## Try various CNN networks on MNIST dataset

In [1]:

```
# https://keras.io/examples/mnist_cnn/
from __future__ import print_function
import keras
from keras.datasets import mnist
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from keras import backend as K

C:\Users\Santosh\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\h5py\__init__.py:72: UserWarning: h5py is running
against HDF5 1.10.2 when it was built against 1.10.3, this may cause problems
  '{0}.{1}.{2}'.format(*version.hdf5_built_version_tuple)
Using TensorFlow backend.
```

## 1. Reading Data

load the MNIST dataset and reshape it so that it is suitable for use training a CNN.

In [2]:

```
batch size = 128
num classes = 10
epochs = 12
# input image dimensions
img rows, img cols = 28, 28
# the data, split between train and test sets
(x train, y train), (x test, y test) = mnist.load data()
if K.image data format() == 'channels first':
    x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], 1, img_rows, img_cols)
    x test = x test.reshape(x test.shape[0], 1, img rows, img cols)
   input_shape = (1, img_rows, img_cols)
else:
   x train = x train.reshape(x train.shape[0], img rows, img cols, 1)
    x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
   input_shape = (img_rows, img_cols, 1)
x_train = x_train.astype('float32')
x_test = x_test.astype('float32')
x train /= 255
x test /= 255
print('x train shape:', x_train.shape)
print(x_train.shape[0], 'train samples')
print(x test.shape[0], 'test samples')
# convert class vectors to binary class matrices
y train = keras.utils.to categorical(y train, num classes)
y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
x train shape: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
60000 train samples
```

## CNN Model\_1 with 3\*3 kernel size

10000 test samples

**Activation: ReLU** 

### Padding: Same

### In [3]:

```
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel_size=(3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=input_shape))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\Santosh\Anaconda3\lib\sitepackages\tensorflow\python\ops\resource\_variable\_ops.py:435: colocate\_with (from tensorflow.python.framework.ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating: Colocations handled automatically by placer.

#### In [14]:

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 342s 6ms/step - loss: 0.0244 - accuracy: 0.9926 - v
al loss: 0.0259 - val accuracy: 0.9923
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 319s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0234 - accuracy: 0.9927 - v
al loss: 0.0253 - val accuracy: 0.9917
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 324s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0233 - accuracy: 0.9925 - v
al loss: 0.0289 - val_accuracy: 0.9918
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [============ ] - 319s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0229 - accuracy: 0.9932 - v
al_loss: 0.0261 - val_accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 319s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0224 - accuracy: 0.9927 - v
al loss: 0.0273 - val accuracy: 0.9922
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 243s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0215 - accuracy: 0.9933 - v
al loss: 0.0275 - val accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 220s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0206 - accuracy: 0.9935 - v
al loss: 0.0267 - val accuracy: 0.9927
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 195s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0205 - accuracy: 0.9936 - v
al loss: 0.0282 - val accuracy: 0.9915
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [==============] - 194s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0179 - accuracy: 0.9944 - v
al loss: 0.0260 - val accuracy: 0.9926
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [============ ] - 191s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0186 - accuracy: 0.9938 - v
al loss: 0.0267 - val accuracy: 0.9918
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 192s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0180 - accuracy: 0.9941 - v
al loss: 0.0291 - val accuracy: 0.9925
Epoch 12/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 192s 3ms/step - loss: 0.0188 - accuracy: 0.9944 - v
al loss: 0.0259 - val accuracy: 0.9930
```

### In [5]:

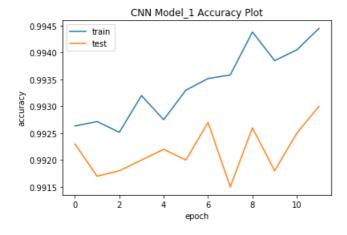
```
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

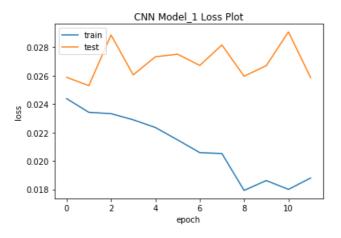
Test loss: 0.027699147709467797 Test accuracy: 0.9914000034332275

### **Accuracy and Loss (Error) Plots**

### In [20]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(1)
# summary plot for accuracy
plt.plot(model1.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(model1.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('CNN Model_1 Accuracy Plot')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
# summarize history for loss
plt.figure(2)
plt.plot(model1.history['loss'])
plt.plot(model1.history['val loss'])
plt.title('CNN Model_1 Loss Plot')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```





### Conclusion

As the number of layers are less, loss is low i.e 0.027, and accuracy is high i.e. 99.14%

## CNN Model\_2 with 3\*3 kernel size

Layers: Conv2D + Conv2D + Maxpooling +Dropout(0.2) +Conv2D+BatchNormalization+Maxpooling+Dropout(0.2)+Flatten + Dense(256) +Dropout(0.2)+ Dense(10)

**Activation: ReLU** 

Padding: Same

In [21]:

```
from keras.layers import BatchNormalization
```

### In [23]:

```
model2=Sequential()
model2.add(Conv2D(32,kernel_size=(3,3), activation='relu', input_shape=input_shape))
model2.add(Conv2D(64,kernel_size=(3,3), activation='relu'))
model2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
model2.add(Conv2D(128,kernel_size=(3,3), activation='relu'))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
model2.add(Dropout(0.2))
print(model2.summary())
```

Model: "sequential\_3"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None,	26, 26, 32)	320
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None,	24, 24, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling2	(None,	12, 12, 64)	0
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None,	12, 12, 64)	0
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)	(None,	10, 10, 128)	73856
batch_normalization_2 (Batch	(None,	10, 10, 128)	512
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPooling2	(None,	5, 5, 128)	0
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None,	5, 5, 128)	0
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None,	3200)	0
dense_5 (Dense)	(None,	256)	819456
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_6 (Dense)	(None,	10)	2570

Total params: 915,210 Trainable params: 914,954 Non-trainable params: 256

```
In [24]:
```

```
model2.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
            optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adadelta(),
            metrics=['accuracy'])
model2a = model2.fit(x train, y train,
        batch size=batch size,
         epochs=epochs,
         verbose=1,
        validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 488s 8ms/step - loss: 0.1598 - accuracy: 0.9523 - v
al loss: 0.0851 - val accuracy: 0.9855
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 392s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0506 - accuracy: 0.9847 - v
al loss: 0.0270 - val accuracy: 0.9913
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 403s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0341 - accuracy: 0.9896 - v
al loss: 0.0271 - val accuracy: 0.9913
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 393s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0262 - accuracy: 0.9919 - v
al loss: 0.0239 - val accuracy: 0.9932
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 447s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0220 - accuracy: 0.9930 - v
al loss: 0.0267 - val accuracy: 0.9923
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 395s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0193 - accuracy: 0.9943 - v
al loss: 0.0225 - val accuracy: 0.9935
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 394s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0151 - accuracy: 0.9951 - v
al loss: 0.0277 - val accuracy: 0.9918
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 723s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0136 - accuracy: 0.9958 -
val_loss: 0.0240 - val_accuracy: 0.9940
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 1894s 32ms/step - loss: 0.0125 - accuracy: 0.9960 -
val_loss: 0.0261 - val_accuracy: 0.9935
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 1745s 29ms/step - loss: 0.0096 - accuracy: 0.9970 -
val_loss: 0.0202 - val_accuracy: 0.9948
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 1857s 31ms/step - loss: 0.0088 - accuracy: 0.9973 -
val loss: 0.0253 - val accuracy: 0.9932
Epoch 12/12
val loss: 0.0230 - val accuracy: 0.9946
In [25]:
score = model2.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
```

# Test accuracy: 0.9945999979972839

print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

Test loss: 0.02304300626801023

## Accuracy and Loss(Error) Plots

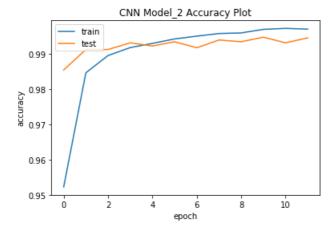
```
In [28]:
```

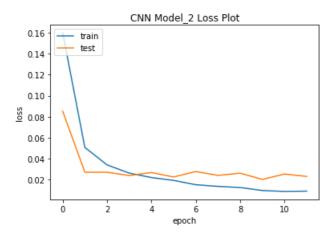
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(1)

# summary plot for accuracy
plt.plot(model2a.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(model2a.history['val_accuracy'])
```

```
plt.title('CNN Model_2 Accuracy Plot')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')

# summarize history for loss
plt.figure(2)
plt.plot(model2a.history['loss'])
plt.plot(model2a.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('CNN Model_2 Loss Plot')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```





## Conclusion

The Accuracy increased by adding Batch Normalization, Accuracy=99.45%

Loss is decreased, Loss=0.023

## CNN Model\_3 with 5\*5 kernel size

Layers: Conv2D + Conv2D + Maxpooling + Conv2D+ Conv2D + BatchNormalization +Flatten + Dense(1024) +Dense(524)+ Dense(10)

**Activation: Sigmoid** 

Padding: Same

```
In [29]:
```

```
model3 = Sequential()
```

```
model3.add(Conv2D(16,(5,5),activation="sigmoid", input_shape=input_shape))
model3.add(Conv2D(32, (5,5), activation="sigmoid"))
model3.add(MaxPooling2D())
model3.add(Conv2D(64,(3,3),activation="sigmoid"))
model3.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), use bias=False,activation="sigmoid"))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Flatten())
model3.add(Dense(1024,activation="sigmoid"))
model3.add(Dense(524,activation="sigmoid"))
model3.add(Dense(10,activation="softmax"))
In [30]:
model3.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
            optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adadelta(),
            metrics=['accuracy'])
model3 new = model.fit(x train, y train,batch size=batch size,epochs=epochs,verbose=1,validation da
ta=(x_test, y_test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [============ ] - 1011s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0168 - accuracy: 0.9946 -
val loss: 0.0298 - val accuracy: 0.9921
Epoch 2/12
val loss: 0.0285 - val accuracy: 0.9928
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 904s 15ms/step - loss: 0.0169 - accuracy: 0.9948 -
val loss: 0.0271 - val accuracy: 0.9931
Epoch 4/12
val loss: 0.0263 - val accuracy: 0.9934
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 942s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0156 - accuracy: 0.9949 -
val loss: 0.0333 - val accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============ ] - 978s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0154 - accuracy: 0.9955 -
val loss: 0.0308 - val accuracy: 0.9922
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 1115s 19ms/step - loss: 0.0150 - accuracy: 0.9951 -
val loss: 0.0290 - val accuracy: 0.9922
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 1038s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0157 - accuracy: 0.9954 -
val loss: 0.0297 - val accuracy: 0.9928
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 1010s 17ms/step - loss: 0.0144 - accuracy: 0.9956 -
val loss: 0.0314 - val_accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 324s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0141 - accuracy: 0.9953 - v
al loss: 0.0293 - val accuracy: 0.9925
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 326s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0150 - accuracy: 0.9955 - v
al loss: 0.0287 - val accuracy: 0.9924
Epoch 12/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 326s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0145 - accuracy: 0.9954 - v
al loss: 0.0296 - val accuracy: 0.9924
```

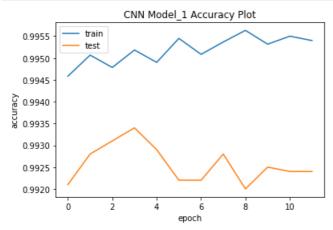
### In [31]:

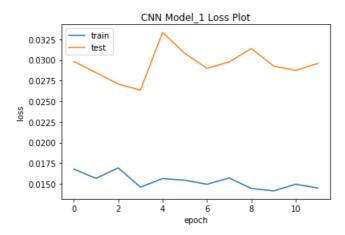
```
score = model3.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

Test loss: 2.480831746673584 Test accuracy: 0.0957999974489212

## Accuracy and Loss(Error) plots

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(1)
# summary plot for accuracy
plt.plot(model3 new.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(model3_new.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('CNN Model_1 Accuracy Plot')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
# summarize history for loss
plt.figure(2)
plt.plot(model3 new.history['loss'])
plt.plot(model3_new.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('CNN Model 1 Loss Plot')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```





### Conclusion

with Sigmoid Activation and no dropout, The Accuracy is very low, Accuracy=9.5%

Loss has increased, loss=2.480

## CNN Model\_4 with 5\*5 kernel size

Layers: conv2D + conv2D + Maxpooling + Conv2D + conv2D + Maxpooling +Flatten + Dense(1024) +Dropout(0.8)+ Dense(524)

**Activation: Relu** 

### Padding: valid

```
In [33]:
```

```
model4 = Sequential()
model4.add(Conv2D(16,(5,5),activation='relu'))
model4.add(Conv2D(32,(5,5),activation='relu'))
model4.add(MaxPooling2D())

model4.add(Conv2D(64,(3,3),activation='relu'))
model4.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3),activation='relu'))
model4.add(MaxPooling2D())

model4.add(Flatten())
model4.add(Flatten())
model4.add(Dense(1024,activation='relu'))
model4.add(Dense(524,activation='relu'))
model4.add(Dense(524,activation='relu'))
model4.add(Dense(10,activation='relu'))
```

### In [34]:

```
model4.compile(loss=keras.losses.categorical crossentropy,
            optimizer= 'adam', #keras.optimizers.Adadelta(),
            metrics=['accuracy'])
model4_new = model.fit(x_train, y_train,batch_size=batch_size,epochs=epochs,verbose=1,validation da
ta=(x test, y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 325s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0144 - accuracy: 0.9955 - v
al loss: 0.0315 - val accuracy: 0.9932
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 325s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0136 - accuracy: 0.9955 - v
al_loss: 0.0326 - val_accuracy: 0.9925
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 324s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0125 - accuracy: 0.9959 - v
al loss: 0.0248 - val_accuracy: 0.9932
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 326s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0129 - accuracy: 0.9957 - v
al loss: 0.0290 - val accuracy: 0.9923
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 326s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0135 - accuracy: 0.9955 - v
al_loss: 0.0295 - val_accuracy: 0.9929
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 325s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0126 - accuracy: 0.9961 - v
al loss: 0.0299 - val accuracy: 0.9933
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 323s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0121 - accuracy: 0.9962 - v
al_loss: 0.0303 - val_accuracy: 0.9931
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 324s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0126 - accuracy: 0.9959 - v
al_loss: 0.0354 - val_accuracy: 0.9920
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============ ] - 326s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0112 - accuracy: 0.9966 - v
al loss: 0.0368 - val accuracy: 0.9925
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 324s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0128 - accuracy: 0.9960 - v
al loss: 0.0320 - val accuracy: 0.9927
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 322s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0116 - accuracy: 0.9962 - v
al loss: 0.0264 - val accuracy: 0.9932
Epoch 12/12
60000/60000 [==============] - 324s 5ms/step - loss: 0.0110 - accuracy: 0.9967 - v
al loss: 0.0326 - val accuracy: 0.9920
```

### In [35]:

```
score = model4.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
```

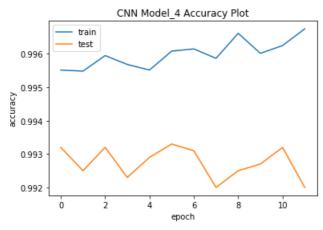
m : 1 10 000010470014044

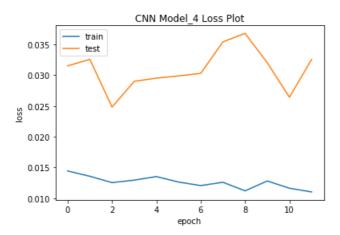
Test loss: 10.2929194/0214844
Test accuracy: 0.12780000269412994

## Accuracy and Loss(Error) plots

In [36]:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(1)
# summary plot for accuracy
plt.plot(model4_new.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(model4_new.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('CNN Model_4 Accuracy Plot')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
# summarize history for loss
plt.figure(2)
plt.plot(model4 new.history['loss'])
plt.plot(model4_new.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('CNN Model 4 Loss Plot')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')
plt.legend(['train', 'test'], loc='upper left')
```





### Conclusion

As dropout is increased to 0.8, and by increasing kernal size and batch normalization, accuracy is low, Accuracy= 12.7%

Loss is more, loss=10

```
In [48]:
from prettytable import PrettyTable
x = PrettyTable()
x.field names = ["Model", "Kernel size", "Batch Normalization", "Dropout", "Activation", "Test Loss
","Test Accuracy"]
x.add_row(["CNN_MNIST-1", "3*3", "No", "Yes=(0.25 & 0.5)", "relu", "0.027", "99.14"])
x.add_row(["CNN_MNIST-2", "3*3", "Yes", "Yes=(0.5)", "relu", "0.023", "99.45"])
x.add_row(["CNN_MNIST-3", "5*5", "Yes", "No", "sigmoid","2.480", "9.5"])
x.add_row(["CNN_MNIST-4", "5*5", "No", "Yes=(0.8)", "relu","10", "12.7"])
print(x)
| Model
          | Kernel_size | Batch Normalization |
                                          Dropout
                                                    | Activation | Test Loss | Te
st Accuracy |
        3*3 |
                            No | Yes=(0.25 & 0.5) | relu | 0.027 |
| CNN MNIST-1 |
99.14
| CNN_MNIST-2 | 3*3 | Yes | Yes=(0.5) | relu | 0.023 |
99.45
             5*5 |
                            Yes |
| CNN MNIST-3 |
                                            No | sigmoid | 2.480 |
9.5
| CNN MNIST-4 |
              5*5
                    No
                                     1
                                          Yes=(0.8)
                                                     | relu | 10
12.7
4
In [ ]:
```