

## Geometrical Construction

- 1) Draw the perpendicular bisector of a given line segment AB and write justification.
- 2) Construct the bisector of a given angle ABC.
- 3) Draw a ray AB (with initial point A) and construct a ray AC such that  $\angle BAC = 60^\circ$
- 4) Construct a  $\triangle ABC$  given  $BC = 5 \text{ cm.}$ ,  $AB + AC = 8 \text{ cm.}$  and  $\angle ABC = 60^\circ$ .
- 5) Construct  $\triangle ABC$  in which  $BC = 4.2 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\angle B = 30^\circ$  and  $AB - AC = 1.6 \text{ cm}$
- 6) Construct a triangle ABC, in which  $\angle B = 60^\circ$ ,  $\angle C = 45^\circ$  and  $AB + BC + CA = 11 \text{ cm.}$
- 7) Construct  $\triangle ABC$  in which  $BC = 7 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\angle B = 75^\circ$  and  $AB + AC = 12 \text{ cm.}$
- 8) Construct  $\triangle PQR$  in which  $QR = 8 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\angle Q = 60^\circ$  and  $PQ - PR = 3.5 \text{ cm.}$
- 9) Construct  $\triangle XYZ$  in which  $\angle Y = 30^\circ$ ,  $\angle Z = 60^\circ$  and  $XY + YZ + ZX = 10 \text{ cm.}$
- 10). Construct a segment of a circle on a chord of length 5cm. containing the following angles.  
i.  $90^\circ$  ii.  $45^\circ$  iii.  $120^\circ$ .