Sentiment Analysis Dashboard - User Guide

Overview

The Enhanced Sentiment Analysis Dashboard is a comprehensive web application that analyzes text sentiment using state-of-the-art machine learning models. It can classify text as **Positive**, **Negative**, or **Neutral** with confidence scores.

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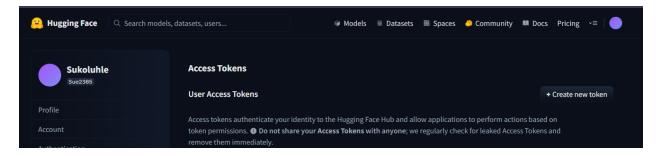
Getting Started

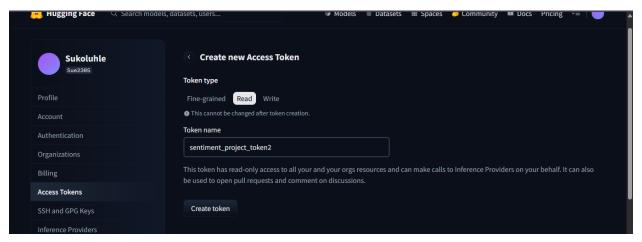
Prerequisites

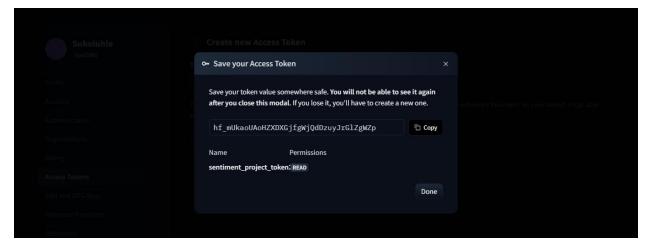
- A Hugging Face account and API key
- Web browser (Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Edge)
- Internet connection

Setup Steps

- 1. Get Your API Key:
 - Visit Hugging Face
 - o Create a new token with "Read" permissions
 - Copy the token

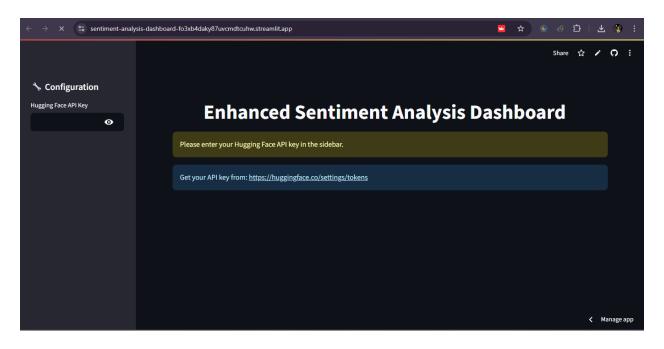


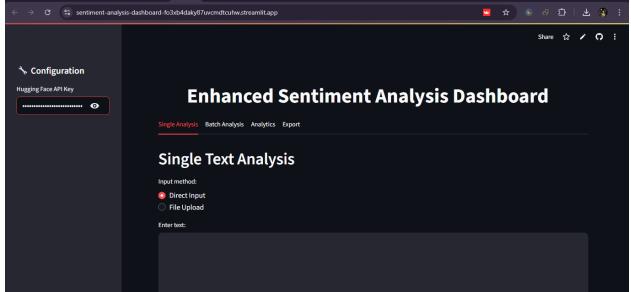




2. Launch the Dashboard:

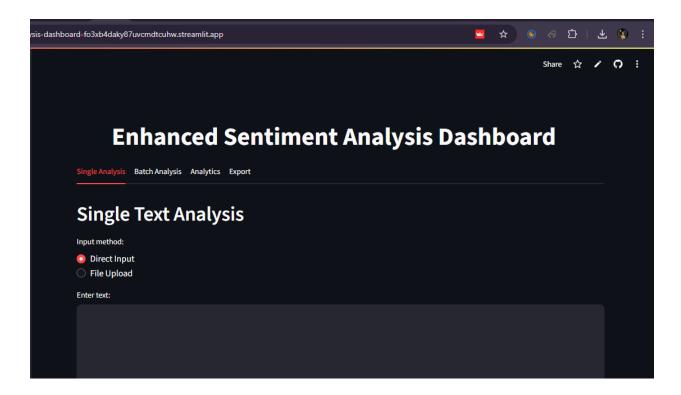
- Open the application in your web browser
- o Enter your API key in the sidebar (Configuration section)
- The key is stored securely and only used for API calls





3. Verify Setup:

- o The dashboard will automatically test the connection
- o You should see no warning messages if setup is successful



Dashboard Layout

Header

- Title: Enhanced Sentiment Analysis Dashboard
- Navigation Tabs: Single Analysis, Batch Analysis, Analytics, Export

Sidebar

- Configuration: API key input
- Status: Connection and model information

Main Content Area

- **Tabs**: Four main sections for different functionalities
- Results Display: Interactive charts and detailed results

Single Analysis

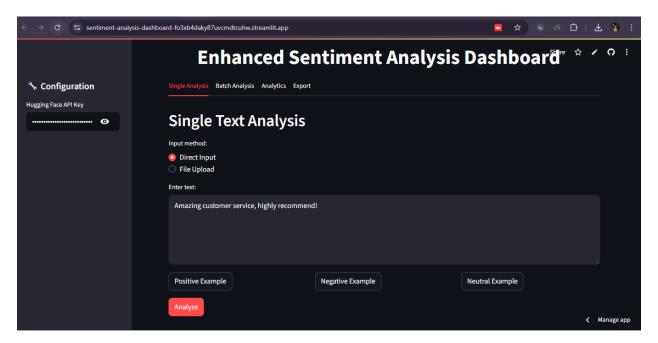
Purpose

Analyze individual texts or documents for sentiment.

How to Use

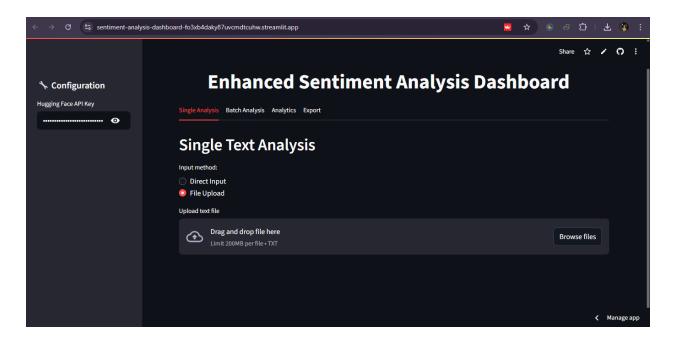
Direct Input Method

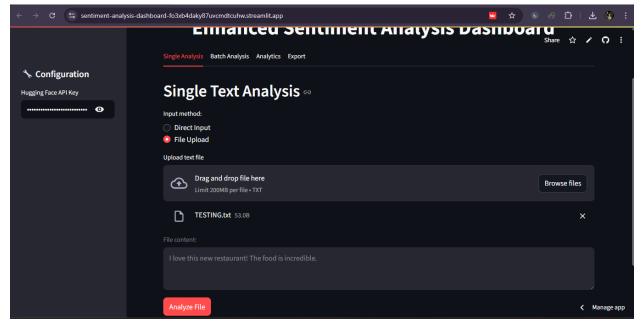
- 1. **Select "Direct Input"** in the input method section
- 2. **Enter your text** in the text area (up to 500 characters for optimal results)
- 3. Use Example Buttons to test different sentiment types:
 - o **Positive Example**: "I love this product! It's amazing and fantastic!"
 - o Negative Example: "This is terrible and awful. I hate it completely!"
 - o Neutral Example: "The product is okay and average. It's fine, nothing special."
- 4. Click "Analyze" to process the text



File Upload Method

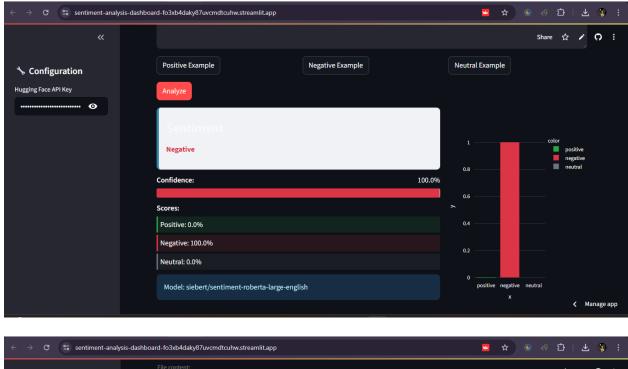
- 1. Select "File Upload" in the input method section
- 2. **Upload a .txt file** using the file uploader
- 3. **Preview** the file content (first 500 characters shown)
- 4. Click "Analyze File" to process the entire file

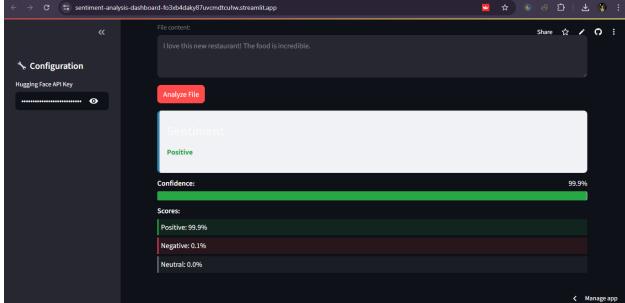




Results Display

- Sentiment Card: Shows the primary sentiment with color coding
- Confidence Bar: Visual representation of prediction confidence
- **Detailed Scores**: Breakdown of positive, negative, and neutral probabilities
- Model Information: Which AI model was used for analysis
- Interactive Chart: Bar chart showing all three sentiment scores





Batch Analysis

Purpose

Analyze multiple texts simultaneously for efficiency.

Multiple Texts Method

1. Select "Multiple Texts" in the batch method section

- 2. Enter texts in the text area, one per line
- 3. Use "Example Batch" to populate with sample texts

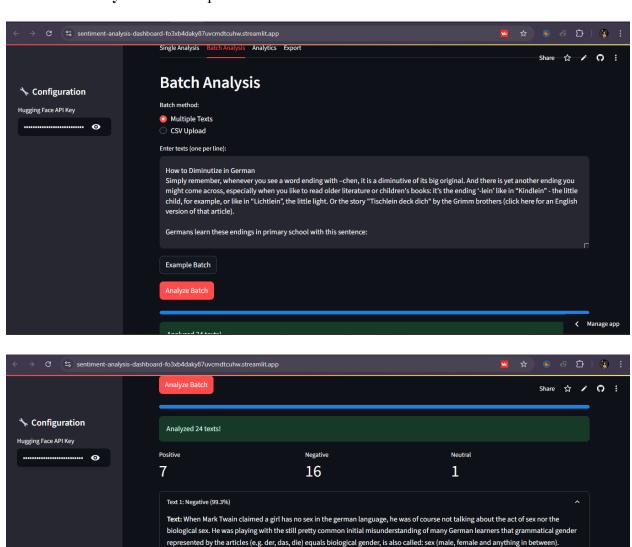
Sentiment: Negative
Confidence: 99.3%

Text 2: Negative (99.2%)

notice the following:

Scores: Positive: 0.7%, Negative: 99.3%, Neutral: 0.0%

4. Click "Analyze Batch" to process all texts



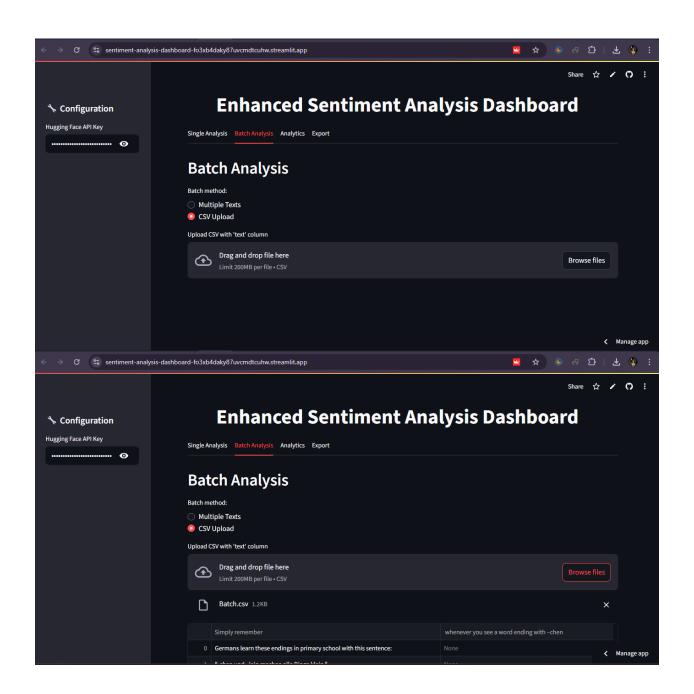
Text: He did not want to say that a young lady had no biological gender. If you look closer at the german word for "young lady", you

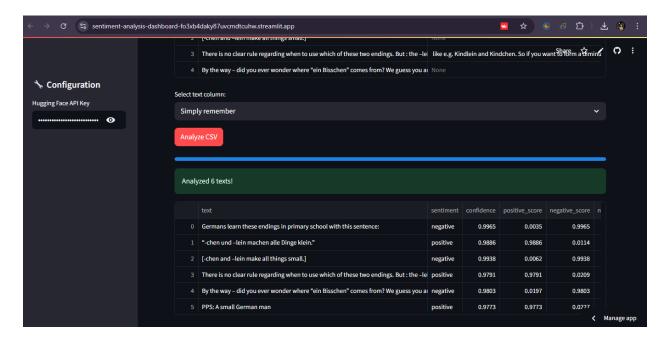
CSV Upload Method

- 1. Select "CSV Upload" in the batch method section
- 2. Upload a CSV file containing your text data
- 3. **Preview** the uploaded data
- 4. **Select the text column** from the dropdown
- 5. Click "Analyze CSV" to process all rows

CSV Requirements:

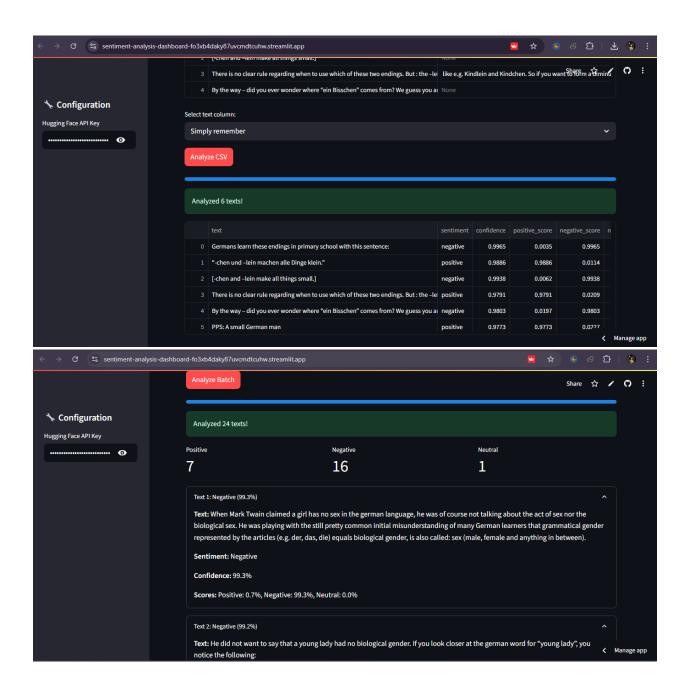
- Must contain a column with text data
- Supports standard CSV format
- Empty cells are automatically skipped





Batch Results

- Summary Metrics: Count of positive, negative, and neutral results
- Individual Results: Expandable sections for each analyzed text
- Progress Bar: Shows analysis progress during processing
- **Detailed Breakdown**: All confidence scores for each text



Analytics

Purpose

Visualize and analyze patterns in your sentiment analysis results.

Available Analytics

Summary Metrics

- Total: Number of texts analyzed
- **Positive**: Count and percentage of positive sentiments
- Negative: Count and percentage of negative sentiments
- Neutral: Count and percentage of neutral sentiments
- Average Confidence: Overall confidence across all analyses

Visualizations

1. Sentiment Distribution Pie Chart

- Shows proportion of each sentiment type
- o Color-coded: Green (Positive), Red (Negative), Gray (Neutral)
- o Interactive hover effects

2. Confidence Distribution Box Plot

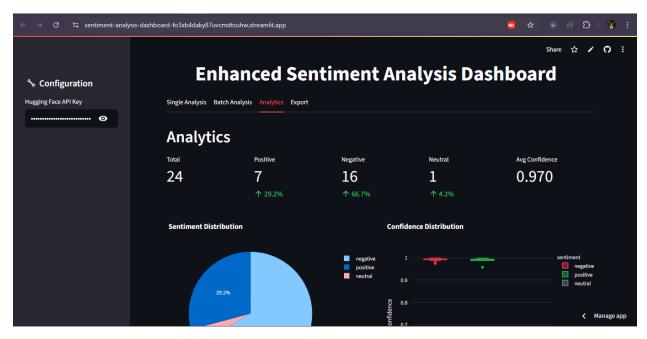
- o Shows confidence score distribution by sentiment
- o Identifies outliers and patterns
- o Helps assess model certainty

Detailed Results Table

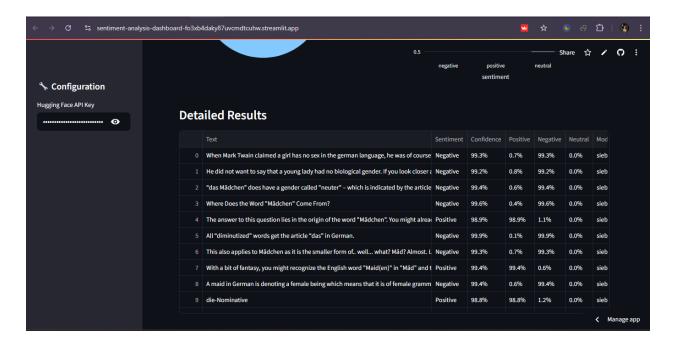
- **Text**: Truncated text preview
- Sentiment: Classified sentiment
- Confidence: Primary sentiment confidence
- Scores: All three sentiment probabilities
- Model: AI model used for analysis

Interpreting Analytics

- **High Neutral Percentage**: May indicate balanced or ambiguous content
- Low Confidence Scores: Suggest uncertain classifications
- Uneven Distribution: May indicate content bias or specific domain focus







Export Features

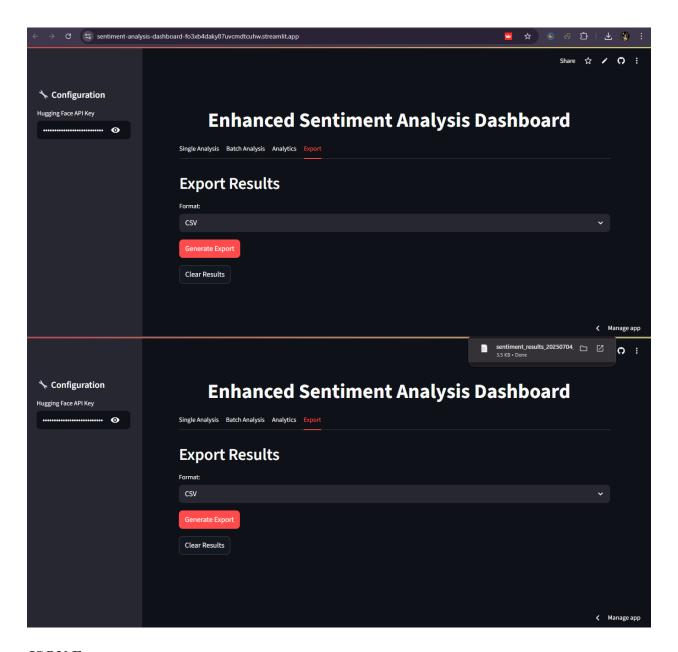
Purpose

Save your analysis results for external use or reporting.

Export Formats

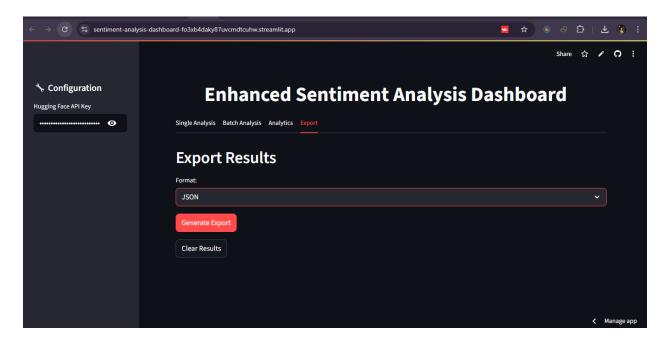
CSV Export

- Best for: Spreadsheet analysis, data processing
- Contains: All sentiment scores, confidence levels, and metadata
- Use cases: Further analysis in Excel, statistical software



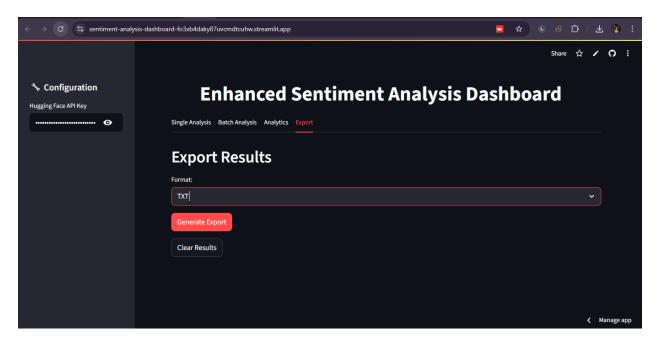
JSON Export

- Best for: Programming, web applications, APIs
- Contains: Structured data with all analysis details
- Use cases: Integration with other systems, custom processing



TXT Export

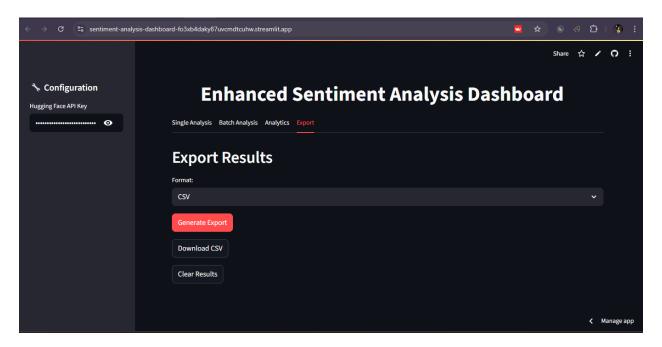
- **Best for**: Reports, documentation, human reading
- **Contains**: Formatted text with analysis results
- Use cases: Reports, presentations, documentation



Export Process

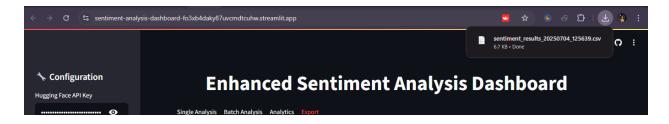
- 1. Go to Export tab
- 2. **Select format** (CSV, JSON, or TXT)

- 3. Click "Generate Export"
- 4. **Download** the file with timestamp in filename
- 5. Clear Results if needed for new analysis



File Naming

- Format: sentiment results YYYYMMDD HHMMSS.extension
- Example: sentiment_results_20240704_143022.csv



```
■ sentiment_results_20250704_125639.csv X ■ python.exe
C: > Users > giles > Downloads > III sentiment_results_20250704_125639.csv
  1 text,sentiment,confidence,positive_score,negative_score,neutral_score,model
       "When Mark Twain claimed a girl has no sex in the german language, he was of course not talking about the act of sex
      "He did not want to say that a young lady had no biological gender. If you look closer at the german word for "young
      ""das Mādchen" does have a gender called ""neuter"" - which is indicated by the article "das". So, why is a girl in t
      "Where Does the Word ""Mädchen"" Come From?",negative,0.9962500788338354,0.0037499211661645234,0.9962500788338354,0.0
      "The answer to this question lies in the origin of the word ""Mädchen"". You might already have stumbled upon minimiz
      All "diminutized" words get the article "das" in German.,negative,0.9994421549519552,0.0005578450480447961,0.99944215
      This also applies to Mädchen as it is the smaller form of.. well... what? Mäd? Almost. Let's take a closer look., nega
      "With a bit of fantasy, you might recognize the English word ""Maid(en)"" in ""Mād"" and this is exactly what it is.
     A maid in German is denoting a female being which means that it is of female grammatical gender. Therefore it is used
      die-Nominative, positive, 0.9880404461075837, 0.9880404461075837, 0.01195955389241636, 0.0, siebert/sentiment-roberta-large
      die-Accusative,negative,0.9946650299069729,0.005334970093027126,0.9946650299069729,0.0,siebert/sentiment-roberta-larg
      der-Dative, negative, 0.9905935356214052, 0.009406464378594846, 0.9905935356214052, 0.0, siebert/sentiment-roberta-large-en
      der-Genitive, negative, 0.9885924313599516, 0.011407568640048488, 0.9885924313599516, 0.0, siebert/sentiment-roberta-large-
       "By the way: Should you want to learn or refresh your articles, we can recommend this song composed by a partner and
      Of course "girls" (nor men) do not lose their biological sex/gender by getting the diminutive ending -chen.,negative,
      "It's actually pretty interesting that the meaning of ""maid" shifted to it's nowadays' meaning of ""girl" in Germa
      How to Diminutize in German, negative, 0.9954738312935696, 0.004526168706430415, 0.9954738312935696, 0.0, siebert/sentiment
      "Simply remember, whenever you see a word ending with -chen, it is a diminutive of its big original. And there is yet
      Germans learn these endings in primary school with this sentence:,negative,0.9964965764953777,0.0035034235046223308,0
       -chen und -lein machen alle Dinge klein.",positive,0.9885620357517394,0.9885620357517394,0.011437964248260614,0.0,si-
      [-chen and -lein make all things small.],negative,0.9937917955729886,0.00620820442701138,0.9937917955729886,0.0,siebe
       "There is no clear rule regarding when to use which of these two endings. But : the -lein - ending is a very old Germ
      By the way - did you ever wonder where "ein Bisschen" comes from? We guess you are able to answer this question now., "PPS: A small German man, the ""Männchen"", probably best known in form of the East German Ampelmännchen, shares the
```

Understanding Results

Sentiment Classifications

Positive

- **Indicators**: Words like "love", "great", "excellent", "amazing"
- Confidence: Higher confidence indicates stronger positive sentiment
- Color: Green in visualizations

Negative

- Indicators: Words like "hate", "terrible", "awful", "worst"
- Confidence: Higher confidence indicates stronger negative sentiment
- **Color**: Red in visualizations

Neutral

- Indicators: Words like "okay", "average", "fine", "normal"
- **Detection**: Low confidence scores or balanced positive/negative scores
- **Color**: Gray in visualizations

Confidence Scores

- **High Confidence** (>0.8): Very reliable prediction
- Medium Confidence (0.6-0.8): Reliable prediction
- Low Confidence (<0.6): Less certain, may indicate neutral sentiment

Score Interpretation

- Scores sum to 1.0: Represent probability distribution
- **Highest score**: Determines primary sentiment
- Close scores: May indicate mixed or neutral sentiment
- Balanced scores: Often result in neutral classification

Troubleshooting

Common Issues

"Please enter your Hugging Face API key"

- Cause: Missing or invalid API key
- Solution: Enter valid API key in sidebar configuration

"Model loading, please wait..."

- Cause: AI model is initializing (first use)
- Solution: Wait 10-30 seconds, system will retry automatically

"Error: Connection timeout"

- Cause: Network issues or API service unavailable
- Solution: Check internet connection, try again in a few minutes

Low accuracy results

- Cause: Text may be ambiguous or domain-specific
- Solution: Try different text, check for typos, consider context

Performance Tips

- **Shorter texts**: Better accuracy (under 500 characters)
- Clear language: Avoid heavy jargon or ambiguous phrases
- Single topic: Focus on one subject per text
- **Proper grammar**: Helps model understanding