

SimpleLink™ Wi-Fi® AT Command User's Guide

The SimpleLink™ Wi-Fi® Internet-on-a chip™ family of devices from Texas Instruments™ provides a suite of integrated protocols for Wi-Fi and internet connectivity to dramatically simplify the implementation of internet-enabled devices and applications.

This document describes the AT command protocol for SimpleLink, which is a widely used method to configure and control embedded networking systems due to its simplicity, textual parameter representation, and inherent flexibility.

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1 Supported Platforms

Hardware platforms that support the AT command library are:

- CC3220R
- CC3220S
- CC3220SF

2 Architecture Overview

SimpleLink Wi-Fi AT Command consists of two main modules:

- AT Commands Application
 - The application is one of the following application demos:
 - The AT_Commands application provides control by the AT Commands on the local device.
 - The Serial_wifi application provides control by the AT Commands on the local and the remote device.
 - The user-customized application is based on the two previous applications.
- AT Command Core
 - The core includes the command parser, execution, and return status.
 - The AT Command Core should already be compiled into the library.

The following API communicate between the two modules:

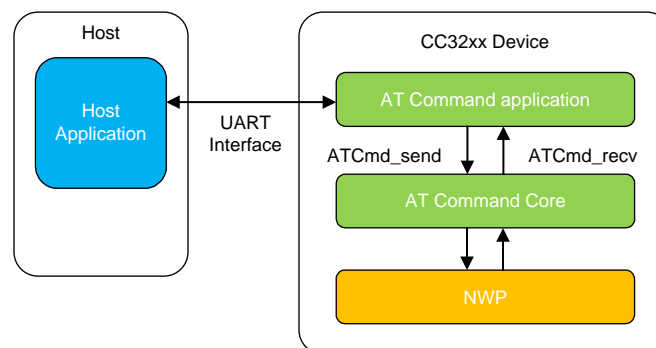
- *ATCmd_create* creates the AT Command core task and initializes the RX event queue.
- *ATCmd_send* transmits string from the AT Command application to the AT Command Core. The function takes one parameter, *Buffer*, which stores the sent string.
- *ATCmd_rcv* transmits a string from the AT Command Core to the AT Command application.

The function takes two parameters:

- *Buffer* stores the received string.
- *Nonblock variant* set to 0 for *waits forever* on the RX queue, otherwise set to 1.

All send and receive buffers should be allocated by the AT Commands application.

Figure 1 shows the basic architecture.



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Figure 1. Basic Architecture Scheme

3 Getting Started

The following describes the procedure to build the AT Command Core. For building and executing the application binary file, refer to the *README.html* file that is located in each AT Command application. Ensure that the AT Command library includes in the application linking list.

The AT Command Core is prebuilt into the library "atcmd.a" per two OS (TI-RTOS and FreeRTOS) and per three compilers (CCS, GCC, and IAR). In the case where changes must be made to the core and you need to recompile it, there are two ways to build it:

- For CCS (TI-RTOS or FreeRTOS), import the CCS project located under {*SDK ROOT*}\source\ti\net\atcmd\ccs and build the library.

NOTE: Pay attention to choose the appropriate product number.

- For all other favorites (including CCS), open the command prompt line under the directory {*SDK ROOT*}\source\ti\net\atcmd, and execute *gmake* from the XDC tool root directory. To clean all outputs, execute *gmake clean*.

4 Commands Summary

Table 1. Device Commands

Command	Definition
AT+Start	Starts the network processor (NWP)
AT+Stop	Stops the NWP
AT+Get	Gets device configurations
AT+Set	Sets device configurations
AT+Test	Test command

Table 2. Socket Commands

Command	Definition
AT+Socket	Create an endpoint for communication
AT+Close	Close socket
AT+Accept	Accept a connection on a socket
AT+Bind	Assign a name to a socket
AT+Listen	Listen for connections on a socket
AT+Connect	Initiate a connection on a socket
AT+Select	Monitor socket activity
AT+SetSockOpt	Set socket options
AT+GetSockOpt	Get socket options
AT+Recv	Read data from TCP socket
AT+RecvFrom	Read data from socket
AT+Send	Write data to TCP socket
AT+SendTo	Write data to socket

Table 3. WLAN Commands

Command	Definition
AT+WlanConnect	Connect to WLAN network as a station
AT+WlanDisconnect	Disconnect connection
AT+WlanProfileAdd	Add profile
AT+WlanProfileGet	Get profile

Table 3. WLAN Commands (continued)

Command	Definition
AT+WlanProfileDel	Delete profile
AT+WlanPolicySet	Set policy values
AT+WlanPolicyGet	Get policy values
AT+WlanScan	Gets the WLAN scan operation results
AT+WlanSetMode	WLAN set mode
AT+WlanSet	Setting WLAN configurations
AT+ WlanGet	Getting WLAN configurations

Table 4. File System Commands

Command	Definition
AT+FileOpen	Open file in storage device
AT+FileClose	Close file in storage device
AT+FileCtl	Controls various file system operations
AT+FileDel	Delete file from storage device
AT+FileGetFilelist	Get list of a files
AT+FileGetInfo	Get information of a file
AT+FileRead	Read block of data from a file in storage device
AT+FileWrite	Write block of data to a file in storage device

Table 5. Network Application Commands

Command	Definition
AT+NetAPPStart	Starts a network application
AT+NetAPPStop	Stops a network application
AT+NetAPPGetHostByName	Get host IP by name
AT+NetAPPGetHostByService	Host IP by service
AT+NetAPPSet	Setting network applications configurations
AT+NetAPPGet	Getting network applications configurations
AT+NetAPPSend	Sends Network Application response or data following a Network Application request event
AT+NetAPPRecv	Receives data from the network processor following a Network Application response event
AT+NetAPPPing	Send ping to network hosts
AT+NetAPPGetServiceList	Get service list
AT+NetAPPRegisterService	Register a new mDNS service
AT+NetAPPUnRegisterService	Unregister mDNS service

Table 6. Network Configuration Commands

Command	Definition
AT+NetCfgSet	Setting network configurations
AT+NetCfgGet	Getting network configurations

Table 7. Network Utility Commands

Command	Definition
AT+NetUtilGet	Getting utilities configurations
AT+NetUtilCmd	Performing utilities-related commands

Table 8. Asynchronous Events

Command	Definition
+EventFatalError	Fatal Error event for inspecting fatal error
+EventGeneral	General asynchronous event for inspecting general events
+EventWlan	WLAN asynchronous event
+EventNetApp	Network Application asynchronous event
+EventSock	Socket asynchronous event

5 Protocol Syntax

5.1 Commands

Syntax:

AT<command name>=<param1>, <param2>, ..., <paramX>

- Commands that contain parameters should include an equal sign (=) between the command name and the first parameter.
- Commands that contain parameters should include a comma mark (,) as a delimiter between them—comma delimiters are mandatory.
- In case the parameter is defined as "ignore" or "optional", it could be left empty but the comma delimiter should be mentioned—it looks like two conjunction delimiters (,,).
- Parameters that are left empty must be treated as 0 or NULL (according to the parameter type), and in case it was not defined as "ignore" or "optional", an error should be raised.
- String parameters containing spaces must be enclosed with quotes (" ").
- String parameters containing a comma delimiter (,) must be enclosed with quotes (" ").
- Numeric value parameters could be one of the following:
 - Decimal
 - Hexadecimal—must have a prefix of zero x notation (0x)
- Numeric array parameters could be enclosed with square brackets ([]).
- Numeric array parameters could be one of the following:
 - IPv4 address—contains four numeric values (8 bits each) with a point mark (.) as a delimiter between them enclosed with or without square brackets—x.x.x.x or [x.x.x.x]
 - IPv6 address—contains four numeric values (32 bit each) with a colon mark (:) as a delimiter between them enclosed with or without square brackets—x:x:x:x or [x:x:x:x]
 - MAC address—contains six numeric values (8 bit each) with a colon mark (:) as a delimiter between them enclosed with or without square brackets—x:x:x:x:x:x or [x:x:x:x:x:x]
- Bitmask parameters should contain values with a vertical bar (|) as delimiter between them enclosed with or without square brackets—x|x|x or [x|x|x]
- The AT command handler allows for the AT commands to be entered in uppercase or lowercase with spaces between the arguments.
- Data parameter should be one of the following formats:
 - Binary format
 - Base64 format—binary to text encoding

5.2 Command Return Status

Command return status could be one of the following cases:

- Command that returns values:

```
<command name>: <value1>, ..., <valueX>
```

- Command that returns success:

```
OK
```

- Command that returns failure:

```
ERROR:<error description>, <error code>
```

Command return status should include a colon mark (:) between the command name and the first value.

Command return status that contains list values should include a semicolon mark (;) as a delimiter between the list members.

5.3 Asynchronous Event

The events may arrive at any time. Asynchronous events are always built in the following format:

```
<event name>: <event ID>, <value1>, ..., <valueX>
```

The event should include a colon mark (:) between the event name and the event ID.

6 Command Description

6.1 Device Commands

Table 9. AT+Start Starts the NWP

Request:	Response:
AT+Start	OK
Arguments: none	Arguments: none

Table 10. AT+Stop Stops the NWP

Request:	Response:
AT+Stop =[Timeout]	OK
Arguments: Timeout: Stop timeout in milliseconds should be used to give the device time to finish any transmission or reception that is not completed when the function was called. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Enter to hibernate immediately 0xFFFF: Host waits for the response from the device before hibernating, without timeout protection 0 <Timeout[msec] <0xFFFF: Host waits for the response from the device before hibernating, with a defined timeout protection This timeout defines the maximum time to wait. The NWP response can be sent earlier than this timeout. 	Arguments: none

Table 11. AT+Get Getting Device Configurations

Request:		Response:
AT+Get= [ID],[Option]		+Get:[Value1],...,[ValueX] OK
Arguments:		Arguments:
ID	Option	Return Values
<i>Status</i>	<i>Device</i>	Value1: bitmask: General error
	<i>WLAN</i>	Value1: bitmask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WLANASYNCONNECTEDRESPONSE • WLANASYNCDISCONNECTEDRESPONSE • STA_CONNECTED • STA_DISCONNECTED • P2P_DEV_FOUND • CONNECTION_FAILED • P2P_NEG_REQ_RECEIVED • RX_FILTERS • WLAN_STA_CONNECTED
	<i>BSD</i>	Value1: bitmask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TX_FAILED
	<i>NETAPP</i>	Value1: bitmask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IPACQUIRED • IPACQUIRED_V6 • IP_LEASED • IP_RELEASED • IPV4_LOST • DHCP_ACQUIRE_TIMEOUT • IP_COLLISION • IPV6_LOST
<i>General</i>	<i>Version</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value1: Chip ID • Value2: FW Version (x.x.x.x) • Value3: PHY Version (x.x.x.x) • Value4: NWP Version (x.x.x.x) • Value5: ROM Version
	<i>Time</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value1: Hour = Current hours • Value2: Minute = Current minutes • Value3: Second = Current seconds • Value4: Day = Current Date, 1–31 • Value5: Month = Current Month, 1–12 • Value6: Year = Current year
	<i>Persistent</i>	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: Enable • 0: Disable
<i>IOT</i>	<i>UDID</i>	16 bytes

Table 12. AT+Set Setting Device Configurations

Request:			Response:
AT+Set= [ID],[Option],[Value1],...,[ValueX]			OK
Arguments:			
ID	Option	Value	
General	<i>Persistent</i> sets the default system-wide configuration persistence mode. In case true, all APIs that follow <i>system configured</i> persistence (see persistence attribute noted per API) shall maintain the configured settings. In case false, all calls to APIs that follow <i>system configured</i> persistence shall be volatile. Configuration should revert to default after reset or power recycle.	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Enable 0: Disable 	
	<i>Time</i> sets the device time and date	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Hour = Current hours Value2: Minute = Current minutes Value3: Second = Current seconds Value4: Day = Current Date, 1–31 Value5: Month = Current Month, 1–12 Value6: Year = Current year 	

Table 13. AT+Test Test Command

Request:	Response:
AT+Test	OK
Arguments: none	Arguments: none

6.2 Socket Commands

Table 14. AT+Socket Create an End-Point for Communication

Request:	Response:
AT+Socket= [Domain],[Type],[Protocol]	+Socket: [socket] OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Domain: Specifies the protocol family of the created socket: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INET: For network protocol IPv4 INET6: For network protocol IPv6 RF: For starting transceiver mode Type: Specifies the communication semantic: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> STREAM: Reliable stream-oriented service or Stream Sockets DGRAM: Datagram service or Datagram Sockets RAW: Raw protocols atop the network layer Protocol: Specifies a particular transport to be used with the socket: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TCP UDP RAW SEC 	Arguments: socket: Socket descriptor that will be used in the socket commands described in Table 15 through Table 26 .

Table 15. AT+Close Close Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+Close= [socket]	+Close: [socket] OK
Arguments: socket: Socket descriptor received from AT+Socket command	

Table 16. AT+Accept Accept a Connection on a Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+Accept = [socket],[family]	OK +Accept: [New Socket],[Family],[Port],[Address]
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> socket: Socket descriptor received from AT+Socket command family: Specifies the protocol family of the created socket: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INET: For network protocol IPv4 INET6: For network protocol IPv6 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NewSocket: New connected socket Family: internet protocol (AF_INET) Port: Address port Address: Peer socket address

Table 17. AT+Bind Assign a Name to a Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+Bind = [Socket],[Family],[Port],[Address]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Socket: Socket descriptor received from AT+Socket command Family: Specifies the protocol family of the created socket: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INET: For network protocol IPv4 INET6: For network protocol IPv6 Port: Address port Address: Local socket address 	

Table 18. AT+Listen Listen for Connections on a Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+Listen = [socket],[backlog]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> socket: Received from AT+Socket command backlog: Listen 	

Table 19. AT+Connect Initiate a Connection on a Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+Connect = [Socket],[Family],[Port],[Address]	OK +Connect : [Port], [Address]
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Socket: Received from AT+Socket command • Family: internet protocol: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – INET: For network protocol IPv4 – INET6: For network protocol IPv6 • Port: Address port • Address: Peer socket address ("x.x.x.x") 	

Table 20. AT+Select Monitor Socket Activity

Request:	Response:
AT+Select = [nfds],[readsds],[timeout sec],[timeout usec]	OK +Select: [readsds]
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • nfds: The highest-numbered file descriptor in any of the three sets (read, write, and except) • readsds: Socket descriptors as bit list (for example, 0 2 for monitoring socket 0 and socket 2) • timeout sec: Time in seconds is an upper bound on the amount of time elapsed before select() returns. 0 means return immediately. • timeout usec: Time in microseconds 	Arguments: readsds: Socket descriptors list for read monitoring and accept monitoring

Table 21. AT+SetSockOpt Set Socket Options

Request:			Response:
AT+SetSockOpt = [sd],[Level],[Option],[Value1],...,[ValueX]			OK
Arguments: sd: Socket descriptor			
Level: Defines the protocol level for this option	Option	Value	
SOCKET	KEEPALIVE Enable or disable periodic keep alive. Keeps TCP connections active by enabling the periodic transmission of messages	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Enable 0: Disable 	
	KEEPALIVETIME Set keep alive timeout	Value1: Timeout in seconds	
	RX_NO_IP_BOUNDARY Enable or disable RX IP boundary	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Enable 0: Disable 	
	RCVTIMEO Sets the timeout value that specifies the maximum amount of time an input function waits until it completes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Seconds Value2: Microseconds. 10000 microseconds resolution 	
	RCVBUF Sets TCP maximum receive window size	Value1: Size in bytes	
	NONBLOCKING Sets socket to nonblocking	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Enable 0: Disable 	
	SECMETHOD Sets method to TCP secured socket	Value1 security method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSLV3: Security method SSL v3 TLSV1: Security method TLS v1 TLSV1_1: Security method TLS v1_1 TLSV1_2: Security method TLS v1_2 SSLV3_TLSV1_2: Use highest possible version from SSLv3–TLS 1.2 	
	SECURE_MASK Sets specific ciphers as OR bitmask to TCP secured socket (default value: all ciphers)	Value1: Cipher type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256 	

Table 21. AT+SetSockOpt Set Socket Options (continued)

Request:		Response:
SOCKET (continued)	SECURE_FILES_CA_FILE_NAME Map secured socket to CA file by name	Value1: File name
	SECURE_FILES_PRIVATE_KEY_FILE_NAME Map secured socket to private key by name	Value1: File name
	SECURE_FILES_CERTIFICATE_FILE_NAME Map secured socket to certificate file by name	Value1: File name
	SECURE_FILES_DH_KEY_FILE_NAME Map secured socket to Diffie Hellman file by name	Value1: File name
	CHANGE_CHANNEL Sets channel in transceiver mode	Value1: Channel number (range is 1–13)
	SECURE_ALPN Sets the ALPN list	Value1: The parameter is a bit map consist of or of the following values: H1 H2 H2C H2_14 H2_16 FULL_LIST
	LINGER Socket lingers on close pending remaining send and receive packets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Enable 0: Disable Value2: Linger time in seconds
	SECURE_EXT_CLIENT_CHLNG_RESP Set with no parameter to indicate that the client uses external signature using Network Application request	Value1: Ignore
	SECURE_DOMAIN_NAME_VERIFICATION Set a domain name, to check in SSL client connection	Value1: Domain name
IP	MULTICAST_TTL Set the time-to-live value of outgoing multicast packets for this socket	Value1: Number of hops
	ADD_MEMBERSHIP UDP socket, join a multicast group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IPv4 multicast address to join Value2: Multicast interface address
	DROP_MEMBERSHIP UDP socket, leave a multicast group	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IPv4 multicast address to join Value2: Multicast interface address
	RAW_RX_NO_HEADER Raw socket remove IP header from received data	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Remove header 0: Keep header
	HDRINCL RAW socket only, the IPv4 layer generates an IP header when sending a packet unless this option is enabled on the socket	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Enable 0: Disable
	RAW_IPV6_HDRINCL RAW socket only, the IPv6 layer generates an IP header when sending a packet unless this option is enabled on the socket	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Enable 0: Disable

Table 21. AT+SetSockOpt Set Socket Options (continued)

Request:		Response:
PHY	PHY_RATE Set WLAN PHY transmit rate on RAW socket	Value1: Rate
	PHY_TX_POWER RAW socket, set WLAN PHY TX power	Value1: Power range is 1–15
	PHY_NUM_FRAMES_TO_TX RAW socket, set number of frames to transmit in transceiver mode	Value1: Number of frames
	PHY_PREAMBLE RAW socket, set WLAN PHY preamble for long or short	Value1: Preamble value
	PHY_TX_INHIBIT_THRESHOLD RAW socket, set WLAN TX inhibit threshold (CCA).	Value1: Threshold value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MIN • LOW • DEFAULT • MED • HIGH • MAX
	PHY_TX_TIMEOUT RAW socket, changes the TX timeout (lifetime) of transceiver frames	Value1: Time in milliseconds, maximum value is 10 ms
	PHY_ALLOW_ACKS RAW socket, enable sending ACKs in transceiver mode	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: Enable • 0: Disable

Table 22. AT+GetSockOpt Get Socket Options

Request:	Response:
AT+GetSockOpt = [sd],[level],[option]	+GetSockOpt: [value1],...,[valueX] OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sd: Socket handle • level: Defines the protocol level for this option (see Table 21) • option: Defines the option name to interrogate (see Table 21) 	Arguments: value1,...,valueX (see the AT+SetSockOpt command in Table 21)

Table 23. AT+Recv Read Data From TCP Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+Recv = [sd],[format],[length]	OK +Recv: [sd],[format],[length],[data]
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sd: Socket handle • format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 0: Binary data format – 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) • length: Maximum number of bytes to receive 	

Table 24. AT+RecvFrom Read Data From Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+RecvFrom = [sd],[family],[port],[addr],[format],[length]	OK +RecvFrom: [sd],[format],[length],[data]
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> sd: Socket handle family: internet protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INET: For network protocol IPv4 INET6: For network protocol IPv6 port: Address port (16 bits) addr: internet address (32 bits) format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: Maximum number of bytes to receive 	

Table 25. AT+Send Write Data to TCP Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+Send = [sd],[format],[length],[data]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> sd: Socket handle format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: Number of bytes to send data: Data to send 	

Table 26. AT+SendTo Write Data to Socket

Request:	Response:
AT+SendTo = [sd],[family],[port],[addr],[format],[length],[data]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> sd: Socket handle family: internet protocol: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INET: For network protocol IPv4 INET6: For network protocol IPv6 port: Address port (16 bits) addr: internet address (32 bits) format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: Maximum number of bytes to receive data: Data to send 	

6.3 WLAN Commands

Table 27. AT+WlanConnect Connect to WLAN Network as a Station

Request:	Response:
AT+WlanConnect = [SSID],[BSSID],[SecurityType],[SecurityKey],[SecurityExtUser],[SecurityExtAnonUser],[SecurityExtEapMethod]	OK
<p>Arguments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SSID: Name of the Access Point • BSSID: Access Point MAC address (Optional) • SecurityType: Security type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – OPEN – WEP – WEP_SHARED – WPA_WPA2 – WPA_ENT – WPS_PBC – WPS_PIN • SecurityKey: Password (Optional in case it is not needed) • SecurityExtUser: Enterprise user name parameters (Ignored in case WPA_ENT was not selected) • SecurityExtAnonUser: Enterprise anonymous user name parameters (Ignored in case WPA_ENT was not selected) • SecurityExtEapMethod: Extensible Authentication Protocol (Ignored in case WPA_ENT was not selected): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – TLS – TTLS_TLS – TTLS_MSCHAPv2 – TTLS_PSK – PEAP0_TLS – PEAP0_MSCHAPv2 – PEAP0_PSK – PEAP1_TLS – PEAP1_PSK 	

Table 28. AT+WlanDisconnect Disconnect the Connection

Request:	Response:
AT+WlanDisconnect	OK
Arguments: none	

Table 29. AT+WlanProfileAdd Add Profile

Request:	Response:
AT+WlanProfileAdd = [SSID],[BSSID],[SecurityType],[SecurityKey],[SecurityExtUser],[SecurityExtAnonUser],[SecurityExtEapMethod],[Priority]	+WlanProfileAdd: [index] OK
<p>Arguments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSID: Name of the Access Point BSSID: Access Point MAC address (Optional) SecurityType: Security type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> OPEN WEP WEP_SHARED WPA_WPA2 WPA_ENT WPS_PBC WPS_PIN SecurityKey: Password (Optional in case it is not needed) SecurityExtUser: Enterprise user name parameters (Ignored in case WPA_ENT was not selected) SecurityExtAnonUser: Enterprise anonymous user name parameters (Ignored in case WPA_ENT was not selected) SecurityExtEapMethod: Extensible Authentication Protocol (Ignored in case WPA_ENT was not selected): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TLS TTLS_TLS TTLS_MSCHAPv2 TTLS_PSK PEAP0_TLS PEAP0_MSCHAPv2 PEAP0_PSK PEAP1_TLS PEAP1_PSK Priority: Profile priority: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lowest priority: 0 Highest priority: 15 	<p>Arguments: index: Profile stored index</p>

Table 30. AT+WlanProfileGet Get Profile

Request:	Response:
AT+WlanProfileGet = [index]	+WlanProfileGet: [SSID],[BSSID],[SecurityType],[SecurityExtUser],[SecurityExtAnonUser],[SecurityExtEapMethod],[priority] OK
<p>Arguments: index: Profile stored index received from +WlanProfileAdd</p>	Arguments: See the AT+WlanProfileAdd command in Table 29 .

Table 31. AT+WlanProfileDel Delete Profile

Request:	Response:
AT+ WlanProfileDel = [index]	OK
<p>Arguments: index: Number of profile to delete received from +WlanProfileAdd To delete all profiles, use index = 0xFF</p>	

Table 32. AT+WlanPolicySet Set Policy Values

Request:			Response:
AT+WlanPolicySet = [Type],[Option],[Value]			OK
Type	Option	Value	
CONNECTION Defines options available to connect to the AP (Options could be set as bit masked). No option selected = disable all	<i>Auto</i> Reconnect to one of the stored profiles each time the connection fails or the device is rebooted	Ignore	
	<i>Fast</i> Establish a fast connection to AP	Ignore	
	<i>P2P</i> Automatically connect to the first P2P device available	Ignore	
	<i>Auto_Provisioning</i> Start the provisioning process after a long period of disconnection when profiles exist	Ignore	
SCAN Defines system scan time interval. An interval is 10 minutes. After settings scan interval, an immediate scan is activated	<i>Hidden_SSID</i>	Scan interval in seconds	
	<i>No_Hidden_SSID</i>	Scan interval in seconds	
	<i>Disable_Scan</i>	Ignore	
PM Defines a power management policy for Station mode	<i>Normal</i>	Ignore	
	<i>Low_Latency</i>	Ignore	
	<i>Low_Power</i>	Ignore	
	<i>Always_On</i>	Ignore	
	<i>Long_Sleep</i>	Maximum sleep time in milliseconds	
P2P Defines P2P negotiation policy parameters for P2P role	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLIENT Indicates that the device is forced to be CLIENT GROUP_OWNER Indicates that the device is forced to be P2P GO NEGOTIATE Indicates that the device can be either CLIENT or GO, depending on the Wi-Fi Direct® negotiation tiebreaker 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ACTIVE When the remote peer is found after the discovery process, the device immediately sends the negotiation request to the peer device. PASSIVE When the remote peer is found after the discovery process, the device passively waits for the peer to start the negotiation, and only responds after. RAND_BACKOFF When the remote peer is found after the discovery process, the device triggers a random timer (from 1 to 6 seconds). During this period, the device passively waits for the peer to start the negotiation. If the timer expires without negotiation, the device immediately sends the negotiation request to the peer device. 	

Table 33. AT+WlanPolicyGet Get Policy Values

Request:	Response:
AT+WlanPolicyGet = [Type]	+WlanPolicyGet: [Option],[Value] OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type: Type of policy. The options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CONNECTION Get connection policy SCAN Get scan policy PM Get power management policy P2P Get P2P policy 	Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Option: See the AT+WlanPolicySet command in Table 32 Value: See the AT+WlanPolicySet command in Table 32

Table 34. AT+WlanScan Gets the WLAN Scan Operation Results

Request:	Response:
AT+WlanScan = [Index],[Count]	+WlanScan: [SSID],[BSSID],[RSSI],[Channel],[Security_Type],[Hidden_SSID], [Cipher],[Key_Mgmt]; OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Index: Starting index identifier (range 0–29) for getting scan results. Count: How many entries to fetch; maximum is 30 	Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSID: Wireless LAN identifier BSSID: MAC address of the wireless access point Channel RSSI: Relative received signal strength in a wireless environment Security_Type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> OPEN WEP WPA WPA2 WPA_WPA2 Hidden_SSID: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Hidden 0: Not hidden Cipher: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> None WEP40 WEP104 TKIP CCMP Key_Mgmt: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> None 802_1_X PSK

Table 35. AT+WlanSetMode WLAN Set Mode

Request:	Response:
AT+WlanSetMode = [Mode]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mode: WLAN mode to start the device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> STA: For WLAN station mode AP: For WLAN Access Point mode P2P: For WLAN P2P mode 	

Table 36. AT+WlanSet Setting WLAN Configurations

Request:			Response:
AT+WlanSet = [ID],[Option],[Value1],...,[ValueX]			OK
ID	Option	Value	
AP	SSID Set SSID for AP mode	String up to 32 characters	
	CHANNEL Set channel for AP mode	Channel in the range of [1–11]	
	HIDDEN_SSID Set Hidden SSID Mode for AP mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Disabled 1: Send empty (length = 0) SSID in beacon and ignore probe request for broadcast SSID 2: Clear SSID (ASCII 0), but keep the original length (this may be required with some clients that do not support empty SSID) and ignore probe requests for broadcast SSID 	
	SECURITY Set Security type for AP mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OPEN: Open security WEP: WEP security WPA_WPA2: WPA security 	
	PASSWORD Set Password for AP mode (for WEP or for WPA)	Password for WPA: 8–63 characters Password for WEP: 5 or 13 characters (ASCII)	
	MAX_STATIONS Set Max AP stations	1...4 Note: can be less than the number of currently connected stations	
	MAX_STA_AGING Set Max station aging time	Number of seconds	
	ACCESS_LIST_MODE Set AP access list mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DISABLE DENY_LIST: Set Black List Mode 	
	ACCESS_LIST_ADD_MAC Add MAC address to the AP access list	MAC address: 6 characters	
	ACCESS_LIST_DEL_MAC Delete MAC address from the AP access list	MAC address: 6 characters	
	ACCESS_LIST_DEL_IDX Delete MAC address from index in the AP access list	Index	

Table 36. AT+WlanSet Setting WLAN Configurations (continued)

Request:			Response:
GENERAL	COUNTRY_CODE Set Country Code for AP mode	Two characters country code	
	STA_TX_POWER Set STA mode TX power level	Number between 0–15, as dB offset from maximum power (0 sets maximum power)	
	AP_TX_POWER Set AP mode TX power level	Number between 0–15, as dB offset from maximum power (0 sets maximum power)	
	INFO_ELEMENT Set Info Element for AP mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Index of the info element Value2: Role: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> AP P2P Value3: Info element ID Value4: Organization unique ID first Byte Value5: Organization unique ID second Byte Value6: Organization unique ID third Byte Value7: Info element (maximum 252 chars) 	
	SCAN_PARAMS Set scan parameters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Channel mask Value2: RSSI threshold 	
	SUSPEND_PROFILES Set suspended profiles mask	Suspended bitmask	
	DISABLE_ENT_SERVER_AUTH This option enables to skip server authentication and is valid for one use, when manually connection to an enterprise network	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Disable the server authentication 0: Enable 	
P2P	DEV_TYPE Set P2P Device type	Device type is published under P2P I.E (maximum length of 17 characters)	
	CHANNEL_N_REGS Set P2P Channels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Listen channel (either 1/6/11 for 2.4 GHz) Value2: Listen regulatory class (81 for 2.4 GHz) Value3: Operating channel (channel 1, 6, or 11 for 2.4 GHz) Value4: Operating regulatory class (81 for 2.4 GHz) 	
RX_FILTER	STATE Enable or disable filters	Filter Bitmap array (16 bytes in format xx:xx)	
	SYS_STATE Enable or disable system filters	Filter Bitmap array (4 bytes in format xx:xx)	
	REMOVE Remove filters	Filter Bitmap array (16 bytes in format xx:xx)	
	STORE Save the filters as persistent	null	

Table 37. AT+ WlanGet Getting WLAN Configurations

Request:		Response:
AT+WlanGet = [ID],[Option]		+WlanGet: [Value1],...,[ValueX] OK
Arguments:		Arguments: See the AT+WlanSet command in Table 36 .
ID	Option	
AP	SSID Get SSID for AP mode	
	CHANNEL Get channel for AP mode	
	HIDDEN_SSID Get Hidden SSID Mode for AP mode	
	SECURITY Get Security type for AP mode	
	PASSWORD Get Password for AP mode (for WEP or for WPA)	
	MAX_STATIONS Get Max AP allowed stations	
	MAX_STA_AGING Get AP aging time in seconds	
	ACCESS_LIST_NUM_ENTRIES Get AP access list number of entries	
ACCESS_LIST Get the AP access list from start index	The start index in the access list	
GENERAL	COUNTRY_CODE Get Country Code for AP mode	
	STA_TX_POWER Get STA mode TX power level	
	AP_TX_POWER Get AP mode TX power level	
	SCAN_PARAMS Get scan parameters	
P2P	CHANNEL_N_REGS Get P2P Channels	
RX_FILTER	STATE Retrieves the filters enable/disable status	
	SYS_STATE Retrieves the system filters enable or disable status	

Table 37. AT+ WlanGet Getting WLAN Configurations (continued)

Request:		Response:
Connection	Ignore	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Role: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> sta ap p2p Value2: Status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> disconnected station_connected p2pcl_connected p2pgo_connected ap_connected_stations Value3: Security: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> open wep wpa_wpa2 wps_pbc wps_pin wpa_ent wep_shared Value4: SSID Name Value5: BSSID Value6: Device name (relevant to P2P Client only)

6.4 File System Commands

Table 38. AT+FileOpen Open File in Storage Device

Request:	Response:
AT+FileOpen= [Filename], [Options],[File size]	+FileOpen:[FileID],[Secure Token] OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Filename: Full path File Name • Options: Bitmask depend in option: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – READ: Read a file (no bitmask) – WRITE: Open for write for an existing file (optionally bitmask with CREATE) – CREATE: Open for creating a new file (optionally bitmask with WRITE or OVERWRITE) – OVERWRITE: Opens an existing file (optionally bitmask with CREATE) /* Creation flags bitmask with CREATE */ – CREATE_FAILSAFE: Fail safe – CREATE_SECURE: Secure file – CREATE_NOSIGNATURE : Relevant to secure file only – CREATE_STATIC_TOKEN: Relevant to secure file only – CREATE_VENDOR_TOKEN: Relevant to secure file only – CREATE_PUBLIC_WRITE: Relevant to secure file only, the file can be opened for write without Token – CREATE_PUBLIC_READ: Relevant to secure file only, the file can be opened for read without Token • File size: Maximum file size is defined in bytes (mandatory only for the CREATE option and is ignored for other options) 	

Table 39. AT+FileClose Close File in Storage Device

Request:	Response:
AT+FileClose= [FileID],[CertificateFileName],[Signature]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileID: Assigned from AT+FileOpen • CertificateFileName: Certificate file with full path (Optional) • Signature: The signature is SHA-1, the certificate chain may include SHA-256 (Optional) 	

Table 40. AT+FileCtl Controls Various File System Operations

Request:				Response:	
AT+FileCtl= [Command],[Secure_Token],[Filename],[Data]				+FileCtl:[NewSecureToken],[OutputData] OK	
Arguments:				Arguments:	
Command	Token	Filename	Data	Token	Output Data
RESTORE Return to factory default	Ignore	Ignore	FACTORY_IMAGE The system will be back to the production image. FACTORY_DEFAULT Return to factory default	Ignore	Ignore
ROLLBACK Roll-back file	Token assigned from AT+FileOpen	Filename to roll back	Ignore	New secure token	Ignore
COMMIT Commit file	Token assigned from AT+FileOpen	Filename to commit	Ignore	New secure token	Ignore
RENAME Rename file	Token assigned from AT+FileOpen	Filename to rename	New file name	Ignore	Ignore
GET_STORAGE_INFO Get storage information	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DeviceBlockSize • DeviceBlocks Capacity • NumOfAllocated Blocks • NumOfReserved Blocks • NumOfReserved BlocksFor Systemfiles • LargestAllocated GapInBlocks • NumOfAvailable Blocks • ForUserFiles • MaxFsFiles • IsDevelopment FormatType • Bundlestate • MaxFsFilesReservedForSysFiles • ActualNumOf UserFiles • ActualNumOf SysFiles NumOfAlerts • NumOfAlerts Threshold • FATWrite Counter
BUNDLE_ROLLBACK Roll back a bundle	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore
BUNDLE_COMMIT Commit a bundle	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore	Ignore

Table 41. AT+FileDel Delete File From Storage Device

Request:	Response:
AT+FileDel= [FileName],[SecureToken]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileName: Full path File Name • SecureToken: Token assigned from AT+FileOpen (optional) 	

Table 42. AT+FileGetFilelist Get a List of Files

Request:	Response:
AT+FileGetFileList	+FileGetFileList: [FileName],[FileMaxSize],[Properties],[FileAllocatedBlocks] OK
Arguments:	Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileName: File name • FileMaxSize: Maximum file size • Properties: Info flag bitmask • FileAllocatedBlocks: Allocated blocks

Table 43. AT+FileGetInfo Get Information About a File

Request:	Response:
AT+FileGetInfo= [FileName],[SecureToken]	+FileGetInfo: [Flags],[File Size],[Allocated Size], [Tokens],[Storage Size],[Write Counter] OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileName: Full path file name • SecureToken: token assigned from AT+FileOpen (optional) 	

Table 44. AT+FileRead Read a Block of Data From a File in Storage Device

Request:	Response:
AT+FileRead= [FileID], [Offset],[Format],[Length]	+FileRead:[format],[NumberOfReadBytes],[ReceivedData] OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileID: Assigned from AT+FileOpen • Offset: Offset to specific read block • Format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 0: Binary data format – 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) • Length: Number of bytes to read 	

Table 45. AT+FileWrite Write Block of Data to a File in Storage Device

Request:	Response:
AT+FileWrite= [FileID], [Offset],[Format],[Length],[Data]	+FileWrite:[NumberOfWrittenBytes] OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FileID: Assigned from AT+FileOpen • Offset: Offset to specific block to be written • Format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 0: Binary data format – 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) • Length: Number of bytes to write • Data: Transmitted data to the storage device 	

6.5 Network Application Commands

Activate networking applications, such as:

- HTTP Server
- DHCP Server
- Ping
- DNS
- mDNS

Table 46. AT+NetAPPStart Starts a Network Application

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPStart = [APP Bitmap]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • APP Bitmap: Application bitmap, could be one or a combination of the following with OR (" ") between them: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – HTTP_SERVER – DHCP_SERVER – MDNS – DNS_SERVER 	

Table 47. AT+NetAPPStop Stops a Network Application

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPStop = [APP Bitmap]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • APP Bitmap: Application bitmap, could be one or a combination of the following with OR (" ") between them: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – HTTP_SERVER – DHCP_SERVER – MDNS – DNS_SERVER 	

Table 48. AT+NetAPPGetHostByName Get Host IP by Name

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPGetHostByName = [HostName],[Family]	OK +NetAPPGetHostByName: [HostName],[Host IP address]
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HostName • Family: Protocol Family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – INET: For network protocol IPv4 – INET6: For network protocol IPv6 	Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HostName • Host IP address: IP address according to the family (IPv4 or IPv6)

Table 49. AT+NetAPPGetHostByService Get Host IP by Service

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPGetHostByService = [ServiceName],[Family]	OK +NetAPPGetHostByService: [ServiceName],[Port],[HostIP Address],[Text]
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ServiceName: Service name can be full or partial • Family: Protocol Family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – INET: For network protocol IPv4 – INET6: For network protocol IPv6 	Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ServiceName • Port: Service port • HostIP Address: Host IP address (IPv4 or IPv6) • Text: Text of the service full or partial

Table 50. AT+NetAPPSet Setting Network Application Configurations

Request:			Response:
AT+NetAPPSet = [App ID],[Option],[Value1],...,[ValueX]			OK
Arguments:			
App ID	Option	Values	
DHCP_SERVER	BASIC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value1: Lease time (in seconds) of the IP Address • Value2: First IP Address for allocation • Value3: Last IP Address for allocation 	
HTTP_SERVER	PRIM_PORT_NUM	Value1: port number	
	AUTH_CHECK	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: Authentication enable • 0: Authentication disable 	
	AUTH_NAME	Value1: Authentication name (maximum length is 20 bytes)	
	AUTH_PASSWORD	Value1: Authentication password (maximum length is 20 bytes)	
	AUTH_REALM	Value1: Authorization realm (maximum length is 20 bytes)	
	ROM_PAGES_ACCESS	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: Access enable • 0: Access disable 	
	SECOND_PORT_NUM	Value1: port number	
	SECOND_PORT_EN	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: Enable • 0: Disable 	
	PRIM_PORT_SEC_EN	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: Enable • 0: Disable 	
	PRIV_KEY_FILE	Value1: File name (maximum length is 96 bytes)	
	DEV_CERT_FILE	Value1: File name (maximum length is 96 bytes)	
	CA_CERT_FILE	Value1: File name (maximum length is 96 bytes)	
	TMP_REGISTER_SERVICE	Value1: Service name for MDNS (maximum length is 80 bytes)	
	TMP_UNREGISTER_SERVICE	Value1: Service name for MDNS (maximum length is 80 bytes)	

Table 50. AT+NetAPPSet Setting Network Application Configurations (continued)

Request:			Response:
MDNS	CONT_QUERY	Value1: Service name (maximum length is 80 bytes)	
	QEVETN_MASK	Value1: Event mask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ipp • deviceinfo • http • https • workstation • guid • h323 • ntp • objective • rdp • remote • rtsp • sip • smb • soap • ssh • telnet • tftp • xmpp • raop 	
	TIMING_PARAMS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value1: Period in ticks (100 ticks = 1 second) • Value2: Repetitions • Value3: Telescopic factor • Value4: Retransmission interval • Value5: Maximum period interval • Value6: Maximum time 	
DEVICE	URN	Value1: device name (maximum length is 33 bytes)	
	DOMAIN	Value1: domain name (maximum length is 63 bytes)	
DNS_CLIENT	TIME	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value1: Maximum response time in milliseconds • Value2: Number of retries 	

Table 51. AT+NetAPPGet Getting Network Applications Configurations

Request:		Response:
AT+NetAPPGet = [App ID],[Option]		+NetAPPGet: [return values] OK
Arguments:		Arguments: See AT+NetAPPSet command values
App ID	Option	
DHCP_SERVER	BASIC	
HTTP_SERVER	PRIM_PORT_NUM	
	AUTH_CHECK	
	AUTH_NAME	
	AUTH_PASSWORD	
	AUTH_REALM	
	ROM_PAGES_ACCESS	
	SECOND_PORT_NUM	
	SECOND_PORT_EN	
	PRIM_PORT_SEC_EN	
MDNS	CONT_QUERY	
	QEVETN_MASK	
	TIMING_PARAMS	
DEVICE	URN	
	DOMAIN	
DNS_CLIENT	TIME	

Table 52. AT+NetAPPSend Sends Network Application Response or Data Following a Network Application Request Event

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPSend = [Handle],[Flags],[Format],[Length],[Data]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handle: Handle to send the data to. Should match the handle received in the Network Application request event Flags: Bitmask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CONTINUATION: More data will arrive in subsequent calls to AT+NetAPPSend METADATA: Define data as metadata, otherwise data is payload ACCUMULATION: The network processor should accumulate the data chunks and will process it when it is completely received Format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) Length: Number of bytes to send Data: Data to send. Can be just data payload or metadata (depends on flags) 	

Table 53. AT+NetAPPRcv Receives Data From the Network Processor Following a Network Application Response Event

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPRcv = [Handle],[Format],[Length]	OK +NetAPPRcv:[Handle],[Flags],[Format],[Length],[Data]
<p>Arguments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handle: Handle to receive data from. Should match the handle receive in the Network Application request event Format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) Length: Number of bytes to receive 	<p>Arguments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Handle Flags: Can have the following value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CONTINUATION: More data is pending in the network processor. Application should continue reading the data by calling AT+NetAPPRcv again Format: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format Length: Number of bytes received Data: Data received

Table 54. AT+NetAPPPing Send Ping to Network Hosts

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPPing = [Family],[Destination],[Size],[Delay],[Timeout],[Max],[Flags]	OK +NetAPPPing: [PacketsSent],[PacketsReceived],[RoundTime]
<p>Arguments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Family: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INET: For network protocol IPv4 INET6: For network protocol IPv6 Destination: Destination IP address. For stopping an ongoing ping activity, set destination to 0 Size: Size of ping, in bytes Delay: Delay between pings, in milliseconds Timeout: Timeout for every ping in milliseconds Max: Maximum number of ping requests <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Forever Flags: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set to 0: Ping reports back once all requested pings are done Set to 1: Ping reports back after every ping Set to 2: Ping stops after the first successful ping and reports back for the successful ping, as well as any preceding failed pings 	

Table 55. AT+NetAPPGetServiceList Get Service List

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPGetServiceList = [IndexOffset],[MaxServiceCount],[Flags]	+NetAPPGetServiceList:[ServiceInfo1];...:[ServiceInfoX] OK
<p>Arguments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IndexOffset: The start index in the peer cache that from it the first service is returned MaxServiceCount: The maximum services that can be returned if existed or if not exceed the maximum index in the peer cache Flags: Which service to use (means which types of service to fill): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FULL_IPV4_WITH_TEXT FULL_IPV4 SHORT_IPV4 FULL_IPV6_WITH_TEXT FULL_IPV6 SHORT_IPV6 	<p>Arguments:</p> <p>ServiceInfo: Depends on flag type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SHORT_IPV4 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ip port FULL_IPV4 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ip port service name service host name FULL_IPV6_WITH_TEXT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ip port service name service host name service text FULL_IPV6 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ip port service name service host name

Table 56. AT+NetAPPRegisterService Register a New mDNS Service

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPRegisterService= [ServiceName],[Text],[Port],[TTL],[Options]	OK
<p>Arguments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ServiceName: The service name Text: The description of the service Port: The port on this target host port TTL: The TTL of the service Options: Bitwise parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IS_UNIQUE_BIT: Service is unique per interface (means that the service needs to be unique) IPV6_IPV4_SERVICE: Add this service to IPv6 interface, if exist (default is IPv4 service only) IPV6_ONLY_SERVICE: Add this service to IPv6 interface, but remove it from IPv4 (only IPv6 is available) UPDATE_TEXT: For update text fields (without reregistering the service) IS_NOT_PERSISTENT: For setting a nonpersistent service 	

Table 57. AT+NetAPPUnRegisterService Unregister mDNS Service

Request:	Response:
AT+NetAPPUnRegisterService= [ServiceName],[Options]	OK
Arguments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ServiceName: Full service name • Options: Bitwise parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – <i>IS_UNIQUE_BIT</i>: Service is unique per interface (means that the service needs to be unique) – <i>IPV6_IPV4_SERVICE</i>: Add this service to IPv6 interface, if exist (default is IPv4 service only) – <i>IPV6_ONLY_SERVICE</i>: Add this service to IPv6 interface, but remove it from IPv4 (only IPv6 is available) – <i>UPDATE_TEXT</i>: For update text fields (without reregistering the service) – <i>IS_NOT_PERSISTENT</i>: For setting a nonpersistent service 	

6.6 Network Configuration Commands

The Network Configuration Commands control the configuration of the device addresses (that is, IP and MAC addresses).

Table 58. AT+NetCfgSet Setting Network Configurations

Request:			Response:
AT+NetCfgSet = [ConfigId],[ConfigOpt],[Value1],...,[ValueX]			OK
Arguments:			
ConfigId	ConfigOpt	Value	
IF	STATE Enable or disable modes (bitmask)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> IPV6_STA_LOCAL: Enable ipv6 local IPV6_STA_GLOBAL: Enable ipv6 global DISABLE_IPV4_DHCP: Disable ipv4 DHCP IPV6_LOCAL_STATIC: Enable ipv6 local static IPV6_LOCAL_STATELESS: Enable ipv6 local stateless IPV6_LOCAL_STATEFUL: Enable ipv6 local stateful IPV6_GLOBAL_STATIC: Enable ipv6 global static IPV6_GLOBAL_STATEFUL: Enable ipv6 global stateful DISABLE_IPV4_LLA: Disable LLA feature ENABLE_DHCP_RELEASE: Enables DHCP release IPV6_GLOBAL_STATELESS: Enable ipv6 global stateless DISABLE_FAST_RENEW: Fast renew disabled 	
SET_MAC_ADDR Setting MAC address to the Device	Ignore value	New MAC address	
IPV4_STA_ADDR Setting IP address	STATIC Setting a static IP address	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IP address Value2: Subnet mask Value3: Default gateway address Value4: DNS server address 	
	DHCP Setting IP address by DHCP	Ignore value	
	DHCP_LLA Setting DHCP LLA	Ignore value	
	RELEASE_IP_SET Setting release IP before disconnect enables sending a DHCP release frame to the server	Ignore value	
	RELEASE_IP_OFF Setting release IP before disconnect disables sending a DHCP release frame to the server	Ignore value	
IPV4_AP_ADDR Setting a static IP address to the device working in AP mode	STATIC Setting a static IP address	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IP address Value2: Subnet mask Value3: Default gateway address Value4: DNS server address 	

Table 58. AT+NetCfgSet Setting Network Configurations (continued)

Request:			Response:
IPV6_ADDR_LOCAL	STATIC Setting a IPv6 Local static address	IP address	
	STATELESS Setting a IPv6 Local stateless address	Ignore value	
	STATEFUL Setting a IPv6 Local stateful address	Ignore value	
IPV6_ADDR_GLOBAL	STATIC Setting a IPv6 Global static address Value1 : IP address Value2: DNS Server IP STATEFUL	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IP address Value2: DNS Server IP 	
	STATEFUL Setting a IPv6 Global stateful address	Ignore value	
AP_STATION_DISCONNECT Disconnect AP station by MAC address	Ignore value	AP MAC address	
IPV4_DNS_CLIENT Set secondary DNS address	Ignore value	Secondary DNS Server address	

Table 59. AT+NetCfgGet Getting Network Configurations

Request:	Response:
AT+NetCfgGet = [ConfigId]	+NetCfgGet:[Value1],...[ValueX] OK
Arguments: ConfigId: Configuration ID:	Arguments:
GET_MAC_ADDR Get the device MAC address	Value1: MAC address
IPV4_STA_ADDR Get IP address from WLAN station or P2P client	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Value1: Address option:<ul style="list-style-type: none">DHCPDHCP_LLASTATICValue2: AddressValue3: Subnet maskValue4: GatewayValue5: DNS
IPV4_AP_ADDR Get static IP address for AP or P2P go	
IF Get interface bitmap	Value1: State (bitmask): <ul style="list-style-type: none">ipv6_sta_localipv6_sta_globaldisable_ipv4_dhcpipv6_local_staticipv6_local_statelessipv6_local_statefulipv6_global_staticipv6_global_statefuldisable_ipv4_llsenable_dhcp_releaseipv6_global_statelessdisable_fast_renew

Table 59. AT+NetCfgGet Getting Network Configurations (continued)

Request:	Response:
IPV6_ADDR_LOCAL Get IPV6 Local address	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value1: Address option: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – stateless – stateful – STATIC • Value2: Address
IPV6_ADDR_GLOBAL Get IPV6 Global address	
AP_STATIONS_CONNECTED Get AP number of connected stations	Value1: Number of connected stations
AP_STATIONS_INFO Get AP full list of connected stations	[address1],[MAC address1],[name1]; ...; [addressX],[MAC addressX],[nameX]
IPV4_DNS_CLIENT Set secondary DNS address	Value1: DNS second server address
IPV4_DHCP_CLIENT Get DHCP Client info	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Value1: Address • Value2: Subnet mask • Value3: Gateway • Value4: DNS 1 • Value5: DNS 2 • Value6: DHCP server • Value7: Lease time • Value8: Time to renew • Value9: DHCP State: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – unknown – disabled – enabled – bound – renew – rebind

6.7 Network Utility Commands

Networking related commands and configuration.

Table 60. AT+NetUtilGet Getting Utilities Configurations

Request:		Response:
AT+NetUtilGet =[ID],[Option]		+NetUtilGet: [Value1],...,[ValueX] OK
Arguments:		Arguments:
ID Identifier of the specific "get" operation to perform	Option	Value
<i>public_key</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Public key format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format Value2: Public key length (maximum length is 255 bytes or 370 bytes in base64 format) Value3: Public key
<i>true_random</i>	Number of random numbers (maximum is 172 numbers)	List of random numbers

Table 61. AT+NetUtilCmd Performing Utilities-Related Commands

Request:		Response:
AT+NetUtilCmd = [Cmd],[Value1],...,[ValueX]		+NetUtilCmd:[Value1],...,[ValueX] OK
Arguments:		Arguments:
Cmd	Option	Value
sign_msg Create a digital signature using the ECDSA algorithm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Key index: Value2: Data format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) Value3: Data length (maximum length is 1500 bytes) Value4: Data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Signature format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) Value2: Signature length (maximum length is 255 bytes) Value3: Signature
verify_msg verify a digital signature using the ECDSA algorithm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Key index Value2: Data and signature format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) Value3: Data length (maximum length is 1500 bytes) Value4: Signature length Value5: Data and signature (signature concatenate to end of data) 	Value1: Success or failure
temp_keys Create or remove a temporary ECC key pair with the SECP256R1 curve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Key index Value2: Action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> create remove 	
install_op Install or uninstall a key pair in one of the crypto utilities key pair management mechanism	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Key index Value2: Action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> install uninstall Value3: Key Algorithm (ignored for uninstall action): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> none ec Value4: EC Named Curve identifier (optional for Key Algorithm none) (ignored for uninstall action): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> none secp256r1 Value5: Certification file name (ignored for uninstall action) Value6: Key file name (ignored for uninstall action) 	

6.8 Asynchronous Events

Table 62. +EventFatalError Fatal Error Event for Inspecting Fatal Error

Response:	
+EventFatalError:[EventID],[Value1],...,[ValueX]	
Arguments:	
EventID	Value
<i>DEVICE_ABORT</i> Indicates a severe error occurred and the device stopped	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: An indication of the abort type Value2: The abort data
<i>NO_CMD_ACK</i> Indicates that the command sent to the device had no ACK	Value1: An indication of the CMD opcode
<i>CMD_TIMEOUT</i> Indicates that the command got a timeout while waiting for its asynchronous response	Value1: An indication of the asynchronous event opcode
<i>DRIVER_ABORT</i> Indicates a severe error occurred in the driver	null
<i>SYNC_LOSS</i> Indicates a sync loss with the device	null

Table 63. +EventGeneral General Asynchronous Event for Inspecting General Events

Response:	
+EventGeneral:[EventID],[Value1],...,[ValueX]	
Arguments:	
EventID	Value
<i>RESET_REQUEST</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: An error code indication from the device Value2: The sender originator: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> WLAN NETCFG NETAPP SECURITY OTHER
<i>ERROR</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: An error code indication from the device Value2: The sender originator

Table 64. +EventWlan WLAN Asynchronous Event

Response:	
+EventWlan:[EventID],[Value1],...,[ValueX]	
Arguments:	
EventID	Value
<i>CONNECT</i> STA connection indication event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: SSID name Value2: BSSID
<i>P2P_CONNECT</i> P2P client connection indication event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: SSID name Value2: BSSID Value3: Go Device Name
<i>DISCONNECT</i> STA client disconnection event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: SSID name Value2: BSSID Value3: Reason
<i>P2P_DISCONNECT</i> P2P client disconnection event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: SSID name Value2: BSSID Value3: Reason Value4: Go Device Name
<i>STA_ADDED</i> AP connected STA	Value1: MAC address
<i>STA_REMOVED</i> AP disconnected STA	Value1: MAC address
<i>P2P_CLIENT_ADDED</i> P2P(Go) connected P2P(Client)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: MAC address Value2: Go Device Name Value3: Own SSID
<i>P2P_CLIENT_REMOVED</i> P2P(Go) disconnected P2P(Client)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: MAC address Value2: Go Device Name Value3: Own SSID
<i>P2P_DEVFOUND</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Go Device Name Value2: MAC address Value3: WPS Method
<i>P2P_REQUEST</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Go Device Name Value2: MAC address Value3: WPS Method
<i>P2P_CONNECTFAIL</i> P2P only	Value1: Status
<i>PROVISIONING_STATUS</i>	Value1: Status
<i>PROVISIONING_PROFILE_ADDED</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Status Value2: SSID name

Table 65. +EventNetApp Network Application Asynchronous Event

Response:	
+EventNetApp:[EventID],[Value1],...[ValueX]	
Arguments:	
EventID	Value
<i>IPV4_ACQUIRED</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IP address Value2: Gateway Value3: DNS
<i>IPV6_ACQUIRED</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IP address Value2: DNS
<i>ip_collision</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IP address Value2: DHCP MAC Value3: DNS
<i>IP_LEASED</i> AP or P2P go DHCP lease event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IP address Value2: Lease time Value3: MAC
<i>IP_RELEASED</i> AP or P2P go DHCP IP release event	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: IP address Value2: MAC Value3: Reason
<i>IPV4_LOST</i>	Value1: Status
<i>dhcp_ipv4_acquire_timeout</i>	Value1: Status
<i>IPV6_LOST</i>	Value1: IP lost

Table 66. +EventSock Socket Asynchronous Event

Response:	
+EventSock:[EventID],[Value1],...[ValueX]	
Arguments:	
EventID	Value
<i>TX_FAILED</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: sd Value2: Status
<i>ASYNC_EVENT</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: sd Value2: Type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSL_ACCEPT RX_FRAG_TOO_BIG OTHER_SIDE_CLOSE_SSL CONNECTED_SECURED WRONG_ROOT_CA Value3: Error value

Table 67. +EventMqtt MQTT Asynchronous Event

Response:	
+EventMqtt:[EventID],[Value1],...,[ValueX]	
Arguments:	
EventID	Value
operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: operation ID: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connack: connection acknowledge Value2: 16 bits: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8 MSBs: Acknowledge Flags 8 LSBs: return code: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Connection Accepted 1: Connection Refused, unacceptable protocol version 2: Connection Refused, identifier rejected 3: Connection Refused, Server unavailable 4: Connection Refused, bad user name or password 5: Connection Refused, not authorized Puback: publish acknowledge Value2: Packet Identifier from the PUBLISH Packet that is being acknowledged Suback: subscribe acknowledge Value2: Packet Identifier from the SUBSCRIBE Packet that is being acknowledged Value3 to ValueX: return code per topic: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Success, Maximum QoS 0 1: Success, Maximum QoS 1 2: Success, Maximum QoS 2 128: Failure Unsuback: unsubscribe acknowledge Value2: Packet Identifier from the UNSUBSCRIBE Packet that is being acknowledged
recv	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Topic: topic string QoS: Quality of service type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> QoS 0 QoS 1 QoS 2 Retain: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: message should not be retained 1: message should be retained Duplicate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: first attempted to send the message 1: might be re-delivery of an earlier attempt to send the message Message Format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) Message length: number of bytes to send Message: message to send
disconnect	

6.9 MQTT Client Commands

MQTT client commands and configuration.

Table 68. AT+MqttCreate MQTT Client Create

Request:	Response:
AT+MqttCreate=[client ID], [flags], [address], [port], [method], [cipher], [private key], [Certificate], [CA], [DH key], [protocol], [blocking send], [data format]	+ MqttCreate: [index] OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> client ID flags: bitmask of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ip4: IPv4 connection ip6: IPv6 connection url: Server address is an URL and not IP address sec: Connection to server must be secure (TLS) skip_domain_verify: skip domain name verification skip_cert_verify: skip certificate catalog verification skip_date_verify: skip date verification address: server address (ip or url) port: address port (16 bits) method: security method (mandatory only in case of secure connection): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSLV3: Security method SSL v3 TLSV1: Security method TLS v1 TLSV1_1: Security method TLS v1_1 TLSV1_2: Security method TLS v1_2 SSLV3.TLSV1_2: Use highest possible version from SSLv3–TLS 1.2 cipher: security cipher as OR bitmask (optional), (default value: all ciphers): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA SSL_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256 	index: client handle

Table 68. AT+MqttCreate MQTT Client Create (continued)

Request:	Response:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> private key: private key file name (Optional) certificate: certificate file name (Optional) CA :certificate authority file name (mandatory only in case of secure connection) DH key: Diffie Hellman file name (Optional) protocol: MQTT protocol: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> v3_1: protocol v3.1 v3_1_1: protocol v3.1.1 blocking send: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: do not wait for server response 1: wait for response data format: set format globally to all MQTT commands and events: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) 	index: client handle

Table 69. AT+MqttDelete MQTT Client Delete

Request:	Response:
AT+MqttDelete =[index]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
index: client handle received from At+MqttCreate	

Table 70. AT+MqttConnect MQTT Client Connect to Broker

Request:	Response:
AT+MqttConnect =[index]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
index: client handle received from At+MqttCreate	

Table 71. AT+MqttDisconnect MQTT Client Disconnect From Broker

Request:	Response:
AT+MqttDisconnect =[index]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
index: client handle received from At+MqttCreate	

Table 72. AT+MqttPublish MQTT Client Send Message to Broker

Request:	Response:
AT+MqttPublish =[index],[topic],[QoS],[retain],[message length][message]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle received from At+MqttCreate topic: topic string QoS: Quality of service type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> QoS 0 QoS 1 QoS 2 retain: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: message should not be retained 1: message should be retained message length: number of bytes to send message: message to send in format according to previous configuration in At+MqttCreate (Data format field) 	

Table 73. AT+MqttSubscribe MQTT Client Subscribe for Topic

Request:	Response:
AT+MqttSubscribe =[index],[number of topics] ,[topic1][QoS1],[persistent1],..., [topicX][QoSX],[persistentX]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle received from At+MqttCreate number of topics: maximum 4 topics topic: topic string QoS: Quality of service type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> QoS 0 QoS 1 QoS 2 persistent (optional for future use) 	

Table 74. AT+MqttUnsubscribe MQTT Client Unsubscribe for Topic

Request:	Response:
AT+MqttUnsubscribe =[index],[number of topics] ,[topic1],[persistent1],..., [topicX],[persistentX]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle received from At+MqttCreate number of topics: maximum 4 topics topic: topic string persistent (optional for future use) 	

Table 75. AT+MqttSet MQTT Client Set Option

Request:		Response:
AT+MqttSet =[index],[option],[value1],...,[valueX]		OK
Arguments:		Arguments:
index: client handle received from At+MqttCreate		
Option	Value	
<i>user</i>	Value1: User name string	
<i>password</i>	Value1: Password string	
<i>will</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value1: Topic: will topic string Value2: QoS: Quality of service type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> QoS 0 QoS 1 QoS 2 Value3: Retain: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: will message should not be retained 1: will message should be retained Value4: Message length: number of bytes contain in will message Value5: Message: will message to send in format according to previous configuration in At+MqttCreate (Data format field) 	
<i>keepalive</i>	Value1: keep alive time in seconds (16 bits)	
<i>clean</i>	Value1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Persistent connection 1: Enable clean connection 	

6.10 HTTP Client Commands

HTTP client commands and configuration.

Table 76. AT+HttpCreate Http Client Create

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpCreate	+HttpCreate: [index] OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
	index: client handle

Table 77. AT+HttpDestroy Http Client Delete

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpDestroy =[index]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
index: client handle received from At+HttpCreate	

Table 78. AT+HttpConnect Http Client Connect to Host

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpConnect =[index],[host],[flags],[private key],[certificate],[ca]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • index: client handle received from At+HttpCreate • host: host name • flags: bitmask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – ignore_proxy – host_exist • private key: private key file name (optional) • certificate: client certificate file name (optional) • ca: root ca file name (optional) 	

Table 79. AT+HttpDisconnect Http Client Disconnect From Host

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpDisconnect =[index]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
index: client handle received from At+HttpCreate	

Table 80. AT+HttpSendReq Http Client Send Request to Host

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpSendReq =[index],[method],[uri],[flags],[format],[length],[data]	+HttpSendReq: [status] OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle received from At+HttpCreate method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> get post head options put del connect uri: request uri string flags: bitmask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> chunk_start: Sets the client's request state into chunked body chunk_end: Sets the client's request state out of chunked body and sends last chunk drop_body: Flushes the response body format: request data format (mandatory only in case of methods post or put) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: length of request data (mandatory only in case of methods post or put) data: request data (mandatory only in case of methods post or put) 	Status: case of success status = 200, else failure

Table 81. AT+HttpReadResBody Http Client Read Response Body From Host

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpReadResBody =[index],[format],[length]	+HttpReadResBody: [index],[flag],[format],[length],[body] OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle received from At+HttpCreate format: request data format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: maximum length of body 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle flag: more data flag format: request data format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: maximum length of body body: received data

Table 82. AT+HttpSetHeader Http Client Set Header

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpSetHeader =[index],[option],[flags],[format],[length],[data]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle received from At+HttpCreate option: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> res_age res_allow res_cache_control res_connection res_content_encoding res_content_language res_content_length res_content_location res_content_range res_content_type res_date res_etag res_expires res_last_modified res_location res_proxy_auth res_retry_after res_server res_set_cookie res_trailer res_tx_encoding res_upgrade res_vary res_via res_www_auth res_warning req_accept req_accept_charset req_accept_encoding req_accept_language req_allow req_auth req_cache_control req_connection req_content_encoding req_content_language req_content_location req_content_type req_cookie req_date req_expect req_forwarded req_from req_host req_if_match req_if_modified_since 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle flag: more data flag format: request data format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: maximum length of body body: received data

Table 82. AT+HttpSetHeader Http Client Set Header (continued)

Request:	Response:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> option: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> req_if_none_match req_if_range req_if_unmodified_since req_origin req_proxy_auth req_range req_te req_tx_encoding req_upgrade req_user_agent req_via req_warning flags: bitmask: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> not_persistent: Header Field added is not persistent persistent: Header Field added is persistent format: data format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: length of data (optional) data: (optional) 	

Table 83. AT+HttpGetHeader Http Client Get Header

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpGetHeader =[index],[option],[format],[length]	+HttpGetHeader:[index],format],[length],[data] OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle received from At+HttpCreate option: see option in AT+HttpSetHeader command (Table 82) format: data format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: maximum length of data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> index: client handle format: data format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Binary data format 1: Base64 data format (binary to text encoding) length: current length of data data: received value

Table 84. AT+HttpSetOpt Http Client Set Option

Request:		Response:
AT+HttpSetOpt =[index],[option],[value]		OK
Arguments:		Arguments:
Index: client handle received from At+HttpCreate		
Option	Value	
<i>redirect_feature</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable redirect feature 1: enable redirect feature 	
<i>res_filter_clear</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: clear response filter to default (all enabled) 	
<i>redirect_tls_downgrade</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable the option for tls downgrade 1: enable the option for tls downgrade 	

Table 85. AT+HttpSetProxy Http Client Set Proxy Address

Request:	Response:
AT+HttpSetOpt =[family],[port],[address]	OK
Arguments:	Arguments:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> family: Internet Protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INET: for network protocol IPv4 INET6: for network protocol IPv6 port: proxy port address: proxy server address 	

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