## Programming in C 2014

	2014						
Note-	Attempt all questions.						
	Section-'A' (Objective Type Questions)						
1.	Choose the correct answer:						
	(i) '#' is called:						
	(a) Preprocessor directive (b) Hash sing						
	(c) Productive directive (d) Predefined sign						
	(ii) Handar Clas books and						
	(a) .hh (b) .h (c) .hd (d) .hhd (iii) The conditional operator is:						
	(a) :? (b) ?: (c) = ?: (d) =:?						
	(iv) Switch statement must have						
	(a) break (b) default (c) Case (d) All (v) Which of the full prime is not a basis to a contract the full prime is not a basis to be a contract.						
	(v) Which of the following is not a logical operator?  (a) & (b) && (c)   (d) !						
	(-)						
	(vi) Which bitwise operator is suitable for during off a particular bit in a number?						
	(a) && operator (b) & operator (c)    operator (d) 1 operator						
	(c)   operator (d) 1 operator (vij) A pointer is						
	(a) A keyword used to create variables (b) A variable that groups with a second in the second						
	(b) A variable that stores address of instruction						
	(c) A variable that stores address of other variable						
	(d) All of the above						
	(viii) Which of the following correctly shows the hierarchy of arithmetic apprentices?						
	arithmetic operators?						
	(a) $/+*-$ (b) $*-/+$ (c) $+-/*$ (d) $/*+-$ (iv) An infinite loan van be terminated by						
	(ix) An infinite loop can be terminated by: (a) break (b) exit (0)						
	(","						
	( )						
	(x) Which keyword can be used for coming out of recursion						
	(a) Break (b) Return (c) Exit (d) All						

http://www.onlinebu.com

- (xi) Which of the following are a collection of different data types?
  - (a) String (b) Structure (c) Char (d) All of the above

(xii) User defined data types are	i A				
(a) struct (i	o) e <mark>nu</mark> m				
(c) typedel (c	(d) All of the above				
(xiii)Which operator connects	the str	ucture	namc	of	its
member name?					
. (a) - (b) <- (c)	c) •	(d)	all		
(xiv) Size of union determined by	size of	the:			
(a) First member (	b) Last:	membe	r		
(c) Biggest member					
(d) Sum of the sizer of all i	nember				
(xv) The function which obtain b	lock of r	nemor	y dynar	nica	lly:
(a) Calloc () (b) malloc () (	c) Both	(d)	none none		
Section-'B' (Short Answer	Type Q	uestic	ns)		
Discuss historical development of					
What are flowcharts?					
Discuss the use of 'goto' stateme	nt.				
Discuss relational operators.					
What are bitwise operators.					
Discuss 'break' and 'continue' st	atement.	a			
What are 'pointers'?					
Discuss function declaration.					
What is structure?					
What is union?					
Section-'C' (Long Answer	Type Q	uestic	ons)		
Explain the use of algorithms					
Discuss different data types of C	langua	ges.			
Explain decision control stateme	ent.				
Explain case control statement.					
Discuss different operators of 'C	🖰 langua	age.			
Explain 'for' loop with example.					
Explain two dimensional array v	vith exar	nple.			
Explain different prototypes of f	function:	S.	٠		
Explain different storage classes	in 'C' 1	anguag	c.		
Explain the accessing and storin	g of stri	acture	elemen	ts.	

2.

Or

3.

Or

4.

Or

5.

()r

ń,

()r

7.

()r

8.

Or.

Q,

Or

10.

()r

11.

Or

http://www.onlinebu.com