly Group Meeting:																				
		Section 2.1 - 2.2: Overview model and ACD Explanation																			
			Section 2.2.1-2.2.2: HOW/WHAT overview ACD complete																		
						Weekly Group Meeting:															
						Section 4: MVC diagrams for User, Payment, Order															
						Section 5.2: Updated Technology List															
						Section 4.3: State machine diagrams for use cases; Payment and Order															
												Section 5.1: Created Database Schema									
												Weekly Group Meeting:									
												Section 4.2: Created Sequence Diagrams for 2 use cases									
											Section 3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3, 3.1.4: Completed full sub-system models for: User, Order, Payment and Item										
												Section 3.2, 3.3: Completed CRC and drew the Design Classes Diagrams									
ACD =																					
Architectural Context Diagram																					

# PART C - Software Design Architecture Construction

## Section 1 Corrections to Design Specifications Part B

1.1 Gantt chart corrections (modified in part A)

1.2 ERD section 5 adjustments (modified in part A)

## Section 1.0 Software Design Patterns

### 1.1 Pattern : Composite

Composite pattern will allow the application to composite objects uniformly.

### 1.2 Pattern : State

State pattern main characteristic is to allow an object to alter its behavior when the object's internal state changes, an object can have several states and each state can have different behavior.

It is applicable when the object's behavior depends on its state, and changes its behavior at runtime.

### 1.3 Pattern : Observer

When an object changes its state all the dependents should be notified and updated automatically, it is used to maintain consistency with related objects, it helps to avoid manual updates.

It is important to consider all the objects it affects in the implementation of the observer pattern and notify them.

## Section 2.0 Using common software design patterns

### 2.1 Pattern : Composite

Name	Composite
Problem	<p>stockChecKR app will create multiple numbers of users based on their role. In initial phases, roles will be limited to :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Customer.</li><li>- storeManager.</li><li>- IT staff</li></ul> <p>All these roles will share the same structure but with different functions.</p>
Solution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- We will create a user class.</li><li>- Then customer class will inherit the user class.</li><li>- Then the customer class will be responsible for initiating, printing, handling, and storing customers' data.</li><li>- All customers will have the same class structure.</li><li>- We will be able to differentiate customers based on customer ID</li></ul>

Example:

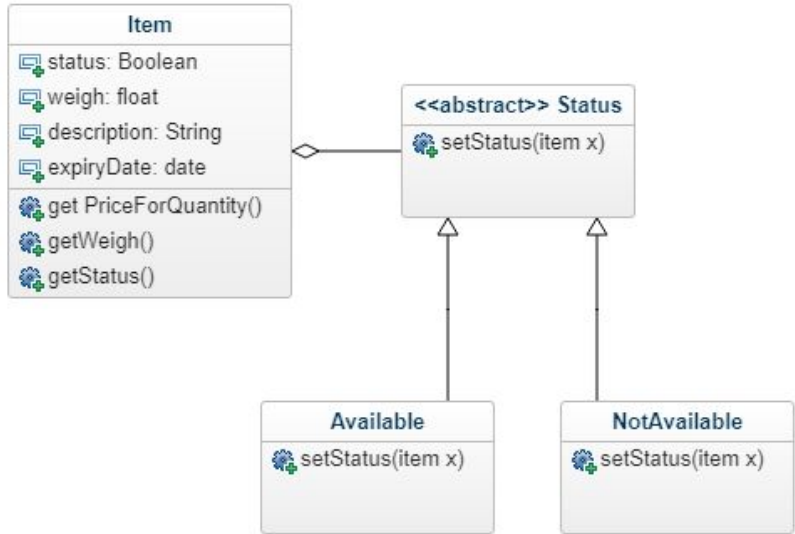
```
public class User {  
  
    public string name;  
  
    public string phoneNumber;  
  
}  
  
public class Customer : User {  
  
    public string customerID;  
  
    public string deliveryAddress;  
  
    public Customer(string userName, string userPhone, string cusID, string delAdd){  
  
        this.name = userName;  
  
        this.phoneNumber = userPhone;  
  
        this.customerID = cusID;  
  
        this.deliveryAddress = delAdd;  
  
    }  
  
    public string toString(){  
  
        return ("customer :[ \nName : " + name + "\nID : " + customerID + "\nPhone : " + phoneNumber+ " ]");  
  
    }  
  
}
```

**Sample output:**



	<pre> &gt; mcs -out:main.exe main.cs &gt; mono main.exe customer :[ Name : JonWick ID : 001 Phone :647-999-0000 ] customer :[ Name : Tony Stark ID : 002 Phone :647-888-5454 ] &gt; [] </pre>
Benefits and consequences	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- All Customers will have the same information field to be filled.</li> <li>- The app will be able to handle all types of users because fields and structure are well known.</li> <li>- It will allow us to implement further speciation in the future, for example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ontario's Customers =&gt; will inherit customer class.</li> <li>IT supervisor =&gt; will inherit IT Staff class</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## 1.2 Pattern : State

Name	State
Problem	Product availability needs to automatically change when product reaches expiry date to non available and notify the store administrator about this stock change.
Solution	Every time the store administrator adds a new product to the available stock, he or she should register the expiry date, this will create an automatic timer.
Graph	 <pre> classDiagram     class Item {         status: Boolean         weigh: float         description: String         expiryDate: date         get PriceForQuantity()         get Weigh()         get Status()     }     class Status {         &lt;&lt;abstract&gt;&gt;         setStatus(item x)     }     class Available {         setStatus(item x)     }     class NotAvailable {         setStatus(item x)     }     Item o-- Status     Status &lt; -- Available     Status &lt; -- NotAvailable </pre> <p>The diagram illustrates the State Design Pattern. It features three classes: <b>Item</b>, <b>Status</b>, and two subclasses of <b>Status</b>, <b>Available</b> and <b>NotAvailable</b>. The <b>Item</b> class has attributes <code>status: Boolean</code>, <code>weigh: float</code>, <code>description: String</code>, and <code>expiryDate: date</code>. It also has methods <code>get PriceForQuantity()</code>, <code>get Weigh()</code>, and <code>get Status()</code>. The <b>Status</b> class is an abstract class (indicated by &lt;&lt;abstract&gt;&gt;) with a method <code>setStatus(item x)</code>. The <b>Available</b> and <b>NotAvailable</b> classes are concrete subclasses of <b>Status</b>, each implementing the <code>setStatus(item x)</code> method. A composition relationship (indicated by a hollow diamond on the <b>Item</b> side) exists between <b>Item</b> and <b>Status</b>.</p>
Benefits and consequences	<p>Store manager can know when a whole product batch has expired and dispose of it.</p> <p>Updates in product availability regarding expiry would be automatic.</p> <p>Users can certainly know in real time the number of products available.</p>

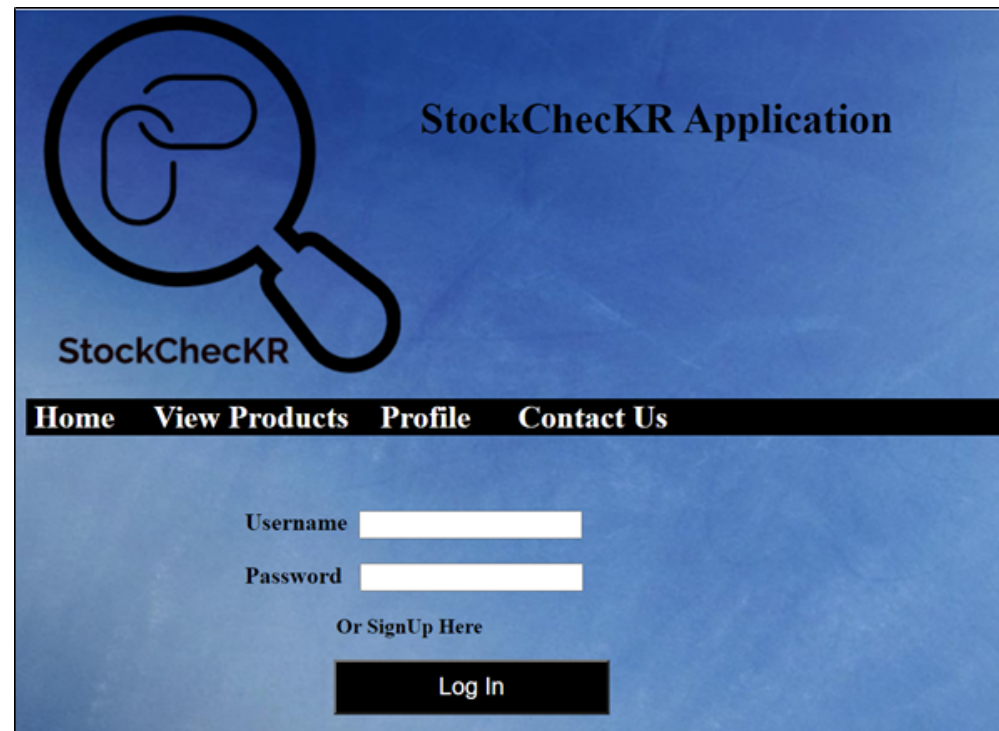
### 1.3 Pattern : Observer

Name	Observer
Problem	When modifying the Item class to adapt it to the state pattern, there are some other classes that might need to be updated and notified to improve usability and avoid manual error.
Solution	When a product or item runs out of stock by expiry date or any other reason it would automatically update the user's favorite section and cart (in case to have the item added) and notify the user of the new updates.
Graph	<pre> classDiagram     class Item {         observerCollection : obs         addObserver(obs : Observer2)         notifyObs()     }     class ConcreteItem {         status : Boolean         weigh : float         description : String         expiryDate : date         get PriceForQuantity()         getWeigh()         getStatus()     }     class FavoriteList {         dateOfCreation : date         no_OfItems : Integer         + update()     }     class Order {         createDate : date         + update()     }     class Observer {         &lt;&lt;abstract&gt;&gt;         &lt;&lt;abstract&gt;&gt; + update()     }     Item "1" o-- "&gt;p*" Observer     ConcreteItem -- &gt; Observer     FavoriteList -- &gt; Observer     Order -- &gt; Observer     </pre> <p>UML Class Diagram illustrating the Observer pattern:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Item</b> (Concrete Class):             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attributes: <code>observerCollection: obs</code></li> <li>Operations: <code>addObserver(obs : Observer2)</code>, <code>notifyObs()</code></li> </ul> </li> <li><b>Concrete Item</b> (Concrete Class):             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attributes: <code>status: Boolean</code>, <code>weigh: float</code>, <code>description: String</code>, <code>expiryDate: date</code></li> <li>Operations: <code>get PriceForQuantity()</code>, <code>getWeigh()</code>, <code>getStatus()</code></li> </ul> </li> <li><b>FavoriteList</b> (Concrete Class):             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attributes: <code>dateOfCreation: date</code>, <code>no_OfItems: Integer</code></li> <li>Operations: <code>+ update()</code></li> </ul> </li> <li><b>Order</b> (Concrete Class):             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Attributes: <code>createDate: date</code></li> <li>Operations: <code>+ update()</code></li> </ul> </li> <li><b>&lt;&lt;abstract&gt;&gt; Observer</b> (Abstract Class):             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operations: <code>&lt;&lt;abstract&gt;&gt; + update()</code></li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Relationships:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Item</b> has a <b>1</b>-to-<b>+p*</b> association with <b>Observer</b>.</li> <li><b>Concrete Item</b>, <b>FavoriteList</b>, and <b>Order</b> inherit from <b>Observer</b>.</li> <li>A note indicates: <code>notifyObs() for observer in observerCollection call observer.update()</code>.</li> </ul>
Benefits and consequences	<p>Users would be able to know when a product of the cart is no longer available and pick between proceeding the order or switching to another grocery store.</p> <p>Users would be able to add new favorite items from other grocery stores when notified that a previous item is no longer available.</p>

	It might be tedious for the user to switch all the items from one store to another, but the app allows adding items from different stores to the same order.
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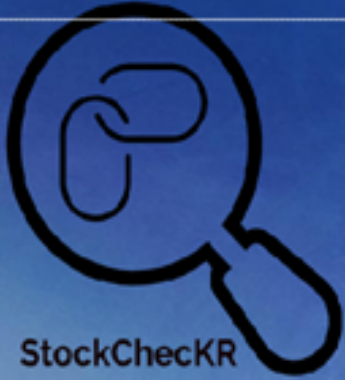
## Section 3.0 UI/UX design

### 3.1 Home => Login View



The image shows the login view of the StockCheckKR application. It features a blue background with a magnifying glass icon containing a stylized 'S' logo. The text 'StockCheckKR' is displayed below the logo. The title 'StockCheckKR Application' is positioned in the top right. A black navigation bar contains the links 'Home', 'View Products', 'Profile', and 'Contact Us'. Below the navigation bar, there are input fields for 'Username' and 'Password', followed by the text 'Or Sign Up Here' and a black 'Log In' button.

### 3.2 After Login => If someone needs to change password



**StockCheckKR Application**

**Home View Products Profile Contact Us Payments Cart Logout**

Current Password

New Password

**Change Password**

3.3 After Login => If someone needs to update profile



## StockChecKR Application

**Home View Products Profile Contact Us Payments Cart Logout**

Name

Phone Number

Email

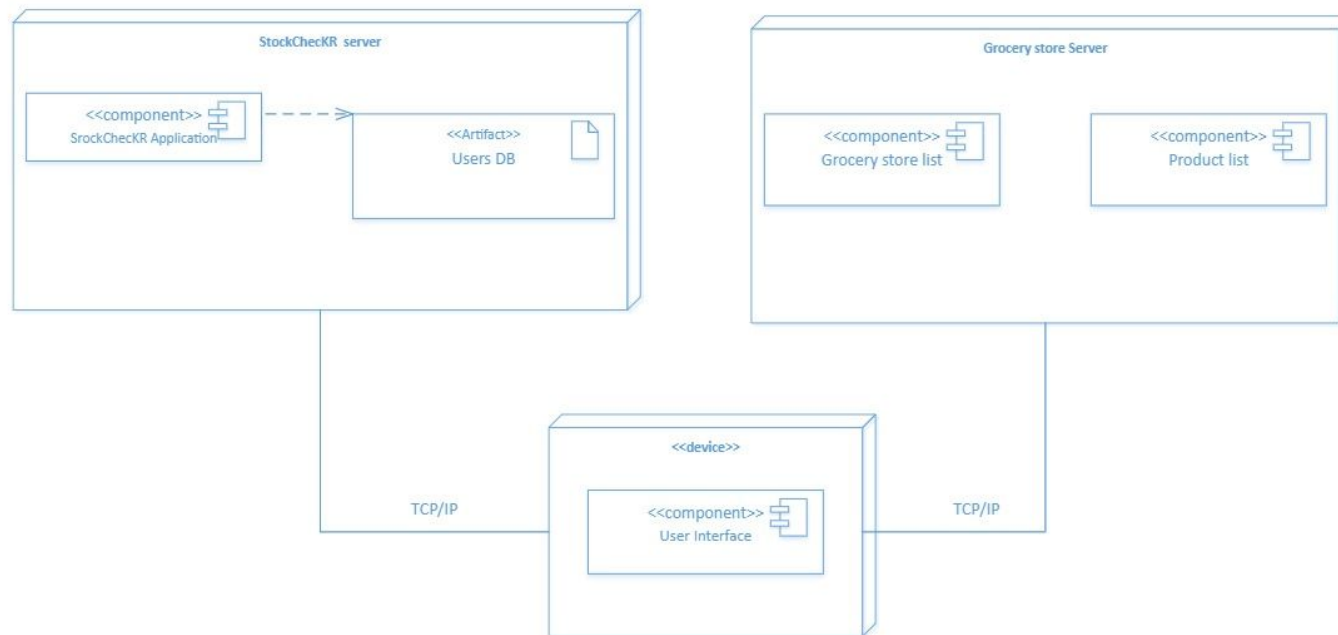
Billing Address

**Update Profile**

### 3.3 After Login => Searching for Items



## Section 4.0 High-level Component/Deployment Diagram





## Section 5.0 Update the Gantt chart to include Part C Tasks

[illegible]

## Section 6.0 Project Presentation

Prepare a Powerpoint presentation, a max of 12 slides for a group presentation to the rest of the class.