1

Assignment-2

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I. Vector Arithmetic(CBSE)

Question: (-1,2,1), (1,-2,5), (4,-7,8)) and (2,-3,4) are the vertices of a parallelogram.

Variable	Value	Description
A	(-1, 2, 1)	Vertex A
В	(1, -2, 5)	Vertex B
C	(4, -7, 8)	Vertex C
D	(2, -3, 4)	Vertex D
Table 1		

Variables Used

Solution: property: opposite sides of parallelogram are equal.

$$A(-1,2,1)$$
, $B(1,-2,5)$, $C(4,-7,8)$, $D(2,-3,4)$

$$AB = B - A = (1 - (-1), -2 - 2, 5 - 1) = (2, -4, 4)$$
 (1)

$$BC = C - B = (4 - 1, -7 - (-2), 8 - 5) = (3, -5, 3)$$
 (2)

$$CD = D - C = (2 - 4, -3 - (-7), 4 - 8) = (-2, 4, -4)$$
 (3)

$$DA = A - D = (-1 - 2, 2 - (-3), 1 - 4) = (-3, 5, -3)$$
(4)

Verify if AB is equal to CD and BC is equal to DA:

$$AB + CD = (2, -4, 4) + (-2, 4, -4) = (0, 0, 0)$$
 (5)

$$BC + DA = (3, -5, 3) + (-3, 5, -3) = (0, 0, 0)$$
 (6)

Since AB + CD = 0 and BC + DA = 0, the quadrilateral formed by the points is a parallelogram.

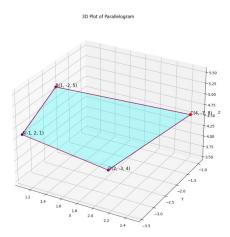


Fig. 1. Stem Plot of y(n)