



## **PROJECT TITLE**

# **{Snake And Ladder Game}**

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Semester: First Semester Date of Performance: 24 /10/2024

Subject Name: C PROGRAMMING Subject Code: 24CAH-101

## 1. Aim/Overview of the practical:

To create a game alike snake ladder using c programming language.

#### 2. Task to be done:

- Define the game rules and flow, including player turns and win conditions.
- Install and configure a C compiler (e.g., GCC) and a code editor (e.g., VS Code).
- Write functions to roll the dice, move players, and manage game states (snakes and ladders).
- Develop a function to visually represent the game board with appropriate markings for players, snakes, and ladders.
- Implement input prompts for player turns and actions.
- Run multiple test cases to ensure all game mechanics work as intended (e.g., correct movement, win detection).
- Optimize the code for readability and performance, adding comments to explain key sections.





### 3. Algorithm/Flowchart:

- Initialize global variables to track player positions (player1, player2) and define arrays for snakes and ladders.
- Create a function to display the game board, marking player positions and indicating snakes (downward arrows) and ladders (upward arrows).
- Implement a function to simulate rolling a six-sided die.
- In a loop, prompt the current player for input, roll the dice, and update the player's position based on the rolled number.
- Check for snakes or ladders at the new position and adjust the player's position accordingly.
- After each move, check if the player has reached square 100. If so, declare them as the winner and reset the game.
- Alternate turns between the two players until a winner is determined.

## 1. Code for experiment/practical:

```
2. // C Program to implement Snake and Ladder Game
3. #include <stdio.h>
4. #include <stdlib.h>
5. #include <time.h>
   int rollDie() { return rand() % 6 + 1; }
10. int player1 = 0, player2 = 0;
12. // Function to print the board
13. void printBoard()
14. {
15.
       int board[101];
16.
       for (int i = 1; i <= 100; i++) {
17.
           board[i] = i;
18.
19.
20.
       int alt = 0; // to switch between the alternate nature of the board
21.
       int iterLR = 101; // iterator to print from left to right
       int iterRL = 80; // iterator to print from right to left
       int val = 100;
24.
       int ladder[] = {6, 77}; // Example ladder positions
       int mouth[] = {23, 45, 61, 65, 98}; // Example snake positions
27.
```





```
while (val--) {
28.
29.
30.
            if (alt == 0) {
31.
                 iterLR--;
                 if (iterLR == player1) {
32.
33.
                     printf("(P1) ");
34.
35.
                else if (iterLR == player2) {
36.
37.
                     printf("(P2) ");
38.
39.
40.
41.
42.
                     int isLadder = 0, isSnake = 0;
43.
44.
                     // Check if the board position is in the ladder array
45.
                     for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(ladder)/sizeof(ladder[0]); i++) {</pre>
                         if (board[iterLR] == ladder[i]) {
46.
47.
                             isLadder = 1;
48.
                             break;
49.
50.
51.
52.
53.
                     for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(mouth)/sizeof(mouth[0]); i++) {</pre>
54.
                         if (board[iterLR] == mouth[i]) {
55.
                             isSnake = 1;
56.
                             break;
57.
58.
59.
60.
                     // Print the board number and the appropriate arrow
61.
                     printf("%d", board[iterLR]);
62.
                     if (isLadder) {
                         printf("|| "); // Ladder position (arrow up)
63.
64.
                     } else if (isSnake) {
65.
                         printf("~ "); // Snake position (arrow down)
66.
                     } else {
67.
                         printf(" "); // Normal position
68.
69.
70.
71.
                 if (iterLR % 10 == 1) {
                     printf("\n\n");
73.
74.
                     iterLR -= 10;
76.
78.
79.
                 iterRL++;
80.
                 if (iterRL == player1) {
                     printf("(P1) ");
81.
82.
83.
                else if (iterRL == player2) {
84.
85.
                     printf("(P2) ");
86.
```





```
87.
88.
89.
90.
                     int isLadder = 0, isSnake = 0;
91.
92.
93.
                     for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(ladder)/sizeof(ladder[0]); i++) {</pre>
94.
                         if (board[iterRL] == ladder[i]) {
95.
                             isLadder = 1;
96.
                             break;
97.
98.
99.
100.
                             // Check if the board position is in the mouth (snake) array
101.
                             for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(mouth)/sizeof(mouth[0]); i++) {</pre>
102.
                                 if (board[iterRL] == mouth[i]) {
103.
                                     isSnake = 1;
104.
                                     break;
105.
106.
107.
108.
                             printf("%d", board[iterRL]);
109.
                             if (isLadder) {
110.
111.
                                 printf("|| "); // Ladder position (arrow up)
112.
                             } else if (isSnake) {
113.
                                 printf("~ "); // Snake position (arrow down)
114.
                             } else {
115.
                                 printf(" "); // Normal position
116.
118.
119.
                         if (iterRL % 10 == 0) {
120.
                             printf("\n\n");
121.
                             alt = 0;
122.
                             iterRL -= 30;
123.
124.
125.
                    if (iterRL == 10)
126.
                        break;
127.
128.
                printf("\n");
129.
130.
131.
132.
            // Function to move the player
133.
            int movePlayer(int currentPlayer, int roll)
134.
135.
                int newPosition = currentPlayer + roll;
136.
137.
                // board
138.
                int snakesAndLadders[101];
139.
                for (int i = 0; i <= 100; i++) {
140.
141.
                    snakesAndLadders[i] = 0;
142.
143.
144.
                // here positive weights represent a ladder
145.
                // and negative weights represent a snake
```





```
146.
                snakesAndLadders[6] = 40;
147.
                snakesAndLadders[23] = -10;
148.
                snakesAndLadders[45] = -7;
149.
                snakesAndLadders[61] = -18;
150.
                snakesAndLadders[65] = -8;
                snakesAndLadders[77] = 5;
151.
152.
                snakesAndLadders[98] = -10;
154.
                int newSquare
155.
                    = newPosition + snakesAndLadders[newPosition];
156.
157.
                if (newSquare > 100) {
158.
                    return currentPlayer; // Player cannot move beyond
159.
                                         // square 100
160.
161.
162.
                return newSquare;
163.
164.
165.
            int main()
166.
167.
              int currentPlayer = 1;
168.
              int won = 0;
169.
              int number;
170.
171.
172.
173.
174.
175.
176.
                srand(time(0)); // Initialize random seed
177.
178.
179.
                printf("Snake and Ladder Game\n");
180.
181.
                while (!won) {
182.
                    printf("Enter a player Name: ");
183.
                    scanf("%d", &currentPlayer);
184.
                    getchar(); // Wait for the player to press Enter
185.
                    int roll = rollDie();
186.
187.
                    if (currentPlayer == 1) {
188.
189.
                        printf("You rolled a %d.\n", roll);
190.
                        system("cls");
191.
                        player1 = movePlayer(player1, roll);
192.
                        printf("You have got %d\n",roll);
193.
                        printf("Now you are at position %d.\n\n",
194.
                             player1);
195.
196.
                        printBoard();
197.
                        if (player1 == 100) {
                            printf("Player 1 wins!\n\n");
198.
199.
                             won = 1;
200.
                             player1 = 0;
201.
                            main();
202.
203.
204.
                    else if (currentPlayer == 2)
```





```
printf("You rolled a %d.\n", roll);
205.
206.
                        system("cls");
207.
                        player2 = movePlayer(player2, roll);
                        printf("You have got %d\n",roll);
208.
                        printf("Now you are at position %d.\n\n",
209.
210.
                             player2);
211.
212.
                        printBoard();
                        if (player2 == 100) {
213.
                             printf("Player 2 wins!\n");
214.
215.
                             won = 1;
                             player2 = 0;
216.
217.
                             main();
218.
219.
                    } else{
220.
                        printf("Invalid player id i.e %d",currentPlayer);
221.
                        printf("\n");
222.
223.
224.
                    currentPlayer = (currentPlayer == 1) ? 2 : 1;
225.
226.
227.
228.
                return 0;
229.
230.
```

## 2. Result/Output/Writing Summary:

- **Dice Rolling**: Players roll a six-sided die to determine their move.
- **Player Movement**: Each player moves forward based on the dice roll, encountering snakes and ladders that affect their positions:
  - Snakes: Landing on a snake sends the player backward.
  - Ladders: Landing on a ladder propels the player forward.
- **Board Representation**: The game board is printed dynamically, showing player positions and indicating snakes and ladders with specific symbols.
- Winning Condition: The game continues until a player reaches square 100, at which point they are declared the winner.
- **User Input**: Players enter their identifiers, and the program prompts them for their turns, making it interactive.





## **Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):**

- Gain an understanding of basic C programming concepts, including variables, loops, and conditional statements.
- Develop skills in implementing random number generation for simulating dice rolls.
- Learn how to use arrays to manage and represent game elements, such as snakes and ladders.
- Understand how to create and call functions to organize code and improve readability.
- Acquire experience in using user input to control game flow and player interactions.
- Enhance problem-solving skills by handling game rules and win conditions.
- Improve debugging skills by troubleshooting issues related to player movement and board representation.

#### **Evaluation Grid:**

Sr. No.	Parameters	Marks Obtained	Maximum Marks
1.	Demonstration and Performance		5
	(Pre Lab Quiz)		
2.	Worksheet		10
3.	Post Lab Quiz		5