Drawing and Working with Animation

Learning Objective

After studying this module student should be able to:

- Understand the concept of drawing
- Get basic knowledge about animation of android
- Understand the type of animation using xml
- Be able to create dynamic or hybrid animation using xml library

Introduction

Android Drawing App are support to following things:

- Draw Users will be able to draw on a blank canvas (whiteboard).
- Erase Users will be able to erase what has been drawn.
- Undo Users will be able to undo and redo drawing paths.
- Color Users will be able to draw using a color of their choice from at least these colors: black, dark gray, light gray, blue, red, and green, orange, yellow.
- Share Users will be able to capture a screen shot and email it to a friend.

Paint applications are become famous thanks to Microsoft Paint, well known as simply Paint or Paintbrush. It was a simple computer graphics application included with all versions of Microsoft Windows. In this chapter, you are going to discover how to create a Paint Application for Android which will let users to draw on the screen with their fingers.

- Draw paths with fingers on the screen
- Normal mode
- Emboss mode
- Blur mode

• Clear option to remove all paths on the screen

Finger Path Object: The first step is to create a FingerPath Object to represent a path drawn with the finger on the screen. Our FingerPath class will have several fields letting us to define:

- Colour of the path
- Emboss mode or no
- Blur mode or no
- Stroke width of the path
- Path object from the standard SDK representing the path drawn

In this module we learnt drawing, 2d animation

Animation and Type

Android Animation is used to give the UI a rich look and feel. Animations in android apps can be performed through XML or android code. we'll go with XML codes for adding animations into our application.

Android Animation

Animation in android apps is the process of creating motion and shape change. The basic ways of animation that we'll look upon in this modules are:

- Fade In Animation
- Fade Out Animation
- Cross Fading Animation
- Blink Animation
- Zoom In Animation
- Zoom Out Animation
- Rotate Animation
- Move Animation

- Slide Up Animation
- Slide Down Animation
- Bounce Animation
- Sequential Animation
- Together Animation

Android Animation Example XML

We create a resource directory under the res folder names anim to keep all the xml files containing the animation logic. Following is a sample xml file showing an android animation code logic.

sample_animation.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<scale xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  android:interpolator="@android:anim/accelerate_decelerate_interpolator"
  android:duration="300"
  android:fillAfter="true"
  android:fromXScale="0.0"
  android:fromYScale="0.0"
  android:toXScale="1.0"
  android:toYScale="1.0"/>
```

android:interpolator: It is the rate of change in animation. We can define our own interpolators using the time as the constraint. In the above xml code an inbuilt interpolator is assigned

android:duration: Duration of the animation in which the animation should complete. It is 300ms here. This is generally the ideal duration to show the transition on the screen.

The start and end of the animation are set using:

```
android:fromTRANSFORMATION android:toTRANSFORMATION
```

transformation : is the transformation that we want to specify. In our case we start with an x and y scale of 0 and end with an x and y scale of 1

android:fillAfter: property specifies whether the view should be visible or hidden at the end of the animation. We've set it visible in the above code. If it sets to false, the element changes to its previous state after the animation

android:startOffset: It is the waiting time before an animation starts. This property is mainly used to perform multiple animations in a sequential manner

android:repeatMode: This is useful when you want the animation to be repeat

android:repeatCount: This defines number of repetitions on animation. If we set this value to infinite then animation will repeat infinite times

Animation Examples

Let's create android animation application, open android studio and Execute project creation wizard with own credentials,

Loading Animation when UI widget is clicked: Our aim is to show an animation when any widget(lets say TextView) is clicked. For that we need to use the Animation Class. The xml file that contains the animation logic is loaded using AnimationUtils class by calling the loadAnimation() function. The below snippet shows this implementation.

Animation animation;

animation = AnimationUtils.loadAnimation(getApplicationContext(),

R.anim.sample_animation);

To start the animation we need to call the startAnimation() function on the UI element as shown in following: sampleTextView.startAnimation(animation);

Here we perform the animation on a textview component by passing the type of Animation as the parameter.

Setting the Animation Listeners

This is only needed if we wish to listen to events like start, end or repeat. For this the activity must implement AnimationListener and the following methods need to overridden.

onAnimationStart: This will be triggered once the animation startedonAnimationEnd: This will be triggered once the animation is over

onAnimationRepeat: This will be triggered if the animation repeats

Let Us Sum Up

In this block learned about animation class and methods Android Drawing and animation types: Draw, Erase, Undo, Colour, Share, Draw paths with fingers on the screen, Normal mode, Emboss mode, Blur mode, Emboss mode or no, Blur mode or no, Stroke width of the path.

Further Reading

- Learning Java by Building Android Games: Explore Java Through Mobile Game
 Development ISBN-10: 1784398853 ISBN-13: 978-1784398859
- Beginning Android Application Development by Wei-Meng Lee
- Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide (3rd Edition) (Big Nerd Ranch Guides) 3rd Edition by Bill Phillips, Chris Stewart, Kristin Marsicano ISBN-13: 978-0134706054 ISBN-10: 0134706056
- Android Programming: Pushing the Limits 1st Edition by Erik Hellman ISBN-13: 978-1118717370 ISBN-10: 1118717376
- Pro Android by Sayed Y. Hashimi and Satya Komatineni, Springer, New York, 2009.
- Head First Android Development: A Brain-Friendly Guide 1st Edition by Dawn Griffiths ISBN-13: 978-1449362188 ISBN-10: 1449362184
- Hello, Android: Introducing Google's Mobile Development Platform by Ed Burnette
- Professional Android 4th Edition by Reto Meier (Author), Ian Lake (Author)
 ISBN-13: 978-1118949528 ISBN-10: 9781118949528

Activities

 Create android application for all animation can apply on single or double object of drawing or any image

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