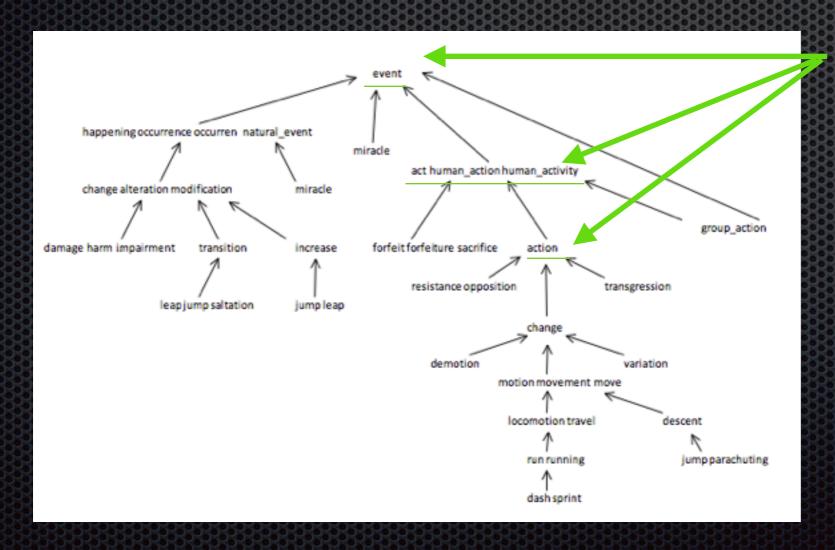
NLP Project: First Presentation

Article Analysis using hypernym tree

Intro: Hypernym Tree

- A hyponym is a word or phrase whose semantic field is included within its hypernym.
- Since many words can have a common hypernym, the tree structure can be made as figure below.



Popular Hypernyms:

Hypernyms that have relatively more hyponyms than others.

Defining the **popular hypernym** not only by the number of hyponyms but also by its <u>level</u>, their <u>children's levels</u>, or the <u>frequency</u> might be the challenging part of our project

Main Goal

- Analyze the main keywords of the given article by comparing "popular hypernyms" with golden standard, so that the program can categorize a given article automatically.
- Analyze the similarity of the hypernym tree using the network analysis methods and tools to identify the author.
 (We expect there is relationship between the writing style and the structure of the hypernym tree)



Sample of a network made by Pajek

System Design

- ▼ V: the set of nodes
- E: the set of directed edges: (from hyponym, to hypernym)
- Basic method to find popular hypernyms: use FreqDist on the number of edges for each V (we will enhance the algorithm later)

Input and Output definition

1. Categorization of article

Input : Article (Reuter's Corpus)

Output: Candidate words for its category

2. Author Identification

Input : Article (Online News article)

Output: Inference of its author

Measurement of performance

1. Categorization of article

>>> reuters.categories('training/9865')
['barley', 'corn', 'grain', 'wheat']

Compare the result categories to gold standard by using Reuters corpus.

Comparison will be made using distance of words in WordNet

2. Author Identification

Use F1 score for the test set. Better than just using accuracy

$$F_1 = 2 \cdot \frac{\text{precision} \cdot \text{recall}}{\text{precision} + \text{recall}}$$

Measurement of system

- Time complexity and running time
- Performance quality
- Usefulness and Efficiency
- Comparing this with other algorithm (ex LDA)

Thank you Any Question?