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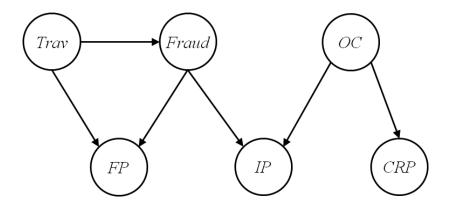
* INSTRUCTOR: Cuneyt Akcora

* ASSIGNMENT: Assignment 2 - Bayesian networks, Q2

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2-a:



P(OC)		
+oc	0.7	
-oc	0.3	

P(Trav)		
+t	0.05	
-t	0.95	

P (CRP OC)			
OC	CRP		
+oc	+crp	0.1	
+oc	-crp	0.9	
-oc	+crp	0.01	
-oc	-crp	0.99	

P (Fraud Trav)			
Trav	Fraud		
+t	+f	0.01	
+t	-f	0.99	
-t	+f	0.004	
-t	-f	0.996	

P (IP OC, Fraud)			
OC	is Fraud	IP	
+oc	+f	+	0.02
+oc	+f	-	0.98
+oc	-f	+	0.01
+oc	-f	-	0.99
-oc	+f	+	0.011
-oc	+f	-	0.989
-oc	-f	+	0.001
-oc	-f	-	0.999

P (FP Trav, Fraud)			
Trav	is Fraud	FP	
+t	+f	+fp	0.9
+t	+f	-fp	0.1
+t	-f	+fp	0.9
+t	-f	-fp	0.1
-t	+f	+fp	0.1
-t	+f	-fp	0.9
-t	-f	+fp	0.01
-t	-f	-fp	0.99

2-b:

Output:

Q1:

$$P(+fraud, Trav) = P(Trav) * P(+|fraud Trav)$$

After the elimination, the program output P(+fraud) = 0.0043 as the prior probability.

$$\begin{split} P\left(FRAUD\mid +fp,-ip,+crp\right) & \alpha \ P(FRAUD,+fp,-ip,+crp) \\ & = \ P(FRAUD,+fp,-ip,+crp,TRAV,OC) \\ & = \sum_{Trav,oc} P(TRAV) \ P(OC) P(FRAUD\mid TRAV) \ P(+crp\mid OC) \ P(+fp\mid TRAV,FRAUD) P(-ip\mid OC,FRAUD) \\ & = \sum_{OC} P(OC) \ P(+crp\mid OC) \ P(-ip\mid OC,FRAUD) \sum_{TRAV} P(TRAV) \ P(FRAUD\mid TRAV) P(+fp\mid TRAV,FRAUD) \\ & = \sum_{OC} P(OC) \ P(+crp\mid OC) \ P(-ip\mid OC,FRAUD) \ f1(+fp,FRAUD) \\ & = f1(+fp,FRAUD) \sum_{OC} P(OC) \ P(+crp\mid OC) \ P(-ip\mid OC,FRAUD) \\ & = f1(+fp,FRAUD) \ f2(+crp,-ip\mid FRAUD) \end{split}$$

The program took the factor FRAUD as variable, and +fp, -ip, +crp as evidence to process the inference.

After the normalization, the result is $P(+fraud \mid +fp,-ip,+crp) = 0.01498$