

Name: SUNDEEP A	SRN: PES1UG20CS445	Section: O
	Date: 10-06-21	Week Number: 6

```
1
      Write a C program to generate Pascal triangle using two dimensional array
      Input:
      Enter the n value:
      Output:
      11
      121
      1331
      Program:
      #include<stdio.h>
      void pasctri(int n);
      int main()
                                       //main
        printf("Enter the value of n = "); //taking input from the user
        scanf("%d",&n);
        pasctri(n);
                                //passing the value entered by the user to the function
        return 0;
      void pasctri(int n)
                                    //user defined function to solve the task
        int a[10][10];
        printf("The pascal triangle is:\n");
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
                                      //outer loop
                                      //inner loop
          for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
             if(j==1 \parallel j==i)
                              //storing 1 at the beginning and ending of the row
               a[i][j]=1;
             else
               a[i][j]=a[i-1][j]+a[i-1][j-1]; //adds the numbers which are in between and stores it in the array
             printf("%d ",a[i][j]); //displays the value that is stored
          printf("\n");
        }
      }
      Output Screenshot:
```



```
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc -c 1.c
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc 1.o
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter the value of n = 5
The pascal triangle is:
  2 1
  3 3 1
4 6 4 1
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter the value of n = 3
The pascal triangle is:
  1
1 2 1
```

Write a C program to read elements in a matrix and check whether the given matrix is 2 symmetric matrix or not.

Input:

Enter the value of m

Enter the value of n

3

Enter elements in matrix of size 3x3:

1

0

0

0

1

0

0



```
0
1
Output:
The given matrix is Symmetric matrix:
100
010
001
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
void read(int a[10][10],int m,int n);
void disp(int a[10][10],int m,int n);
void sym(int a[10][10],int trans[10][10],int m,int n);
int main()
                                            //main
  printf("Enter the value of rows and columns of the matrix\n");
  scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
  int a[10][10];
  int trans[10][10];
                                    //passing the size of the matrix to the read function
  read(a,m,n);
  disp(a,m,n);
                                            //displays the matrix entered by the user
                                                     //Checks if the matrix entered by the user is
  sym(a,trans,m,n);
symmertic or not, by finging th transpose of the matrix
  return 0;
void read(int a[10][10],int m,int n)
                                           //user-defined read function to read the elements of the matrix
  printf("Enter the elements of the matrix\n");
  for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
                                     //outer loop
    for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
                                     //inner loop
                scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
                                                    //storing the values in a[i][j]
  }
void disp(int a[10][10],int m,int n)
                                          // user defined function to display the elements entered by the
user
  printf("Entered elements of the matrix are :\n");
  for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
                                     //outer loop
    for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
                                           //inner loop
       printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
                                           //displays the element stored in a[i][j]
```



```
printf("\overline{n}");
                                                     //this is used to go to new row
  }
void sym(int a[10][10],int trans[10][10],int m,int n) //User defined function to check if a matrix is
symmetric or not
  int i;int j;
  for(i=0;i<m;i++)
                                                    //outer loop
    for(j=0;j<n;j++)
                                           //inner loop
                 trans[j][i]=a[i][j];
                                                    //finding the transpose of a matrix and storing it in
trans[][]
  printf("The transpose matrix\n");
  for(i=0;i<m;i++)
                                                    //outer loop
    for(j=0;j<n;j++)
                                           //inner loop
                 printf("%d ",trans[i][j]);
                                                            //displaying the transpose of a matrix
    printf("\n");
                                                    //to navigate to the next row
  if(m==n)
                                                    //checks if the number of rows and columns are equal
    int count=0;
    for(i=0;i<m;i++)
                                                    //outer loop
                 for(j=0;j< n;j++)
                                                    //inner loop
                          if(a[i][j]!=trans[i][j])
                                                    //checks if matrix and its transpose are equal
                                  count=count+1;
                                                            //increments the count if the elements are not
equal
    if(count==0)
                 printf("\nThe matrix is symmetric"); //prints symmetric if all the elements are equal
       printf("\nThe matrix is not symmetric");
  else
        printf("\nThe matrix is not symmetric");
Output Screenshot:
```



```
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc -c 2.c
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc 2.o
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter the value of rows and columns of the matrix
Enter the elements of the matrix
Entered elements of the matrix are :
1 0 0
0 1 0
0 0 1
The transpose matrix
1 0 0
 1 0
0 0 1
The matrix is symmetric
```



```
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter the value of rows and columns of the matrix
Enter the elements of the matrix
Entered elements of the matrix are :
  2 3
  5 1
The transpose matrix
  4 3
  5 2
The matrix is not symmetric
```

Write a C program to compare 2 dates and print appropriate message using structures 3

Enter Date1 in the format dd/mm/yyyy

12/2/2000

Enter Date2 in the format dd/mm/yyyy

12/2/2000

Date1=12/2/2000

Date2=12/2/2000

Output1:

Date1 is equal to Date2

Input2:

Enter Date1 in the format dd/mm/yyyy

12/3/2000

Enter Date2 in the format dd/mm/yyyy



```
12/3/2001
Date1=12/3/2000
Date2=12/3/2001
Output2:
Date1 is smaller than Date2
Input3:
Enter Date1 in the format dd/mm/yyyy
12/4/1999
Enter Date2 in the format dd/mm/yyyy
12/2/1999
Date1=12/4/1999
Date2=12/2/1999
Output3:
Date1 is greater than Date2
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
typedef struct date{
                                                        //structure to store date
  int dd;
  int mm;
  int yy;
}date_info;
                                                //typedef date_info
void date_read(date_info *d);
void date_disp(const date_info *d);
int date_cmp(const date_info *d1,const date_info *d2);
int main()
                                                                //main
  date info d1;
                                                        //d1 variable of date info is created
  date_info d2;
                                                        //d2 variable of date_info is created
  printf("Enter a valid first date in the order dd|mm|yyyy\n");
  date read(&d1);
                                                                        //user defined function to
read the date entered by the user
  printf("Enter a valid second date in the order dd|mm|yyyy\n");
                                                                        //user defined function to
  date_read(&d2);
read the date entered by the user
  printf("\nFirst date:");
  date_disp(&d1);
                                                                        //user defined function to
```



```
display the date entered by the user
  printf("\nSecond date:");
  date_disp(&d2);
                                                                           //user defined function to
display the date entered by the user
  printf("\n");
  int res;
  res=date_cmp(&d1,&d2);
                                                                           //address of both the dates
are passed to the function to compare the dates
  if(res==0)
    printf("The dates are equal\n");
  else if(res>0)
    printf("First date is greater than the second date\n");
  else
    printf("First date is smaller than the second date\n");
  return 0;
void date_read(date_info *d)
  scanf(''\%d|\%d|\%d'',\&(d->dd),\&(d->mm),\&(d->yy));
                                                                   //date is stored in the structure
int date_cmp(const date_info *d1,const date_info *d2)
  int res;
  if((d1->dd==d2->dd) && (d1->mm==d2->mm) && (d1->yy==d2->yy)) //date 1 is compared with date2
                                                                   //return 0 if they are equal
    res=0;
                                                           //checking if date 1 is greater than date 2
  else if( d1->yy > d2->yy)
    res=1;
  else if(d1->mm > d2->mm)
        res=1;
  else if(d1->dd > d2->dd)
        res=1;
  else
    res=-1;
  return res;
void date_disp(const date_info *d)
  printf("%d|%d|%d",d->dd,d->mm,d->yy);
                                                                   //displays the date entered by the user
```

Output Screenshot:



```
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc -c 3.c
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc 3.o
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter a valid first date in the order dd mm yyyy
13 3 2001
Enter a valid second date in the order dd|mm|yyyy
13 3 2000
First date:13|3|2001
Second date:13|3|2000
First date is greater than the second date
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter a valid first date in the order dd mm yyyy
12 2 2000
Enter a valid second date in the order dd mm yyyy
12 | 2 | 2000
First date:12|2|2000
Second date:12|2|2000
The dates are equal
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter a valid first date in the order dd mm yyyy
12 | 4 | 2000
Enter a valid second date in the order dd mm yyyy
12 2 2000
First date:12|4|2000
Second date:12|2|2000
First date is greater than the second date
Write a C Program to Add and subtract two Complex Numbers by Passing Structure to a
Function
Input:
For 1st complex number
Enter the real and imaginary parts: 5
For 2nd complex number
Enter the real and imaginary parts: 3
2
Output:
Sum = 8.0 + 6.0i
```



```
Sub = 2.0 - 2.0i
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
typedef struct complex {
                           //structure is created to store the real and imaginary part
  float real;
  float img;
                                  //structure of typedef complex
}complex;
complex add(complex n1,complex n2); //function to add two complex numbers
complex sub(complex n1,complex n2); //function to subtract two complex numbers
int main()
  complex n1,n2;
  printf("First complex number\n");
  printf("Enter the real and imaginary part\n");
                                                   //reads the first complex number
  scanf("%f %f",&n1.real,&n1.img);
  printf("Second complex number\n");
  printf("Enter the real and imaginary part\n");
                                                   //reads the second complex number
  scanf("%f %f",&n2.real,&n2.img);
  complex sum=add(n1,n2);
  complex diff=sub(n1,n2);
  printf("Sum=%.2f+(%.2f)i\n",sum.real,sum.img); //prints the sum of the complex numbers
  printf("Difference=%.2f+(%.2f)i\n",diff.real,diff.img); //prints the difference of two complex
numbers
  return 0;
complex add(complex n1,complex n2)
```



```
complex temp;
  temp.real=n1.real+n2.real;
                                              //the real part are added
  temp.img=n1.img+n2.img;
                                              //imaginary part are added
  return temp;
complex sub(complex n1,complex n2)
  complex temp;
                                              //the real part are subtracted
  temp.real=n1.real-n2.real;
  temp.img=n1.img-n2.img;
                                              //the imaginary part are subtracted
  return temp;
Output Screenshot:
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc 4.c
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
First complex number
Enter the real and imaginary part
```

Practice Programs

Sum=8.00+(6.00)i

Second complex number

Difference=2.00+(2.00)i

Enter the real and imaginary part

Write a program that fills a five-by-five matrix as follows:

```
Upper left triangle with +1s
```

Lower right triangle with -1s

Right to left diagonal with zeros

Display the contents of the matrix using not more than two printf statements

Output:



```
This is 5x5 Matrix
 1 1 1 1 0
 1 1 1 0 -1
 1 1 0 -1 -1
 1 0 -1 -1 -1
 0 -1 -1 -1 -1
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
                //main
  int a[10][10];
  for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
                          //outer loop
    for(int j=0;j<5;j++) //inner loop
     {
       if(i+j<4)
         a[i][j]=1;
                          //filling Upper left triangle with +1
       else if(i+j>=5)
         a[i][j]=-1;
                          //filling Lower right triangle with -1
       else
         a[i][j]=0;
                          //filling the diagonal with 0
       printf("%5d",a[i][j]); //printing the elements one by one
     }
     printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
Output Screenshot:
```



```
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc practice1.c
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
                      1
          1
                1
                1
          1
                      0
                           -1
          1
                0
                     -1
                           -1
          0
                     -1
                           -1
                     -1
Write a Program to add two distances in the inch-feet system using structures
Input:
Enter 1st distance
Enter feet: 23
Enter inch: 10
Enter 2nd distance
Enter feet: 34
Enter inch: 2.4
Output:
Sum of distances = 58'-0.4"
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
struct inchfeet
  int feet;
                               //Structure is created to hold inches ,feet
  float inches;
}typedef length;
length sum(length 11,length 12)
  length sum;
  sum.feet=11.feet+12.feet;
                                       //adds the two feet
  sum.inches=11.inches+12.inches; //adds the inches
  if(sum.inches>12)
                                       //checks if inches >12
```



```
sum.inches-=12;
                                             //inches-12
     sum.feet+=1;
                                             //feet+1
  }
  return sum;
int main()
  length 11;
  length 12;
  length total;
  printf("Enter the first distance\n");
                                             //inputs the first distance
  printf("Enter feet\n");
  scanf("%d",&l1.feet);
  printf("Enter inches\n");
  scanf("%f",&11.inches);
  printf("Enter the second distance\n");
                                             //inputs the second distance
  printf("Enter feet\n");
  scanf("%d",&l2.feet);
  printf("Enter inches\n");
  scanf("%f",&12.inches);
  total=sum(11,12);
                                                      //the two distances are passed to the function
sum
  printf("The sum = %d feet-%.2f inch",total.feet,total.inches);
  return 0;
}
Output Screenshot:
```



```
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc practice2.c
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter the first distance
Enter feet
23
Enter inches
Enter the second distance
Enter feet
34
Enter inches
The sum = 58 feet-0.40 inch
```

Extra program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void pasctri(int n);
int main()
  int n;
  printf("Enter the value of n = "); //taking input from the user
  scanf("%d",&n);
  pasctri(n);
                           //passing the value entered by the user to the function
  return 0;
void pasctri(int n)
  int a[100][100];
  int i;int j;
  printf("The pascal triangle is:\n");
  for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
     for(int z=0;z<(n-i);z++) printf(" ");
                                                       //it works similar to the basic code but i have
added an additional for loop to get spaces
     for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
```



```
if(j{=}{=}1 \parallel j{=}{=}i)
       a[i][j]=1;
      else
       a[i][j]=a[i-1][j]+a[i-1][j-1];
         printf("%d ",a[i][j]);
    }
   printf("\n");
 }
OUTPUT:
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>gcc extra.c
C:\Users\HP\Desktop\PESU\SEM-2\c programming lab\week 6>a
Enter the value of n = 10
The pascal triangle is:
          1
              20
                 15 6 1
      28 56 70
                   56 28 8 1
   9 36 84 126 126 84 36 9 1
```