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# Table of content

Table of content	3
Tasks	4
C.1. Database Design	4
<ul> <li>Create a project MASL.</li> </ul>	4
<ul> <li>Create a MASLgraph.</li> </ul>	4
<ul> <li>Potential nodes and edges.</li> </ul>	4
<ul> <li>Import data from the CSV files.</li> </ul>	5
<ul> <li>Design explanations on the graph.</li> </ul>	6
C.2. Queries	7
0. Pre. create Indexes	7
1. Query 1	7
2. Query 2	8
3. Query 3	8
4. Query 4	9
5. Query 5	9
6. Query 6	10
7. Query 7	10
8. Query 8	11
9. Query 9	11
10. Query 10	12
C.3. Database Modifications	13
1. Modification 1	13
2. Modification 2	14
3. Modification 3	15
C.4. Connecting to Drivers	17
*connect to graph database	17
*queries	18
*Database modification	21

# **Tasks**

# C.1. Database Design

• Create a project MASL.

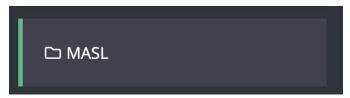


Figure 1: Project

• Create a MASLgraph.



**⊗** MASLgraph 4.3.0 • ACTIVE

Figure 2: Graph

- Potential nodes and edges.
  - ★ Potential nodes:
    - > UFO
    - ➤ YEAR
    - > DAY
    - > MONTH
    - ➤ HOUR
    - ➤ SHAPE
    - > WEATHER\_CONDITION
    - > WIND DIRECTION
    - ➤ LOCATION(city, state, countyName, longitude, latitude)
  - ★ Potential relationships:
    - (UFO)-[:IS\_HAPPENED\_IN]->(LOCATION)
    - (UFO) -[:IS\_SHAPE\_OF]-> (SHAPE)
    - > (UFO) -[:IS WEAHTER CONDITION OF]-> (WEAHTER CONDITION)
    - > (UFO) -[:IS\_WEAHTER\_DIRECTION\_OF]-> (WEAHTER\_DIRECTION)
    - (UFO) -[:IN\_MONTH\_OF]-> (MONTH)
    - > (UFO) -[:IN YEAR OF]-> (YEAR)
    - > (UFO) -[:IN\_DAY\_OF]-> (DAY)

- > (UFO) -[:IN\_HOUR\_OF]-> (HOUR)
- Import data from the CSV files.
  - ★ Completed code please check in TaskC1.cypher

```
//Import state
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///states_a2.csv' AS data
WITH data
// check null value
WHERE data.city IS NOT NULL
// set node with properties[city,county,state,lat,lng]
// ensure data format is right using toUpper and toFloat
MERGE(location:Location{
    city:toUpper(data.city),
    lat:toFloat(data.lat),
    lng:toFloat(data.lat),
    countyName:toUpper(data.countyName),
    state:toUpper(data.state)});
```

Figure 3: Import state\_a2.csv

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///ufo_a2.csv' AS data
//Create nodes for each row in ufo.csv
CREATE(u:UFO{
// give conditions to check null value: CASE \,X WHEN NULL THEN NULL ELSE \,X
// match data value with csv file,
                                                                                           `to avoid space between variables' name
  SET u.duration = (CASE data.`duration` WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE trim(data.`duration`)END)
  // trim to remove empty space in front of string value or in the end of string value
SET u.text = (CASE data.`text` WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE trim(data.`text`)END)
   SET u.summary = (CASE data.`summary` WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE trim(data.`summary`)END)
 // ensure float and integer format when I set value to my properties

SET u.pressure = (CASE toFloat(data. pressure') WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data. pressure') END)

SET u.temp = (CASE toFloat(data. temp') WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data. temp') END)

SET u.hail = (CASE toFloat(data. hail') WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data. hail') END)

SET u.heatindex = (CASE toFloat(data. heatindex') WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data. heatindex') END)
  SET u.windchill = (CASE data. windchill` WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data. windchill`)END)
SET u.rain = (CASE data. rain` WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger(data. rain`)END)
SET u.vis = (CASE data. ris` WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data. ris`)END)
  SET u.dewpt = (CASE data.'dewpt' WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data.'dewpt')END)
SET u.thunder = (CASE data.'thunder' WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger(data.'thunder')END)
SET u.fog = (CASE data.'thunder' WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger(data.'thunder')END)
  SET u.precip= (CASE data.precip WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data.precip)END)
SET u.precip= (CASE data.precip WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data.precip)END)
SET u.precip= (CASE data.precip WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data.precip)END)
SET u.tornado= (CASE data.precip WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger(data.precip WHEN "THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger(data.precip WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELS
  SET u.hum = (CASE data.hum WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toTotat(data.hum)END)
SET u.snow= (CASE data.snow WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toInteger(data.hum)END)
   SET u.wgust= (CASE data.wgust WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toFloat(data.`wgust`) END)
 SET u.city= (CASE data.city WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toUpper(data.`city`)END)
SET u.state= (CASE data.state WHEN "" THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toUpper(data.`city`)END)
// traverse each row and unwind shape as individual node for query's convenience.
// CASE WHEN ELSE END to deal with null value.
// Create relationships with UFO
FOREACH(IGNOREME IN CASE data, shape WHEN NULL THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toUpper(trim(data, shape)) ENDI
         MERGE (s:Shape {shape:toUpper(trim(data.shape))})
         MERGE (u) -[:IS\_SHAPE\_OF] \rightarrow (s)
// traverse each row and unwind weahter condition as individual node for query's convenience.
// CASE WHEN ELSE END to deal with null value.
// Create relationships with UFO
FOREACH(IGNOREME IN CASE data.conds when NULL THEN NULL WHEN "NA" THEN NULL ELSE toUpper(trim(data.conds)) END
         MERGE (c:Conds {condition:toUpper(trim(data.conds))})
         MERGE (u) -[:IS_WEAHTER_CONDITION_OF]-> (c)
```

Figure 4: Part of importing ufo\_a2.csv

Design explanations on the graph.

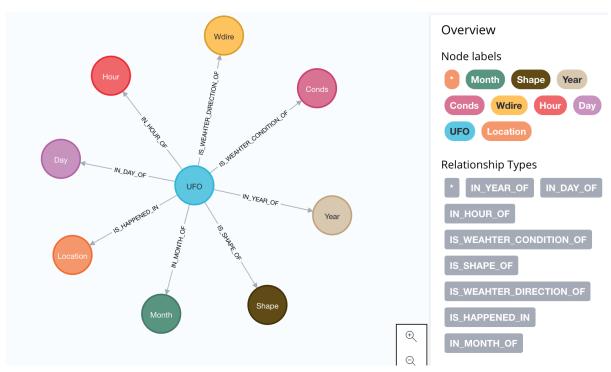


Figure 5: Graph schema of my database design

Figure 5 is the screenshot of my graph database schema(CALL db.schema.visualization). I have 9 nodes and 8 relationships.

Observing the "ufo\_a2.csv" dataset, I extract the year, month, day, hour, shape, weather condition, and wind direction from the "ufo\_a2.csv" dataset and set them as individual nodes.

Years can be grouped by different years. There are not too many different years, so it is better to regard different years as separate nodes. Use relationships to connect year and UFO so that I do not need to create more than 3000 pieces of year information. It is the same reason for the month(only having a unique value from 1 to 12), day(1-31), hour(0-24).

The shape column also does not have too many unique values. Values of shape descriptions are duplicated, so I create separate shape nodes for each unique shape value. It is the same reason for weather conditions and wind direction.

Data of other columns as properties of node UFO. Each row in the "ufo\_a2.csv" dataset is regarded as one UFO node.

Observing the "state\_a2.csv" dataset, Each row has different location records. There are many duplicated county names and city names on the dataset. So I think it is better to regard each location as an entity. I create one location node and then set city, state, county name, longitude and latitude as properties of the location node.

In conclusion, my design assumption is according to the data distribution of each column. If the value of this column is low distribution, I tend to set this column as an individual node. And use a relationship to connect additional nodes with UFO nodes.

# C.2. Queries

# ★ (Completed code in TaskC2.cypher)

### 0. Pre. create Indexes

```
CREATE INDEX ON:Location(state);
CREATE INDEX ON:Location(city);
CREATE INDEX ON:Location(countyName);
```

Index Name	Туре	Uniqueness	EntityType	LabelsOrTypes	Properties	State
index_12fed2f	BTREE	NONUNIQUE	NODE	[ "Location" ]	[ "countyName" ]	ONLINE
index_343aff4e	LOOKUP	NONUNIQUE	NODE	[]	0	ONLINE
index_accb94fe	BTREE	NONUNIQUE	NODE	[ "Location" ]	[ "state" ]	ONLINE
index_cac4c6f1	BTREE	NONUNIQUE	NODE	[ "Location" ]	[ "city" ]	ONLINE
index_f7700477	LOOKUP	NONUNIQUE	RELATIONSHIP	[]	0	ONLINE

Figure 6: Create indexes on city, state, county

Explanation: Location contains multiple properties(city, state and county). Observing query questions, state, city and county are used frequently. So it is better to set an index on each of them to do efficient queries.

### 1. Query 1

How many UFO sightings were recorded in April?

```
MATCH(u:UFO) - [:IN_MONTH_OF] -> (m:Month)
WHERE m.month =4
RETURN COUNT(u) AS UFO records;
```

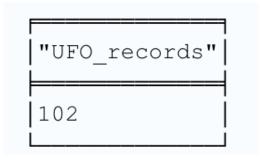


Figure 7: query 1 result

Show all unique weather conditions, for UFOs in 'CIRCLE' shape appeared in 'AZ' state before 2014(exclusive). Display all weather conditions in lowercase letters.

```
MATCH(u:UFO)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year),

(u:UFO)-[:IS_WEAHTER_CONDITION_OF]->(c:Conds),

(u:UFO)-[:IS_HAPPENED_IN]->(1:Location{state:'AZ'}),

(u:UFO)-[:IS_SHAPE_OF]->(s:Shape{shape:'CIRCLE'})

WHERE y.year<2014

RETURN DISTINCT toLower(c.condition) AS `unique weather conditions`;

"unique weather conditions"

"scattered clouds"

"partly cloudy"

"clear"

"overcast"

"mostly cloudy"
```

Figure 7: query 2 result

### 3. Query 3

Show all unique UFO shapes that appeared in 2015 but not in 2000.

```
MATCH(u:UFO)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year{year:2015}),(u:UFO)-[:IS_SHAPE_OF]->(s:Shape)
WHERE NOT (u:UFO)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year{year:2000})
RETURN DISTINCT s.shape AS `unique shapes`;
```



Figure 8: query 3 result

List all unique years in ascending order if it has 'at high speeds' in the text in each UFO sighting recording.

```
MATCH (u:UFO)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year)
WHERE u.text CONTAINS 'at high speeds'
RETURN DISTINCT y.year AS `year`
ORDER BY y.year ASC;
```

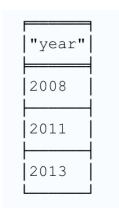


Figure 9: query 4 result

## 5. Query 5

Count how many times each wind direction appeared across all years, sort the number of times of each direction in descending order.

```
MATCH(u:UFO) - [:IS_WEAHTER_DIRECTION_OF] -> (wd:Wdire),

(u:UFO) - [:IN_YEAR_OF] -> (y:Year)

RETURN wd.direction AS `wdire`, COUNT (wd.direction) AS `times of each direction`

ORDER BY COUNT (wd.direction) DESC;
```

"wdire"	"times of each direction"
"NORTH"	745
"SOUTH"	299
"WEST"	217
"SSE"	184
"SSW"	183
"SW"	179
"WSW"	177
"SE"	172
"WNW"	138
"ESE"	132
"NW"	129

  "VARIABLE" 	129
"EAST"	121
"NNW"	98
"ENE"	75
"NE"	71
"NNE"	70

Figure 10: query 5 result

Display the nearest city information around 'CORAL SPRINGS' city in 'BROWARD' county of 'FL'. The output should also display the distance calculated between 'CORAL SPRINGS' city and the nearest city you found.

```
MATCH (1:Location{city:'CORAL SPRINGS',countyName:'BROWARD',state:'FL'})
WITH 1, point({longitude:1.lng,latitude:1.lat}) AS location1
MATCH(12:Location)
WITH location1,1,12,point({longitude:12.lng,latitude:12.lat}) AS location2
WHERE location1 <> location2
WITH 1.city AS `source city`,12.city AS `target city`,distance(location1,location2)
AS distance
RETURN `source city`, `target city`,distance
ORDER BY distance ASC
LIMIT 1;
```

"source city"	"target city"	"distance"
"CORAL SPRINGS"	"MARGATE"	5394.95935153865

Figure 11: query 6 result

### 7. Query 7

Find the year with the least number of different kinds of UFO shapes. Display the year and the number of counting in the output.

```
MATCH (u:UFO)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year),(u:UFO)-[:IS_SHAPE_OF]->(s:Shape)

RETURN y.year AS Year, COUNT(DISTINCT(s.shape)) AS `number of counting`

ORDER BY `number of counting` ASC

LIMIT 1;
```

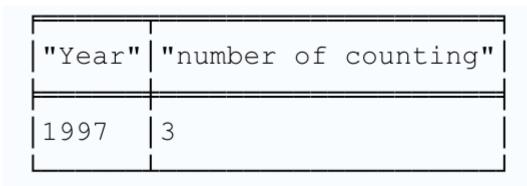


Figure 12: query 7 result

What is the average temperature, pressure, and humidity of each UFO shape? (The output should also display the average values rounded to 3 decimal places)

```
MATCH (u:UFO)-[:IS_SHAPE_OF]->(s:Shape), (u:UFO)
WITH DISTINCT(s.shape) AS `shape category`, round(AVG(u.temp), 3) AS `average
temperature`, round(AVG(u.hum), 3) AS `average humidity`, round(AVG(u.pressure), 3) AS
`average pressure`
RETURN `shape category`, `average temperature`, `average humidity`, `average pressure`
ORDER BY `average humidity` DESC;
```

"shape category	"  "average temperature"	"average humidity"	"average pressure"
"CONE"	null	null	-0.202
"FIREBALL"	1.046	-0.608	-0.313
"TRIANGLE"	0.847	-0.655	-0.332
"LIGHT"	0.899	-0.729	-0.382
"FORMATION"	0.968	-0.779	-0.373
"OVAL"	1.101	-0.816	-0.371
"CIRCLE"	1.096	-0.816	-0.349
"SPHERE"	1.096	-0.862	-0.418
"DISK" 1.216		-0.995	-0.445
"CHANGING" 1.073		-1.02	-0.445
"CHEVRON"	0.016	-1.184	-0.255
"UNKNOWN"	0.716	-1.263	0.066
"OTHER"	1.249	-1.504	-0.386
"TEARDROP" 2.075		-1.659	-0.806
"RECTANGLE"	0.982	-1.659	-0.399
"CIGAR"	1.549	-2.634	-0.255
"FLASH"	1.835	-2.682	-1.973

Figure 13: query 8 result

## 9. Query 9

Display the top 3 counties with the most number of different cities.

```
MATCH (1:Location)

RETURN 1.countyName AS countyName, COUNT(1.city) AS `city numbers`

ORDER BY `city numbers` DESC

LIMIT 3;
```

"countyName"	"city numbers"
"WASHINGTON"	87
"JEFFERSON"	79
"LOS ANGELES"	79

Figure 14: query 9 result

Rank the total number of UFO sighting recordings according to each state, display the state in descending order in the output.

```
MATCH(u:UFO) - [:IS_HAPPENED_IN] -> (1:Location)
WITH 1.state AS State
RETURN State, COUNT(*) AS `number of UFO sighting recordings`
ORDER BY State DESC;
```

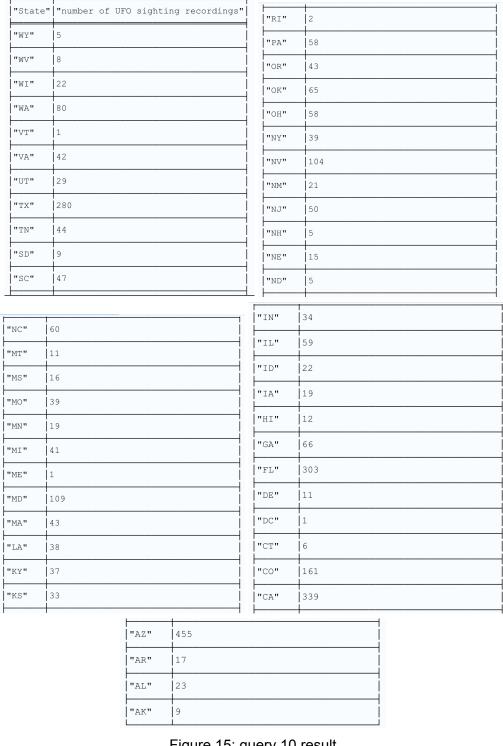


Figure 15: query 10 result

# C.3. Database Modifications

★ (Completed code in TaskC3.cypher)

#### 1. Modification 1

MASL has gained new information about a new UFO sighting. Therefore, insert all of the information provided in Table 1.

Figure 16: screenshot of database before setting new node

```
MATCH (u1:UFO) - [:IN MONTH OF] -> (m:Month {month:8}),
(u1:UFO) - [:IN_DAY_OF] -> (d:Day{day:14}),
(u1:UFO) - [:IN HOUR OF] -> (h:Hour{hour:16}),
(u1:UFO) -[:IN_YEAR_OF] -> (y:Year{year:1998}),
(u1:UFO) - [:IS WEAHTER CONDITION OF] -> (c1:Conds),
(u1:UFO) -[:IS WEAHTER DIRECTION OF] -> (w1:Wdire)
CREATE (u:UFO{})
SET u.duration='25 minutes'
SET u.text='Awesome lights were seen in the sky'
SET u.summary='Awesome lights'
SET u.pressure=u1.pressure
SET u.temp=u1.temp
SET u.windchill=u1.windchill
SET u.rain=u1.rain
SET u.vis=u1.vis
SET u.dewpt=u1.dewpt
SET u.thunder=u1.thunder
SET u.fog=u1.fog
SET u.precip=u1.precip
SET u.wspd=u1.wspd
SET u.tornado=u1.tornado
SET u.hum=u1.hum
SET u.snow=u1.snow
SET u.wqust=u1.wqust
SET u.heatindex=u1.heatindex
SET u.hail=u1.hail
```

```
MERGE (u) - [:IN_YEAR_OF] -> (y2:Year{year:2021})
MERGE (u) - [:IS_WEAHTER_CONDITION_OF] -> (c1)
MERGE (u) - [:IS_WEAHTER_DIRECTION_OF] -> (w1)
MERGE (u) - [:IN_MONTH_OF] -> (m2:Month{month:1})
MERGE (u) - [:IN_DAY_OF] -> (d2:Day{day:14})
MERGE (u) - [:IN_HOUR_OF] -> (h2:Hour{hour:23})
MERGE (u) - [:IS_HAPPENED_IN] -> (12:Location{state:'IN',city:'HIGHLAND',countyName:'LAK E'})
RETURN u, 12, c1, w1, d2, m2, h2, y2;
```

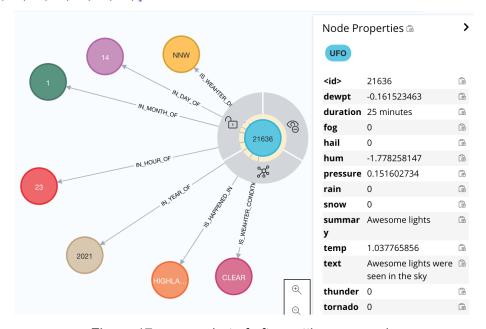


Figure 17: screenshot of after setting new node

#### 2. Modification 2

They have also realised that for all UFO sightings recorded in 2011 and 2008 with 'Unknown' shape should be 'flying saucer' and also the 'Clear' weather condition should be 'Sunny/Clear'. Update these records with the correct UFO shape and weather conditions.

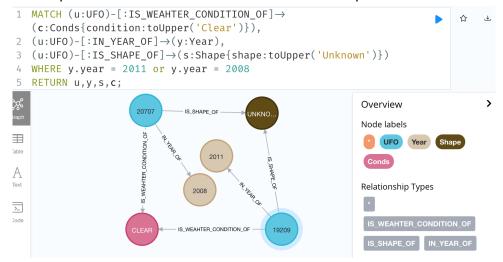


Figure 18: Screenshot of before changing properties' values

```
MATCH (u:UFO) - [:IS_WEAHTER_CONDITION_OF] -> (c:Conds { condition:toUpper('Clear') }),
  (u:UFO) - [:IN_YEAR_OF] -> (y:Year),
  (u:UFO) - [:IS_SHAPE_OF] -> (s:Shape { shape:toUpper('Unknown') })
WHERE y.year = 2011 or y.year = 2008
SET s.shape = 'flying saucer'
SET c.condition = 'Sunny/Clear'
RETURN u,y,s,c;
```

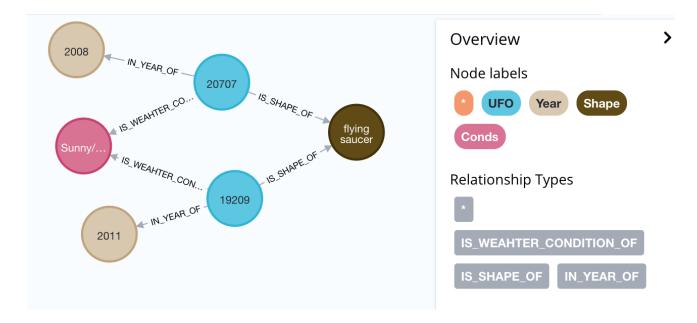


Figure 19: Screenshot of after changing data

#### 3. Modification 3

The management has realised that 'ARCADIA' city in FL state was an error. Therefore delete the 'ARCADIA' city from the database.

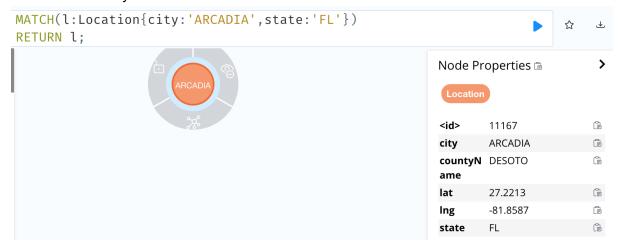


Figure 20: Screenshot of before deleting this node

```
MATCH(1:Location{city:'ARCADIA', state:'FL'})

DETACH DELETE 1;

MATCH(1:Location{city:'ARCADIA', state:'FL'})

DETACH DELETE 1;

Deleted 1 node, completed after 2 ms.

MATCH(1:Location{city:'ARCADIA', state:'FL'})

RETURN 1;

(no changes, no records)
```

Figure 21: Screenshot of after deleting the node

# C.4. Connecting to Drivers

```
# download python neo4j driver
# python -m pip install py2neo

# upgrade neo4j to latest version
pip install py2neo --upgrade

# import library
import py2neo

# import functions from library
from py2neo import Graph, Node, Relationship
```

# \*connect to graph database

```
g= Graph(host = 'localhost', auth = ('neo4j', '5137'))
# clear graph database
# g.run("MATCH (n) RETURN n")
# g.run("MATCH (n) DETACH DELETE n")
# import data-state
g.run("LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///states_a2.csv' AS data WITH data \
   WHERE data.city IS NOT NULL\
        MERGE(location:Location{city:toUpper(data.city), \
            lat:toFloat(data.lat), lng:toFloat(data.lng), \
                countyName:toUpper(data.countyName),\
                state:toUpper(data.state));");
# import data-ufo
Completed code in TaskC4.py
q.run("LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///ufo a2.csv' AS data WITH data\
    CREATE(u:UFO{})\
       SET u.duration = (CASE data.`duration` WHEN '' THEN NULL WHEN 'NA' THEN NULL
ELSE trim(data.`duration`)END) \
      FOREACH (IGNOREME IN CASE data.shape WHEN '' THEN NULL WHEN 'NA' THEN NULL
ELSE toUpper(trim(data.shape)) END|\
   MERGE (s:Shape {shape:toUpper(trim(data.shape))}) \
  MERGE (u) -[:IS SHAPE OF]-> (s)");
#create relationships
g.run("LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///ufo a2.csv' AS data\
WITH data\
MATCH (u:UFO{\
```

```
city:toUpper(data.city),\
state:toUpper(data.state),\
text:data.text,\
summary:data.summary,\
pressure:toFloat(data.pressure)})\
MATCH(location:Location{city:toUpper(data.city),state:toUpper(data.state)})\
CREATE(u)-[:IS_HAPPENED_IN]->(location);\
MATCH (y:Year) SET y.year = toInteger(y.year);\
MATCH (y:Month) SET y.month = toInteger(y.month);\
MATCH (y:Day) SET y.day = toInteger(y.day);\
MATCH (y:Hour) SET y.hour = toInteger(y.hour);");
```

# \*queries

Figure 22: neo4j python driver query 1

```
#query 2

g.run("MATCH(u:UF0)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year),\
    (u:UF0)-[:IS_WEAHTER_CONDITION_OF]->(c:Conds),\
    (u:UF0)-[:IS_HAPPENED_IN]->(1:Location{state:'AZ'}),\
    (u:UF0)-[:IS_SHAPE_OF]->(s:Shape{shape:'CIRCLE'})\
    WHERE y.year<2014\
    RETURN DISTINCT toLower(c.condition) AS `unique weather conditions`;")

    v 0.5s

... unique weather conditions
    scattered clouds
    partly cloudy
    clear</pre>
```

Figure 23: Figure 22: neo4j python driver query 2

#### #query 3

Figure 23: Figure 22: neo4j python driver query 3

#### #query 4

```
g.run("MATCH (u:UF0)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year)\
WHERE u.text CONTAINS 'at high speeds'\
RETURN DISTINCT y.year AS `year`\
ORDER BY y.year ASC;")

$\square$
0.4s

year
2008
2011
2013
```

Figure 24: query 4

#### #query 5

```
g.run("MATCH(u:UF0)-[:IS_WEAHTER_DIRECTION_OF]->(wd:Wdire),\
    (u:UF0)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year)\
    RETURN wd.direction AS `wdire`,COUNT(wd.direction) AS `times of each direction`\
    ORDER BY COUNT(wd.direction) DESC;")

    ✓ 0.3s

wdire times of each direction
    NORTH 745
    SOUTH 299
```

Figure 25: query 5

217

#### #query 6

WEST

```
g.run("MATCH (l:Location{city:'CORAL SPRINGS',countyName:'BROWARD',state:'FL'}) \
WITH l, point({longitude:l.lng,latitude:l.lat}) AS location1 \
MATCH(l2:Location) \
WITH location1,l,l2,point({longitude:l2.lng,latitude:l2.lat}) AS location2 \
WHERE location1 <> location2 \
WITH l.city AS `source city`,l2.city AS `target city`,distance(location1,location2) AS distance \
RETURN `source city`, `target city`,distance \
ORDER BY distance ASC \
LIMIT 1;")

V 0.4s

source city target city distance
CORAL SPRINGS MARGATE 5394.95935153865
```

Figure 26: query 6

#### #query 7

```
g.run("MATCH (u:UF0)-[:IN_YEAR_OF]->(y:Year),(u:UF0)-[:IS_SHAPE_OF]->(s:Shape) \
    RETURN y.year AS Year, COUNT(DISTINCT(s.shape)) AS `number of counting` \
    ORDER BY `number of counting` ASC \
    LIMIT 1;")
```

Year number of counting 1997 3

Figure 27: query 7

#### #query 8

```
g.run("MATCH (u:UF0)-[:IS_SHAPE_0F]->(s:Shape),(u:UF0)\
WITH DISTINCT(s.shape) AS `shape category`,round(AVG(u.temp),3) AS `average temperature`,\
round(AVG(u.hum),3) AS `average humidity`,round(AVG(u.pressure),3) AS `average pressure`\
RETURN `shape category`,`average temperature`,`average humidity`,`average pressure`\
ORDER BY `average humidity` DESC;")

     0.3s
```

shape category	average temperature	average humidity	average pressure
CONE	null	null	-0.202
FIREBALL	1.046	-0.608	-0.313
TRIANGLE	0.847	-0.655	-0.332

Figure 28: query 8

#### #query 9

Figure 29: query 9

#### #query 10

```
g.run("MATCH(u:UF0)-[:IS_HAPPENED_IN]->(l:Location)\
WITH l.state AS State \
RETURN State, COUNT(*) AS `number of UF0 sighting recordings`\
ORDER BY State DESC;")
✓ 0.1s
```

•	State	number of UFO sighting recordings
	WY	5
	WV	8
	WI	22

Figure 30:query 10

#### # modification 2

```
g.run("MATCH (u:UFO)=[:IS_WEAHTER_CONDITION_0F]=>(c:Conds{condition:toUpper('Clear')}),\
  (u:UFO)=[:IN_YEAR_0F]=>(y:Year),\
  (u:UFO)=[:IS_SHAPE_0F]=>(s:Shape{shape:toUpper('Unknown')}) \
  WHERE y,year = 2011 or y,year = 2008 \
  SET s.shape = 'flying saucer' \
  SET c.condition = 'Sunny/Clear' \
  RETURN u,y,s,c;")
  \( \times 0.4s \)
```

L42796:UFO (city: 'RIDGECREST', dewpt: -0.827131849, duration: '15 seconds', fog: 0, hail: 0, hum: -2.539301637, pressure: -1.343469169, rain: 0, snow: 0, state: 'CA', summary: 'at three ten this morning and it was in the sky approxamitly in the sky about south east then it moved a little (danonymous report)); temp: 1.6606973936, text: 'From Dim for Byfight To Dim On 9-6-081 spent the evening watching for unexplained phenomena. Sunset was at 7:11 and I was situated at Laitude: 35iv.00b032/4.77"N and Longitude: 171v.00b032/44.80"W Igo the sunset time from the internet. I got my camera gear out and got it all set up so that I could be ready for anything. I sat down in my easy chair until it was time for the stars to start showing themselves to the world. One by one they appeared. If you are not fast while you are watching for the stars, they will snaw up on you. Looking at the First Quarter Moon that was to the south of my vantage point, there was a bright star/planet that showed up to the east of the moon and just a little higher in the night sky compared to the moon. It was very bright and steady. I turned around only to find a brighter star/planet does not twinkle and stars dolu/201d I donu/2019t know the names. Anyhow, I started my scan around the heavens to see what was appearing and by the time I got back to the bright star/planet east of the moon. I notice do something very odd. The star/planet to the left of the one that was near the moon was now GONE. One minute it was there and the next minute it was gone. I know it was not a plane as it just sat there in one place when I first noticed it. As the evening progressed, I noticed two objects that bey were planes, but there were no strobes on these two objects that looked like stars passing in the not have a star there in one place when I first noticed it. As the evening progressed, I noticed two objects that looked like in the place of the minute of the place of the p

(\_41298:UFO {city: 'BINGHAMTON', dewpt: -0.060673707, duration: '15:00', fog: 0, hail: 0, hum: -1.255040748, pressure: 1.92208262, rain: 0, snow: 0, state: 'NY', summary: 'Faintly visible shape-shifting UFO with no illumination at a height of 15000 ft, moving erratically over Chennai, India', temp: 0.629104821, text: "Oct.08, 2011 Red Orb's sightings in Binghamton,NY There were 15-20 bright orbs in the south east horizon in the city of binghamton. I was walking home and stopped at a gas station And noticed the bright red orbs. I alerted other patrons and everyone was Concerned and people including myself began Filming and photographing them. Some have been added to YouTube, These red orbs rose in to the sky making no Noise and moving very slow and then vanishing As more red orbs rose. I made 2 calls to 911 to report this incident.", thunder: 0, tornado: 0 vis: 0.0642725 wsnd: -0.3576410043)

Figure 32: modification 2

#### # modification 3

```
g.run("MATCH(l:Location{city:'ARCADIA',state:'FL'}) \
    DETACH DELETE l;")

$\square 0.2s$
```

· (No data)

Figure 33: modification 3