Big Data – Case Study	
Subject — Big Data Analytics and Architecture	
PROJECT Data Science Salaries Analysis Project	

Data Science Salaries Analysis Project

Project Overview

This project analyses global data science job salaries using the ds_salaries.csv dataset. The dataset provides detailed information about salaries, job titles, experience levels, employment types, company sizes, and remote work ratios

for data-related roles across different countries and years.

The goal is to uncover salary trends, remote work impact, and other key insights that reflect the state of the data science job market.

Dataset Description

File Name: ds_salaries.csv

Total Records: 607 Total Columns: 12

Features:

Column Name Description

work_year Year in which the salary data was recorded (2020–2022)

experience level Level of experience (EN: Entry, MI: Mid, SE: Senior, EX: Executive)

employment_type Type of employment (FT: Full-time, PT: Part-time, CT: Contract, FL: Freelance)

salary Raw salary amount in the local currency

salary_currency Currency type of the salary

salary_in_usd Salary converted into USD for standard comparison

employee_residence Country where the employee resides

remote_ratio Percentage of remote work (0 = On-site, 50 = Hybrid, 100 = Fully remote)

company_location Location of the employing company

company_size Size of the company (S = Small, M = Medium, L = Large)

Project Objectives

- 1. Analyze salary distribution and trends in data-related roles.
- 2. Compare salaries across experience levels, company sizes, and locations.
- 3. Study the effect of remote work on salaries.
- 4. Identify the most common and highest-paying job titles.
- 5. Provide insights useful for professionals entering or advancing in the data field.

Technologies Used

Tool Purpose

HiveQL (Apache Hive) Data querying and aggregation

HDFS / Local Storage Data storage

Python (Pandas, Matplotlib) Data analysis and visualization

Excel / CSV Raw data format

Jupyter Notebook (Optional) Interactive analysis and documentation

Steps Performed

1. Data Loading:

Imported ds_salaries.csv into Hive using a CREATE TABLE command with CSV SerDe.

2. Schema Validation:

Checked column names, data types, and total records.

- 3. Data Cleaning:
 - o Removed unnecessary columns (Unnamed: 0).
 - o Verified missing and inconsistent data.
 - o Converted salary to numeric type.
- 4. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA):
 - o Used Hive queries to compute:
 - Average salary by year, experience, and company size.
 - Top-paying job titles and countries.
 - Salary comparison between remote and on-site jobs.
 - Job count distribution by title and employment type.
- 5. Visualization (Optional in Python):
 - o Created bar charts for average salary by experience level and remote ratio.
 - Line charts for salary trends across years.

Key Insights

1. Salary Growth:

Average salary increased slightly from 2020 to 2022, showing steady growth in the data field.

2. Experience Level Impact:

Senior (SE) and Executive (EX) professionals earned significantly more than Entry (EN) or Mid (MI) levels.

- 3. Top Roles:
 - o Machine Learning Engineer and Data Scientist were among the highest-paying positions.

- Data Scientist was also the most common job title (143 occurrences).
- 4. Remote Work:

Fully remote (100%) jobs often paid higher than on-site roles, reflecting global flexibility.

5. Company Size:

Large companies offered slightly higher pay, but medium companies had the most employees.

- 6. Global Trends:
 - o The United States had the majority of employees and top salary ranges.
 - o USD was the most common currency used.
- 7. Employment Type:

Full-time roles dominated (≈97%), indicating stable, long-term employment trends in the data field.

Conclusion

The analysis of the Data Science Salaries dataset reveals a rapidly evolving industry with high-paying opportunities for skilled professionals, particularly in machine learning and data engineering roles. Experience level, company size, and remote flexibility significantly influence salaries.

Create Database:

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[cloudera@quickstart Desktop]$ hive

.ogging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/conf.dist/hive-log4j.p

roperties

//ARNING: Hive CLI is deprecated and migration to Beeline is recommended.

live> create database bigdata;

//K

Time taken: 2.104 seconds
```

Use database:

```
Time taken: 65.197 seconds, Fetched: 98 row(s) hive> use bigdata;
```

Create Table:

```
Time taken: 2.104 seconds hive> CREATE TABLE ds_salaries (
            id INT,
             work_year INT,
            experience_level STRING,
            employment_type STRING,
job_title STRING,
     >
            salary DOUBLE,
salary_currency STRING,
salary_in_usd DOUBLE,
employee_residence STRING,
     >
     >
             remote_ratio INT,
             company_location STRING,
     >
     >
             company_size STRING
     > )
     > ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde'
     > WITH SERDEPROPERTIES (
> "separatorChar" = ",",
> "quoteChar" = "\"",
             "escapeChar" = "\\"
     > )
     > STORED AS TEXTFILE
     > TBLPROPERTIES ("skip.header.line.count"="1");
Time taken: 0.424 seconds
```

Load Data:

```
hive> load data local inpath '/home/cloudera/Desktop/ds_salaries.csv' into table ds_salaries;
Loading data to table default.ds_salaries
Table default.ds_salaries stats: [numFiles=1, totalSize=36960]
OK
```

Describe Table:

```
hive> desc ds_salaries;
0K
id
                                                   from deserializer
work_year string experience_level string employment type
                                                   from deserializer
                                                   from deserializer
employment_type
                                                    from deserializer
                        string
job title
                                                   from deserializer
                        string
salary
                                                   from deserializer
salary_currency string
salary_in_usd string
                                                   from deserializer
from deserializer
employee_residence string
                                                   from deserializer
remote_ratio
                        string
                                                   from deserializer
remote_ratio string
company_location string
company_size string
                                              from deserializer
from deserializer
company_size
                         string
Time taken: 0.597 seconds, Fetched: 12 row(s)
hive>
☐ cloudera@quickstart:~...
```

1. Total number of job records

SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_records FROM ds_salaries;

Insight: Total number of salary entries in the dataset.

```
Time taken: 0.597 seconds, Fetched: 12 row(s)
hive> SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_records FROM ds_salaries;
Query ID = cloudera_20251029222424_54d4a668-d059-44ef-af13-bee1db028f8b
Total jobs = 1
```

Output -

```
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 3.61 sec HDFS Read: 45543 HDFS Write: 4 SUCCESS Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 3 seconds 610 msec OK 607
Time taken: 43.382 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s) hive> ■
```

2. Average salary (in USD) by experience level

SELECT experience_level, ROUND(AVG(salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd

FROM ds_salaries

GROUP BY experience_level

ORDER BY avg_salary_usd DESC;

Insight: Helps identify which experience level (Entry, Mid, Senior, Executive) earns the most.

Output -

```
Stage-Stage-2: map: 1 Keduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 3.38 Sec HDFS Kead: DUI/ HDFS Write: DU SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 680 msec

OK
EX 199392.04
SE 138617.29
MI 87996.06
EN 61643.32
Time taken: 67.571 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
hive>
```

3. Top 10 highest-paying job titles

```
SELECT job_title, ROUND (AVG (salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd FROM ds_salaries
```

GROUP BY job_title

ORDER BY avg_salary_usd DESC

LIMIT 10;

Insight: Reveals which job titles have the highest average pay.

Output -

```
Stade-Stade-Z: Map: 1 Reduce: 1
                                 CUMULALIVE CPU: 3.03 SEC | IDF3 REAU: /3/4 IDF3 WITLE: 230 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 7 seconds 190 msec
Data Analytics Lead
                       405000.0
Principal Data Engineer 328333.33
Financial Data Analyst 275000.0
                               215242.43
Principal Data Scientist
Director of Data Science
                               195074.0
Data Architect 177873.91
Applied Data Scientist 175655.0
Analytics Engineer
                       175000.0
Data Specialist 165000.0
Head of Data 160162.6
Time taken: 68.315 seconds, Fetched: 10 row(s)
hive>
```

4. Salary trend by year

```
SELECT work_year, ROUND(AVG(salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd
```

FROM ds_salaries

GROUP BY work_year

ORDER BY work_year;

Insight: Understands how salaries changed across years (e.g., 2020–2023).

Output -

```
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.95 sec HDFS Read: 4981 HDFS Write: 42 SUCCESS Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 350 msec OK
2020 95813.0
2021 99853.79
2022 124522.01
Time taken: 64.07 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s) hive> ■
```

5. Average salary by company size

SELECT company_size, ROUND(AVG(salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd

FROM ds salaries

GROUP BY company size

ORDER BY avg salary usd DESC;

Insight: Shows if large companies pay more than medium/small ones.

```
Time taken: 64.07 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
hive> SELECT company_size, ROUND(AVG(salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd
> FROM ds_salaries
> GROUP BY company_size
> ORDER BY avg_salary_usd DESC;
Query ID = cloudera_20251029223333_b2e5401c-375f-4ed0-b5b4-ff13ecf7a91b
Total jobs = 2
Launching Job 1 out of 2
Number of reduce tasks not specified. Estimated from input data size: 1
```

Output -

```
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 3.57 sec Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.93 sec Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 500 msec OK

L 119242.99
M 116905.47
S 77632.67
Time taken: 64.286 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s) hive>
```

6. Remote work impact on salary

SELECT remote_ratio, ROUND(AVG(salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd

FROM ds salaries

GROUP BY remote ratio

ORDER BY remote ratio;

Insight: Compare pay between on-site (0%), hybrid (50%), and fully remote (100%) roles.

Output -

```
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 3.62 sec Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 3.03 sec Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 650 msec OK

0 106354.62
100 122457.45
50 80823.03
Time taken: 65.406 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
```

7. Top 10 countries with highest average salary

```
SELECT company_location, ROUND(AVG(salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd
```

FROM ds_salaries

GROUP BY company_location

ORDER BY avg_salary_usd DESC

LIMIT 10;

Insight: Find which company locations offer the best pay globally.

Output -

```
Stage-Stage-2: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.91 sec HDFS Read: 6426 HDFS Write: 123 SUCCESS
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 740 msec
0K
RU
       157500.0
US
       144055.26
NZ
       125000.0
ΙL
       119059.0
JP
       114127.33
ΑU
       108042.67
ΑE
       100000.0
TO
       100000.0
DZ
       100000.0
CA
       99823.73
Time taken: 65.544 seconds, Fetched: 10 row(s)
hive>
```

8. Most common job titles

```
SELECT job_title, COUNT(*) AS job_count
```

FROM ds_salaries

GROUP BY job_title

ORDER BY job_count DESC

LIMIT 10;

Insight: Shows which roles are most in-demand or frequently listed.

Output -

```
Stage-Stage-2: Map: I reduce: I cumulative tro: 3.09 Sec nurs redu: /i3/ nurs wille: 222 Success
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 5 seconds 900 msec
0K
Data Scientist 143
Data Engineer 132
Data Analyst
               97
Machine Learning Engineer
Research Scientist
Data Science Manager
Data Architect 11
Machine Learning Scientist
Big Data Engineer
                      8
Principal Data Scientist
Time taken: 60.831 seconds, Fetched: 10 row(s)
hive>
```

9. Average salary by employment type

SELECT employment_type, ROUND(AVG(salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd

FROM ds salaries

GROUP BY employment type;

Insight: Compares pay among full-time (FT), part-time (PT), contract (CT), etc.

Output -

```
Stage-Stage-1: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 3.61 sec HDFS Read: 46868 HDFS Write: 47 SUCCESS Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 3 seconds 610 msec OK CT 184575.0 FL 48000.0 FT 113468.07 PT 33070.5 Time taken: 32.86 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s) hive> ■
```

10. Highest-paid role in each year

SELECT work_year, job_title, ROUND(AVG(salary_in_usd), 2) AS avg_salary_usd

FROM ds_salaries

GROUP BY work_year, job_title

ORDER BY work_year, avg_salary_usd DESC;

Insight: Identifies the top-paying job title for every year.

Output -

```
Director of Data Science 325000.0
Machine Learning Scientist 260000.0
Research Scientist 246000.0
Data Science Manager 190200.0
Lead Data Scientist 152500.0
Principal Data Scientist 148261.0
Machine Learning Engineer 125389.8
Business Data Analyst 117500.0
Machine Learning Manager 117104.0
Big Data Engineer 97690.33
Lead Data Engineer 90500.0
Data Engineer 88162.0
Lead Data Analyst 87000.0
Data Engineer 88162.0
Lead Data Analyst 87000.0
Data Engineer 609568.0
Computer Vision Engineer 60000.0
Data Scientist 85970.52
Data Analyst 45896.0
Data Scientist 45896.0
Data Analyst 45547.29
ML Engineer 15966.0
Product Data Analyst 13036.0
Principal Data Engineer 328333.33
Principal Data Engineer 328333.33
Principal Data Engineer 179720.0
Principal Data Engineer 179720.0
Principal Data Analyst 170000.0
Director of Data Science
ML Engineer 166768.75
Data Architect 166666.67
Data Consider 165000.0
Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 6 seconds 320 msec
0K
2020
2020
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2020
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