

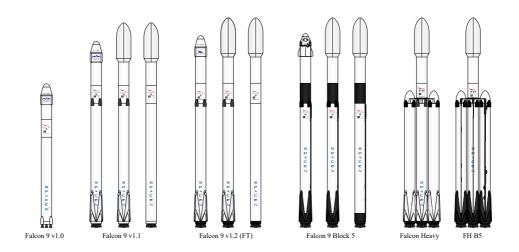
Space X Falcon 9 First Stage Landing Prediction

Web scraping Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy Launches Records from Wikipedia

Estimated time needed: 40 minutes

In this lab, you will be performing web scraping to collect Falcon 9 historical launch records from a Wikipedia page titled List of Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy launches

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Falcon_9_and_Falcon_Heavy_launches



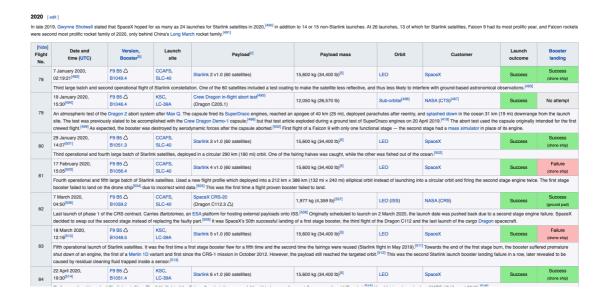
Falcon 9 first stage will land successfully



Several examples of an unsuccessful landing are shown here:



More specifically, the launch records are stored in a HTML table shown below:



Objectives

Web scrap Falcon 9 launch records with BeautifulSoup:

- Extract a Falcon 9 launch records HTML table from Wikipedia
- Parse the table and convert it into a Pandas data frame

First let's import required packages for this lab

```
In [1]: !pip3 install beautifulsoup4
    !pip3 install requests
```

Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/pyth on/lib/python3.7/site-packages (4.11.1)

Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/pytho n/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from beautifulsoup4) (2.3.2.post1)

Requirement already satisfied: requests in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (2.29.0)

Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /home/jupyterlab/cond a/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests) (3.1.0)

Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/pytho n/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests) (3.4)

Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/en vs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests) (1.26.15)

Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests) (2023.5.7)

```
import sys

import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import re
import unicodedata
import pandas as pd
```

and we will provide some helper functions for you to process web scraped HTML table

```
In [3]: def date_time(table_cells):
    """
    This function returns the data and time from the HTML table cell
    Input: the element of a table data cell extracts extra row
    """
    return [data_time.strip() for data_time in list(table_cells.strings)][0:2]

def booster_version(table_cells):
    """
    This function returns the booster version from the HTML table cell
    Input: the element of a table data cell extracts extra row
    """
    out=''.join([booster_version for i,booster_version in enumerate( table_cells return out

def landing_status(table_cells):
    """
    This function returns the landing status from the HTML table cell
    Input: the element of a table data cell extracts extra row
    """
    out=[i for i in table_cells.strings][0]
    return out

def get_mass(table_cells):
```

```
mass=unicodedata.normalize("NFKD", table_cells.text).strip()
    if mass:
        mass.find("kg")
        new_mass=mass[0:mass.find("kg")+2]
    else:
        new mass=0
    return new_mass
def extract_column_from_header(row):
   This function returns the landing status from the HTML table cell
   Input: the element of a table data cell extracts extra row
   if (row.br):
        row.br.extract()
    if row.a:
       row.a.extract()
   if row.sup:
        row.sup.extract()
   colunm_name = ' '.join(row.contents)
   # Filter the digit and empty names
   if not(colunm_name.strip().isdigit()):
        colunm_name = colunm_name.strip()
        return colunm_name
```

To keep the lab tasks consistent, you will be asked to scrape the data from a snapshot of the List of Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy launches Wikipage updated on 9th June 2021

```
In [4]: static_url = "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=List_of_Falcon_9_and_Fa
```

Next, request the HTML page from the above URL and get a response object

TASK 1: Request the Falcon9 Launch Wiki page from its URL

First, let's perform an HTTP GET method to request the Falcon9 Launch HTML page, as an HTTP response.

```
In [5]: # use requests.get() method with the provided static_url
# assign the response to a object
```

Create a BeautifulSoup object from the HTML response

```
In [6]: # Use BeautifulSoup() to create a BeautifulSoup object from a response text cont
```

Print the page title to verify if the BeautifulSoup object was created properly

```
In [7]: # Use soup.title attribute
```

TASK 2: Extract all column/variable names from the HTML table header

Next, we want to collect all relevant column names from the HTML table header

Let's try to find all tables on the wiki page first. If you need to refresh your memory about BeautifulSoup, please check the external reference link towards the end of this lab

```
In [8]: # Use the find_all function in the BeautifulSoup object, with element type `tabl
# Assign the result to a list called `html_tables`
```

Starting from the third table is our target table contains the actual launch records.

You should able to see the columns names embedded in the table header elements <a href="https://example.columns.column

```
Flight No.
Date and<br/>time (<a
href="/wiki/Coordinated_Universal_Time" title="Coordinated
Universal Time">UTC</a>)
<a href="/wiki/List of Falcon 9 first-
stage_boosters" title="List of Falcon 9 first-stage
boosters">Version, <br/>Booster</a> <sup class="reference"
id="cite ref-booster 11-0"><a href="#cite note-booster-11">[b]
</a></sup>
Launch site
Payload<sup class="reference" id="cite ref-</pre>
Dragon_12-0"><a href="#cite_note-Dragon-12">[c]</a></sup>
Payload mass
Orbit
Customer
```

```
Launch<br/>outcome

<a href="/wiki/Falcon_9_first-
stage_landing_tests" title="Falcon 9 first-stage landing
tests">Booster<br/>landing</a>
```

Next, we just need to iterate through the elements and apply the provided extract_column_from_header() to extract column name one by one

```
In [10]: column_names = []

# Apply find_all() function with `th` element on first_launch_table
# Iterate each th element and apply the provided extract_column_from_header() to
# Append the Non-empty column name (`if name is not None and len(name) > 0`) int
```

Check the extracted column names

```
In [15]: print(column_names)
[]
```

TASK 3: Create a data frame by parsing the launch HTML tables

We will create an empty dictionary with keys from the extracted column names in the previous task. Later, this dictionary will be converted into a Pandas dataframe

```
In [12]: launch_dict= dict.fromkeys(column_names)
         # Remove an irrelvant column
         del launch dict['Date and time ( )']
         # Let's initial the launch_dict with each value to be an empty list
         launch_dict['Flight No.'] = []
         launch_dict['Launch site'] = []
         launch_dict['Payload'] = []
         launch_dict['Payload mass'] = []
         launch_dict['Orbit'] = []
         launch_dict['Customer'] = []
         launch_dict['Launch outcome'] = []
         # Added some new columns
         launch dict['Version Booster']=[]
         launch_dict['Booster landing']=[]
         launch dict['Date']=[]
         launch_dict['Time']=[]
```

Next, we just need to fill up the launch_dict with launch records extracted from table rows.

Usually, HTML tables in Wiki pages are likely to contain unexpected annotations and other types of noises, such as reference links B0004.1[8], missing values N/A [e], inconsistent formatting, etc.

To simplify the parsing process, we have provided an incomplete code snippet below to help you to fill up the launch_dict. Please complete the following code snippet with TODOs or you can choose to write your own logic to parse all launch tables:

```
In [13]:
         extracted row = 0
         #Extract each table
         for table_number,table in enumerate(soup.find_all('table', "wikitable plainrowhea")
            # get table row
             for rows in table.find_all("tr"):
                 #check to see if first table heading is as number corresponding to launc
                 if rows.th:
                      if rows.th.string:
                         flight_number=rows.th.string.strip()
                          flag=flight_number.isdigit()
                  else:
                      flag=False
                 #get table element
                  row=rows.find all('td')
                  #if it is number save cells in a dictonary
                  if flag:
                     extracted_row += 1
                     # Flight Number value
                      # TODO: Append the flight number into Launch dict with key `Flight N
                      #print(flight number)
                      datatimelist=date_time(row[0])
                      # Date value
                      # TODO: Append the date into Launch_dict with key `Date`
                      date = datatimelist[0].strip(',')
                      #print(date)
                      # Time value
                      # TODO: Append the time into Launch_dict with key `Time`
                     time = datatimelist[1]
                     #print(time)
                      # Booster version
                      # TODO: Append the bv into launch_dict with key `Version Booster`
                      bv=booster_version(row[1])
```

```
bv=row[1].a.string
              print(bv)
              # Launch Site
              # TODO: Append the by into Launch dict with key `Launch Site`
              launch_site = row[2].a.string
              #print(launch_site)
              # PayLoad
              # TODO: Append the payload into launch_dict with key `Payload`
              payload = row[3].a.string
              #print(payLoad)
              # PayLoad Mass
              # TODO: Append the payload_mass into launch_dict with key `Payload m
              payload_mass = get_mass(row[4])
              #print(payLoad)
              # Orbit
              # TODO: Append the orbit into Launch_dict with key `Orbit`
              orbit = row[5].a.string
              #print(orbit)
              # Customer
              # TODO: Append the customer into Launch_dict with key `Customer`
              customer = row[6].a.string
              #print(customer)
              # Launch outcome
              # TODO: Append the launch_outcome into launch_dict with key `Launch
              launch_outcome = list(row[7].strings)[0]
              #print(launch_outcome)
              # Booster Landing
              # TODO: Append the Launch outcome into Launch dict with key `Booster
              booster landing = landing status(row[8])
              #print(booster_landing)
NameError
                                          Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipykernel 78/354354048.py in <module>
      1 extracted_row = 0
     2 #Extract each table
---> 3 for table_number, table in enumerate(soup.find_all('table', "wikitable plai
nrowheaders collapsible")):
      4 # get table row
           for rows in table.find all("tr"):
NameError: name 'soup' is not defined
```

if not(bv):

After you have fill in the parsed launch record values into <code>launch_dict</code> , you can create a dataframe from it.

```
In [14]: df= pd.DataFrame({ key:pd.Series(value) for key, value in launch_dict.items() })
```

We can now export it to a **CSV** for the next section, but to make the answers consistent and in case you have difficulties finishing this lab.

Following labs will be using a provided dataset to make each lab independent.

df.to_csv('spacex_web_scraped.csv', index=False)

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