

Demo: Stacking and Splitting Data

In this video, you learn how to stack data for analysis using the file `Particles.jmp`.

In this scenario, you have particle data for five samples per polymer, and your data for the polymers are stored in separate columns in a data table.

You want to stack the data so that the polymer labels appear in one column and the particles data are in a separate column.

To do this, we select **Stack** from the **Tables** menu.

We select the three columns as **Stack Columns**, change the **Stacked Data Column** name to **Particles**, and change the **Stacked Label Column** name to **Polymer**. We also name the output table **Particles Stacked**.

When we click **OK**, a new table is produced. You see the **Polymer** labels in the first column and the **Particles** data in the second column.

The script with the steps for reproducing this stacked table from the original data table is stored. This enables you to easily re-create this stacked table if you need to.

We'll make one final change. We'd like to see the data sorted by **Polymer**. To do this, we right-click the column head for **Polymer** and select **Sort** and then **Ascending**.

Now what if our data are stacked, and we want to split the data into separate columns?

We'll continue with our stacked polymer data.

To split the data into separate columns, we select **Split** from the **Tables** menu.

We select **Particles** as the **Split Columns** variable, and **Polymer** as the **Split By** variable. We name this output table **Particles Split**.

When we click **OK**, JMP produces this new table, with the data for each polymer stored in separate columns.