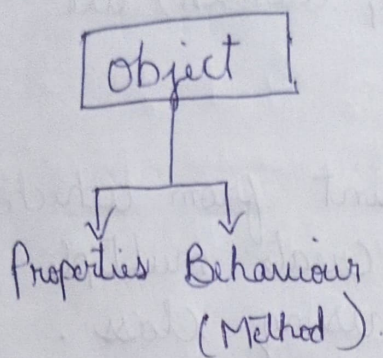


OOPS (Object Oriented Programming)



✳.

Principles

Encapsulatⁿ, Abstractⁿ, Polymorph^m, Inheritance.

Encapsulatⁿ → Bundling of the data & method into single unit → (Class).

Eg - Hiding data & making it a private var.

For example in a theatre, it has its own shows, it doesn't mix with others.

Abstraction :- It shows only what is important and hide extra details.

For example - while payment it does not show the entire bank process it only shows success after the transaction is done.

Polymorphism - One action, many results.

"Pay" button can be UPI / Card / Wallet - all behave differently but have same purpose.

Inheritance - Reusing things ; if two people share common features (user & admin) we don't write them twice.

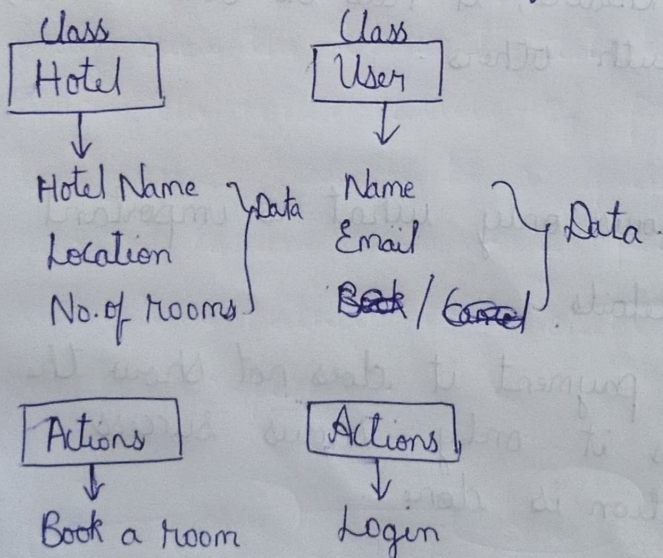
Class - user defined blueprint from which obj are created. we can create multiple obj with same behaviour using class.

* Method (Behaviour).

Real world examples

Make my Trip :

In the app we see things like users, hotels, bookings. Each of this can be class.



Check availability Book/Cancel.

A user open app and book a Hotel, that booking is saved as a booking object and the payment is a payment object.

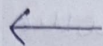
User

name
email

login()

book()

Cancel()



Admin User

addHotel()

RemoveHotel()

Hotel

name

location

bookRoom()

Booking

airline

flightno

bookflight()

Booking

bookingID

User

Confirm()

Cancel()

Payment

amount

method

pay()

refund()

Encapsulation → Hide inner details of payment

Inheritance → AdminUser extends properties we don't have to rewrite

Polymorphism → book() will work for both hotels as well as flight.

Abstraction → Only show what is required (hides complex details).

Book My Show

In BookMyShow we have objects like User, theatre, Movie, Booking & Payment.

A user will see a list of movie playing at different theatre. Each theatre has many shows at different timings.

When user books ticket for a show, a Booking object is created with user details, show name & Seat number. The payment object will handle the transaction.

With OOP the objects will organize. OOP will help to organize these obj with properties (movie name, show time) and methods like bookTicket(), cancelTicket(). Encapsulation will only show the transaction details only and hide the inner details of payment. Inheritance lets admin user to be a special user who can add or remove movies and polymorphism will allow same method bookTicket() to book for movies, events or plays.

