XL: LIFE SCIENCES

Duration: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Read the following instructions carefully.

- 1. Do not open the seal of the Question Booklet until you are asked to do so by the invigilator.
- 2. Take out the Optical Response Sheet (ORS) from this Question Booklet without breaking the seal and read the instructions printed on the ORS carefully.
- 3. On the right half of the **ORS**, using ONLY a **black ink ball point pen**, (i) darken the bubble corresponding to your test paper code and the appropriate bubble under each digit of your registration number and (ii) write your registration number, your name and name of the examination centre and put your signature at the specified location.
- 4. This Question Booklet contains **28** pages including blank pages for rough work. After you are permitted to open the seal, please check all pages and report discrepancies, if any, to the invigilator.
- 5. There are a total of 65 questions carrying 100 marks. All these questions are of objective type. Each question has only **one** correct answer. Questions must be answered on the left hand side of the **ORS** by darkening the appropriate bubble (marked A, B, C, D) using ONLY a **black ink ball point pen** against the question number. **For each question darken the bubble of the correct answer**. More than one answer bubbled against a question will be treated as an incorrect response.
- 6. Since bubbles darkened by the black ink ball point pen **cannot** be erased, candidates should darken the bubbles in the **ORS very carefully.**
- 7. This Question Booklet contains **Seven** sections: **GA** (General Aptitude), **H** (Chemistry), **I** (Biochemistry), **J** (Botany), **K** (Microbiology), **L** (Zoology) and **M** (Food Technology).
- 8. Section GA (General Aptitude) and Section H (Chemistry) are compulsory. Attempt any two optional sections I through M. Using a black ink ball point pen, mark the sections you have chosen by darkening the appropriate bubbles provided on the left hand side of the ORS. Also, write the codes of the optional sections in the boxes provided. In case the candidate does not bubble section codes corresponding to Optional Section-1 or Optional Section-2 or both, the corresponding sections will NOT be evaluated.
- 9. Questions Q.1 Q.10 belong to Section **GA** (General Aptitude) and carry a total of 15 marks. Questions Q.1 Q.5 carry 1 mark each, and questions Q.6 Q.10 carry 2 marks each.
- 10. There are 15 questions carrying 25 marks in Section **H** (Chemistry), which is compulsory. Questions Q.1–Q.5 carry 1 mark each and questions Q.6–Q.15 carry 2 marks each. The 2 marks questions include one pair of common data questions and one pair of linked answer questions. The answer to the second question of the linked answer questions depends on the answer to the first question of the pair. If the first question in the linked pair is wrongly answered or is unattempted, then the answer to the second question in the pair will not be evaluated.
- 11. Each of the other sections (Sections I through M) contains 20 questions carrying 30 marks. Questions Q.1–Q.10 carry 1 mark each and questions Q.11–Q.20 carry 2 marks each.
- 12. Unattempted questions will result in zero mark and wrong answers will result in **NEGATIVE** marks. For all 1 mark questions, ½ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. For all 2 marks questions, ½ mark will be deducted for each wrong answer. However, in the case of the linked answer question pair, there will be negative marks only for wrong answer to the first question and no negative marks for wrong answer to the second question.
- 13. Calculator is allowed whereas charts, graph sheets or tables are **NOT** allowed in the examination hall.
- 14. Before the start of the examination, write your name and registration number in the space provided below using a black ink ball point pen.

Name					
Registration Number	XL				

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General Aptitude (GA) Questions (Compulsory)

Q.	1	_	Q.	5	carry	one	mark	each.
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If $(1.001)^{1259} = 3.52$ and $(1.001)^{2062} = 7.85$, then $(1.001)^{3321} =$ 0.1(A) 2.23 (B) 4.33 (C) 11.37 (D) 27.64 One of the parts (A, B, C, D) in the sentence given below contains an ERROR. Which one of the Q.2 following is **INCORRECT**? I requested that he should be given the driving test today instead of tomorrow. (A) requested that (B) should be given (C) the driving test (D) instead of tomorrow Q.3 Which one of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word given below? Latitude (A) Eligibility (B) Freedom (C) Coercion (D) Meticulousness Q.4 Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence: Given the seriousness of the situation that he had to face, his ____ was impressive. (A) beggary (B) nomenclature (C) jealousy (D) nonchalance Q.5 Choose the most appropriate alternative from the options given below to complete the following If the tired soldier wanted to lie down, he ___ the mattress out on the balcony. (A) should take (B) shall take (C) should have taken (D) will have taken

Q. 6 - Q. 10 carry two marks each.

Q.6 One of the legacies of the Roman legions was discipline. In the legions, military law prevailed and discipline was brutal. Discipline on the battlefield kept units obedient, intact and fighting, even when the odds and conditions were against them.

Which one of the following statements best sums up the meaning of the above passage?

- (A) Thorough regimentation was the main reason for the efficiency of the Roman legions even in adverse circumstances.
- (B) The legions were treated inhumanly as if the men were animals.
- (C) Discipline was the armies' inheritance from their seniors.
- (D) The harsh discipline to which the legions were subjected to led to the odds and conditions being against them.

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2012						X
Q.7	condition that	•	es first will not w		M on a given day. Ther r more than 15 minutes	
	(A) 1/4	(B) 1/	16	(C) 7/16	(D) 9/16	
Q.8	The data given in the following table summarizes the monthly budget of an average household.					
		[Category	Amount (Rs.)]	
			Food	4000	-	
			Clothing	1200		
			Rent	2000		
			Savings	1500		

The approximate percentage of the monthly budget **NOT** spent on savings is

Other expenses

(A) 10%

(B) 14%

(C) 81%

1800

(D) 86%

Q.9 There are eight bags of rice looking alike, seven of which have equal weight and one is slightly heavier. The weighing balance is of unlimited capacity. Using this balance, the minimum number of weighings required to identify the heavier bag is

(A) 2

(B) 3

(C) 4

(D) 8

Q.10 Raju has 14 currency notes in his pocket consisting of only Rs. 20 notes and Rs. 10 notes. The total money value of the notes is Rs. 230. The number of Rs. 10 notes that Raju has is

(A) 5

(B) 6

(C) 9

(D) 10

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H: CHEMISTRY (Compulsory)

Q. 1 – Q. 5 carry one mark each.

Q.1 Among the following, the most reactive diene in the Diels-Alder reaction is

(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)



- Q.2 The molecule that does **NOT** absorb the microwave radiation is
 - (A) CO₂

(B) H_2O

(C) CO

- (D) NO
- Q.3 The hybridization of atomic orbitals of sulphur in SF₄ is
 - (A) dsp²

(B) sp^3d^2

(C) sp^3d

- (D) sp^3
- Q.4 The ionic size of Na⁺, F̄, Mg²⁺ and Al³⁺ varies as
 - (A) $Al^{3+} > Mg^{2+} > Na^{+} > F$
- (B) $F > Na^+ > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+}$
- (C) $Al^{3+} > Mg^{2+} > F^{-} > Na^{+}$
- (D) $Na^+ > F^- > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+}$
- Q.5 The non-aromatic compound/ion is

(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)



2012

Q. 6 - Q. 15 carry two marks each.

- Q.6 As predicted by MO theory, the bond order and magnetic nature of NO⁺ are
 - (A) three and paramagnetic

(B) two and diamagnetic

(C) two and paramagnetic

- (D) three and diamagnetic
- Q.7 The value of ionic product of water changes with temperature. It is 1×10^{-14} at 25 °C and 1×10^{-13} at 60 °C. The **CORRECT** statement with respect to ΔH and ΔS is
 - (A) ΔH is negative and ΔS is negative
- (B) ΔH is positive and ΔS is zero
- (C) ΔH is positive and ΔS is negative
- (D) ΔH is negative and ΔS is positive
- Q.8 10 micrograms of the enzyme carbonic anhydrase (molecular weight = 30,000 g/mole) removes 300 milligrams of carbon dioxide per minute from the cells. The turnover number of the enzyme is
 - (A) 20 min⁻¹

(B) $2 \times 10^7 \, \text{min}^{-1}$

(C) $2 \times 10^{10} \, \text{min}^{-1}$

- (D) $7.2 \times 10^{10} \, \text{min}^{-1}$
- Q.9 The iodide which reacts most slowly with cyanide ion as a nucleophile in a S_N^2 reaction is
 - (A) $\mathsf{CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_2I}$

(B) CH₂I

(C)

- (D) (CH₃)₂CH-I
- Q.10 The value of K_a of acetic acid is 1.7×10^{-5} mol/dm³. The pH of a buffer solution prepared by mixing 100 ml of 0.1 M acetic acid with a solution of 100 ml of 0.2 M sodium acetate is
 - (A) 4.1

(B) 4.5

(C) 5.1

- (D) 5.5
- Q.11 The value of standard half cell potential of Cu^{+2} , Cu couple ($E^0_{Cu(+2), Cu}$) is 0.34 V. A wire of pure copper is immersed into a solution of copper nitrate. If the measured cell potential against standard hydrogen electrode at 298 K is 0.24 V, the molar concentration of copper nitrate is {Assume activity of $Cu^{+2} = [Cu^{+2}]$ }.
 - (A) $4.1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$

(B) $2.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$

(C) $3.4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$

(D) $1.8 \times 10^{-1} \text{ M}$

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 12 and 13:

[FeCl₄]²⁻(I), [CoCl₄]²⁻(II) and [NiCl₄]²⁻(III) are paramagnetic tetrahedral complexes.

- Q.12 The order of values of crystal field stabilization energy is
 - (A) I > III > II

(B) III > I > II

(C) I > II > III

- (D) II > III > I
- Q.13 The order of values of spin only magnetic moment is
 - (A) III > II > I

(B) III > I > II

(C) II > I > III

(D) I > II > III

Linked Answer Questions

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 14 and 15:

Bromine water is decolourised upon reaction with (*E*)-3-hexene.

- Q.14 It is due to
 - (A) electrophilic addition of bromine to C=C
- (B) nucleophilic addition of bromine to C=C
- (C) electrophilic allylic bromination
- (D) nucleophilic allylic bromination
- Q.15 The structure of the product obtained is

(A)



(B)



(C)



(D)

END OF SECTION - H

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I: BIOCHEMISTRY

Q. 1 - Q. 10 carry one mark each.

Q.1 Four proteins (P1, P2, P3 and P4) have 17, 10, 21 and respectively. The order of precipitation of these proteins usin				• 1				
	(A) P3, P1, P4, P2	(B) P3, P1, P2, P4	(C) P2, P4, P3, P1	(D) P2, P4, P1, P3				
Q.2	Which one of the fol α -helix conformation	O 1	acids in the protein has	high propensity to take up the				
	(A) Gly-Asp	(B) Pro-His	(C) Gly-Pro	(D) Ala-Arg				
Q.3	Which one of the foll	lowing closely defines '	Molten Globule' state o	f a protein?				
		lete loss of secondary st olded state	acture and loss of tertiary ructure	y structure				
Q.4	Which one of the for solution?	llowing amino-acids ha	as highest fluorescence	quantum yield (Φ) in aqueous				
	(A) Tyrosine	(B) Tryptophan	(C) Phenylalanine	(D) Histidine				
Q.5	Which one of the foll	lowing compounds does	NOT block electron tra	ansport?				
	(A) Cyanide	(B) Rotenone	(C) Oligomycin	(D) Antimycin A				
Q.6	The pair of amino-ac	ids which does NOT ur	ndergo post-translational	modification is				
	(A) Asn-His	(B) Tyr-Ser	(C) Asn-Ser	(D) Ala-Gly				
Q.7	Match the hormones in Group I with their metabolic precursor in Group II							
	Group I	Group II						
	P. 17-β estradiolQ. Thromboxane A2R. EpinephrineS. Retinoic acid		tene					
	(A) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S- (C) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-		(B) P-1, Q-3, R-2, S-4 (D) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3					
Q.8	Upon stimulation of a eukaryotic cell, the intracellular calcium (Ca ²⁺) is released from							
	(A) Endoplasmic ret	iculum	(B) Nucleus					
	(C) Peroxisome		(D) Mitochondria					
Q.9	Leguminous plants m	naintain a very low conc	centration of free oxygen	in their root nodules because				
	 (A) the nitrogen fixing bacteria living in the root nodules are anaerobic (B) of binding of oxygen to leghemoglobin (C) reductase enzyme of the nitrogenase complex helps in removal of O₂ (D) nitrogenase enzyme of the nitrogenase complex helps in removal of O₂ 							

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- Q.10 The membrane of mature B cells have
 - (A) both IgG and IgM

(B) both IgG and IgD

(C) both IgM and IgE

(D) both IgM and IgD

Q. 11 - Q. 20 carry two marks each.

- Q.11 An amino-acid has one proton donating group in the side chain (R). The pK_{COOH} , pK_{NH2} and pK_{R} values for this amino-acid are 2.19, 9.67 and 4.25, respectively. Which one of the following statements about this amino-acid is **CORRECT**?
 - (A) Majority of the molecules will have a net charge of -1 at pH of 7.0
 - (B) Majority of the molecules will have a net charge of 0 at pH of 4.25
 - (C) All the molecules will have a deprotonated R group at pH of 3.22
 - (D) During titration with a strong base, deprotonation will start with the R group
- Q.12 Which one of the following bacterial toxins does **NOT** have ADP-ribosyl transferase activity?
 - (A) Pertussis toxin

- (B) Diphtheria toxin
- (C) Pseudomonas Exotoxin A
- (D) S. aureus α-toxin
- Q.13 The **CORRECT** pair of amino-acid sequence and the corresponding target organelle is
 - (A) KDEL Golgi

(B) K-K/R-X-K/R - Lysosome

(C) SKL - Peroxisome

- (D) NPVY Endoplasmic reticulum
- Q.14 β-oxidation of a 16 carbon fatty acid and a 17 carbon fatty acid leads to formation of
 - (A) (8 Acetyl CoA) and (8 Acetyl CoA + CO₂), respectively
 - (B) (5 Propionyl CoA + 1 CO₂) and (5 Propionyl CoA + 1 Acetyl CoA), respectively
 - (C) (5 Propionyl CoA + 1 CO₂) and (5 Propionyl CoA + 2 CO₂), respectively
 - (D) (8 Acetyl CoA) and (7 Acetyl CoA + 1 Propionyl CoA), respectively
- Q.15 Pick the correctly matched pairs.
 - P. Immature B cells Terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase
 - O. Activated B cells Class switching
 - R. Pre B cells Surrogate light chain
 - S. Mature B cells Recombination activating gene 1
 - (A) P and R

(B) Q and R

(C) Q and S

- (D) Q and P
- Q.16 The actual free energy change of a given biochemical reaction carried out under standard conditions with 1 M initial concentration of each of the reactants and products will be
 - (A) equal to zero
 - (B) equal to standard free energy change for the reaction
 - (C) less than the standard free energy change for the reaction
 - (D) greater than the standard free energy change for the reaction

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Q.17 Match the enzymes in **Group I** with their corresponding activity in **Group II**

Group I

Group II

- P. Flippase
- 1. Catalyzes the movement of any phospholipid across the lipid bilayer down its concentration gradient
- Q. Floppase
- 2. Catalyzes the translocation of amino-phospholipids from the extracellular to the inner leaflet
- R. Lipase
- 3. Catalyzes the translocation of membrane phospholipids from cytosolic to the extracellular leaflet
- S. Scramblase
- 4. Degradation of phospholipids from the lipid bilayer including the inner and outer leaflets
- (A) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1

(B) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4

(C) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3

(D) P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1

Q.18 Match the antibiotics in **Group I** with their mechanism of action in **Group II**

Group I

Group II

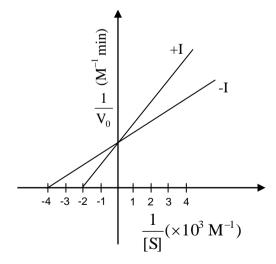
- P. Tetracyclines
- 1. Inhibits bacterial protein synthesis by blocking peptidyl transfer
- Q. Chloramphenicol
- 2. Inhibits bacterial protein synthesis by blocking the A-site on the ribosome
- R. Cycloheximide
- 3. Misreads the genetic code and inhibits initiation of protein synthesis
- S. Streptomycin
- 4. Inhibits protein synthesis by blocking peptidyl transferase on 80S ribosome
- (A) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4

(B) P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3

(C) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2

(D) P-3, O-4, R-2, S-1

Q.19 The kinetics of an enzyme in the presence (+I) or absence (-I) of a reversible inhibitor is described in the following graph.

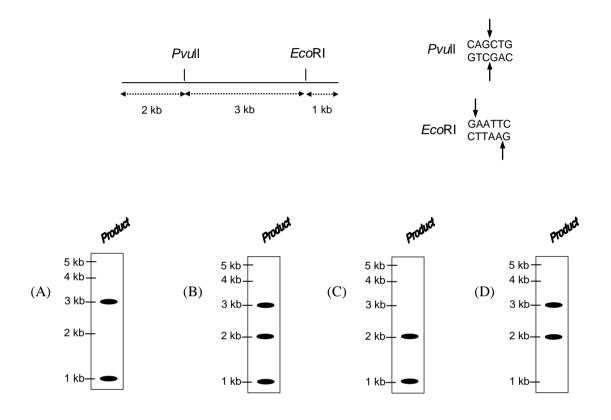


If concentration of the reversible inhibitor in +I experiment was equal to 3.0×10^{-3} M, then the dissociation constant for the enzyme-inhibitor complex is

- (A) $1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$
- (B) $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$
- (C) $3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$
- (D) $4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$

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Q.20 The figure below is a schematic of a linear double stranded DNA containing the indicated restriction sites. The DNA was completely digested with *PvuII* and *EcoRI*. The products were purified and added to an appropriately buffered reaction mixture containing dNTP mix, α-³²P dATP, and Klenow fragment of *E. coli* DNA polymerase I. The Klenow reaction products were analyzed by gel electrophoresis and autoradiography. Which of the following products depicts the expected result?



END OF SECTION - I

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J:BOTANY

$Q.\ 1-Q.\ 10$ carry one mark each.

Q.1	The swollen base of a j	petiole is known as				
	(A) Ligule	(B) Hastule	(C) Pulvinus	(D) Stipule		
Q.2	An estimate of phyloge	enetic relationships amor	ng the taxa is commonly	represented in the form of a		
	(A) Cladogram	(B) Idiogram	(C) Phenogram	(D) Dendrogram		
Q.3	Parenchyma cells associ	ciated with sieve tube m	embers are called			
	(A) Albuminous cells	(B) Companion cells	(C) Bulliform cells	(D) Subsidiary cells		
Q.4	Cytoplasmic male steri	llity via the chloroplast g	genome can be induced t	by the expression of <i>Pha A</i>		
	 (A) β-Ketothiolase (B) Acetoacetyl CoA α (C) Acetoacetyl CoA α (D) PHB synthase 					
Q.5	The number of nucleos	somes present in a 30 nn	n solenoid structure of a	chromatin is		
	(A) 2	(B) 4	(C) 6	(D) 8		
Q.6		0 I	C_3 photosynthesis when when which during salt or drough			
	(A) Mesembryanthema(C) Eleucine coracana		(B) Cynodon dactylon(D) Hordeum vulgare			
Q.7	Which one of the follo	wing is a free-living pho	otosynthetic nitrogen fixe	er?		
	(A) Frankia	(B) Clostridium	(C) Rhodospirillum	(D) Rhizobium		
Q.8	Carbon dioxide and oth	her 'greenhouse gases' a	ct by			
	 (A) destroying ozone in the stratosphere (B) trapping heat in the earth's atmosphere (C) allowing more visible light to reach the earth's surface (D) reducing the amount of radiant energy which reaches the surface of the earth 					
Q.9	Which of the following	g best represents the flow	v of energy through an e	cosystem?		
	 (A) Producers → Primary consumers → Secondary consumers (B) Sun → Producers → Secondary consumers → Primary consumers (C) Sun → Producers → Primary consumers → Secondary consumers (D) Secondary consumers → Primary consumers → Producers → Sun 					
Q.10	Which one of the follo	wing drugs is obtained f	rom the capsule of Papa	wer somniferum?		
	(A) Papain	(B) Codeine	(C) Digoxin	(D) Bromelain		

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Q. 11 - Q. 20 carry two marks each.

- Q.11 Which of the following statements are TRUE for plant growth regulators?
 - P. The release of cellulase and polygalacturonase into the cell wall is promoted by abscissic acid
 - Q. The early biosynthetic steps of gibberellic acid, up to the formation of ent-kaurene take place in the plastid
 - R. The naturally occurring zeatin belongs to the aromatic group of cytokinins
 - S. Induction of protease inhibitors as a result of wounding and pathogen attack is activated by jasmonic acid
 - (A) P, R
- (B) Q, S
- (C) Q, R
- (D) P, Q
- Q.12 Which of the following statements are TRUE for the transposable elements?
 - P. Barbara McClintock discovered the autonomous and non-autonomous transposable elements in Maize
 - Q. Variations in flower pigmentation in *Antirhinum* are due to the presence of transposable elements Ac and Ds
 - R. The Ac transposable element is 4563 bp long and has an 11 bp inverted repeats
 - S. Ds produces the transposase and mobilize the Ac elements
 - (A) Q, S
- (B) P, O
- (C) P, R
- (D) R, S
- Q.13 Match the recombinant proteins produced through molecular farming with their applications.

Recombinant proteins		Applications	
P. Hirudine Q. Trichosanthin R. Somatotrophin S. β-Interferon		 HIV therapy Anticoagulant Growth hormone Hypertension Cystic fibrosis Treatment for hepatitis-B 	
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
P-2 Q-3 R-4 S-1	P-4 Q-1 R-5 S-2	P-1 Q-5 R-3 S-2	P-2 Q-1 R-3 S-6

- Q.14 Which of the following statements are CORRECT for somatic cell hybridization?
 - P. For fusion of protoplast, dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) is used as a fusogen
 - Q. The enzyme 'Cellulase Onozuka' used for protoplast isolation is sourced from *Trichoderma* viride
 - R. The first report of somatic hybrid plants resulted from the fusion of protoplasts of *Nicotiana glauca* and *N. tabacum*
 - S. Viability of isolated protoplasts can be determined by Evan's blue staining
 - (A) P, Q
- (B) Q, S
- (C) R, S
- (D) Q, R

Q.15	Which of the following	ng statements are TRUE	E on transgene approach?	,	
	Q. The Gateway clo restriction enzym R. The localization of gene can be visual	ning depends on recomb nes and DNA ligase of β-glucuronidase (GUS alized in a histochemical	S) activity as a result of e	expression of GUS reporter	
	(A) P, Q	(B) Q, R	(C) P, S	(D) R, S	
Q.16	Identify the free radi species as shown bel		equence from the inter-co	onversion of reactive oxygen	
		$O_2 \rightarrow ? \rightarrow$	$H_2O_2 \rightarrow ? \rightarrow H_2O$		
	P. $O_2^{\bullet -}$ Q. OH^- R. HO_2^- S. 1O_2				
	(A) P, Q	(B) R, Q	(C) P, R	(D) Q, S	
Q.17	With respect to adhe	sion and cohesion of sta	mens, identify the INCO	RRECT statements.	
	Q. In <i>Calotropis</i> , star R. In syngenesious s	tamens, filaments are un	ted to form gynostegium ited to form a bundle wh		
	(A) P, Q	(B) P, R	(C) Q, S	(D) Q, R	
Q.18	Identify the CORRE	CT statements in plant se	econdary metabolism.		
	 P. Tropane alkaloids in <i>Atropa belladonna</i> are synthesized from tyrosine Q. Antioxidative food ingredient rosmarinic acid is obtained from cell suspension cultures of <i>Coleus blumei</i> R. Thiophenes are produced from hairy root cultures of <i>Tagetes patula</i> S. Cyanidin, the principal anthocyanin responsible for red color in <i>Rosa hybrida</i> is produced from cinnamaldehyde 				
	(A) P, S	(B) R, S	(C) P, Q	(D) Q, R	
Q.19	Which of the following	ng statements are TRUE	E for respiration?		
	molecules of NAI Q. Fructose 6-phosps R. The oxidation of g pentose phosphate S. The mitochondria from ubiquinone	OH ate is the principal substraction glucose 6-phosphate to 6 e pathway l 'alternative oxidase' proto to oxygen utilizing proto	ovides an alternative pat on pumping complex of t	e first step in the oxidative hway for transfer of electrons he respiratory chain	
	(A) P, R	(B) P, S	(C) Q, R	(D) Q, S	

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Q.20 Match the name of the disease with the causal organism.

Disease		Causal organism				
P. Black rot of Q. Stem rot of R. Tikka disea S. Crown gall	jute ase of groundnut	 Cercospora personata Macrophomina phaseolina Ceratocystis adiposa Synchytrium endobioticum Agrobacterium tumefaciens Colletotrichum corchorum 				
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)			
P-1	P-2	P-3	P-2			
Q-3	Q-3	Q-2	Q-6			
R-6	R-1	R-1	R-3			
S-5	S-5	S-5	S-4			

END OF SECTION - J

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K: MICROBIOLOGY

Q. 1-Q. 10 carry one mark each.

Q.1	Which ONE of the following	lowing components is No	of an electron ac	eceptor during anaerobic respiration?		
	(A) Lactate	(B) Carbonate	(C) Nitrate	(D) Sulphate		
Q.2	Bergey's Manual of S	ystematic Bacteriology	groups bacteria i	nto species according to their		
	(A) nutritional require(B) phylogenetic relat(C) pathogenic proper(D) morphology	tionships				
Q.3				oli culture growing in a rich medium. tion of the auxotrophic mutant?		
	(A) Replica plating(C) Pour plating meth	ood		for single colonies croscopic observation		
Q.4	Which ONE of the fol of an essential gene?	lowing mutants is used	to carry out gene	etic analysis to determine the function		
	(A) Knock out mutan(C) Insertion mutant	t	(B) Deletion in (D) Temperat	nutant ure sensitive mutant		
Q.5			on was mated with a wild type strain. The merodiploid observation indicates that the original mutation is			
	(A) dominant	(B) trans-dominant	(C) recessive	(D) cis-dominant		
Q.6	A rich medium is in bacteria at the end of s		ium that divides	s every 30 minutes. The number of		
	(A) 2×10^{10}	(B) 2×10^{20}	(C) 1×10^{50}	(D) 1×2^{100}		
Q.7	Which ONE of the fol	lowing statements about	t <i>E.coli</i> is NOT t	rue ?		
	(B) E.coli is part of the	st disease- causing bacte the normal microbiota of hins can cause bloody d al to human	humans	y Robert Koch		
Q.8	Antibody coated patho	ogens are recognized by	effector cells thr	rough		
	(A) CD4 receptor	(B) F _C receptor	(C) CD8 rece	ptor (D) IFN gamma receptor		

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Q.9 Match the disease in **Group I** with their corresponding organism in **Group II**

Group I

Group II

- P. African sleeping sickness
- Q. Rocky mountain spotted fever
- R. Mumps
- S. Filariasis

- I. Rubulavirus
- II. Trypanosoma brucei
- III. Wuchereria bancrofti
- IV. Rickettsia rickettsii
- V. Leishmania donovani

- (A) P-III, Q-V, R-II, S-I
- (B) P-II, Q-I, R-III, S-IV
- (C) P-II, Q-IV, R-I, S-III
- (D) P-I, Q-V, R-II, S-IV
- Q.10 Select the technique most appropriate to demonstrate that lactose induces the synthesis of β-galactosidase enzyme.
 - (A) Northern Blot
 - (B) Western Blot
 - (C) Quantitative PCR
 - (D) Southern Blot

O. 11 - Q. 20 carry two marks each.

- Q.11 Frederick Griffith used smooth (S) and rough (R) strains of Streptococcus pneumoniae in his classical experiment that showed DNA might be the genetic element. Which ONE of the following observations gave the clue for this discovery?
 - (A) R strain became S strain when mixed with heat killed S strain
 - (B) R strain remained R strain when mixed with heat killed S strain
 - (C) S strain became R strain when mixed with heat killed R strain
 - (D) R strain became S strain when mixed with live S strain
- Q.12 Entry of λ phage lysogen to lytic phase is triggered by
 - (A) mutation in the λ genome
 - (B) loss of co-operativity in binding of λ repressor
 - (C) increase in the λ repressor concentration
 - (D) decrease in recA function
- Q.13 Match the Phylum in Group I with their characteristic motility appendage listed in Group II

Group I

Group II

- P. Archaezoa
- O. Amoebozoa
- R. Ciliophora
- S. Apicomplexa

- I. Flagella II. Fimbriae
- III. Pseudopods
- IV. Cilia
- V. Pili
- (A) P-V, Q-II, R-IV, S-IV
- (B) P-II, Q-I, R-IV, S-III
- (C) P-I, Q-III, R-IV, S-I
- (D) P-III, Q-II, R-IV, S-V

Q.14	Ten bacteria were inoculated into a rich medium. If at the end of ten hours the total number of cells is 10 ⁴ , then the number of elapsed generations and the generation time respectively is						
	(A) 10, 120 minutes	(B) 10, 60 minutes	(C) 20, 30 minutes	(D) 40, 15 minutes			
Q.15	The first step in the re	plication of a virus with	the reverse transcriptas	e deals with the synthesis of			
	(A) complementary st(B) double stranded R(C) complementary st(D) double stranded D	NA rand of DNA					
Q.16				te but grows on glycerol as the be defective in this mutant?			
	(A) Isocitrate dehydro(C) Pyruvate dehydro	•	(B) Glyceraldehyde 3(D) Isocitrate lyase	3-phospahte dehydrogenase			
Q.17	Which one of the following pairs of bacterial species fixes atmospheric Nitrogen?						
	 (A) Clostridia and Rh (B) Clostridia and La (C) Rhizobia and Ente (D) Actinomycetes and 	ctobacillus erococcus					
Q.18	Nalidixic acid inhibits	gyrase activity. Resista	ance to this antibiotic ari	ses mainly due to			
	(A) nonsense mutation(C) missense mutation		(B) deletion mutation(D) degradation of the	n in the gyrase gene ne gyrase gene product			
Q.19	Transformation of no	rmal cyanobacterial cel	ls into heterocysts invol	ves			
	 (A) synthesis of nitrogenase and retention of photosystem I (B) synthesis of nitrogenase and loss of photosystem I (C) loss of nitrogenase but retention of photosystem I (D) loss of both nitrogenase and photosystem I 						
Q.20	Methane belched (eructation) out by cattle arises from the carbon dioxide produced						
	(C) lactic acid fermen	piration stuff occurring in mitoo tation occurring in mus tion occurring in the gu	cles				

END OF SECTION - K

XL 17/28

L: ZOOLOGY

Trees in the equatorial region of earth supply oxygen into the atmosphere that sustains species

Q. 1 - Q. 10 carry one mark each.

Q.1

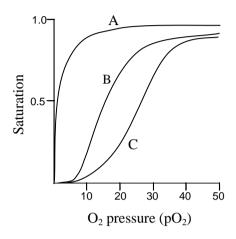
	(A) Cattle	(B) Pigs	(C) Mice	(D) Human			
Q.9		tropin plays an important in the placenta of	role in the establishm	ent and maintenance of pregnancy			
	(A) Myxini(C) Conodonta		(B) Cephalaspilo(D) Anaspida	omorphi			
Q.8	Lamprey, a jawle	ss fish, belongs to which o	one of the following 'Control of the followi	Classes'?			
	(B) The opsin is n (C) It lies in the sl	n where the optical nerve ot expressed in this region adow of pupil. on between rods and cone	1.				
Q.7	-	the retina is blind because		wing reasons?			
	(A) in-born errors(B) sexual phenot(C) metabolic pat(D) gene regulation	nways in fungi					
Q.6	The relationship b	etween genes and enzyme	es was first suggested	by the discovery of			
	(A) γ-amino butyı (C) Estrogen	ic acid	(B) Acetylcholin(D) Luteinizing h				
Q.5		r senses extracellular stir hich of the following liga		localization on plasma membrane. this rule?			
	(A) Maternal gene	e (B) Pair rule gene	(C) Homeotic ge	ene (D) Gap gene			
Q.4	Zygotic genes re Drosophila embry	_	n of a group of adj	acent segment in the developing			
		-					
Q.3	_	peetles and fishes can sur Ilular integrity using one	_	temperature. They accomplish this anisms.			
	(A) Proteins (C) Proteins and C	Carbohydrates	(B) Fats (D) Carbohydrate	es			
Q.2	Consumption of	A swimmer is preparing to swim 'non-stop' across the English channel (a distance of 34 kilometers). Consumption of which of the following category of food/s should the swimmer increase to accomplish this feat?					
	(A) mutualism(C) commensalisr	n	(B) symbiosis(D) parasitism				

Glucose and hexanoic acid, each having six carbon atoms can undergo complete biological oxidation. In terms of net ATP generation, which of the following statements is CORRECT?

- (A) Glucose produces more ATP than hexanoic acid
- (B) Only glucose can generate ATP

	(C) Both glucose and(D) Hexanoic acid pro			P		
Q. 11	- Q. 20 carry two n	narks each.				
Q.11	Match the following e I) August Weisman II) Jean-Baptiste Lama III) Amotz Zahavi IV) Motoo Kimura	, -	i) Neutral theory ofii) Handicap princiiii) Germ plasm the	f molecular evolution ple		
	(A) I-ii, II-iv, III-i, IV (C) I-iii, II-iv, III-i, IV		(B) I-iii, II-iv, II (D) I-iii, II-i, III-			
Q.12	A female cat with a mutant phenotype was bred with a wild-type male cat. All progeny (4 m and 4 females) show the mutant phenotype. On the other hand, all progeny (4 males and 4 fem from the reciprocal cross between a mutant male and a wild-type female show the wild-phenotype. Which of the following explain the inheritance pattern of the mutation?					
	(A) Recessive(C) Mitochondrial inh	neritance	(B) Linked inher(D) Autosomal i			
Q.13	If all the nucleotides how many times will t			4 Mbp long DNA sequence, then occur?		
	(A) 976	(B) 4^6	(C) 6^4	(D) 1000		
Q.14		dictive information to	prepare themselves	h, i.e. photoperiod and use these for breeding. Besides melatonin, ocess?		
	(A) Gonadotropin relo(C) Thyroxine	easing hormone	(B) Growth horr(D) Adrenocortic	mone cotropic hormone		
Q.15	Red-Green color blindness is an X-linked recessive disorder. In a population which is in the Hardy Weinberg equilibrium, the incidence of occurrence of this in males is 1:1000. What will be the expected incidence of affected homozygous females?					
	(A) 1 in 1002000	(B) 1 in 2000000	(C) 1 in 1001000	0 (D) 1 in 1000000		
Q.16	Golgi apparatus is also termed as cellular post office, since it packages and transports cellular proteins across various organelles and outside the cell. In general, the Golgi is perinuclear in location and is closely associated with the endoplasmic reticulum. A chemical compound, Monensin inhibits all trafficking from Golgi. If Golgi is visualized by immunofluorescence microscopy after treatment with this compound, the Golgi will be					
	(A) absent	(B) normal	(C) swollen	(D) fragmented		
XL				19/2		

Q.17 In an individual, three distinct proteins bind oxygen depending on the location and development stage. While hemoglobin is the major oxygen binding protein in adults, myoglobin is present in skeletal muscles and fetal hemoglobin is present in fetal stage only. The following graph shows the oxygen binding capacity of these proteins. The A, B and C plots represent oxygen binding capacity of



- (A) hemoglobin, fetal hemoglobin and myoglobin, respectively
- (B) fetal hemoglobin, hemoglobin and myoglobin, respectively
- (C) hemoglobin, myoglobin and fetal hemoglobin, respectively
- (D) myoglobin, fetal hemoglobin and hemoglobin, respectively
- Q.18 A patient comes with symptoms of autonomic hemolysis. The diagnostic tests reveal that he has auto-antibodies to red blood cells (RBCs). Which one of the following mechanisms is the cause of this condition?
 - (A) Neutrophils release granzymes which lyse RBCs
 - (B) Complement is activated and membrane attack complex lyse RBCs
 - (C) Cytotoxic T-cells lyse RBCs
 - (D) Interleukin-2 binds to the receptor on RBCs
- Q.19 The nerve impulse at the neuromuscular junction results in discharge of acetylcholine (Ach) from its vesicles into the synaptic cleft. Ach gets degraded by acetylcholine esterase and is present in which one of the following locations?
 - (A) Post synaptic membrane
- (B) Both pre and post synaptic clefts

(C) Presynaptic membrane

- (D) Synaptic cleft
- Q.20 Increasing estradiol (E2) hormone from ovarian follicles prior to ovulation has been hypothesized to play a critical role for induction of pheromones. These pheromones render females sexually receptive to males to facilitate mating. An investigator performs experiments in sheep in which females are gonadectomized, then treated with E2 or vehicle alone and allowed to breed. Which one of the findings listed below will validate the hypothesis that pheromones are induced by E2?
 - (A) Sexual receptivity is regained only in vehicle treated females.
 - (B) Sexual receptivity is regained only in E2 treated females
 - (C) Sexual receptivity was regained irrespective of E2 treatment
 - (D) Sexual receptivity is not regained by any treatment

END OF SECTION - L

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M: FOOD TECHNOLOGY

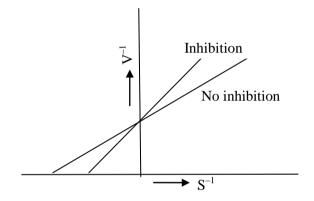
Q. 1 – Q. 10 carry one mark each.

Q.1	Among the following fatty acids, which group is known as essential fatty acids?				
	 (A) 9,11-Octadecadienoic and 9,11,13-Octadecatrienoic (B) 9,12-Octadecadienoic and 9,12,15-Octadecatrienoic (C) 9-Octadecenoic and 9,11-Octadecadienoic (D) 9,11-Octadecadienoic and 9-Eicosenoic 				
Q.2	Cellulose, the structural polysaccharide of plant, is a polymer of				
	 (A) β-D-Glucose (B) α-D-Glucose (C) β-D-Galactose (D) α-D-Galcturonic acid 				
Q.3	The important role of ca	rotenoids in the human	diet is their ability to se	rve as precursors of	
	(A) Vitamin C	(B) Vitamin D	(C) Vitamin A	(D) Vitamin K	
Q.4	Which one of the follow	ring microorganisms is	used in the preparation of	of bread?	
	(A) Candida utilis(C) Saccharomyces cev	arum	(B) Saccharomyces ce(D) Aspergilus niger	revisiae	
Q.5	Q.5 Which one of the microorganisms given below is NOT RESPONSIBLE for ropy or stringy fermentation of milk?			E for ropy or stringy	
	 (A) Alcaligenes viscola (B) Enterobacter aerog (C) Streptococcus crem (D) Streptococcus lactis 	enes oris			
Q.6	Q.6 A mild heat treatment of foods that destroys pathogens and extends its shelf life is called			shelf life is called	
	(A) Baking(C) Sterilization		(B) Blanching(D) Pasteurization		
Q.7	The most common and least expensive plastic film used for packaging of solid food materials is				
	(A) Polyethylene(C) Polypropylene		(B) Polystyrene(D) Polyvinylchloride		
Q.8	Reassociation of amylose and formation of crystalline structure upon cooling of cooked starch solution is termed as				
	(A) Synersis(C) Retrogradation		(B) Gelatinization(D) Denaturation		
Q.9	Thermal destruction of microorganisms follows a kinetics of				
	(A) Zero order	(B) First order	(C) Second order	(D) Fractional order	
Q.10	100 kg tomato juice cor The total amount of wat	•		to 25% Total Solids (w/w).	
	(A) 65	(B) 70	(C) 75	(D) 80	

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Q. 11 - Q. 20 carry two marks each.

- Q.11 Which one of the following is NOT A CORRECT statement?
 - (A) Meatiness is the taste produced by compounds such as glutamate in products like cheese, soy sauce.
 - (B) Astringency is a dry mouth feel in the oral cavity that is most associated with phenolic compounds.
 - (C) Saltiness is a taste that is mainly produced by chloride ions.
 - (D) Sourness is related to acidity and is sensed by hydrogen ion channels in the human tongue.
- Q.12 The following plot represents the *Lineweaver-Burk* equation of an enzymatic reaction both in the presence and the absence of inhibitor. Here, V is the velocity of reaction and S is the substrate concentration.



The nature of inhibition shown in the plot is

- (A) Non-competitive
- (B) Anti-competitive
- (C) Competitive
- (D) Mixed type
- Q.13 Make the correct match of the food constituents in **Group I** with their nature given in **Group II**.

Group I	Group 11
P) Ascorbic Acid	1) Sugar
Q) Phenyl alanine	2) Chelate
R) Dextrose	3) Amino Acid
S) Haemoglobin	4) Antioxidant
(A) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2	(B) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2
(C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1	(D) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3

Q.14 Make the correct match of the fermented food products in **Group I** with the microorganisms in **Group II**.

Group I	Group II	
P) Yoghurt	1) Lactobacillus acidophilus and Lactobacillus delbrueckii	
Q) Cheese	2) Leuconostoc mesenteroides and Lactobacillus plantarum	
R) Sauerkraut	3) Lactobacillus delbrueckii and Streptococcus thermophillus	
S) Kefir	4) Lactobacillus casei and Streptococcus thermophillus	
(A) P-1, Q-4, R-2, S-3	(B) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2	
(C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1	(D) P-3, Q-2, R-4, S-1	

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Q.15 Match the following between organelle or cellular components of a bacterium cell in **Group I** with the constituents and functionalities in **Group II**.

Group I

- P) Cytoplasmic membrane
- Q) Flagellum
- R) Cell wall
- S) Ribosome
- (A) P-3, O-2, R-4, S-1
- (B) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3
- (C) P-3, Q-4, R-2, S-1
- (D) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1

Group II

- 1) Protein synthesis
- 2) Peptidoglycan
- 3) Phospholipid bilaver
- 4) Motility of cell
- Q.16 Thermal death time (TDT) of Clostridium botulinum at 121°C is 2.78 min with a z-value of 10°C. The TDT of the microorganism at 116°C (in min) is
 - (A) 5.270
- (B) 8.791
- (C) 1.390
- (D) 0.712
- Q.17 Make the correct match between specific food processing operations in Group I with their mechanism of action in Group II.

Group I

- P) Ball Mill
- Q) Roller Mill
- R) Flash Peeling
- S) Abrasive Peeling
- (A) P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3
- (C) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1

Group II

- 1) Compression and shear
- 2) Pressure bursting
- 3) Friction and shear
- 4) Impact and shear
- (B) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3
- (D) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2
- Q.18 650 g of a wet food containing 405 g water is dried in a tray dryer to a final moisture content of 6.8 % (dry basis). It is observed that the drying process occurs under constant rate period and it takes 8 h. The rate of drying (in kg/h) is
 - (A) 128.79
- (B) 126.35
- (C) 77.81
- (D) 0.0485
- Q.19 Air at 1 atmospheric pressure (101.325 kPa) and 30°C with absolute humidity of 0.0218 kg/kg of dry air is flowing in a drying chamber. The saturated vapor pressure of water (p_w^0 , in kPa) is related to temperature (T, in °C) as given below

$$\ln p_w^0 = 18.6556 - \frac{5217.635}{T + 273}$$

The relative humidity of air (in percentage) is

- (A) 62.82
- (B) 68.22
- (C) 86.62
- (D) 81.80
- Q.20 The total solids content in a milk sample is 18 %. It is desired to produce 1000 kg of sweetened condensed milk (SCM) having 40 % sugar, 25 % moisture and rest milk solids. What is the 'Sugar Ratio' (in percentage) in the SCM in terms of sugar and water content in the final product?
 - (A) 48.19
- (B) 61.54
- (C) 54.16
- (D) 56.14

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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GATE 2012 - Answer Key - Paper : XL

Paper	Section	Question no.	Key
XL	GA	1	D
XL	GA	2	В
XL	GA	3	В
XL	GA	4	D
XL	GA	5	Α
XL	GA	6	Α
XL	GA	7	С
XL	GA	8	D
XL	GA	9	Α
XL	GA	10	Α
XL	Н	1	D
XL	Н	2	A
XL	Н	3	С
XL	Н	4	В
XL	Н	5	А
XL	Н	6	D
XL	Н	7	Marks to All
XL	Н	8	В
XL	Н	9	С
XL	Н	10	С
XL	Н	11	A
XL	Н	12	Marks to All
XL	Н	13	D
XL	Н	14	Α
XL	Н	15	С
XL	I	1	А
XL	I	2	D
XL	I	3	А
XL	I	4	В
XL	I	5	С
XL	I	6	D
XL	I	7	С
XL	I	8	Α
XL	Ι	9	В
XL	I	10	D
XL	Ι	11	А
XL	Ι	12	D
XL	Ι	13	С
XL	Ι	14	D
XL	Ι	15	В
XL	Ι	16	В
XL	I	17	А
XL	Ι	18	В
XL	I	19	С
XL	Ι	20	А

Paper	Section	Question no.	Key
XL	J	1	С
XL	J	2	A
XL	J	3	В
XL	J	4	А
XL	J	5	С
XL	J	6	А
XL	J	7	С
XL	J	8	В
XL	J	9	С
XL	J	10	В
XL	J	11	В
XL	J	12	С
XL	J	13	D
XL	J	14	Marks to All
XL	J	15	А
XL	J	16	A
XL	J	17	В
XL	J	18	D
XL	J	19	A
XL	J	20	С
XL	K	1	A
XL	K	2	В
XL	K	3	A
XL	K	4	D
XL	K	5	С
XL	K	6	D
XL	K	7	A
XL	K	8	В
XL	K	9	С
XL	K	10	В
XL	K	11	A
XL	K	12	В
XL	K	13	С
XL	K	14	В
XL	K	15	С
XL	K	16	D
XL	K	17	A
XL	K	18	С
XL	K	19	А
XL	K	20	D

GATE 2012 - Answer Key - Paper : XL

Paper	Section	Question no.	Key
XL	L	1	C
XL	L	2	В
XL	L	3	Α
XL	L	4	D
XL	L	5	С
XL	L	6	Α
XL	L	7	Α
XL	L	8	В
XL	L	9	D
XL	L	10	D
XL	L	11	В
XL	L	12	С
XL	L	13	A
XL	L	14	С
XL	L	15	D
XL	L	16	С
XL	L	17	D
XL	L	18	В
XL	L	19	A
XL	L	20	В
XL	M	1	В
XL	M	2	Α
XL	M	3	С
XL	M	4	В
XL	M	5	D
XL	M	6	D
XL	M	7	Α
XL	M	8	С
XL	M	9	В
XL	M	10	D
XL	M	11	С
XL	M	12	С
XL	M	13	Α
XL	M	14	С
XL	M	15	С
XL	M	16	В
XL	M	17	В
XL	M	18	D
XL	M	19	D
XL	M	20	В