

# Capstone Project:

Supply Chain Data Engineering & Analytics on Azure Cloud

Confidential Stackhoute 1 age 1 of 7

### **Business Scenario**

#### **Project Overview**

Today's global supply chains are complex, involving multiple vendors, warehouses, transporters, and systems operating across regions. Delays, stockouts, and claim disputes can disrupt operations and escalate costs. Enterprises need cloud-first data platforms that consolidate and process data from shipments, inventory, vendors, delivery logs, and claims to drive visibility and performance.

This capstone simulates the development of a **cloud-native supply chain analytics platform** that manages order movement, inventory health, delivery status, and claims. You will build structured pipelines, serve REST APIs for real-time visibility, and integrate Azure services to simulate enterprise deployment.

## **Project Objectives**

- 1. Define system design and data documentation using SDLC, SRS, HLD, and UML artifacts.
- 2. Ingest multi-source supply chain data (shipments, inventory, claims, etc.).
- 3. Apply SQL and Pandas for data cleaning, transformation, and summarization.
- 4. Build FastAPI microservices to expose key metrics like delivery status and claim history.
- 5. Use Azure Data Lake, Azure Data Factory, and simulated Synapse pipelines for cloud integration.
- 6. Visualize KPIs such as delivery duration trends and inventory health via dashboards (Power BI or Python).

## **Project Dataset**

#### 1. Shipments Table

shipment\_id, origin\_warehouse, destination\_city, ship\_date, delivery\_date, product\_id, quantity, freight\_cost

#### 2. Vendors Table

vendor\_id, vendor\_name, product\_id, contract\_start, contract\_end, vendor\_rating,
country

#### 3. Inventory Table

warehouse\_id, product\_id, stock\_level, reorder\_threshold, last\_restock\_date, next\_restock\_due

#### 4. Delivery Logs Table

delivery\_id, shipment\_id, carrier, status, delivery\_duration\_days, damage\_flag, proof of delivery status

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#### 5. Claims Table

claim id, delivery id, reason, amount claimed, claim status, claim date, resolved date

#### **Relationships:**

- shipment id links Shipments and Delivery Logs
- delivery id links Delivery Logs and Claims
- product id links Vendors, Shipments, and Inventory

## **Capstone Phases with learner Tasks & Deliverables**

## Phase 1: SDLC Documentation & System Design (SRS, HLD, UML)

#### Tasks:

- Draft **SRS** for the cloud-based supply chain analytics platform.
- Document business and functional requirements like shipment tracking and claim summarization.
- Create **HLD** showing system modules:
  - Shipment Tracker
  - o Claims Monitor
  - o Vendor Inventory Viewer
- Design **UML Diagrams**:
  - o **Use Case Diagram**: Initiate shipment, file a claim, check inventory.
  - o Class Diagram: Shipment, Vendor, Inventory entities.
  - o Activity Diagram: Claim resolution workflow.

## Phase 2: Data Engineering with Python & SQL

#### Tasks:

- Use Python with Pandas to:
  - Clean and merge shipment, delivery, and claim data.
  - o Calculate delay duration, reorder flags, claim aging.
- Write **SQL scripts** for:
  - o Joins across shipment-delivery-claim tables.
  - Aggregate freight costs by city, average claim amounts.
  - o Grouped summaries by carrier or vendor.
- Use Views and Subqueries for reporting stock health or unresolved claims.

### Phase 3: FastAPI Development for Supply Chain Metrics

#### Tasks:

- Develop FastAPI microservices:
  - o GET /claims-summary → Return claim percentages per carrier.
  - GET /inventory-health → Return stock and reorder status.
  - POST /log-shipment → Add a new shipment record.
- Integrate SQLAlchemy + Pydantic models.
- Enable file upload APIs to import new delivery logs.
- Expose automatic docs via Swagger/Redoc.

### Phase 4: Azure Cloud Integration (ADLS, ADF)

#### Tasks:

- Data Lake Integration:
  - o Upload raw CSVs (Shipments, Vendors, Claims) to ADLS Gen2.
- ADF Pipelines:
  - o Ingest data into bronze/silver zones.
  - o Schedule periodic ingestion of inventory and delivery updates.
- SQL:
  - Perform SQL queries over structured supply chain data.
- Dashboarding:
  - O Use or Python to visualize:
    - Stock level vs reorder threshold
    - Claim status across delivery carriers
    - Shipment delay trends over time