Steps to Restore a wbadmin Backup on the Same Server vs. a New Server!

Step	Same Server	New Server
Step 1: List Available Backups	wbadmin get versions -backupTarget:G:	wbadmin get versions
Step 2: Start Recovery	wbadmin start recovery -	wbadmin start recove
	version:03/08/2025-22:00 -	version:03/08/2025-22
	backupTarget:G: -hyperv	backupTarget:G: -hype
Step 3: Check	VM files are restored in the original Hyper-	VM files are restored, I
Restored Files	V location	moved to the correct s
Step 4: Register	VM should automatically reappear in	You may need to man
the VM in Hyper-V	Hyper-V	VM

Restoring steps!

Step 1: List Available Backups:

Before restoring, check the backup versions stored on your backup drive (G:).

PS command: wbadmin get versions -backupTarget:G:

Step 2: Restore the Hyper-V VM:

To restore the entire VM, run this PS command:

wbadmin start recovery -version:02/27/2025-04:19 -backupTarget:G: -hyperv -quiet

Manually Import VM (If Needed)!

If you restored the VM to a different location, you need to manually import it into Hyper-V.

- 1. Open Hyper-V Manager
- 2. Click "Import Virtual Machine"
- 3. Select D:\RestoredVM\
- 4. Click "Register the Virtual Machine in-place"

The VM will now be available again in Hyper-V.

Hyper-V Registration May Be Required!!

On the same server, the VM usually automatically reappears after restoring. On a new server, you may need to manually import the VM.

PS command: Import-VM -Path "C:\RestoredVMs\tm\Virtual Machines\"

Or, use Hyper-V Manager:

- 1. Open Hyper-V Manager
- 2. Click "Import Virtual Machine"
- 3. Browse to the restored VM folder
- 4. Select the .VMCX file and complete the import

✓ this step is usually required on a new server but not on the same server.

Storage Paths May Differ!!

If the original VM was on D:\VM\tm, but the new server has different storage (E:\VM), you may need to move the restored files manually.

PS command: Move-Item "C:\RestoredVMs\tm\" -Destination "E:\VM\tm\" -Force

Then, import it into Hyper-V using:

PS command: Import-VM -Path "E:\VM\tm\Virtual Machines\"

this is required only if the new server has different drive letters or storage paths.

Network and Hyper-V Configuration Differences!!

If the new server has a different network adapter, you may need to update the VM's network settings.

To Fix the VM's Network Adapter After Restoring on a New Server:

PS command:

Get-VM -Name "tm" | Get-VMNetworkAdapter | Remove-VMNetworkAdapter Add-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName "tm" -SwitchName "YourNetworkSwitch"

this step is required only if the network setup is different on the new server.