

UE21CS352B - Object Oriented Analysis & Design using Java

Mini Project Report

"Library Management System"

Submitted by:

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6th Semester k Section

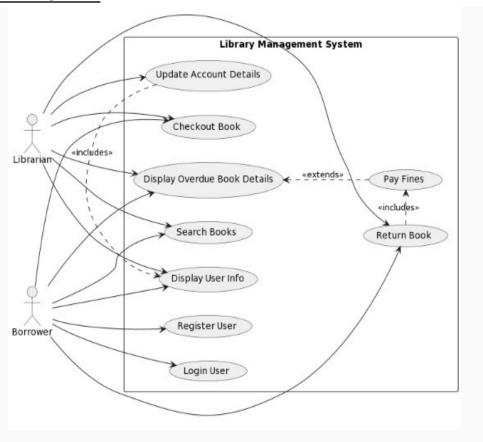
Bhargavi Mokashi Assistant Professor

January - May 2024

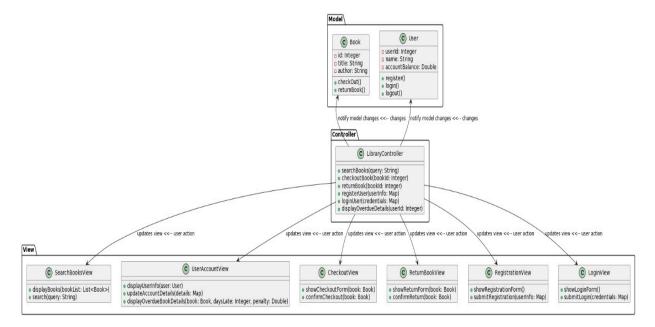
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING FACULTY OF ENGINEERING PES UNIVERSITY

(Established under Karnataka Act No. 16 of 2013) 100ft Ring Road, Bengaluru – 560 085, Karnataka, India

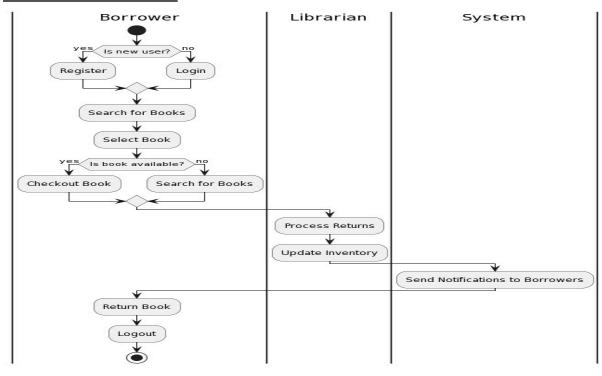
USE CASE DIAGRAM:



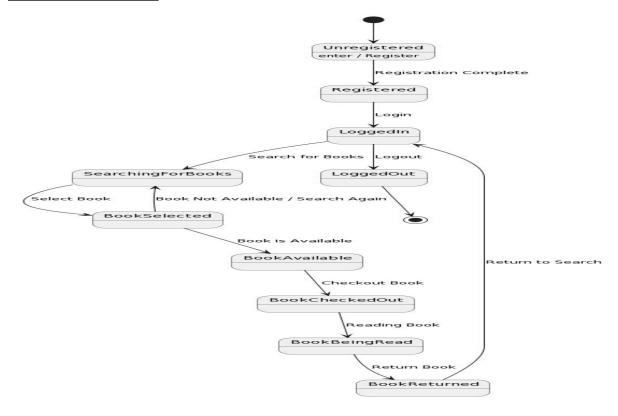
CLASS DIAGRAM:



ACTIVITY DIAGRAM:



STATE DIAGRAM:



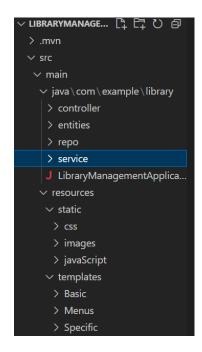
MODEL - VIEW - CONTROLLER ARCHITECTURE:

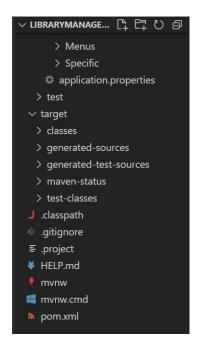
The Model View Controller (MVC) design pattern specifies that an application consist of a data model, presentation information, and control information. The pattern requires that each of these be separated into different objects. MVC is more of an architectural pattern, but not for complete application. MVC mostly relates to the UI / interaction layer of an application. You're still going to need business logic layer, maybe some service layer and data access layer.

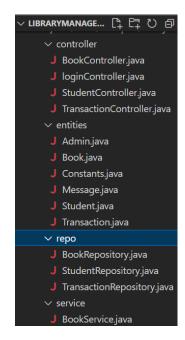
The **Model** contains only the pure application data, it contains no logic describing how to present the data to a user. (Its just a data that is shipped across the application like for example from back-end server view and from front-end view to the database. In java programming, Model can be represented by the use of POJO (Plain-old-java-object) which is a simple java class.

The **View** presents the model's data to the user. The view knows how to access the model's data, but it does not know what this data means or what the user can do to manipulate it. View just represent, displays the application's data on screen. View page are generally in the format of .html or .jsp in java programming (which is flexible).

The **Controller** exists between the view and the model. It is where the actual business logic is written. It listens to events triggered by the view (or another external source) and executes the appropriate reaction to these events. In most cases, the reaction is to call a method on the model. Since the view and the model are connected through a notification mechanism, the result of this action is then automatically reflected in the view.







DESIGN PRINCIPLES:

The following principles have been used in our project:

S - Single Responsibility Principle:

This principle has been used in the creation of Admin functionality and Books functionalities.

O - Open Closed Principle:

This principle Is used in the implementation of specifying features of the controller part of our project (BookController.java, loginController.java, StudentController.java, TransactionController.java)

I - Interface Segregation:

This principle has been used to segregate the interface functionalities of different use cases in our project.

D - Dependency Inversion:

This principle has been used to implement to remove complexity of high level modules, that do not depend the lower level modules.

Design Patterns:

1. Singleton Design Pattern:

Singleton pattern is one of the simplest design patterns in Java. This type of design pattern comes under creational pattern as this pattern provides one of the best ways to create an object. This pattern involves a single class which is responsible to create an object while making sure that only single object gets created. This class provides a way to access its only object which can be accessed directly without need to instantiate the object of the class. In our project all the functionalities of the Book implantation like adding a book, issuing a book, tracking a book, fine payment have all been implementing by using this design pattern.

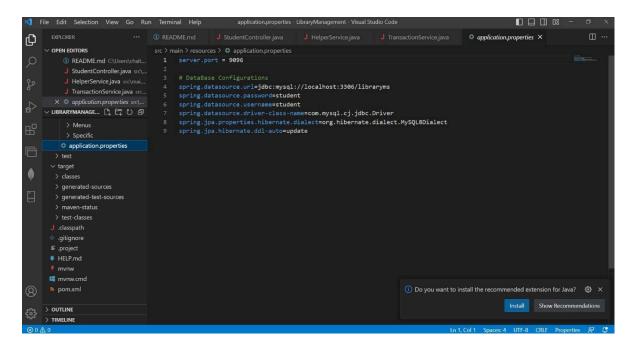
2. Service Layer Pattern:

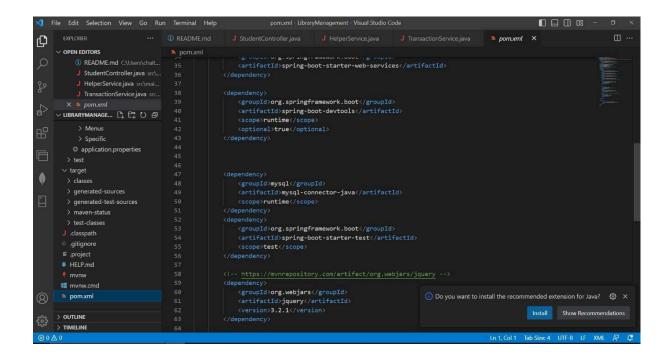
Service Layer is an abstraction over domain logic. It defines application's boundary with a layer of services that establishes a set of available operations and coordinates the application's response in each operation. In our project this patter is defined in the classifying the services that a user needs, hence mapping the each service to a particular user request.

Implemented in (StudentService.java, TransactionService.java,BookService.java,HelpService.java)

Database:

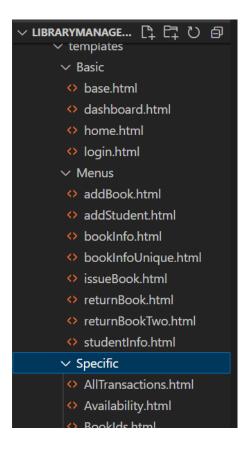
We have used MySql Database, to make our project data persistent, along with the implementation of Spring MVC Framework.

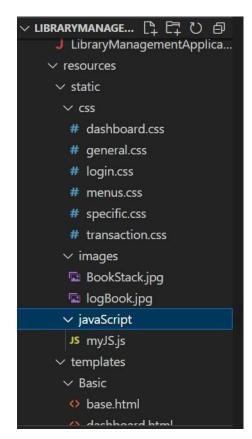




Front End:

HTML and CSS have been used to implement a user-friendly front end.





Project Screenshots:

Starting MCV using Spring Maven

```
ECONOMOSOS/BERNÍAMOSOS

HIERORIA KIRADO (PERSON DE 1986-2028)

CH HIERORIA KIRADO (PERSON DE 1986-2028)

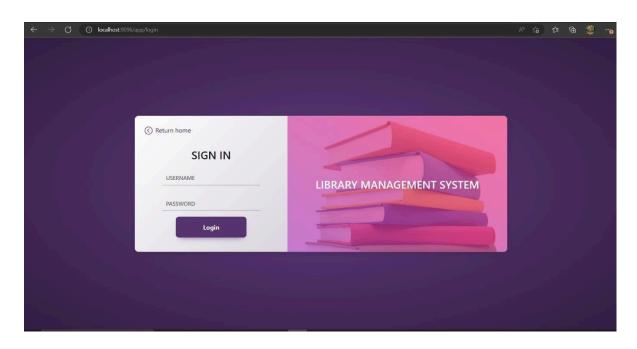
CH HIERORIA KIRADO (HIERORIA DE 1986-2028)

CH HIERORIA KIRADO (HIERORIA DE 1986-2028)

CH HIERORIA CONTROL (HIERORIA DE 1986-2028)

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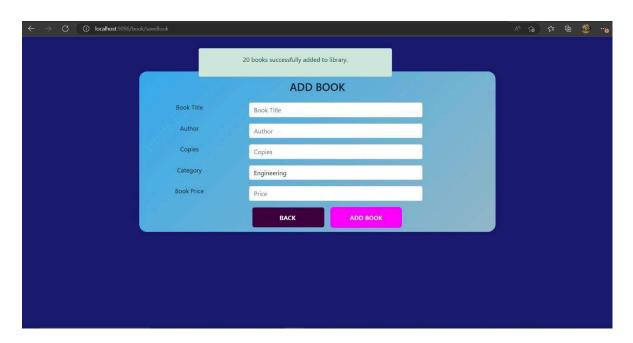
Login Page



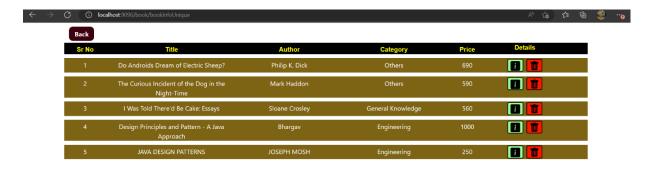
Admin Dashboard



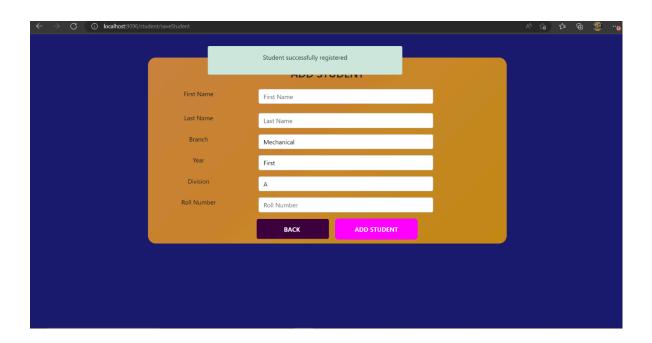
Adding Books



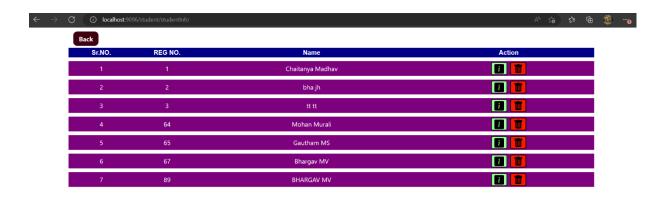
Book Info:



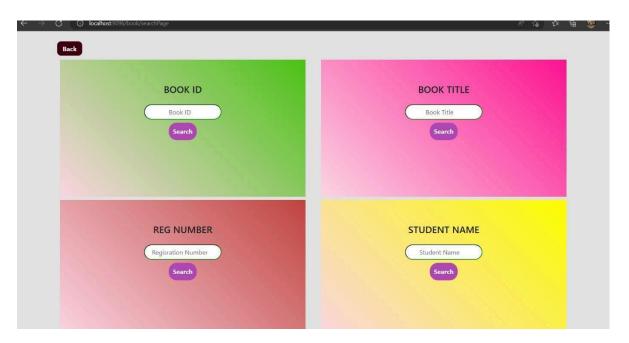
ADD STUDENT



STUDENT INFO



Searching a book from User Account:

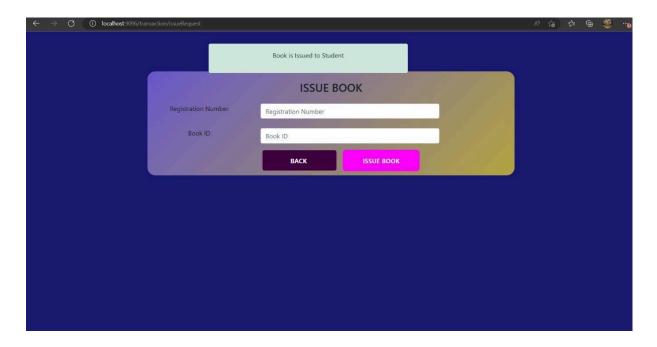


Back End MySQL:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - mysql -u root
opyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.
ype 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
lariaDB [(none)]> show databases;
 Database
 crime634
 crime_portal
criminal_management
 crms_db
 cs634_rrs
cs634_university_db
dbt_pes1ug20cs634_crimereport
 demo_crime
demo_db
 gabbbbbbage
 information_schema
libraryms
 mysql
performance_schema
pes1ug20cs634_crimedb
 phpmyadmin
 railway_system_lab_634
 university_db_cs634
0 rows in set (0.010 sec)
lariaDB [(none)]> use libraryms;
vatabase changed
lariaDB [libraryms]> show tables;
 Tables_in_libraryms |
 hibernate_sequence
 student
student_books
transaction
 rows in set (0.001 sec)
|ariaDB [libraryms]> _
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				syntax; c	heck the	manual	that correspo	nds to you	ır MariaDB	server vers	ion for the right sy
	braryms]> select		+								
	r branch	division					roll_number				
	1 Compter Scien		0		4 Chai		78	Madhay	Third		
	2 Mechanical	A	0		0 bha		600	jh	First		
	3 Mechanical	A	0		0 tt			tt	First		
	4 Mechanical	j c	0		0 Moha		278	Murali	Third		
	5 Compter Scien		0		0 Gaut	ham		MS	Third		
	7 E&TC	B	0		8 Bhar	gav		MV	First		
	9 Compter Scien		0		BHAR		234	MV	Third		
ook_id	author	category		is_issued	price	title					 student_reg_number
4	Philip K. Dick	Others			690	Do And	roids Dream o	f Electric	Sheep?		NULL
5	Philip K. Dick	Others			690	Do And	roids Dream o	f Electric	Sheep?		NULL
6	Philip K. Dick	Others			690	Do And	roids Dream o	f Electric	Sheep?		I NULL
	Philip K. Dick	Others					roids Dream o				NULL
8	Philip K. Dick	Others					roids Dream o				NULL
9	Mark Haddon	Others			590	The Cu	rious Inciden	t of the D	og in the	Night-Time	NULL
	Mark Haddon	Others			590	The Cu	rious Inciden	t of the D	og in the	Night-Time	NULL
	Mark Haddon	Others			590	The Cu	rious Inciden	t of the D	og in the	Night-Time	NULL
	Mark Haddon	Others					rious Inciden				NULL
13	Mark Haddon	Others			590	The Cu	rious Inciden	t of the D	og in the	Night-Time	NULL
	Mark Haddon	Others			590		rious Inciden				NULL
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16	Mark Haddon	Others					rious Inciden				NULL
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18	Mark Haddon	Others					rious Inciden				NULL
	Mark Haddon	Others			590		rious Inciden				NULL
20	Mark Haddon	Others			590		rious Inciden				NULL
21	Mark Haddon	Others			590		rious Inciden				NULL
	Mark Haddon	Others			590		rious Inciden				NULL
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26	Mark Haddon	Others			590		rious Inciden				NULL
	Mark Haddon	Others	€	,	590		rious Inciden				NULL
28	Mark Haddon	Others			590		rious Inciden				NULL
	Mark Haddon	Others			590		rious Inciden			Night-Time	NULL NULL
29 30	Mark Haddon	Others			590						

Issue Book:



ALL Transactions List:



Fine Payment:

