Definite Integral ↔ **Limit of a Riemann Sum**

width

Concept:
$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(f(a + k\Delta x) \Delta x \right) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(f\left(a + k\frac{b - a}{n}\right) \frac{b - a}{n} \right)$$

where n is the number of subdivisions.

right-hand heights

Example:
$$\int_{1}^{4} x^{5} dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\left(1 + k \cdot \frac{3}{n} \right)^{5} \frac{3}{n} \right)$$

Write each Riemann Sum as a definite integral and each definite integral as a right Riemann Sum. Do not evaluate.

1.
$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\sum_{k=1}^{n}\left(f\left(2+k\bullet\frac{3}{n}\right)\frac{3}{n}\right)$$

$$2. \int_{1}^{5} f(x) dx$$

$$3. \int_{2}^{4} \sin x \, dx$$

4.
$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\sum_{k=1}^{n}\left(\cos\left(0+\frac{k\pi}{n}\right)\frac{\pi}{n}\right)$$

5.
$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\sum_{k=1}^n \left(\sqrt{3+\frac{2k}{n}} \cdot \frac{2}{n}\right)$$

6.
$$\int_{4}^{5} (x+1)^2 dx$$

7.
$$\int_0^5 (x^2 + 1) dx$$

8.
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\left(3\left(\frac{k}{n} + 4\right) + 2\right) \frac{1}{n} \right)$$
 9. $\int_{2}^{7} \left(2x^{2} + 5x \right) dx$

9.
$$\int_{2}^{7} (2x^2 + 5x) dx$$

10.
$$\lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\left(\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{3n}\right) \right) \frac{\pi}{3n} \right)$$

Solutions:

$$1. \int_2^5 f(x) \, dx$$

$$2. \lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(f\left(1+k \bullet \frac{4}{n}\right) \frac{4}{n} \right)$$

3.
$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\sum_{k=1}^n \left(\sin\left(2+\frac{2k}{n}\right)\frac{2}{n}\right)$$

$$4. \int_0^\pi \cos x \, dx$$

$$5. \int_3^5 \sqrt{x} \, dx$$

6.
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\left(4 + \frac{k}{n} + 1 \right)^2 \frac{1}{n} \right)$$

7.
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\left(\left(\frac{5k}{n} \right)^2 + 1 \right) \frac{5}{n} \right)$$

8.
$$\int_{4}^{5} (3x+2) dx$$

9.
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\left(2\left(2 + \frac{5k}{n}\right)^2 + 5\left(2 + \frac{5k}{n}\right) \right) \frac{5}{n} \right)$$

$$10. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \cos x \, dx$$