

\* WAP to implement queue using linked list:

⇒

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
struct Node {
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    struct Node *next;
```

```
};
```

```
void display (struct Node * front) {
```

```
    if (front == NULL) {
```

```
        printf ("Queue is empty\n");
```

```
        return;
```

```
    }
```

```
    struct Node * temp = front;
```

```
    printf ("Queue Elements are: ");
```

```
    while (temp != NULL) {
```

```
        printf ("%d\t", temp->data);
```

```
        temp = temp->next;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf ("\n");
```

```
}
```

```
void enqueue (struct Node ** front,  
              struct Node ** rear, int data) {  
    struct Node * newNode =  
        (struct Node *) malloc (size of (struct  
                                Node));  
    if (newNode == NULL) {  
        printf ("Queue Overflow\n");  
        return;  
    }
```

```
    newNode -> data = data;  
    newNode -> next = NULL;
```

```
    if (*rear == NULL) {  
        *front = *rear = newNode;  
        return;  
    }
```

```
    (*rear) -> next = newNode;  
    *rear = newNode;  
}
```

```
int dequeue (struct Node ** front,  
            struct Node ** rear) {  
    if (*front == NULL) {  
        printf ("Queue Underflow\n");  
        return -1;  
    }
```



```
struct Node *temp = *front;
int dequeuedData = temp->data;
```

```
*front = (*front)->next;
```

```
if (*front == NULL) {
```

```
    *rear = NULL
```

```
}
```

```
free(temp)
```

```
return dequeuedData;
```

```
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int op, n, dequeuedElement;
```

```
    struct Node *front = NULL;
```

```
    struct Node *rear = NULL;
```

```
    printf("Enter 1. Enqueue\n 2. Dequeue\n 3. -1 to stop\n");
```

```
    while(1) {
```

```
        printf("Enter operation);
```

```
        scanf("%d", &op)
```

```
        if (op == -1) {
```

```
            printf("Execution stopped");
```

```
            break;
```

```
        }
```

Switch (op) {

case 1:

printf ("Enter the element to  
enqueue \n");

scanf ("%d", &n);

enqueue (&front, &rear, n);

break;

Case 2:

dequeuedElement = dequeue (&front,  
&rear);

if (dequeuedElement != -1)

printf ("Dequeued Element  
: %d \n", dequeuedElement);

}

break;

}

display (&front);

}

return 0;

}



```
Enter 1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
3. -1 to stop
Enter operation
1
Enter the element to enqueue
12
Queue elements are: 12
Enter operation
1
Enter the element to enqueue
23
Queue elements are: 12 23
Enter operation
2
Dequeued Element: 12
Queue elements are: 23
Enter operation
2
Dequeued Element: 23
Queue is empty
Enter operation
-1
Execution stopped
```