

XOR

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \oplus & B \\ 0 & & 1 \\ & \rightarrow & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \oplus & B \\ 0 & & 0 \\ & \rightarrow & 0 \end{array}$$

□ If B is 0, whatever is in A then that will return.

□ If B is 1, whatever is in A its complement returns.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \oplus & B \\ 1 & & 0 \\ & \rightarrow & A \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \oplus & B \\ 0 & & 1 \\ & \rightarrow & \overline{A} \end{array}$$

□ For full Adder.

→ 2 bit addition.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 & 01 & 00 & 10 \\ 00 & 00 & 01 & 00 \end{array}$$

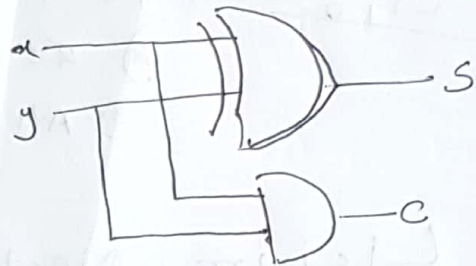
$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 10 \\ \hline 00 \\ \text{Carry} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 11 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

⊠ Half Adder.

x	y	c	s
0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0

} XOR

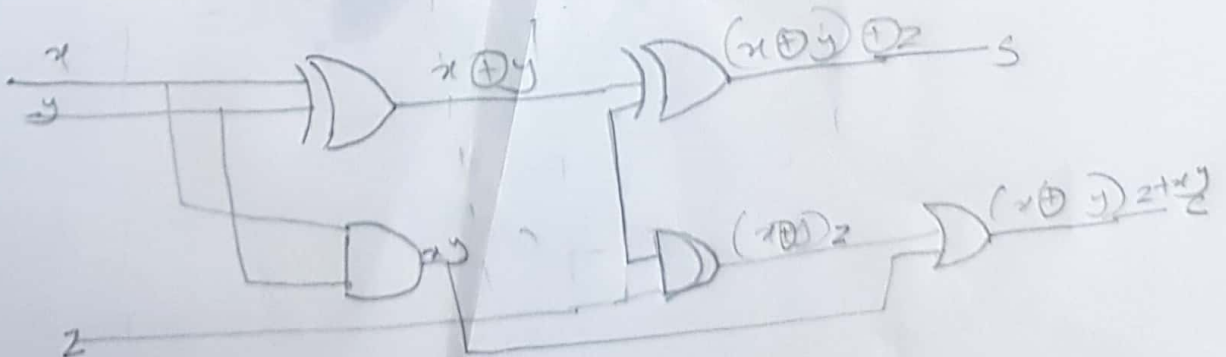


$$s = x \oplus y$$

$$c = xy$$

⊠ Full adder.

x	y	z	c	s
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1




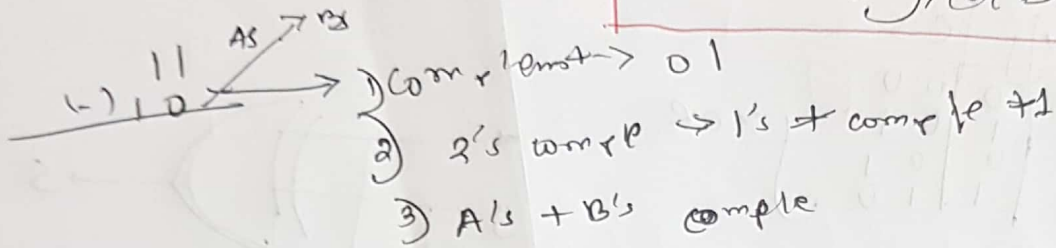
2 half adder with an OR gate.

1011

MID Sem.

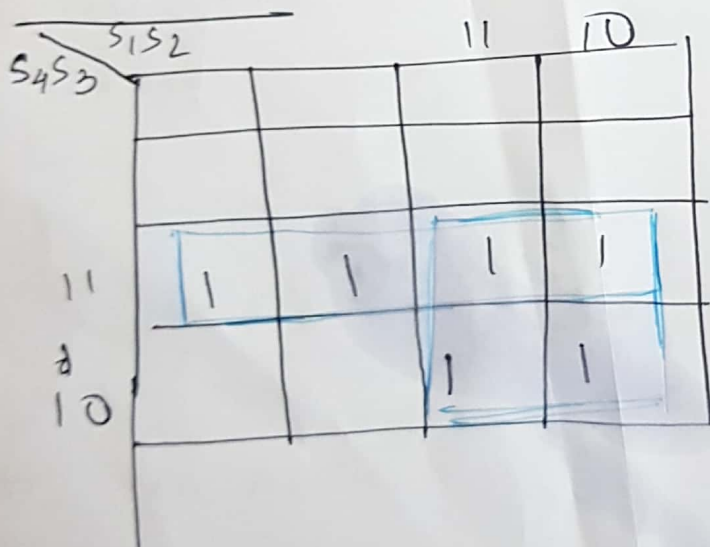
Lab Lecture theoretical
Syllabus - Lab 5

 Subtraction



Ligism Next Friday -

K-Map



$$F = s_3 s_4 + s_1 s_4$$