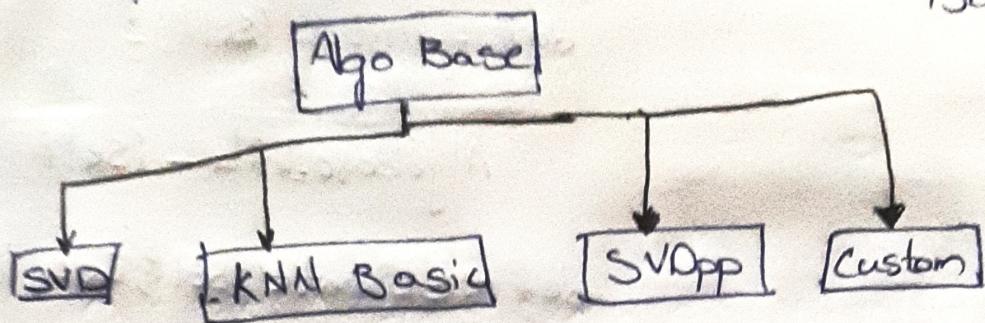


# Our Recommender Engine Architecture.

SurpriseLib algorithm base class

SurpriseLib has Python base class called Algo Base



↳ Here, we have an SVD class which inherits from algo base class.

That means  
↳ SVD class may have functions & data

specific to the SVD Recommender Algorithm but

it also ~~contains~~ has access to the functions & data defined in the Algo base class.

Creating a custom algorithm

↳ Create a new class that inherits from Algo Base.

{ SurpriseLib is built around the architecture of predicting the ratings of every movie for every user & giving back top predictions.

Step 3: Implement an Estimate Python

class MyAlgorithm(AlgoBase):

def \_\_init\_\_(self):

AlgoBase.\_\_init\_\_(self)

def estimate(self, user, item):

return 3.

Note! Here our new Recommender algorithm called MyAlgorithm just predicts a rating of three stars for all of them.

Step 2 Building on top of SuperLib

Evaluating algorithm  
(AlgoBase)

algorithm: AlgoBase  
Evaluate: Evaluation(Data)

evaluation Data  
(Dataset)

Get train set(),  
Get test set()

Recommender Metrics

Now, we want apply all those different

evaluation metrics to the algorithms we work

with; So to do that we create a New class

(diversity, accuracy, HITrate...)

called Evaluator algorithm

→ It contains an algorithm from Superlib

but introduces a new function called Evaluate

This runs all of the metrics

In the Recommender metrics on that algorithm

{ This class will measure accuracy, coverage,  
Diversity, novelty, ... }

→ So, Evaluate uses functions in the Recommender

Metric Class.

→ To evaluate our recommender system, we

need training & test set.

→ This was done by Evaluation Data class

Step 3 → Algorithm Bake-offs

Evaluator (Dataset)

Evaluate()

dataset: Evaluated Dataset

Algorithms: Evaluated Algorithm

compare  
different  
Recommender  
algorithms  
against each  
other.

↳ Evaluator takes a raw data set  $\mathcal{E}$  & it

Create an Evaluated Dataset object from it

then you call Add algorithm for each  
~~given~~ algorithm

algorithm you want to compare. This creates  
an evaluated Algorithm.

↳ when you call Evaluate, it evaluates each  
evaluated algorithm and prints the result  
in a tabular form