## AI24BTECH11027 - R Sumanth

**Questions:** (-1,2,1), (1,-2,5), (4,-7,8) and (2,-3,4) are the vertices of a parallelogram.

## **Solution:**

properties: opposite sides of parallelogram are equal.

$$A(-1,2,1)$$
,  $B(1,-2,5)$ ,  $C(4,-7,8)$ ,  $D(2,-3,4)$ 

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = B - A = (1 - (-1), -2 - 2, 5 - 1) = (2, -4, 4)$$

$$\overrightarrow{BC} = C - B = (4 - 1, -7 - (-2), 8 - 5) = (3, -5, 3)$$

$$\overrightarrow{CD} = D - C = (2 - 4, -3 - (-7), 4 - 8) = (-2, 4, -4)$$

$$\overrightarrow{DA} = A - D = (-1 - 2, 2 - (-3), 1 - 4) = (-3, 5, -3)$$

Verify if  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  is equal to  $\overrightarrow{CD}$  and  $\overrightarrow{BC}$  is equal to  $\overrightarrow{DA}$ :

$$\overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{CD} = (2, -4, 4) + (-2, 4, -4) = (0, 0, 0)$$

$$\overrightarrow{BC} + \overrightarrow{DA} = (3, -5, 3) + (-3, 5, -3) = (0, 0, 0)$$

Since  $\overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{CD} = 0$  and  $\overrightarrow{BC} + \overrightarrow{DA} = 0$ , the quadrilateral formed by the points is a parallelogram.

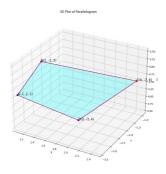


Fig. 0: Stem Plot of y(n)