

Practical 5: Authentication with Entity Framework Core (Identity)

In this practical, you will

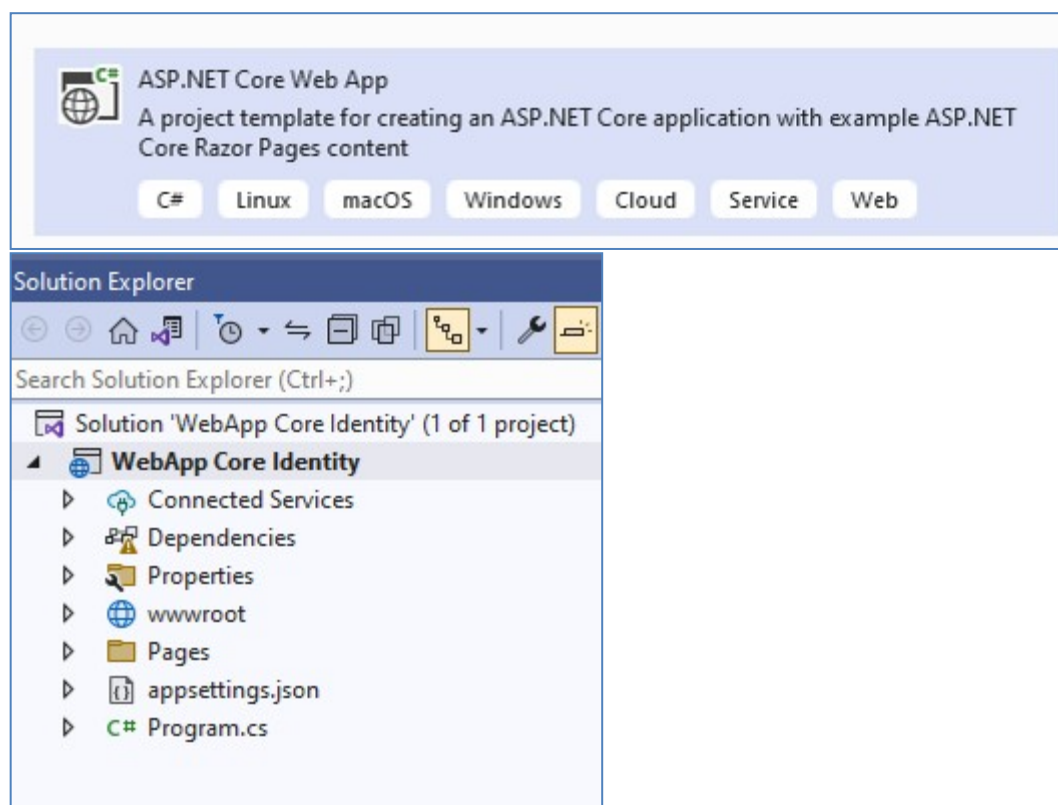
- Set up the environment for Entity Framework Core
- Create database using DB context and models
- Implement Register page with build-in membership system
- Implement Login Page and redirect

One feature that a lot of web applications will need to include is the ability restrict access to certain resources within the application to authorised users only. To do this, we need to be able to authenticate users by letting them register and log in. Once authenticated, the server will be able to determine which resources the user should have access to.

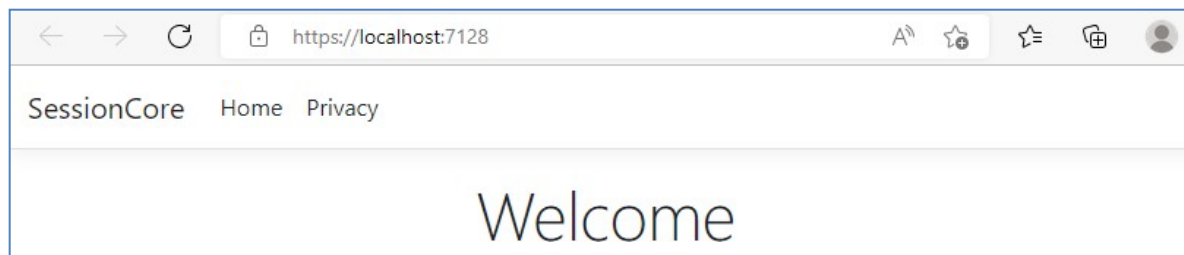
In the next few practicals, we will go through the steps needed to add authentication and authorisation using ASP.NET Core Identity as well as ASP.NET Core's built-in membership system. We will implement user authentication and authorisation using ASP.NET Core Identity.

Activity 1: Create New Core WebApp

1. Create a new project ➔ "ASP.NET Core Web App."
2. The default files will be generated in the Solution Explorer.



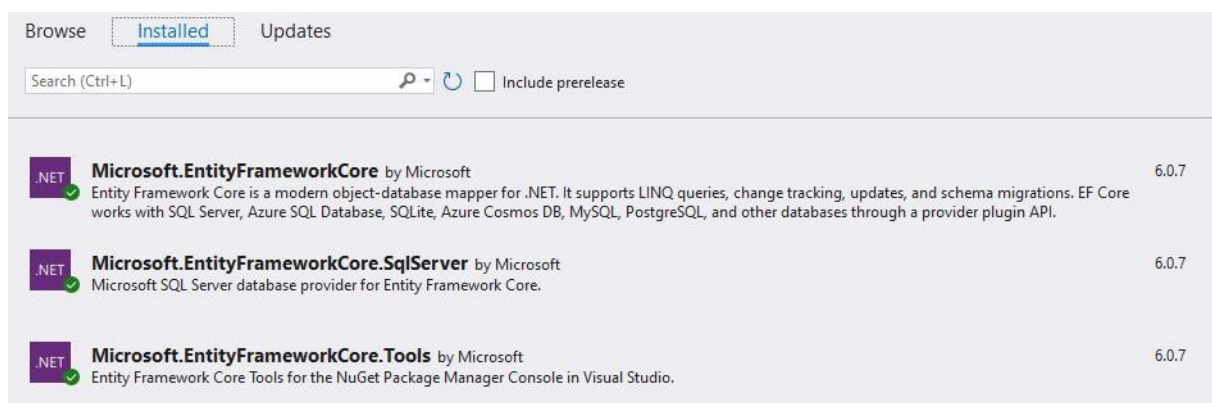
- Run the app and check the default behaviour.



Let's make some changes to upgrade bootstrap to version 5. See demo from tutor.

Activity 2: Set up the Environment for Entity Framework Core

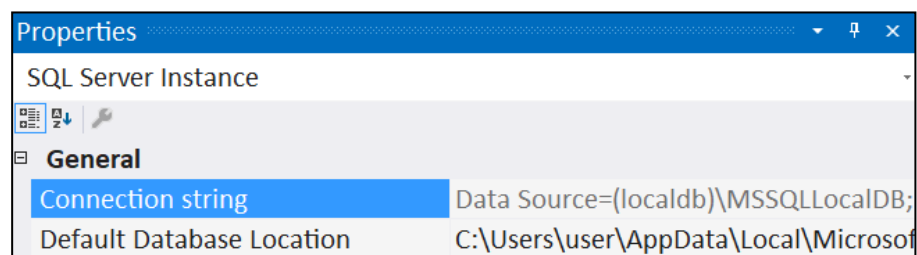
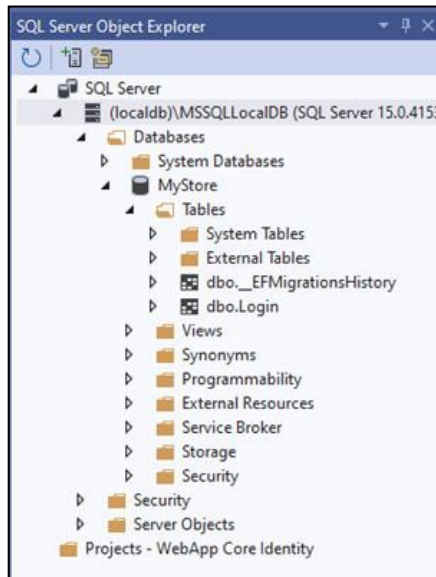
- In Solution Explorer, right click on project, click **Manage Nuget Packages**. Search package and install:
 - Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore
 - Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer
 - Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools



- Open **appsetting.json** to define the **ConnectionStrings**. This allows us to configure the connection strings without recompile it during the application deployment. This practical only requires one database connection **MyConnection**.

```
"AllowedHosts": "*",
"ConnectionStrings": {
  "AuthConnectionString": "Data Source=(LocalDB)\\MSSQLLocalDB;Initial
Catalog=AspNetAuth;Integrated Security=True; "
}
```

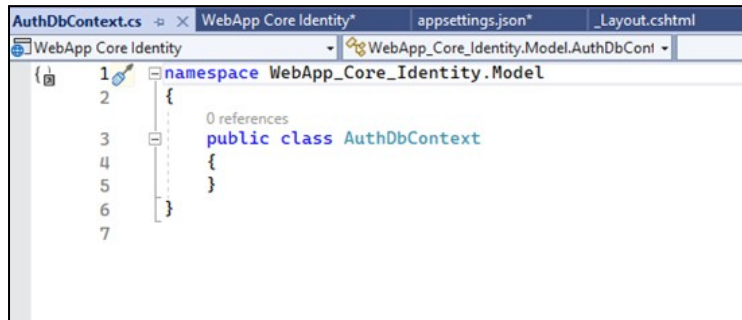
- Click Visual Studio Menu: View -> SQL Server Object Explorer. Right click on (localdb)\MSSQLLocalDB and select Properties. Copy the **Connection string** value, put inside appsetting.json, replace the DB name "master" with "**AspNetAuth**".



Your code in appsetting.json will be like below:

```
"AllowedHosts": "*",  
"ConnectionStrings": {  
  "AuthConnectionString": "Data Source=(LocalDB)\\MSSQLLocalDB;Initial  
Catalog=AspNetAuth;Integrated Security=True;"  
}
```

4. Under solution project, add a new Folder “Model” and add AuthDbContext class
AuthDbContext.cs is shown below.



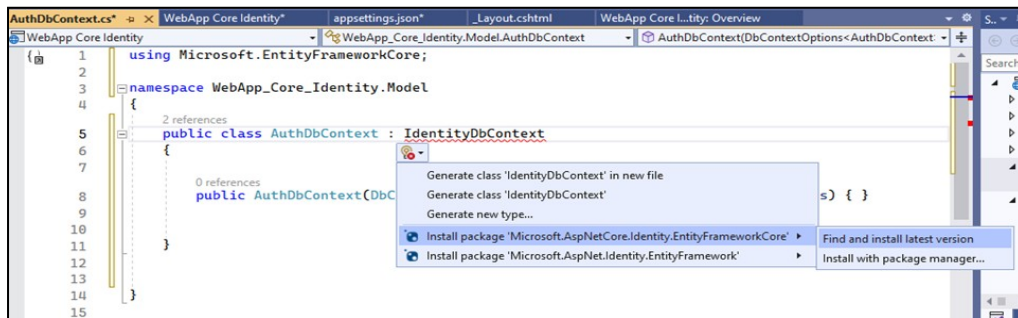
```
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Identity.EntityFrameworkCore;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;

namespace WebApp_Core_Identity.Model
{
    public class AuthDbContext:IdentityDbContext
    {

        private readonly IConfiguration _configuration;
        //public AuthDbContext(DbContextOptions<AuthDbContext> options):base(options){ }

        public AuthDbContext(IConfiguration configuration){
            _configuration = configuration;
        }

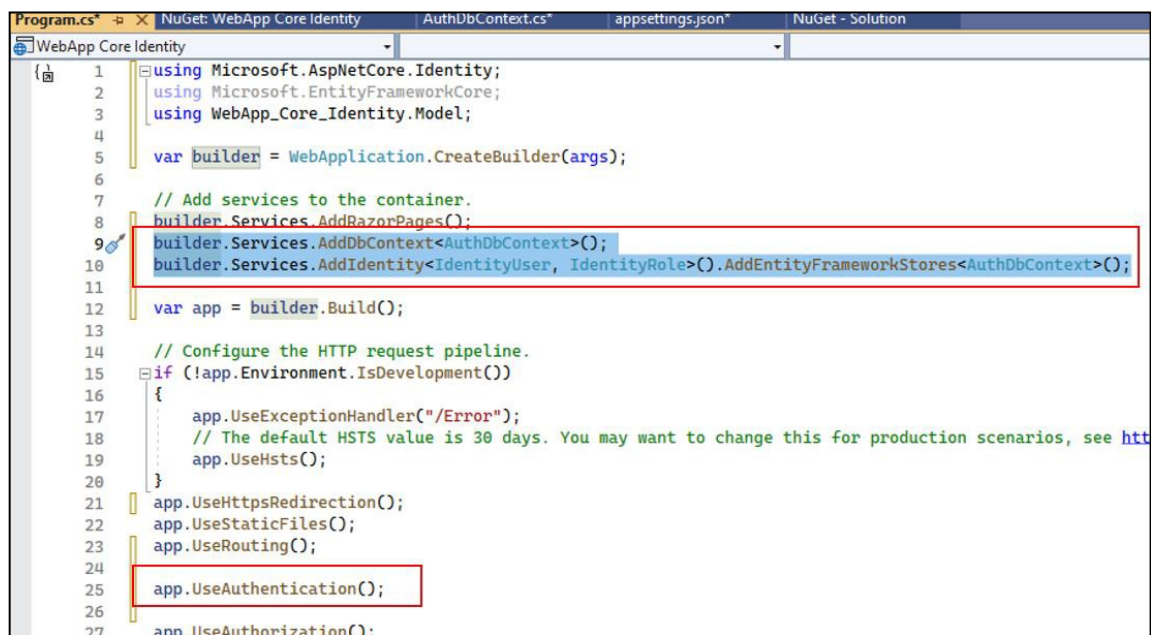
        protected override void OnConfiguring(DbContextOptionsBuilder optionsBuilder)
        {
            string connectionString = _configuration.GetConnectionString("AuthConnectionString");optionsBuilder.UseSqlServer(connectionString);
        }
    }
}
```



Install Microsoft.AspNetCore.Identity.EntityFrameworkCore (use Version 6.0 which is compatible with .net 6)



5. Update code in **Program.cs** to use the DB context.



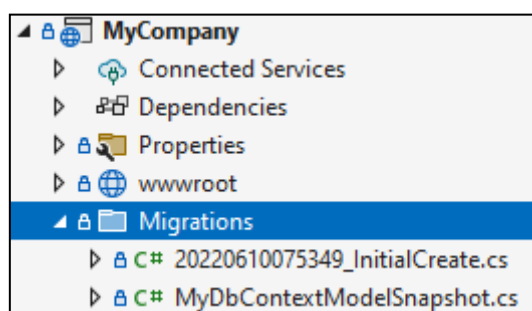
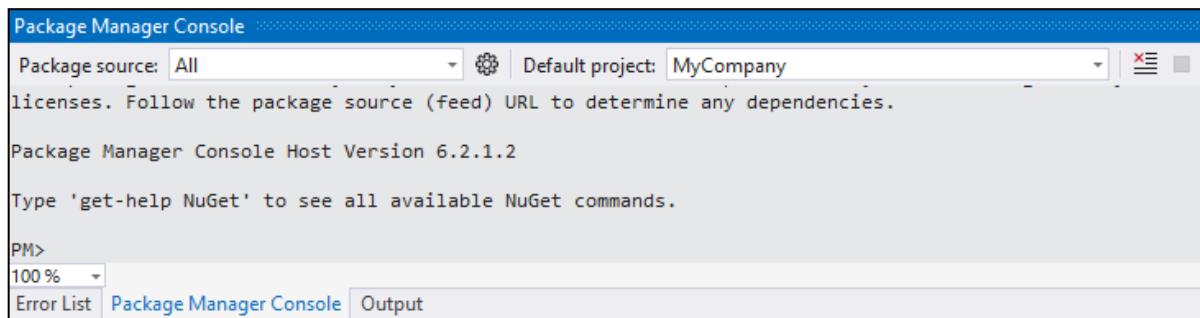
```

builder.Services.AddDbContext<AuthDbContext>();
builder.Services.AddIdentity<IdentityUser, IdentityRole>().AddEntityFrameworkStores<AuthDbContext>();
  
```

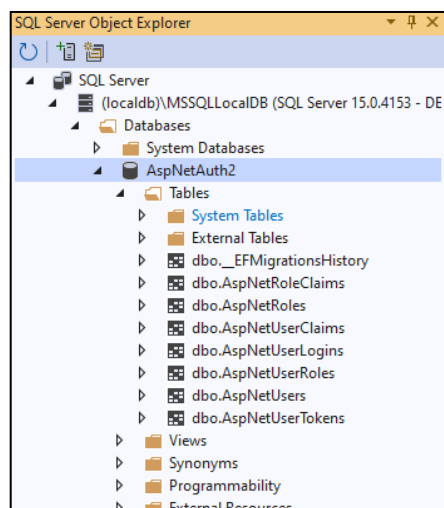
```

App.UseAuthentication();
  
```

6. In package manager console, run command: **Add-Migration InitialCreate**

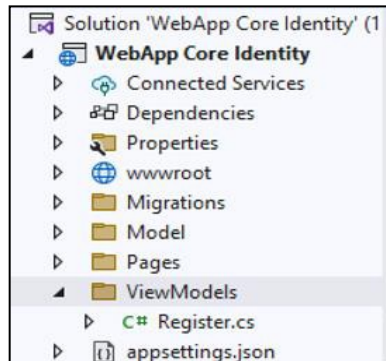


7. The folder Migrations is auto generated with 2 files inside.
8. In package manager console, run command: **Update-Database**
Note: If you update your model class code later, then need to run commands to add new migration and update database.
9. Click Visual Studio Menu: View -> SQL Server Object Explorer. Observe that the database AspNetAuth is created under the Local DB.

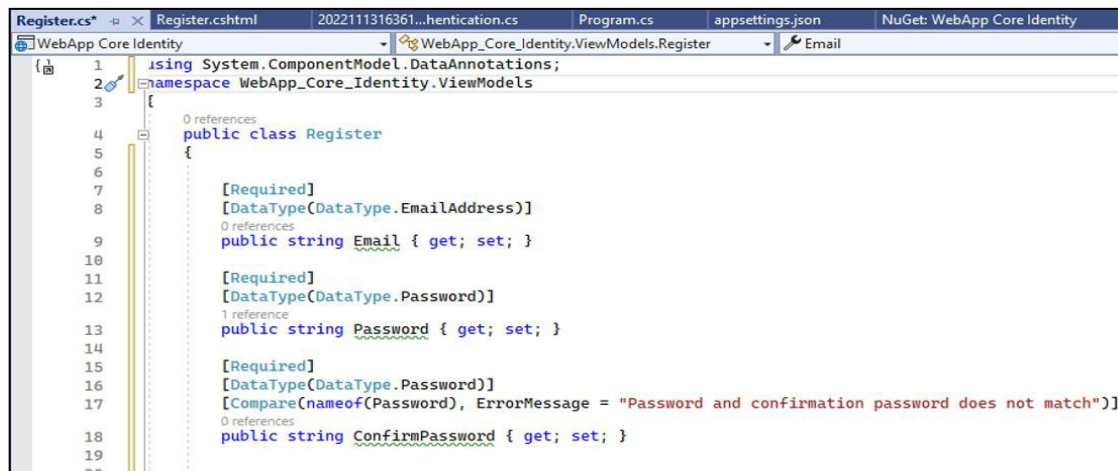


Activity 3: Create Registration Page (View and Model)

1. Create a folder in solution explorer "ViewModels"



2. Inside the folder create a class Register.cs



public class Register

```

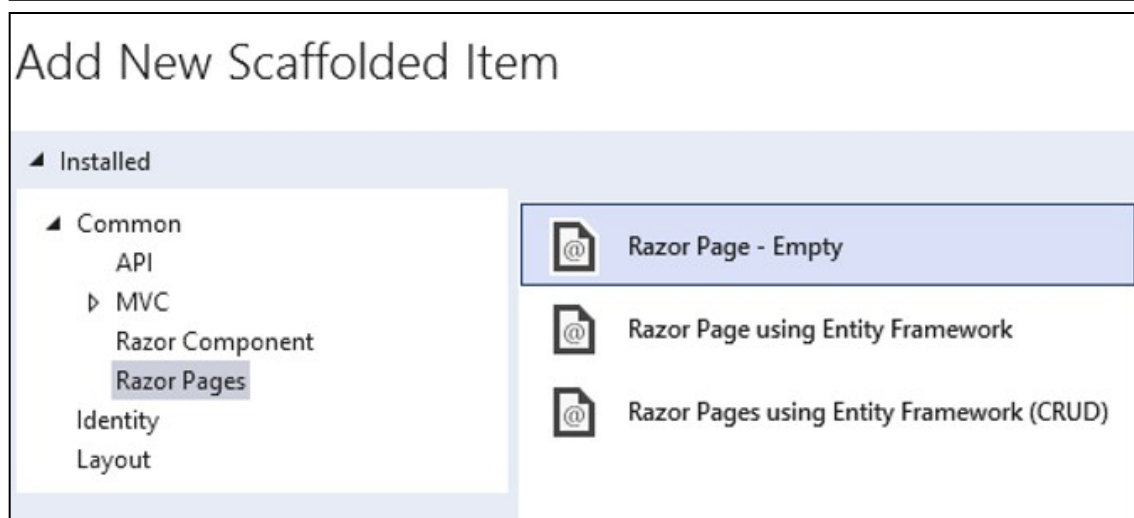
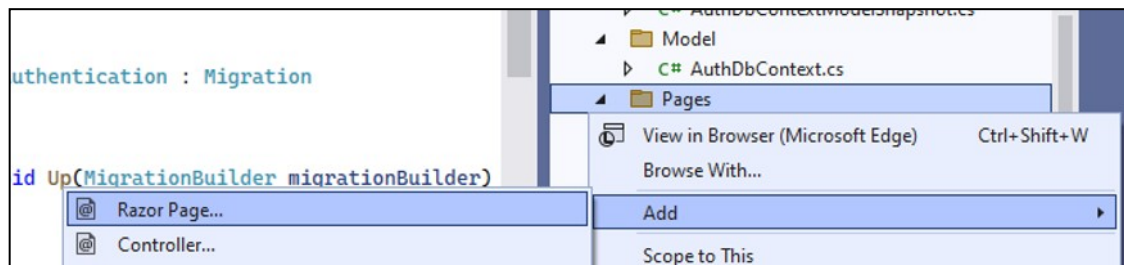
{
    [Required]
    [DataType(DataType.EmailAddress)]
    public string Email { get; set; }

    [Required]
    [DataType(DataType.Password)]
    public string Password { get; set; }

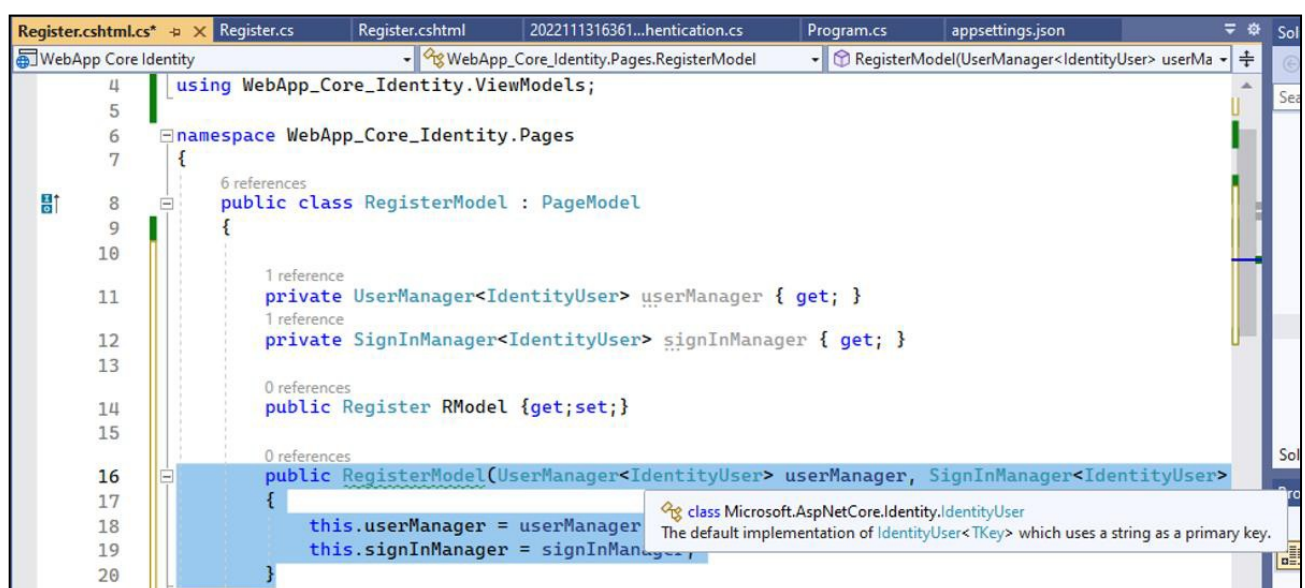
    [Required]
    [DataType(DataType.Password)]
    [Compare(nameof(Password), ErrorMessage = "Password and confirmation password
    does not match")]
    public string ConfirmPassword { get; set; }
}

```

3. Under Pages → create new Razor page → empty razor page
4. Filename : Register.cshtml (Front/backend codes)



5. Edit backend codes : Register.cshtml.cs



See codes below

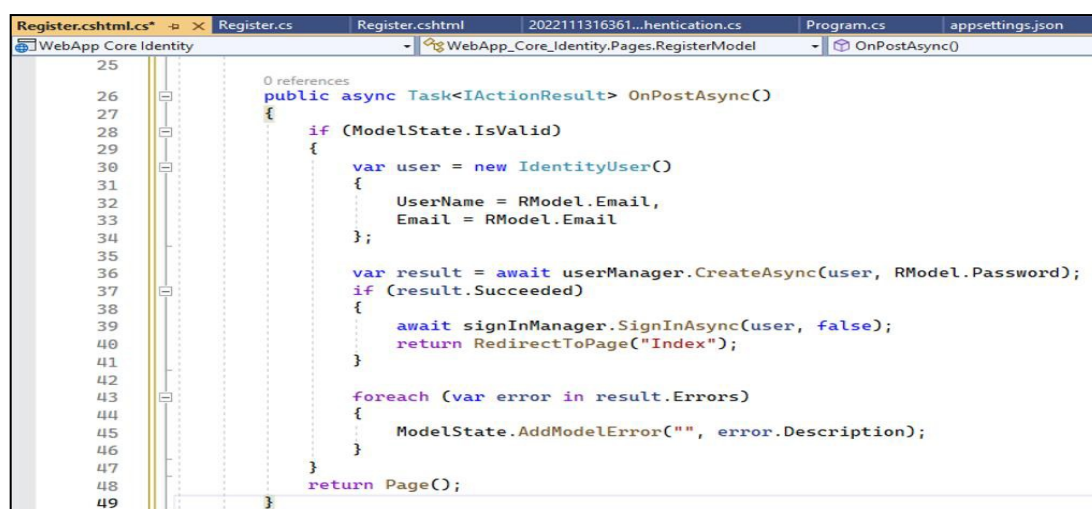

```
//Initialize the build-in ASP.NET Identity
```

```
public class RegisterModel : PageModel
{
    private UserManager<IdentityUser> userManager { get; }
    private SignInManager<IdentityUser> signInManager { get; }

    [BindProperty]
    public Register RModel {get;set;}

    public RegisterModel(UserManager<IdentityUser> userManager,
        SignInManager<IdentityUser> signInManager)
    {
        this.userManager = userManager;
        this.signInManager = signInManager;
    }

    public void OnGet() { ... .. }
```



```
//Save data into the database
```

```
public async Task<IActionResult> OnPostAsync(){
    if (ModelState.IsValid){
        var user=new IdentityUser(){
            UserName = RModel.Email,
            Email = RModel.Email
        };
        var result = await userManager.CreateAsync(user,RModel.Password);
        if (result.Succeeded){
            await signInManager.SignInAsync(user, false);
            return RedirectToPage("Index");
        }
        foreach (var error in result.Errors){
            ModelState.AddModelError("", error.Description);
        }
    }
}
```

```
}  
    return Page();  
}
```

6. Edit the Register page (Register.cshtml). Use the sample codes provided in LMS.

```
@page
@model WebApp_Core_Identity.Pages.RegisterModel
@{
}

<div class="container mt-5">

    <div class="row justify-content-center align-items-center">

        <div class="col-sm-12 col-md-12 col-lg-4">
            <h1 class="mb-3">Register </h1>

            <form method="post">
                <div asp-validation-summary="All" class="text-danger"></div>

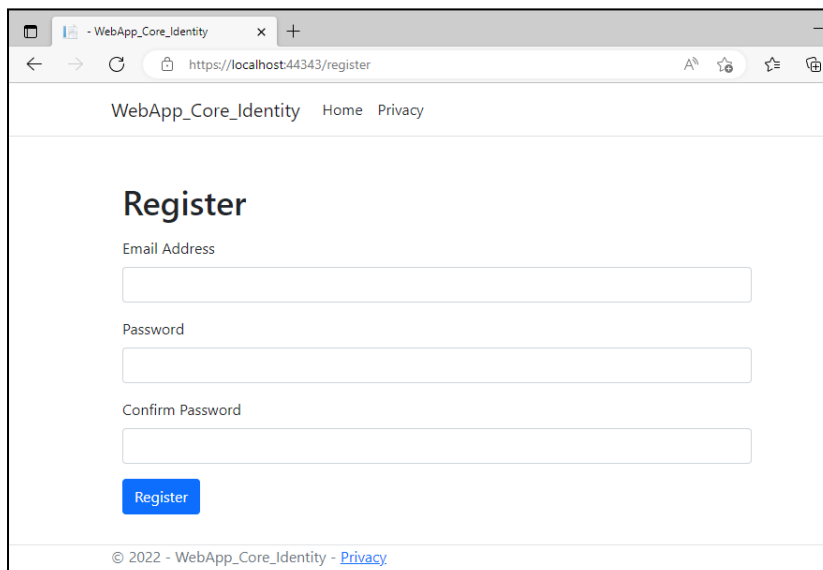
                <div class="mb-3">
                    <label class="form-label" asp-for="RModel.Email">Email Address</label>
                    <input type="Text" asp-for="RModel.Email" class="form-control" />
                    <span asp-validation-for="RModel.Email" class="text-danger"></span>
                </div>

                <div class="mb-3">
                    <label class="form-label" asp-for="RModel.Password">Password</label>
                    <input type="Text" asp-for="RModel.Password" class="form-control" />
                    <span asp-validation-for="RModel.Password" class="text-danger"></span>
                </div>

                <div class="mb-3">
                    <label class="form-label" asp-for="RModel.ConfirmPassword">Confirm Password</label>
                    <input type="Text" asp-for="RModel.ConfirmPassword" class="form-control" />
                    <span asp-validation-for="RModel.ConfirmPassword" class="text-danger"></span>
                </div>

                <div class="mb-3">
                    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Register</button>
                </div>
            </form>
        </div>
    </div>
</div>
```

7. Test if your Registration is working properly.



WebApp_Core_Identity Home Privacy

Register

Email Address

Password

Confirm Password

[Register](#)

© 2022 - WebApp_Core_Identity - [Privacy](#)