Experiment 1

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1. Aim:

- Problem Title: Department-Course Subquery and Access Control
- -- Procedure (Step-by-Step):
- -- Design normalized tables for departments and the courses they offer, maintaining a foreign key relationship.
- -- Insert five departments and at least ten courses across those departments.
- -- Use a subquery to count the number of courses under each department.
- -- Filter and retrieve only those departments that offer more than two courses.
- -- Grant SELECT-only access on the courses table to a specific user

2. DBMS script and output:

```
CREATE TABLE Departments (
DeptID INT PRIMARY KEY,
DeptName VARCHAR(100)
);

CREATE TABLE Courses (
CourseID INT PRIMARY KEY,
CourseName VARCHAR(100),
DeptID INT,
FOREIGN KEY (DeptID) REFERENCES Departments(DeptID)
);
```



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```
INSERT INTO Departments VALUES
```

- (1, 'Computer Science'),
- (2, 'Mechanical Engineering'),
- (3, 'Electrical Engineering'),
- (4, 'Civil Engineering'),
- (5, 'Mathematics');

INSERT INTO Courses VALUES

- (101, 'Data Structures', 1),
- (102, 'Operating Systems', 1),
- (103, 'Database Systems', 1),
- (104, 'Thermodynamics', 2),
- (105, 'Fluid Mechanics', 2),
- (106, 'Circuit Analysis', 3),
- (107, 'Digital Electronics', 3),
- (108, 'Structural Engineering', 4),
- (109, 'Calculus', 5),
- (110, 'Linear Algebra', 5);

SELECT DeptName

FROM Departments

WHERE DeptID IN (

SELECT DeptID

FROM Courses

GROUP BY DeptID

HAVING COUNT(*) > 2

);

GRANT SELECT ON Courses TO [username];

3. Output:

DeptName

Computer Science

4. Learning outcomes:

- You will be able to write basic SQL queries.
- You will learn to perform JOINS in SQL.
- You will understand how to implement foreign k