INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY KHARAGPUR

Date:FN/AN Time: 2 hours Full marks: 50 No. of students: 66

Autumn Mid Semester Exams, 2010 Dept: Comp. Sc & Engg. Sub No: CS60007

M.Tech (Core) Sub Name: Foundations of Computing Science

Instructions: Answer all four questions

- 1. (a) Give the formal definition of a *countable set*. Show that the set of odd natural numbers is countable.
 - (b) Show that the power set, 2^S, of a countably infinite set, S, is uncountable.

[Hint: Develop a correspondence with infinite binary sequences.]

[5 + 6 = 11 marks]

2. Consider the following languages over $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$:

$$L_1 = \{ a^n \mid n \ge 0 \}$$

$$L_2 = \{ a^n b^n \mid n \ge 0 \}$$

$$L_3 = \{ a^n b^n c^n \mid n \ge 0 \}$$

- (a) Draw the hierarchy of languages showing the regular, context-free, Turing decidable, and Turing recognizable classes, and place L₁, L₂, L₃ in the appropriate classes.
- (b) Design an appropriate acceptor (DFA/NFA/PDA etc) for each language.

[5 + 10 = 15 marks]

- 3. (a) Give the formal definition of a context free grammar
 - (b) Consider the following CFG:

$$S \rightarrow LSR \mid SS \mid \in$$

 $L \rightarrow (\mid \{R \rightarrow)\mid \}$

Explain why this is not a correct grammar for matching brackets. Note that we have used two types of brackets, namely the first brackets, (), and the curly brackets, {}.

- (c) Modify the CFG of part (b) to develop a correct grammar for matching brackets.
- (d) Draw a Push-down automaton (PDA) from the grammar for accepting the same language.

[2+2+3+5=12 marks]

- 4. For each of the following statements, indicate whether the statement is True or False. For the True-ones give a brief justification (you can use known results), and for the False-ones give a counter-example. Your answer must begin with True/False.
 - (a) L_2 is a given regular language. L_3 is a language such that each string $w \in L_3$ also belongs to L_2 . Then L_3 is also a regular language.
 - (b) The complement of a Turing-recognizable language cannot be Turing-recognizable.
 - (c) There exists Turing-machines for deciding every regular language, but it is not always possible to decide whether the language accepted by a given Turing machine is regular.

[4+4+4=12 marks]