数理逻辑第五次作业

姓名	孙铎	班级	5 班	学号	200110503
第1题					
第2题					
第3题					
总分					
备注	1. 作业提交邮箱: hitsz_logic_2022@163.com。作业提交截止时间: 2022-06-30-24:00, 超过提交截止时间的作业视为无效。 2. 确因网络等特殊原因无法及时提交作业的学生,应至少提前1小时与助教联系沟通(徐联燃,QQ:1319282215,电话:13713994811 许天骁,QQ:1140931320,电话:18800415868)。 3. 作业文件名命名方式: 第 x 次-学号-姓名-x 班(例:第5次-180110504-张三-5 班.pdf);邮件主题为: 第 x 次-学号-姓名-x 班(例:第5次-180110504-张三-5 班)。缺少这些信息的作业将被酌情扣分。注意作业次数以阿拉伯数字命名。 4. 可手写拍照转为 PDF 格式。				

- 1. P138 1. 设有如下推理语句:
 - (1) 没有无知的教授
 - (2) 所有无知者均爱虚荣
 - (3) 则没有爱虚荣的教授

试问由(1)和(2)能否推出(3)?

定义谓词:

F(v):v是无知的

G(v): v是教授

Y(v):v爱虚荣

则(1)可表述为: $(\forall v)(G(v) \rightarrow \neg F(v))$

(2)可表述为: $(\forall v)(F(v) \rightarrow Y(v))$

(3)可表述为: $(\forall v)(G(v) \rightarrow \neg Y(v))$

现将v指派为不无知的但爱虚荣的教授,

显然v满足(1)和(2),但不满足(3),

所以不能由(1)和(2)推出(3)

2. P138 3.

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P138 3. 设 A, B 为FC中的任意公式,变元 v 在 A 中无自由出现,试证:
(1) \vdash (A \rightarrow \exists vB) \rightarrow \exists v(A \rightarrow B)
(2) \vdash \exists v(A \to B) \to (A \to \exists vB)
(3) \vdash (\forall vB \to A) \to \exists v(B \to A)
(4) \vdash \exists v(B \to A) \to (\forall vB \to A)
 (1)
     (1). \vdash \neg A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B) PC中定理6
     (2). \vdash (\neg A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B)) \rightarrow (\neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow A) PC中定理14
     (3). \vdash \neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow A (1)和(2)用分离规则
     (4). \vdash \forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \neg (A \rightarrow B) FC中定理1
     (5). \vdash \forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow A (3)和(4)用PC中三段论定理8
     (6). \vdash (\forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow A) \rightarrow (\neg A \rightarrow \neg \forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B)) PC中定理13
     (7). \vdash \neg A \rightarrow \neg \forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B) (5)和(6)用分离规则
     (8). \vdash B \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B) 公理1
     (9). \vdash (B \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B)) \rightarrow (\neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \neg B) PC中定理13
     (10). \vdash \neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \neg B (8)和(9)用分离规则
     (11). \vdash \forall v(\neg(A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \neg B) (10)使用全称推广定理4
     (12). \vdash \forall v(\neg(A \to B) \to \neg B) \to (\forall v \neg (A \to B) \to \forall v \neg B)
     (13). \vdash \forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \forall v \neg B \quad (11)和(12)用分离规则
     (14). \vdash (\forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \forall v \neg B) \rightarrow (\neg \forall v \neg B \rightarrow \neg \forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B)) PC中定理13
     (15). \vdash \neg \forall v \neg B \rightarrow \neg \forall v \neg (A \rightarrow B) (13)和(14)用分离规则
     (16). \vdash \neg A \rightarrow \exists v(A \rightarrow B) (7)和量词之间的关系
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(2)

$$(1)$$
. $\exists v(A \to B), A \vdash \exists v(A \to B)$ (\in)
 (2) . $\exists v(A \to B), A, A \to B \vdash A \to B$ (\in)
 (3) . $\exists v(A \to B), A, A \to B \vdash A$ (\in)
 (4) . $\exists v(A \to B), A, A \to B \vdash B$ (2)(3)($\to -$)
 (5) . $\exists v(A \to B), A \vdash B$ (1)和(4)用 FC 中存在消除定理 10
 (6) . $\exists v(A \to B), A \vdash B \to \exists vB$ FC 中定理 2
 (7) . $\exists v(A \to B), A \vdash \exists vB$ (5)(6)($\to -$)
 (8) . $\exists v(A \to B) \vdash A \to \exists vB$ (7)用演绎定理
 (9) . $\vdash \exists v(A \to B) \to (A \to \exists vB)$ (8)用演绎定理

(18). $\vdash (A \rightarrow \exists vB) \rightarrow \exists v(A \rightarrow B)$ (16)和(17)用PC中定理18

(17). $\vdash \exists vB \rightarrow \exists v(A \rightarrow B)$ (15)和量词之间的关系

(3)

$$(1)$$
. $\vdash A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A)$ 公理1

$$(2)$$
. $\vdash (A o (B o A)) o (\lnot (B o A) o \lnot A)$ PC 中定理 13

$$(3)$$
. $\vdash \neg (B \rightarrow A) \rightarrow \neg A$ (1)和(2)用分离规则

$$(4)$$
. $\vdash \forall v(\neg(B \to A) \to \neg A)$ (3) 用 FC 中全称推广定理 4

$$(5)$$
. $\vdash \forall v(\neg(B \to A) \to \neg A) \to (\forall v \neg (B \to A) \to \forall v \neg A)$ 公理5

$$(6)$$
. $\vdash \forall v \neg (B \rightarrow A) \rightarrow \forall v \neg A \quad (4)$ 和 (5) 用分离规则

$$(7)$$
. $\vdash \forall v \neg A \rightarrow \neg A$ FC中定理1

$$(8)$$
. $\vdash \forall v \neg (B \rightarrow A) \rightarrow \neg A$ (6)和(7)用 PC 中三段论定理8

$$(9)$$
. $\forall v \neg (B \rightarrow A) \vdash \neg A$ (8)用演绎定理

$$(10).\,\forall vB \to A, \forall v \neg (B \to A) \vdash \neg A \quad (9)(+)$$

$$(11)$$
. $\vdash \neg B \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A)$ PC 中定理6

$$(12)$$
. $\vdash (\neg B \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A)) \rightarrow (\neg (B \rightarrow A) \rightarrow B)$ PC 中定理14

$$(13)$$
. $\vdash \neg (B \rightarrow A) \rightarrow B$ (11) 和 (12) 用分离规则

$$(14)$$
. $\vdash \forall v(\lnot(B \to A) \to B)$ (13) 用 FC 中全称推广定理 4

$$(15)$$
. $\vdash \forall v(\neg(B \to A) \to B) \to (\forall v \neg(B \to A) \to \forall vB)$ 公理5

$$(16)$$
. $\vdash \forall v \neg (B \rightarrow A) \rightarrow \forall v B \quad (14)$ 和 (15) 用分离规则

$$(17).\,\forall vB \to A \vdash \forall v \neg (B \to A) \to \forall vB \quad (16)(+)$$

(18).
$$\forall vB \rightarrow A, \forall v \neg (B \rightarrow A) \vdash \forall vB$$
 (17)用演绎定理

$$(19). \forall vB \to A, \forall v \neg (B \to A) \vdash \forall vB \to A \quad (\in)$$

$$(20).\, orall vB
ightarrow A, orall v
eg (B
ightarrow A) dash A \quad (18)(19)(
ightarrow -)$$

$$(21)$$
. $orall vB o A dash
eg orall v
eg (B o A)$ (10) 和 (20) 用 FC 中反证法定理 8

$$(22)$$
. $\forall vB o A \vdash \exists v(B o A)$ (21) 和量词之间的关系

$$(23)$$
. $\vdash (\forall vB \to A) \to \exists v(B \to A)$ (22) 用演绎定理

(4)

$$(1).\ \exists v(B \to A), \forall vB \vdash \exists v(B \to A) \quad (\in)$$

$$(2)$$
. $\exists v(B \to A), \forall vB, B \to A \vdash B \to A \quad (\in)$

$$(3)$$
. $\exists v(B \to A), \forall vB, B \to A \vdash \forall vB \quad (\in)$

$$(4)$$
. $\exists v(B \to A), \forall vB, B \to A \vdash \forall vB \to B$ FC中定理1

$$(5). \exists v(B \rightarrow A), \forall vB, B \rightarrow A \vdash B \quad (3)(4)(\rightarrow -)$$

$$(6)$$
. $\exists v(B o A), \forall vB, B o A \vdash A \quad (2)(5)(o -)$

$$(7)$$
. $\exists v(B o A), \forall vB \vdash A$ (1) 和 (6) 用 FC 中存在消除定理 10

$$(8)$$
. $\exists v(B \to A) \vdash \forall vB \to A \quad (7)(\to +)$

$$(9). \vdash \exists v(B \to A) \to (\forall vB \to A) \quad (8)(\to +)$$

3. P138 4.

P138 4. 在FC中证明:

- (1) $\forall x(A \rightarrow B) \mapsto A \rightarrow \forall xB$ x在 A 中无自由出现
- (2) $\forall x(A \to B) \mapsto \exists xA \to B$ $x \in B$ 中无自由出现
- (3) $\forall x(A \land B) \mapsto \forall xA \land \forall xB$
- (4) $\exists x(A \lor B) \mapsto \exists xA \lor \exists xB$

(1)

- (1). $\forall x(A \rightarrow B)$ 已知假设
- (2). $\forall x(A o B) o (\forall xA o \forall xB)$ 公理5
- (3). $\forall xA \rightarrow \forall xB$ (1)和(2)用分离规则
- (4). $A \rightarrow \forall xA$ 公理6
- (5). $A o \forall xB$ (3)和(4)用PC中三段论定理8
- (6). $\forall x(A \rightarrow B) \vdash A \rightarrow \forall xB$ (1)和(5)由演绎结果的定义
- (7). $\forall xB \rightarrow B$ FC中定理1
- $(8). (\forall xB \to B) \to ((A \to \forall xB) \to (A \to B))$ PC中加前件定理4
- $(9). (A \rightarrow \forall xB) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B)$ (7)和(8)用分离规则
- (10). $A o \forall x B \vdash A o B$ (9)用演绎定理
- $(11). A \rightarrow \forall x B \vdash \forall x (A \rightarrow B)$ (10)用全称推广定理5
- (12). $\forall x(A \rightarrow B) \vdash \dashv A \rightarrow \forall xB$ (6)和(11)

(2)

- $(1). \forall x(A \to B), \exists xA \vdash \exists xA \quad (\in)$
- (2), $\forall x(A \rightarrow B)$, $\exists xA, A \vdash A \quad (\in)$
- $(3). \forall x(A \rightarrow B), \exists xA, A \vdash \forall x(A \rightarrow B) \quad (\in)$
- (4). $\forall x(A \rightarrow B)$, $\exists xA$, $A \vdash \forall x(A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B)$ FC中定理1
- $(5). \forall x(A \to B), \exists xA, A \vdash A \to B \quad (3)(4)(\to -)$
- $(6). \, \forall x (A \rightarrow B), \exists x A, A \vdash B \quad (2)(5)(\rightarrow -)$
- (7). $\forall x(A \rightarrow B)$, $\exists xA \vdash B$ (1)和(6)用FC中存在消除定理10
- (8). $\forall x(A \rightarrow B) \vdash \exists xA \rightarrow B$ (7)用演绎定理
- (9). $\exists x A \to B$ 已知假设
- (10). $A \rightarrow \exists xA$ FC中定理2
- $(11). A \rightarrow B$ (9)和(10)用PC中三段论定理8
- (12). $\exists x A \rightarrow B \vdash A \rightarrow B$ (9)和(11)由演绎结果的定义
- (13). $\exists x A \rightarrow B \vdash \forall x (A \rightarrow B)$ (12)用FC中的全称推广定理5
- (14). $\forall x(A \rightarrow B) \vdash \exists xA \rightarrow B \quad (8)$ 和(13)

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(3)
          (1). \vdash \forall x(A \land B) \rightarrow (A \land B) FC中定理1
          (2). \forall x(A \land B) \vdash A \land B (1)用演绎定理
          (3). \forall x(A \wedge B) \vdash A \quad (2)(\wedge -)
          (4). \forall x(A \wedge B) \vdash B \quad (2)(\wedge -)
          (5). \forall x(A \land B) \vdash \forall xA (3)用FC中全称推广定理5
          (6). \forall x(A \land B) \vdash \forall xB (4)用FC中全称推广定理5
          (7). \forall x (A \wedge B) \vdash \forall x A \wedge \forall x B \quad (5)(6)(\wedge +)
          (8). \forall x A \land \forall x B \vdash \forall x A \land \forall x B \quad (\in)
          (9). \forall x A \land \forall x B \vdash \forall x A \quad (8)(\land -)
          (10). \forall x A \wedge \forall x B \vdash \forall x B \quad (8)(\wedge -)
          (11). \forall xA \rightarrow A FC中定理1
          (12). \forall xB \rightarrow B FC中定理1
          (13). \forall x A \land \forall x B \vdash A (9)和(11)用分离规则
          (14). \forall x A \land \forall x B \vdash B (10)和(12)用分离规则
          (15). \forall x A \land \forall x B \vdash A \land B \quad (13)(14)(\land +)
          (16). \forall x A \land \forall x B \vdash \forall x (A \land B) (15)用FC中全称推广定理5
          (17). \forall x(A \land B) \vdash \neg \forall xA \land \forall xB \quad (7)和(16)
(4)
          (1). \exists x(A \lor B) \vdash \exists x(A \lor B) \quad (\in)
          (2). \exists x(A \lor B), A \lor B \vdash A \lor B \quad (\in)
          (3). \exists x(A \lor B), A \lor B, A \vdash A \quad (\in)
          (4). \exists x(A \lor B), A \lor B, B \vdash B \quad (\in)
          (5). A \rightarrow \exists xA FC中定理2
          (6). B \rightarrow \exists xB FC中定理2
          (7). \exists x(A \lor B), A \lor B, A \vdash \exists xA \quad (3)(5)(\rightarrow -)
          (8). \exists x(A \lor B), A \lor B, B \vdash \exists xB \quad (4)(6)(\rightarrow -)
          (9). \exists x(A \lor B), A \lor B, A \vdash \exists xA \lor \exists xB \quad (7)(\lor +)
          (10). \exists x(A \lor B), A \lor B, B \vdash \exists xA \lor \exists xB \quad (8)(\lor +)
          (11). \exists x(A \lor B), A \lor B \vdash \exists xA \lor \exists xB \quad (2)(9)(10)(\lor -)
          (12). \exists x(A \lor B) \vdash \exists xA \lor \exists xB \quad (1)和(11)用FC中存在消除定理10
          (13). \exists xA \vee \exists xB \vdash \exists xA \vee \exists xB \quad (\in)
          (14). \exists xA \vee \exists xB, \exists xA \vdash \exists xA
          (15). \exists xA \vee \exists xB, \exists xB \vdash \exists xB
                                                              (\in)
          (16). \exists x A \vee \exists x B, \exists x A, A \vdash A
                                                             (\in)
          (17). \exists x A \lor \exists x B, \exists x B, B \vdash B \quad (\in)
          (18). \exists x A \lor \exists x B, \exists x A \vdash A (14)和(16)用FC中存在消除定理10
          (19). \exists x A \lor \exists x B, \exists x B \vdash B (15)和(17)用FC中存在消除定理10
          (20). \exists x A \lor \exists x B, \exists x A \vdash A \lor B \quad (18)(\lor +)
          (21). \exists x A \vee \exists x B, \exists x B \vdash A \vee B \quad (19)(\vee +)
          (22). \exists x A \lor \exists x B \vdash A \lor B \quad (13)(20)(21)(\lor -)
          (23). A \lor B \to \exists x (A \lor B) FC中定理2
          (24). \exists x A \lor \exists x B \vdash \exists x (A \lor B) \quad (22)(23)(\rightarrow -)
          (25). \exists x(A \lor B) \vdash \exists xA \lor \exists xB \quad (12)和(24)
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