Automated Incremental Backup for Hyper-V (Daily at 22:00)!!

Created a scheduled PowerShell script to perform incremental backups of our client Dr. RieXXXX Hyper-V VM backups from D:\VM to an external drive (G:\TM Backup).

```
Step 1: Powershell script writing, testing!
```

```
Open Notepad and insert script with this one:
$Source = "D:\VM"
$Destination = "G:\TM Backup"
$LogFile = "G:\TM Backup\backup log.txt"
# Create log folder if not exists
If (!(Test-Path $Destination)) {
  New-Item -ItemType Directory -Path $Destination
# Log start time
Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "Backup Started: $(Get-Date)"
# Perform incremental backup using Robocopy (First time full, then incremental)
Robocopy $Source $Destination /E /ZB /MT:8 /XO /R:3 /W:10 /LOG+:$LogFile
# Log completion time
Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "Backup Completed: $(Get-Date)"
Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "-----"
Save it as (example):
File Name: HyperV Backup.ps1 [Write your own choice]
Location: C:\Scripts\HyperV Backup.ps1 [You can create a folder in your host-server's C:]
Testing: Manually Start the Backup for testing...wait some times and check destination
```

- Open PowerShell as Administrator (Win + X → PowerShell (Admin)).
 Powerther registrate and the Color of the C
- 2. Run the script manually: C:\Scripts\HyperV_Backup.ps1 [Adjust name/folder if applicable].

If it works well, then go to step 2!!

folder!

Step 2: Schedule the Backup to Run Daily at 22:00 [adjust your own].

Since the backup will be on an external drive, we must make sure the drive is connected when the script runs.

It will make a full backup for the first time then make only incremental backup. Also, if you start it manually and make any interrupt, will resume where he left.

- 1. Open Task Scheduler (Win + R \rightarrow Type taskschd.msc \rightarrow Enter).
- 2. Click "Create Basic Task" in the right panel.
- 3. Name: "Hyper-V TM Backup", then click Next.
- 4. Trigger: Choose "Daily", then click Next.
- 5. Set Time: 22:00 (10:00 PM), then click Next.
- 6. Action: Choose "Start a Program", then click Next.
- 7. Program/Script: powershell.exe
- 8. Add Arguments (example, my case):
- -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -File C:\Scripts\HyperV Backup.ps1
- 9. Click Finish.

How This Works!

- ✓ First time = Full backup from D:\VM to G:\TM Backup.
- ✓ Future backups = Incremental (only new files copied).
- \checkmark Check the log file (G:\TM Backup\backup_log.txt) \rightarrow It will show all files copied/success message at the end.
- ✓ Powershell will close automatically after completion of Backup.
- ✓ Runs daily at 22:00 automatically.

```
------ Version 2: --- ------
$Source = "D:\VM"
$Destination = "G:\TM Backup"
$LogFile = "G:\TM Backup\backup_log.txt"
$ErrorLog = "G:\TM Backup\backup error log.txt"
$MaxRetries = 3 # Number of retry attempts
$RetryWait = 120 # Wait time in seconds before retrying (2 minutes)
# Create log folder if not exists
If (!(Test-Path $Destination)) {
  New-Item -ItemType Directory -Path $Destination
}
# Log start time
$StartTime = Get-Date
Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "Backup Started: $StartTime"
$Attempts = 0
$Success = $false
# Retry Loop
Do {
  $Attempts++
  $RobocopyLog = "G:\TM Backup\robocopy_log.txt"
  # Run Backup
  Robocopy $Source $Destination /E /ZB /MT:8 /XO /R:3 /W:10 /LOG:$RobocopyLog
  $ExitCode = $LASTEXITCODE # Get Robocopy exit code
  # Check Exit Code
  If ($ExitCode -eq 0 -or $ExitCode -eq 1) {
    # 0 = No errors, 1 = Some files copied successfully
    $Success = $true
    $EndTime = Get-Date
    $Duration = $EndTime - $StartTime
    Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "Backup Completed Successfully on Attempt $Attempts:
$EndTime"
    Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "Total Backup Time: $($Duration.Hours)h
$($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s"
    # Show success pop-up with duration
    [System.Windows.MessageBox]::Show("Backup completed successfully on attempt
$Attempts!`nTotal Time: $($Duration.Hours)h $($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s",
"Backup Status", 0, 64)
    Break
  } Else {
```

```
# Capture failure details
    Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Backup Attempt $Attempts Failed: $StartTime"
    Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Error Code: $ExitCode"
    Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Check robocopy_log.txt for details."
    Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "-----"
    # If not the last attempt, wait before retrying
    If ($Attempts -It $MaxRetries) {
      Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Retrying backup in $RetryWait seconds..."
      Start-Sleep -Seconds $RetryWait
    }
} While ($Attempts -It $MaxRetries -and -not $Success)
# Final Result
If (-not $Success) {
  # If all retries failed
  $EndTime = Get-Date
  $Duration = $EndTime - $StartTime
  [System.Windows.MessageBox]::Show("Backup Failed after $MaxRetries attempts!`nTotal Time:
$($Duration.Hours)h $($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s`nCheck G:\TM
Backup\backup_error_log.txt", "Backup Error", 0, 16)
  Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Backup Failed after $MaxRetries attempts at $EndTime"
  Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Total Backup Time: $($Duration.Hours)h
$($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s"
# Close PowerShell window after 5 seconds
Start-Sleep -Seconds 5
Exit
```

How This Works!

Logs Success or Failure in a File:

- ✓ If backup succeeds, logs Backup Completed Successfully: [timestamp] in backup log.txt.
- ✓ If backup fails, logs error in backup_error_log.txt with error code.
- ✓ Shows total backup time in the pop-up message.
- ✓ Logs backup time in backup log.txt.
- ✓ If failed, logs total failed time in backup error log.txt.
- ✓ Automatically retries if needed.

Exit Code	Meaning
0	Success – No files copied (already up to date).
1	Success – Files copied successfully.
2	Some files failed to copy.

```
$Source = "D:\VM"
$Destination = "G:\TM Backup"
$LogFile = "G:\TM Backup\backup_log.txt"
$ErrorLog = "G:\TM Backup\backup_error_log.txt"
$MaxRetries = 3 # Number of retry attempts
$RetryWait = 120 # Wait time in seconds before retrying (2 minutes)
# Gmail notification settings
$SMTPServer = "smtp.gmail.com"
$SMTPPort = "587"
$SMTPUser = "your-email@gmail.com" # Replace with your Gmail
$SMTPPass = "your-app-password" # Use an App Password, NOT your normal password
$ToEmail = "your-email@gmail.com" # Replace with your recipient email
# Create log folder if not exists
If (!(Test-Path $Destination)) {
  New-Item -ItemType Directory -Path $Destination
}
# Log start time
$StartTime = Get-Date
Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "Backup Started: $StartTime"
$Attempts = 0
$Success = $false
# Retry Loop
Do {
  $Attempts++
  $RobocopyLog = "G:\TM Backup\robocopy_log.txt"
  # Run Backup
  Robocopy $Source $Destination /E /ZB /MT:8 /XO /R:3 /W:10 /LOG:$RobocopyLog
  $ExitCode = $LASTEXITCODE # Get Robocopy exit code
```

------ Version 3: --- ------

```
# Check Exit Code
  If ($ExitCode -eq 0 -or $ExitCode -eq 1) {
    # 0 = No errors, 1 = Some files copied successfully
    $Success = $true
    $EndTime = Get-Date
    $Duration = $EndTime - $StartTime
    Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "Backup Completed Successfully on Attempt $Attempts:
$EndTime"
    Add-Content -Path $LogFile -Value "Total Backup Time: $($Duration.Hours)h
$($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s"
    # Show success pop-up with duration
    [System.Windows.MessageBox]::Show("Backup completed successfully on attempt
$Attempts!`nTotal Time: $($Duration.Hours)h $($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s",
"Backup Status", 0, 64)
    # Send success email
    $Subject = "Hyper-V Backup Completed Successfully"
    $Body = "Your Hyper-V backup completed successfully at $EndTime.`nTotal Backup Time:
$($Duration.Hours)h $($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s. `nLog File: $LogFile"
    Send-MailMessage -To $ToEmail -From $SMTPUser -Subject $Subject -Body $Body -SmtpServer
$SMTPServer -Port $SMTPPort -Credential (New-Object
System.Management.Automation.PSCredential ($SMTPUser, (ConvertTo-SecureString $SMTPPass -
AsPlainText -Force))) -UseSsl
    Break
  } Else {
    # Capture failure details
    Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Backup Attempt $Attempts Failed: $StartTime"
    Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Error Code: $ExitCode"
    Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Check robocopy_log.txt for details."
    Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "-----"
    # If not the last attempt, wait before retrying
    If ($Attempts -It $MaxRetries) {
```

```
Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Retrying backup in $RetryWait seconds..."
      Start-Sleep -Seconds $RetryWait
  }
} While ($Attempts -It $MaxRetries -and -not $Success)
# Final Result - Send Failure Email
If (-not $Success) {
  $EndTime = Get-Date
  $Duration = $EndTime - $StartTime
  [System.Windows.MessageBox]::Show("Backup Failed after $MaxRetries attempts!`nTotal Time:
$($Duration.Hours)h $($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s`nCheck G:\TM
Backup\backup_error_log.txt", "Backup Error", 0, 16)
  Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Backup Failed after $MaxRetries attempts at $EndTime"
  Add-Content -Path $ErrorLog -Value "Total Backup Time: $($Duration.Hours)h
$($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s"
  # Send failure email
  $Subject = "Hyper-V Backup Failed"
  $Body = "Backup failed after $MaxRetries attempts!`nTotal Time: $($Duration.Hours)h
$($Duration.Minutes)m $($Duration.Seconds)s. `nCheck $ErrorLog for details."
  Send-MailMessage -To $ToEmail -From $SMTPUser -Subject $Subject -Body $Body -SmtpServer
$SMTPServer -Port $SMTPPort -Credential (New-Object
System.Management.Automation.PSCredential ($SMTPUser, (ConvertTo-SecureString $SMTPPass -
AsPlainText -Force))) -UseSsl
}
# Close PowerShell window after 5 seconds
Start-Sleep -Seconds 5
Exit
```

Setup Gmail to Allow Sending Emails:

Since Gmail blocks scripts from sending emails using passwords, you need to use an App Password.

How to Get Your Gmail App Password

- 1. Go to Google App Passwords.
- 2. Select Mail and Windows Computer.
- 3. Click Generate.
- 4. Copy the 16-character app password (example: abcd efgh ijkl mnop).
- 5. Replace \$SMTPPass in the script with your generated app password.

Now You Have Gmail Notifications with Backup Time + Auto-Retry!

- ✓ Success Email + Duration
- ✔ Failure Email + Error Code
- ✔ Backup Time Logged
- ✓ Automatic Retry Up to 3 Times

Restoring!!

Step 1: Copy the Backup to the New Server (If Needed)

If your backup is still on G:\TM Backup, you can either: Run the VM directly from G:\ (not recommended for performance)

Copy the backup to D:\VM on the new server (better for stability)

Step 2: Re-Register the VM in Hyper-V

Once the files are in place, follow one of these two restore methods:

Option 1: Restore Using Hyper-V Import (Best Method)

If your backup contains an exported VM structure, you can import the VM directly:

- 1. Open Hyper-V Manager on the new server.
- 2. Click "Import Virtual Machine" from the right panel.
- 3. Browse to D:\VM (or G:\TM Backup, if running from the external drive).
- 4. Select the VM folder (it should contain Virtual Hard Disks & Virtual Machines).
- 5. Choose:
- **✓**"Register in-place" (if files are already in D:\VM).
- ✓ "Copy the virtual machine" (if moving to another location).
- 6. Click Finish and wait for import to complete.

VM is now restored and ready to start!

Option 2: Manually Recreate the VM and Attach Its Disk

If you only backed up the VHDX file and need to manually create the VM:

- 1. Open Hyper-V Manager.
- 2. Click "New → Virtual Machine".
- 3. Set the same VM settings as before (CPU, RAM, and network).
- 4. When asked for a disk, choose "Use an existing virtual hard disk".
- 5. Browse to D:\VM\Virtual Hard Disks\YourVM.vhdx (or G:\TM Backup).
- 6. Click Finish, and then start the VM.

VM is now restored and running!

Step 3: Verify the Restore

- Check if the VM boots properly.
- ✓ Verify all applications & data inside the VM.
- ✓ Ensure network connectivity is working.

Implemented and documented by:

Mr. Akram
IT-Administrator
Uckert Technology