Control Statements

Exercises

Week 3

Prior to attempting these exercises ensure you have read the lecture notes and/or viewed the video, and followed the practical. You may wish to use the Python interpreter in interactive mode to help work out the solutions to some of the questions.

Download and store this document within your own filespace, so the contents can be edited. You will be able to refer to it during the test in Week 6.

Enter your answers directly into the highlighted boxes.

For more information about the module delivery, assessment and feedback please refer to the module within the MyBeckett portal.

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What is the *data-type* of the result when evaluating comparison (relational) expressions such as < and >?

Answer:

The result of a comparison (relational) expression such as < (less than) or > (greater than) in Python is a Boolean value. The result is either True if the comparison is true, or False if the comparison is false.

For each of the following expressions write the result of their evaluation. 100 <
101
Answer:
True
100 > 99
Answer:
True
100 >= 100
Answer:
True
100 != 100
Answer:
False
For each of the following expressions write the result of their evaluation. "abc" $<$ "xyz"
Answer:
True (lexicographic order) "abc" < "XYZ"
Answer:
False (Case Sensitive)
"100" == 100
Answer:

False

For each of the following expressions write the result of their evaluation. 10 > 20 and 10 >= 10 Answer: False 10 > 30 > 20 Answer: False 40 < 20 or 20 < 30Answer: True not True Answer: False What would be the output shown following the execution of the following Python statements? colors = ["Blue", "Black", "Orange"] print("The colour black is in the list : ", "Black" in colors) Answer: True print("The color orange is in the list : ", "orange" in colors) Answer: False

Which of the following concepts does the Python 'if' statement support? Sequence,

Selection or Iteration?

Answer:

Selection

What would be the output shown following the execution of the following Python statements?

```
num1 = 100
num2 = 10

if num1 % num2 == 0:
    print("num1 is divisible by num2")
else:
    print("num1 is not divisible by num2")
```

Answer:

num1 is divisible by num2

What would be the output shown following the execution of the following Python statements?

```
num1 = 99
num2 = 70

if num1 < num2:
    print("num1 is less than num2")
elif num1 > num2:
    print("num1 is greater than num2")
else:
    print("num1 is equal to num2")
```

Answer:

num1 is less than num2

What is the name given to the following type of Python operator shown below? lowest =

```
x 	ext{ if } x < y 	ext{ else } y
```

Answer:

Conditional (ternary) operator

And, what value would be assigned to the variable 'lowest' when 'x' was equal to 10 and 'y' was equal to 5?

Answer:

5

Within the answer box below write a small Python program, that asks the user to enter a value between 1 and 10.

Once the value has been input display a message saying whether the value was in the requested range.

Remember: values returned from the **input()** function are *strings*, and need converting before being used within expressions, i.e. you will need code such as this -

```
num = input("please enter a number between 1 and 10 :
") num = int(num)

Answer:

If 1<=num<=10:
    print("The value is in the requested range.")
else:
    print("The value is outside the requested range ")</pre>
```

Within the answer box below write a small Python program that asks the user to enter two values. Store these in variables called x and y respectively.

If the 'x' value is larger than 'y' then print

```
The value 'x' is larger than the value 'y'

otherwise print

The value 'y' is larger than the value 'x'

Answer:

x= int(input("Enter a number: "))

y=int(input("Enter next number: "))

If x>y:

print(f "The value of {x} is greater than {y}.")

else:

print(f "The value of {y} is greater than {x}.")
```

Examine the output generated by the above program. Is the displayed text entirely accurate

in all cases? If not Why? Answer: The displayed text is accurate, as it compares 'x' and 'y' and prints the correct message. Within the answer box below write a small Python program that asks the user to enter two values. Store these values in two variables then output a message displaying the result of dividing the first value by the second value. Include code that prevents a run-time error being reported when the user inputs a value of '0' for the second input. Hint: use an 'if' statement If a '0' value is input, print a message saying "division by 0 is not possible". Answer: v1=int(("Enter the v1: ")) *v1=int(("Enter the v2: "))* if v2 != 0: result = v1 / v2print(f "The result of dividing {value1} by {value2} is {result}.") print("Division by 0 is not possible.") Which of the following concepts does the Python while statement

support? Sequence, Selection or Iteration?

Answer:

Iteration

What would be the output shown following the execution of the following Python statements?

```
num = 5
while num > 0:
    print(num)
```

```
num -= 1

Answer:
5
4
3
```

Write a small Python program that prints your name to the screen 100 times, then enter the program into the answer box below. Hint: use a 'while' loop.

Answer:

2

```
count=0
while count<100:
print("Your name")
count+=1</pre>
```

What would be the output shown following the execution of the following Python statements?

```
vals = ["A", "B", "C", "D"]
for letter in vals:
    print(letter)

Answer:
A
B
C
D
```

What would be the output shown following the execution of each of the following Python statements?

```
for num in range(5):
        print(num)

Answer:
0
1
2
3
4
```

5

```
for num in range (10, 16):
     print(num)
Answer:
10
11
12
13
14
15
for num in range (0, 10, -1):
     print(num)
```

Answer:

empty output as the range is invalid, it doesn't include 0

Enter and execute the python code shown below, then show the exact output into the answer box.

```
for x in range(1,10):
     for y in range (1,x):
          print("*")
     print()
```

Answer:

Markdown(*) is printed 9 times

What is the term used to refer to code blocks that appear inside other code blocks as in the above program?

Answer:

Nested

Exercises are complete

Save this logbook with your answers. Then ask your tutor to check your responses to each question.