

HISTORICAL FIGURE/ EVENT WEBSITE



A Project Documentation Submitted to the College of Information Technology
Cagayan de Oro College PHINMA Education

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for Human Computer Interaction I

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Section:

COC-FA1-IT1-01

April 2025



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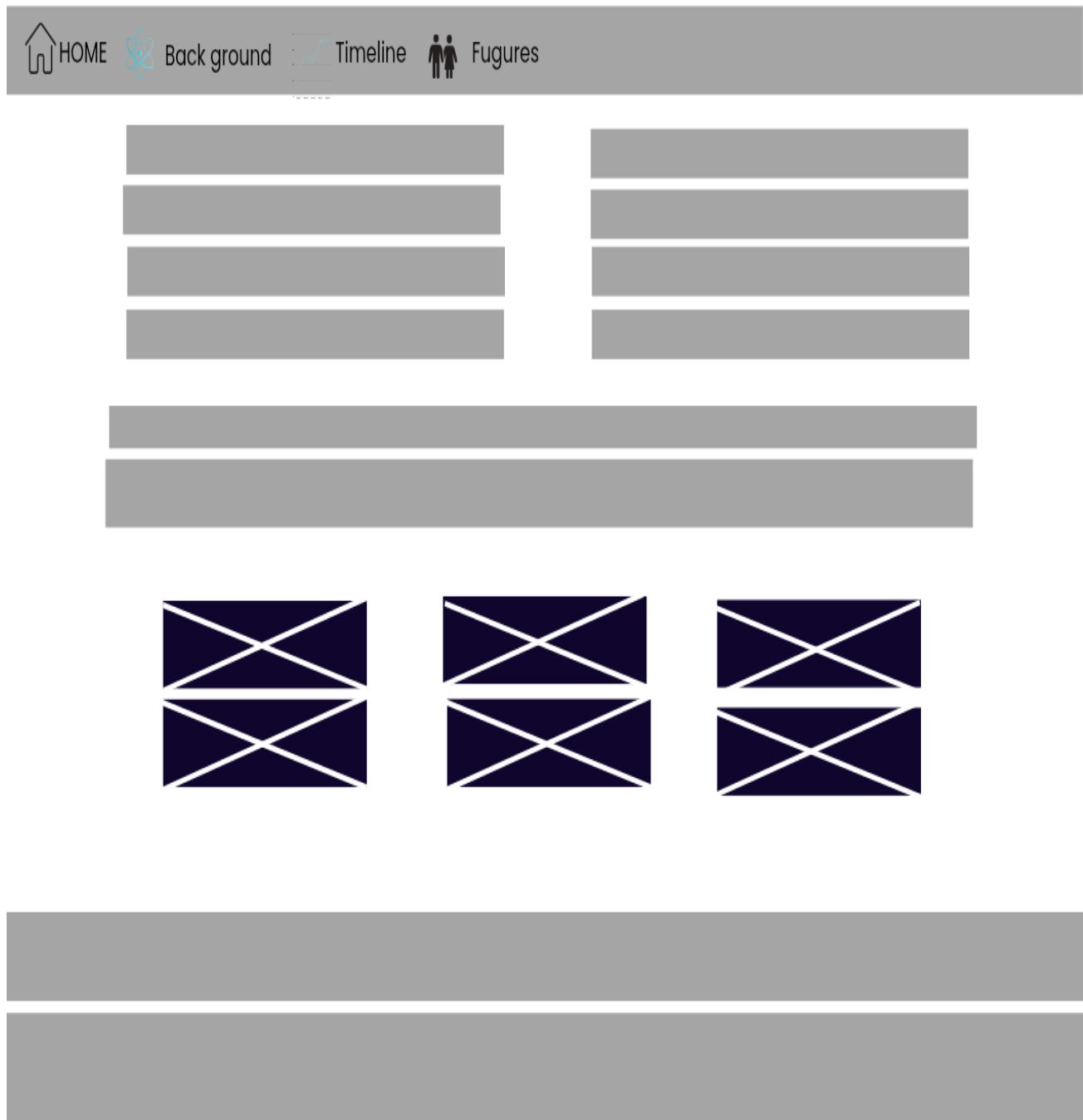
INTRODUCTION

Welcome to our Historical Figures and Events website—a place where the past comes alive. This platform is dedicated to helping you explore the people and moments that have shaped the world we live in today. Here, you'll find detailed profiles of important historical figures from all over the globe. From world leaders and inventors to activists and artists, each story highlights their contributions and lasting impact on history. In addition to biographies, our website features key historical events that changed the course of nations. Timelines, photos, and original sources help bring each moment to life in an engaging and informative way. Whether you're a student, teacher, or just someone who loves history, our goal is to make learning the past easy and exciting. Start your journey now and discover how history continues to influence our present and future.



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Wireframe



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Website Screenshot

Home ■ Background ■ Timeline ■ Key Figures ■ Impact

Legacy & Impact of the EDSA Revolution

Before EDSA After EDSA

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dictatorship under Ferdinand Marcos	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Democracy restored under Corazon Aquino
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Suspension of civil rights during Martial Law	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Free elections resumed
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rampant corruption and economic decline	<input type="checkbox"/> Freedom of speech and the press returned
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Political killings and suppression of media	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rise of civil society and activism

Testimonials & Reflections

"I stood at EDSA with my family, praying and hoping. It was the most powerful moment of unity I've ever felt." - Luz B., protester

"EDSA taught us that people united can never be defeated." - Mark R., student leader

Impact of the EDSA Revolution

End of Dictatorship
The revolution successfully ousted Ferdinand Marcos, ending his 20-year rule and paving the way for a democratic government.

Return of Democratic Institutions
EDSA restored democratic processes, allowing free elections, press freedom, and judicial independence.

Inspiration for Other Movements
The peaceful revolution inspired similar uprisings in countries like South Korea, Taiwan, and Eastern Europe.

Economic Struggles
Despite political success, the Philippines faced economic challenges due to debt, corruption, and unstable governance.

Ongoing Political Issues
Political dynasties and corruption remained major problems despite the revolution's success.

Legacy of People Power
EDSA proved that peaceful protests could bring real change, influencing future generations of activists.

Sources & References

Books & Articles: - "The Philippines: A Past Revisited" by Renato Constantino - "The Aquino Revolution" by Nick Joaquin

Government & Academic Sources: - Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines - University of the Philippines - Diliman Research Archives

News & Reports: - BBC News - "EDSA People Power: A Look Back" - CNN Philippines - "The Legacy of EDSA Revolution" - Philippine Daily Inquirer Archives

Images & Media: - National Historical Commission of the Philippines - Public domain images from government archives - Various licensed sources for historical images

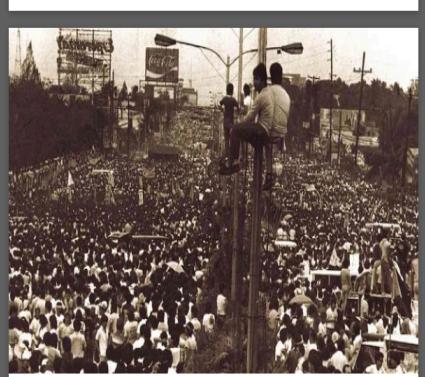
Born: February 14, 1924

Contributions: Initially a Marcos ally, he defected during the EDSA Revolution and helped lead the military uprising.

Fidel V. Ramos
Role: Vice Chief of Staff of the Armed Forces
Born: March 18, 1928
Died: July 31, 2022

Contributions: Defected from Marcos' forces and played a key role in the success of the EDSA Revolution.

military defectors, making him a key figure in the revolution.



The Filipino People
Role: Heroes of the People Power Revolution
Contribution: Millions of ordinary citizens—students, workers, priests, nuns, professionals, and entire families—took to the streets of EDSA in peaceful protest. Their unity, courage, and faith brought down a dictatorship without violence and restored democracy in the Philippines.



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C:\Users\Windows 10\Downloads > Historic-Figures-Events.html ...
2  <html lang="en">
21 <body>
243  </section>
244
245  <!-- Key Figures Section -->
246 <section id="figures" class="w3-container w3-padding-64 w3-dark-grey">
247  <h2 class="w3-center">Key Figures of the EDSA Revolution</h2>
248
249 <div class="w3-row-padding w3-center">
250
251  <!-- Corazon Aquino -->
252  <div class="w3-third w3-padding">
253   <div class="w3-card w3-hover-shadow w3-white">
254    
256    <div class="w3-container">
257     <h4><b>Corazon Aquino</b></h4>
258     <p><b>Role:</b> 11th President of the Philippines (1986-1992)</p>
259     <p><b>Born:</b> January 25, 1933</p>
260     <p><b>Died:</b> August 1, 2009</p>
261     <p><b>Contributions:</b> Led the opposition against Marcos, became the first female president of the Philippines, and restored democracy.</p>
262    </div>
263   </div>
264 </div>
265
266  <!-- Ferdinand Marcos -->
267  <div class="w3-third w3-padding">
268   <div class="w3-card w3-hover-shadow w3-white">
269    
271    <div class="w3-container">
272     <h4><b>Ferdinand Marcos</b></h4>
273     <p><b>Role:</b> 10th President of the Philippines (1965-1986)</p>
274     <p><b>Born:</b> September 11, 1917</p>
275     <p><b>Died:</b> September 28, 1989</p>
276     <p><b>Contributions:</b> Ruled the Philippines under Martial Law; his dictatorship led to the rise of the People Power movement.</p>
277    </div>
278   </div>
279 </div>
280
281  <!-- Benigno "Ninoy" Aquino Jr. -->
282  <div class="w3-third w3-padding">
283   <div class="w3-card w3-hover-shadow w3-white">
284    
286    <div class="w3-container">
287     <h4><b>Benigno "Ninoy" Aquino Jr.</b></h4>
288     <p><b>Role:</b> Opposition Leader</p>
289     <p><b>Born:</b> November 27, 1932</p>
290     <p><b>Died:</b> August 21, 1983</p>

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Untitled-1.py  Historic-Figures-Events.html x
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2  <html lang="en">
21 <body>
243
244  <!-- Interactive Timeline Section -->
245 <section id="timeline" class="w3-container w3-padding-64" style="position: relative; background: url('https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/b/b3/EDSA_Revolution_%281986%29_-_People_Power.jpg') no-repeat center center; background-size: cover; height: 400px; margin-bottom: 20px;">
246
247  <!-- Semi-transparent overlay -->
248  <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);"></div>
249
250  <!-- Content -->
251  <div style="position: relative; height: 100%;">
252   <h2 class="w3-center">Timeline of Events</h2>
253
254   <div class="w3-card w3-hover-shadow w3-padding w3-margin">
255    <h4 onclick="toggleDetails('event1')" class="w3-hover-text-blue">↑ August 21, 1983 - Assassination of Ninoy Aquino [i]</h4>
256    <div id="event1" class="w3-hide w3-padding w3-light-grey">
257     <p>Senator Benigno "Ninoy" Aquino Jr. was one of the fiercest critics of President Ferdinand Marcos. After three years of self-imposed exile in the United States, Aquino decided to return to the Philippines despite warnings of danger. As he disembarked from China Airlines Flight 811 at Manila International Airport (now Ninoy Aquino International Airport), he was assassinated on the tarmac.</p>
258     <p>The official government report blamed the assassination on a lone gunman, Rolando Galman, but many believed it was a state-ordered execution. The public outcry was immediate, with millions mourning Aquino's death and calling for an end to the Marcos dictatorship. His funeral procession on August 31, 1983, lasted over 11 hours and was attended by over 2 million people, marking one of the largest demonstrations against Marcos at the time.</p>
259    </div>
260   </div>
261
262   <div class="w3-card w3-hover-shadow w3-padding w3-margin">
263    <h4 onclick="toggleDetails('event2')" class="w3-hover-text-blue">↑ November 3, 1985 - Marcos Calls for Snap Elections [i]</h4>
264    <div id="event2" class="w3-hide w3-padding w3-light-grey">
265     <p>On November 3, 1985, during an interview on the American television program "This Week with David Brinkley", President Ferdinand Marcos unexpectedly announced that he would hold a snap presidential election in early 1986, a year ahead of schedule. The move was seen as an attempt to prove his legitimacy and silence growing opposition, especially after increasing international pressure and domestic unrest following the assassination of Benigno "Ninoy" Aquino Jr. in 1983.</p>
266     <p>The decision came as a surprise to many, including Marcos' own political allies. It was widely believed that U.S. President Ronald Reagan, a long-time supporter of Marcos, had advised him to seek a fresh mandate to counter allegations of dictatorship and fraud. The snap election, however, would prove to be a critical moment that led to the downfall of the Marcos regime, as it triggered massive protests and exposed widespread election fraud.</p>
267    </div>
268   </div>
269
270 </div>
271
272 </body>
273 </html>

```



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February 25, 1986 - Celebration erupts as Marcos flees the country; People Power triumphs.

People Power Revolution Documentary

Watch on YouTube

Corazon Aquino - U.S. Congress Speech (Audio Enhanced)

Watch on YouTube

Radyo Veritas Broadcast 1

Radyo Veritas Broadcast 2

People Power Chant

Watch on YouTube

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37
38     <!-- Text content -->
39     <div style="position: relative;">
40         <h2 class="w3-text-shadow"><strong>■ The EDSA People Power Revolution</strong></h2>
41         <p class="w3-large w3-text-shadow">A peaceful movement that restored democracy in the Philippines.</p>
42     </div>
43 </div>
44
45
46
47
48     <!-- Background Section -->
49 <section id="background" class="w3-container w3-padding-64"
50 style="position: relative; background: url('https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/7/7e/EDSA_Revolution_%281986%29.jpg') no-repeat center center; background-size: cover;">
51
52     <!-- Semi-transparent overlay -->
53     <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);"></div>
54
55     <!-- Content -->
56     <div style="position: relative;">
57         <h2 class="w3-center" style="background">■ Background</h2>
58         <p>
59             The EDSA People Power Revolution was a historic four-day uprising in February 1986 that led to the peaceful overthrow of the dictatorship of President Ferdinand Marcos.
60             This revolution was the result of decades of corruption, human rights violations, and political repression. The assassination of opposition leader
61             <strong>Benigno "Ninoy" Aquino Jr.</strong> in 1983 was a turning point that sparked mass protests, leading to widespread calls for democracy.
62         </p>
63         <p>
64             Marcos ruled the Philippines for 21 years, declaring <strong>Martial Law in 1972</strong>, which granted him absolute power. His regime was marked by censorship, suppression of dissent, and a deteriorating economy due to corruption. The opposition, led by <strong>Corazon "Cory" Aquino</strong> (widow of Ninoy Aquino), gained massive public support when Marcos called for <strong>snap elections in 1986</strong>. Widespread fraud led to mass protests, culminating in the EDSA Revolution.
65         </p>
66         <p>
67             Over <strong>two million Filipinos</strong> gathered along <strong>Epifanio de los Santos Avenue (EDSA)</strong> in Metro Manila, forming human barricades, praying, and
68             protesting. Soldiers and tanks sent by Marcos refused to attack civilians, and on <strong>February 25, 1986, Marcos fled to Hawaii</strong>, marking the triumph of the people.
69     </div>
70 </section>

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Untitled-1.py  ◊ Historic-Figures-Events.html X
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1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html lang="en">
3  <head>
4      <meta charset="UTF-8">
5      <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
6      <title>EDSA People Power Revolution</title>
7      <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://www.w3schools.com/w3css/4/w3.css">
8      <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Poppins:wght@300;400;600&display=swap">
9      <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
10     <script>
11         function toggleDetails(id) {
12             var x = document.getElementById(id);
13             if (x.classList.contains("w3-show")) {
14                 x.classList.remove("w3-show");
15             } else {
16                 x.classList.add("w3-show");
17             }
18         }
19     </script>
20 </head>
21 <body>
22
23     <!-- Navigation Bar -->
24     <div class="w3-bar w3-black w3-top w3-padding w3-card">
25         <a href="#" class="w3-bar-item w3-button w3-hover-yellow" style="color: white; font-size: 1.2em; padding: 5px 10px; border-radius: 5px; text-decoration: none; margin-right: 10px;">🏠 Home</a>
26         <a href="#background" class="w3-bar-item w3-button w3-hover-yellow" style="color: white; font-size: 1.2em; padding: 5px 10px; border-radius: 5px; text-decoration: none; margin-right: 10px;">■ Background</a>
27         <a href="#timeline" class="w3-bar-item w3-button w3-hover-yellow" style="color: white; font-size: 1.2em; padding: 5px 10px; border-radius: 5px; text-decoration: none; margin-right: 10px;">🕒 Timeline</a>
28         <a href="#figures" class="w3-bar-item w3-button w3-hover-yellow" style="color: white; font-size: 1.2em; padding: 5px 10px; border-radius: 5px; text-decoration: none; margin-right: 10px;">👤 Key Figures</a>
29         <a href="#impact" class="w3-bar-item w3-button w3-hover-yellow" style="color: white; font-size: 1.2em; padding: 5px 10px; border-radius: 5px; text-decoration: none; margin-right: 10px;">🌐 Impact</a>
30     </div>
31
32     <div class="w3-container w3-center w3-padding-64"
33 style="position: relative; background: url('https://tse4.mm.bing.net/th?id=OIP.zrqpcBZCjFE9-IbW875ISwHaEz&pid=Api1') no-repeat center center; background-size: cover; color: white; font-size: 1.5em; text-align: center; padding: 20px; margin-top: 20px;">
34
35     <!-- Semi-transparent overlay -->
36     <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5);"></div>
37 </div>

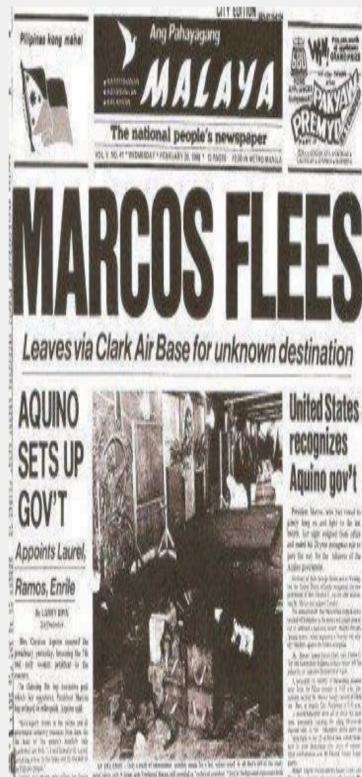
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February 24, 1986 - Protesters form human barricades and pray in front of military tanks.



February 25, 1986 - Celebration erupts as Marcos flees the country; People Power triumphs.



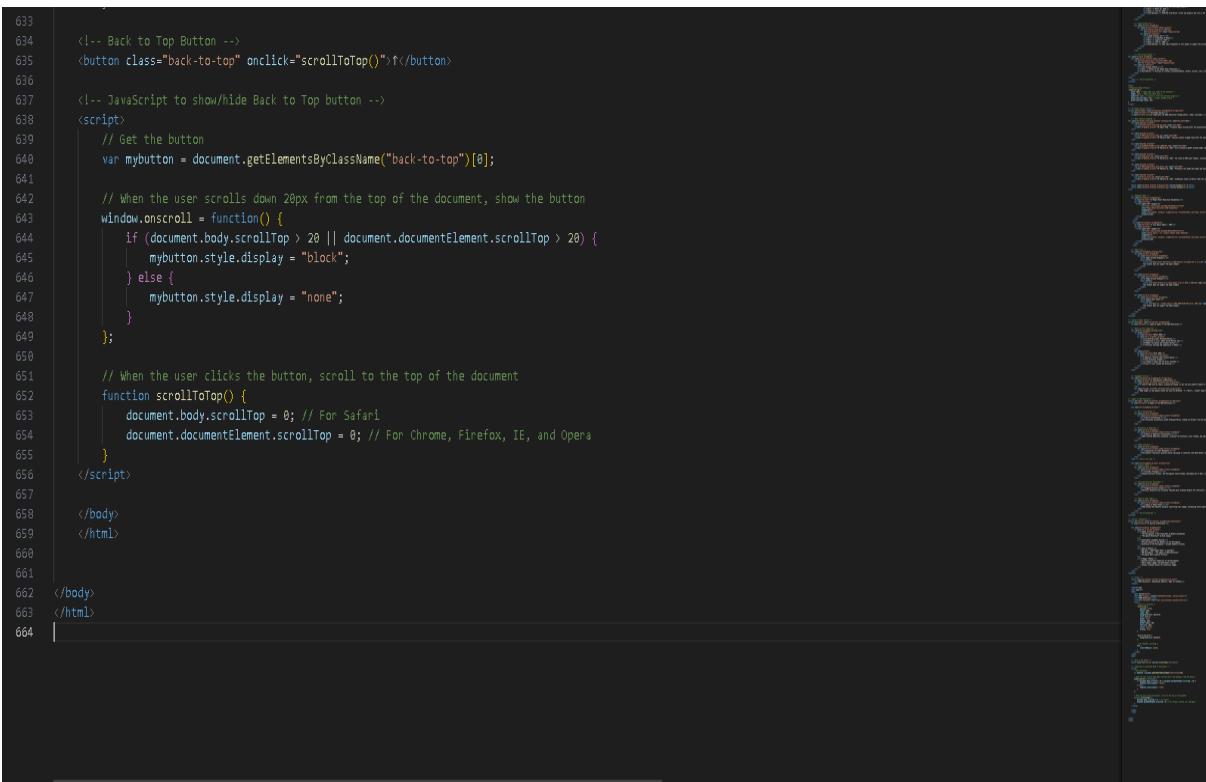
February 1986 - Filipinos begin rallying after the assassination of Ninoy Aquino.



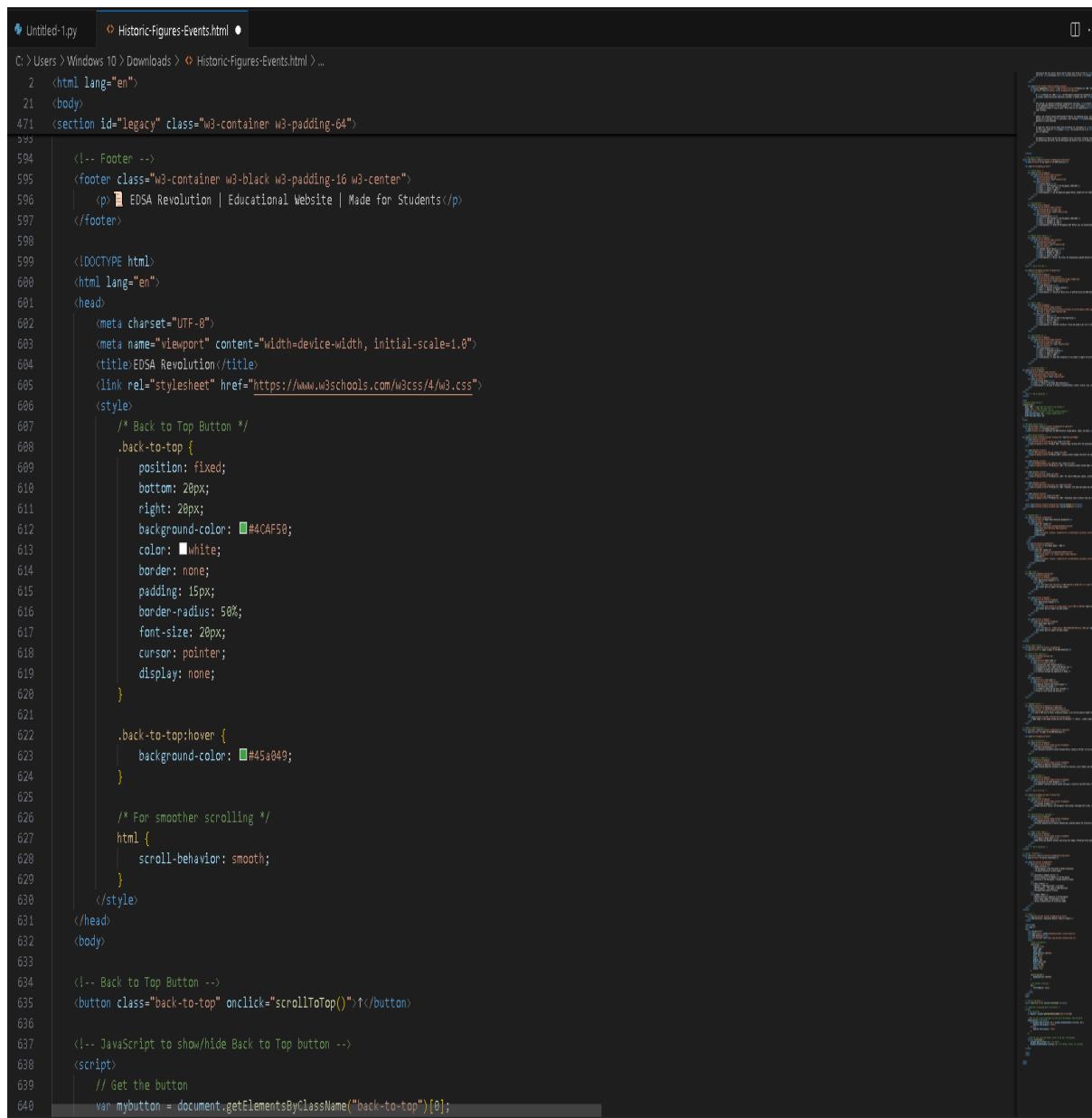
February 22, 1986 - First protesters gather outside Camps Crame and Aguinaldo to protest rebel soldiers.



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```
633     <!-- Back to Top Button -->
634     <button class="back-to-top" onclick="scrollToTop()">↑</button>
635
636     <!-- JavaScript to show/hide Back to Top button -->
637     <script>
638         // Get the button
639         var mybutton = document.getElementsByClassName("back-to-top")[0];
640
641         // When the user scrolls down 20px from the top of the document, show the button
642         window.onscroll = function() {
643             if (document.body.scrollTop > 20 || document.documentElement.scrollTop > 20) {
644                 mybutton.style.display = "block";
645             } else {
646                 mybutton.style.display = "none";
647             }
648         };
649
650         // When the user clicks the button, scroll to the top of the document
651         function scrollToTop() {
652             document.body.scrollTop = 0; // For Safari
653             document.documentElement.scrollTop = 0; // For Chrome, Firefox, IE, and Opera
654         }
655     </script>
656
657     </body>
658 </html>
659
660
661 </body>
662 </html>
663
664 |
```



```
C:\> Untitled-1.py ① Historic-Figures-Events.html ② ...
C:\> Users > Windows 10 > Downloads > ③ Historic-Figures-Events.html > ...
2  <html lang="en">
21 <body>
471 <section id="legacy" class="w3-container w3-padding-64">
595
594     <!-- Footer -->
595     <footer class="w3-container w3-black w3-padding-16 w3-center">
596         <p> EDSA Revolution | Educational Website | Made for Students </p>
597     </footer>
598
599     <!DOCTYPE html>
600     <html lang="en">
601         <head>
602             <meta charset="UTF-8">
603             <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
604             <title>EDSA Revolution</title>
605             <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://www.w3schools.com/w3css/4/w3.css">
606             <style>
607                 /* Back to Top */
608                 .back-to-top {
609                     position: fixed;
610                     bottom: 20px;
611                     right: 20px;
612                     background-color: #4CAF50;
613                     color: white;
614                     border: none;
615                     padding: 15px;
616                     border-radius: 50%;
617                     font-size: 20px;
618                     cursor: pointer;
619                     display: none;
620                 }
621
622                 .back-to-top:hover {
623                     background-color: #45a049;
624                 }
625
626                 /* For smoother scrolling */
627                 html {
628                     scroll-behavior: smooth;
629                 }
630             </style>
631         </head>
632     <body>
633
634     <!-- Back to Top Button -->
635     <button class="back-to-top" onclick="scrollToTop()">↑</button>
636
637     <!-- JavaScript to show/hide Back to Top button -->
638     <script>
639         // Get the button
640         var mybutton = document.getElementsByClassName("back-to-top")[0];
641
642         // When the user scrolls down 20px from the top of the document, show the button
643         window.onscroll = function() {
644             if (document.body.scrollTop > 20 || document.documentElement.scrollTop > 20) {
645                 mybutton.style.display = "block";
646             } else {
647                 mybutton.style.display = "none";
648             }
649         };
650
651         // When the user clicks the button, scroll to the top of the document
652         function scrollToTop() {
653             document.body.scrollTop = 0; // For Safari
654             document.documentElement.scrollTop = 0; // For Chrome, Firefox, IE, and Opera
655         }
656     </script>
657
658     </body>
659 </html>
660
661 </body>
662 </html>
663
664 |
```

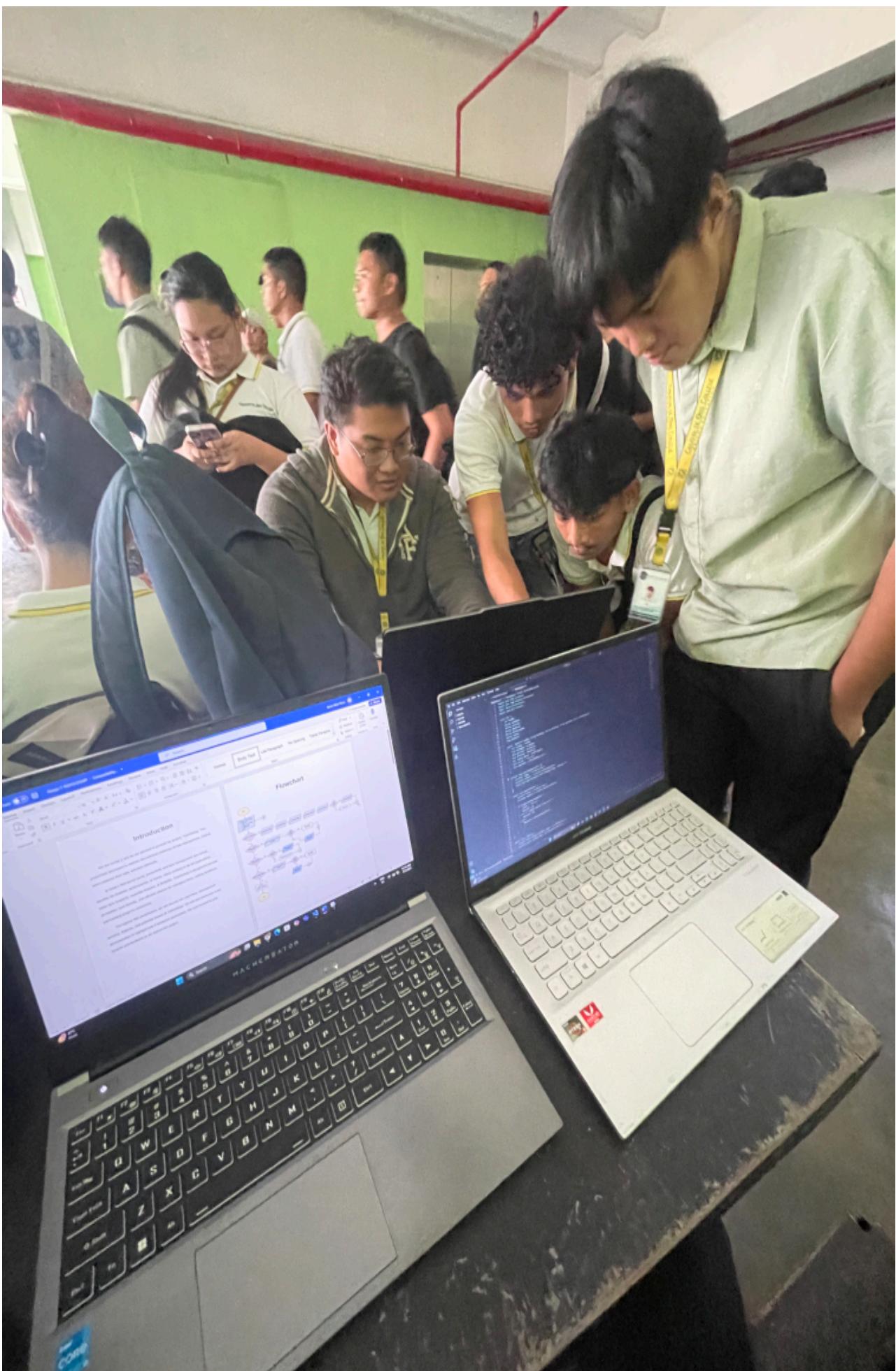


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Photo documentation



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