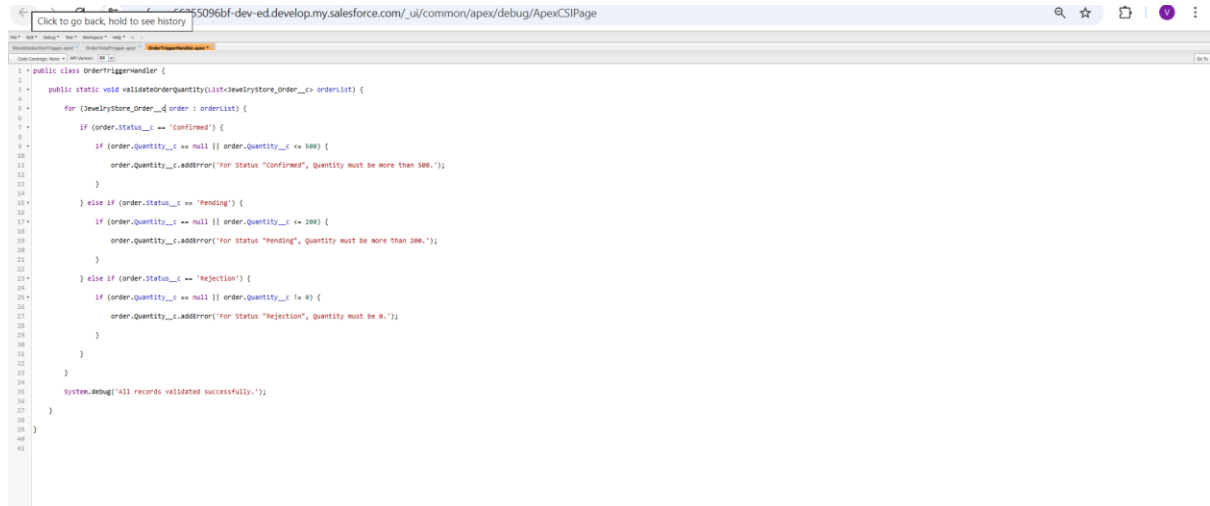


## Phase 5: Apex Programming (Developer)

### Project: Jewellery Store Management CRM

#### Step 1: Classes & Objects

- ☐ **Apex is object-oriented:** It allows the creation of **classes** (blueprints) and **objects** (instances) to organize and reuse business logic.
- ☐ In this project, a **Trigger Handler Class** approach was implemented to follow best practices.



#### Source Code:

```
public class OrderTriggerHandler {

    public static void validateOrderQuantity(List<JewelryStore_Order__c> orderList) {

        for (JewelryStore_Order__c order : orderList) {

            if (order.Status__c == 'Confirmed') {

                if (order.Quantity__c == null || order.Quantity__c <= 500) {

                    order.Quantity__c.addError('For Status "Confirmed", Quantity must be more than 500.');

                }

            } else if (order.Status__c == 'Pending') {

                if (order.Quantity__c == null || order.Quantity__c <= 200) {

                    order.Quantity__c.addError('For Status "Pending", Quantity must be more than 200.');

                }

            }

        }

    }

}
```

```

    }

    } else if (order.Status__c == 'Rejection') {

        if (order.Quantity__c == null || order.Quantity__c != 0) {

            order.Quantity__c.addError('For Status "Rejection", Quantity must be 0.');
        }

    }

}

System.debug('All records validated successfully.');
```

```

}

}
```

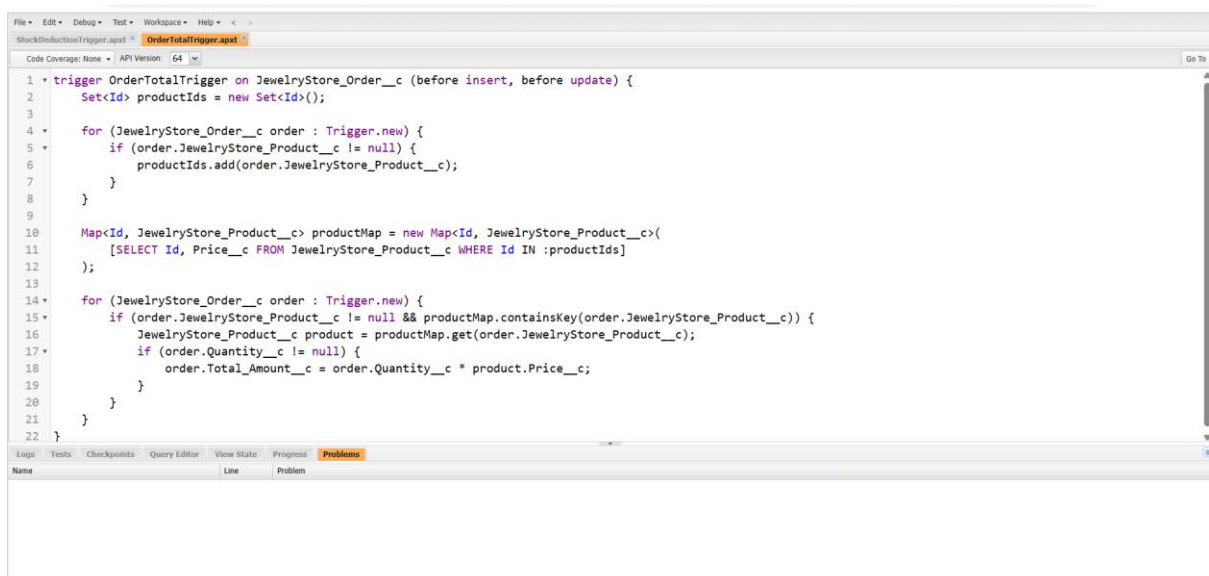
## Step 2: Apex Triggers (before/after insert/update/delete)

In this project, two custom Apex triggers were implemented to automate critical processes in the Golden Era Enterprises CRM:

### a) Order Total Trigger

#### Purpose:

- Automatically calculate the **Total Price** for each order.
- Formula: **Quantity × Product Price**



### Source Code:

```
trigger OrderTotalTrigger on JewelryStore_Order__c (before insert, before update)
{
    Set<Id> productIds = new Set<Id>();

    for (JewelryStore_Order__c order : Trigger.new) {
        if (order.JewelryStore_Product__c != null) {
            productIds.add(order.JewelryStore_Product__c);
        }
    }

    Map<Id, JewelryStore_Product__c> productMap = new Map<Id,
JewelryStore_Product__c>(

        [SELECT Id, Price__c FROM JewelryStore_Product__c WHERE Id IN
:productIds]

    );

    for (JewelryStore_Order__c order : Trigger.new) {
        if (order.JewelryStore_Product__c != null &&
productMap.containsKey(order.JewelryStore_Product__c)) {

            JewelryStore_Product__c product =
productMap.get(order.JewelryStore_Product__c);

            if (order.Quantity__c != null) {

                order.Total_Amount__c = order.Quantity__c * product.Price__c;

            }

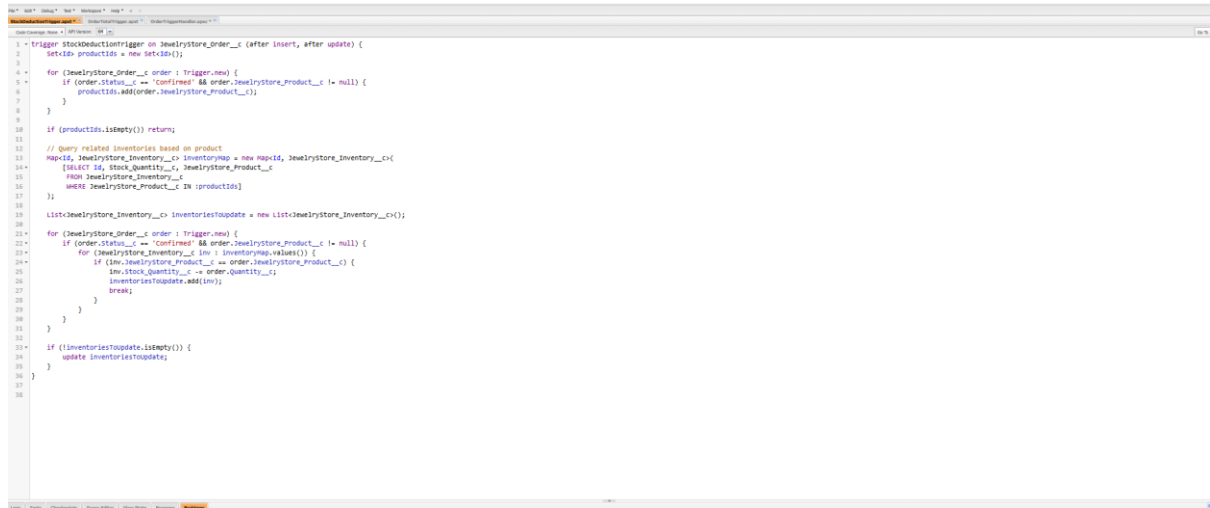
        }

    }
}
```

## b) Stock Deduction Trigger

### Purpose:

- Deduct stock from **Inventory** (or Product Stock Quantity) based on the order quantity.
- Example: If customer orders 2 rings, Inventory decreases by 2.



```
1 * trigger StockDeductionTrigger on JewelryStore_Order__c (after insert, after update) {
2     Set<Id> productIds = new Set<Id>();
3
4     for (JewelryStore_Order__c order : Trigger.new) {
5         if (order.Status__c == 'Confirmed' && order.JewelryStore_Product__c != null) {
6             productIds.add(order.JewelryStore_Product__c);
7         }
8     }
9
10    if (productIds.isEmpty()) return;
11
12    // Query related inventories based on product
13    Map<Id, JewelryStore_Inventory__c> inventoryMap = new Map<Id, JewelryStore_Inventory__c>();
14    {SELECT Id, Stock_Quantity__c, JewelryStore_Product__c
15    FROM JewelryStore_Inventory__c
16    WHERE JewelryStore_Product__c IN :productIds}
17
18    List<JewelryStore_Inventory__c> inventoriesToUpdate = new List<JewelryStore_Inventory__c>();
19
20    for (JewelryStore_Order__c order : Trigger.new) {
21        if (order.Status__c == 'Confirmed' && order.JewelryStore_Product__c != null) {
22            for (JewelryStore_Inventory__c inv : inventoryMap.values()) {
23                if (inv.JewelryStore_Product__c == order.JewelryStore_Product__c) {
24                    inv.Stock_Quantity__c -= order.Quantity__c;
25                    inventoriesToUpdate.add(inv);
26                    break;
27                }
28            }
29        }
30    }
31
32    if (inventoriesToUpdate.isEmpty()) {
33        update inventoriesToUpdate;
34    }
35 }
```

### Source Code:

trigger StockDeductionTrigger on JewelryStore\_Order\_\_c (after insert, after update) {

Set<Id> productIds = new Set<Id>();

for (JewelryStore\_Order\_\_c order : Trigger.new) {

if (order.Status\_\_c == 'Confirmed' && order.JewelryStore\_Product\_\_c != null) {

productIds.add(order.JewelryStore\_Product\_\_c);

}

}

if (productIds.isEmpty()) return;

// Query related inventories based on product

Map<Id, JewelryStore\_Inventory\_\_c> inventoryMap = new Map<Id,

JewelryStore\_Inventory\_\_c>()

```

[SELECT Id, Stock_Quantity__c, JewelryStore_Product__c

FROM JewelryStore_Inventory__c

WHERE JewelryStore_Product__c IN :productIds]

);

List<JewelryStore_Inventory__c> inventoriesToUpdate = new
List<JewelryStore_Inventory__c>();

for (JewelryStore_Order__c order : Trigger.new) {

    if (order.Status__c == 'Confirmed' && order.JewelryStore_Product__c != null) {

        for (JewelryStore_Inventory__c inv : inventoryMap.values()) {

            if (inv.JewelryStore_Product__c == order.JewelryStore_Product__c) {

                inv.Stock_Quantity__c -= order.Quantity__c;

                inventoriesToUpdate.add(inv);

                break;

            }

        }

    }

}

if (!inventoriesToUpdate.isEmpty()) {

    update inventoriesToUpdate;

}

}

```