PROBLEM-SOLVING THROUGH PROGRAMMING			
Course Code	21PSP23/13	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

- 1. Elucidate the basic architecture and functionalities of a Computer
- 2. Apply programming constructs of C language to solve the real-world problems
- 3. Explore user-defined data structures like arrays, structures and pointers in implementing solutions to problems
- 4. Design and Develop Solutions to problems using modular programming constructs such as functions and procedures

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain the functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher-order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Computer Hardware and Software: Computer generations, computer types, bits, bytes and words, CPU, Primary memory, Secondary memory, ports and connections, input devices, output devices, Computers in a network, Network hardware, Software basics, software types

Overview of C: Basic structure of C program, executing a C program. Constant, variable and data types, Operators and expressions

Teaching-Learning Process:	Chalk &board, Active Learning		
Module-2			
Managing Input and output operations. Conditional Branching and Loops. Example programs,			
finding roots of a quadratic equation, computation of binomial coefficients, plotting of Pascal's			
triangle.			
Teaching-Learning Process:	Chalk & board, Active Learning, Problem based learning		
Module-3			
Arrays: Arrays (1-D, 2-D), Character arrays and Strings, Basic Algorithms: Searching and			
Sorting Algorithms (Linear search, Binary search, Bubble sort and Selection sort).			
Teaching-Learning Process:	Chalk & board, MOOC, Active Learning		

Module-4

User Defined Functions and Recursion.

Example programs: Finding Factorial of a positive integer, GCD of two numbers and Fibonacci sequence.

Teaching-Learning Process: Chalk& board, Problem based learning

Module-5

Structures, Unions and Pointers, Pre-processor Directives and Example Programs like Addition of two complex numbers using structures , compute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of $\,N\,$ real numbers using pointers.

Teaching-Learning Process: Chalk & board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Elucidate the basic architecture and functionalities of a computer and also recognize the hardware parts.
- 2. Apply programming constructs of C language to solve the real world problem
- 3. Explore user-defined data structures like arrays in implementing solutions to problems like searching and sorting
- 4. Explore user-defined data structures like structures, unions and pointers in implementing solutions
- 5. Design and Develop Solutions to problems using modular programming constructs using functions

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)**

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. E. Balaguruswamy, Programming in ANSI C, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The 'C' Programming Language, Prentice Hall of India.

Reference:

1. Reema Thereja, Programming in C, Cengage publication,

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/BS/15PCD23.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/
 MOOC courses can be adopted for more clarity in understanding the topics and verities of problem solving methods.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Real world problem solving using group discussion. E.g., Electricity bill generation. etc.,
- 2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.
- 3. Demonstration of simple project and motivating the students to develop similar type of projects.