

# **Software Requirements Specification**

**For**

## **Packet Sniffer**

**Version 1.0**

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## Revision History

<b>Name</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Reason For Changes</b>	<b>Version</b>
Sunil Baliganahalli Narayana Murthy	2/17/2016	Initial draft	0.0
Sunil Baliganahalli Narayana Murthy	2/21/2016	Incorporated review comments from teammates	0.1
Sunil Baliganahalli Narayana Murthy	3/4/2016	Incorporated review comments from teammates	0.2
Apoorva Bapat	3/5/2016	Incorporated UI mockups	0.3
Nehal Kamat	3/6/2016	Incorporated updated use case	0.5
Apoorva Bapat	3/7/2016	Included Activity & Sequence diagrams	0.6
Nehal Kamat	3/7/2016	Included Activity & Sequence diagrams	0.7
Sunil Baliganahalli Narayana Murthy	3/7/2016	Included Activity & Sequence diagrams	1.0

# **1. Introduction**

## **1.1 Purpose**

Packet sniffing is defined as a technique that is used to monitor every packet that crosses the network. A packet sniffer is a piece of hardware or software that monitors all network traffic. Using the information captured by the packet sniffers an administrator can identify erroneous packets and use the data to pinpoint bottlenecks and help to maintain efficient network data transmission. For most organizations packet sniffer is largely an internal threat.

Packet sniffers can be operated in both switched and non-switched environment. Determination of packet sniffing in a non-switched environment is technologies that can be understand by everyone. In this technology all hosts are connected to a hub. There are a large number of commercial and non-commercial tools are available that makes possible eavesdropping of network traffic. Now a problem comes that how this network traffic can be eavesdrop; this problem can be solved by setting network card into a special "promiscuous mode". Now businesses are updating their network infrastructure, replacing aging hubs with new switches. The replacement of hub with new switches that makes switched environment is widely used because "it increases security". However, the thinking behind is somewhat flawed. It cannot be said that packet sniffing is not possible in switched environment. It is also possible in switched environment.

## **1.2 Intended Audience and Reading Suggestions**

This document is intended for User, Developer and tester.

## 2. System Features

**Business Requirements - [Not Applicable]**

User Requirements				
ID	Requirements	Topic Area	User	Priority
UR-001	User should be able to launch application	Interaction	Any	High
UR-002	Users should have the option to run the application either using a graphical interface or via the command	Freedom	Any	Medium
UR-003	User should be able to start capturing packets		Any	High
UR-004	User should be able to capture live packet data from a selected network interface.		Any	High
UR-005	User should be able to mark packets for saving packet information		Any	Medium
UR-006	User should be able to save either all the captured packets or marked captured packets.		Any	High
UR-007	User should be able to import/export the saved packets.		Any	High
UR-008	User should be able to view types of protocols used in captured packets		Any	High
UR-009	Users should have the option of choosing the client machine to monitor packets from	Freedom	Any	High
UR-010	User should be able to filter packets according to detected protocols		Any	Medium
UR-011	System should be able to pick packet data and/or packet header as selected by user		Any	Medium
UR-012	System should be able to display basic stats about monitored client like # of TCP packets captured in a time frame, # of UDP packets captured sent out from that client.	Statistics	Any	Medium
UR-013	User should be able to stop capturing packets		Any	High

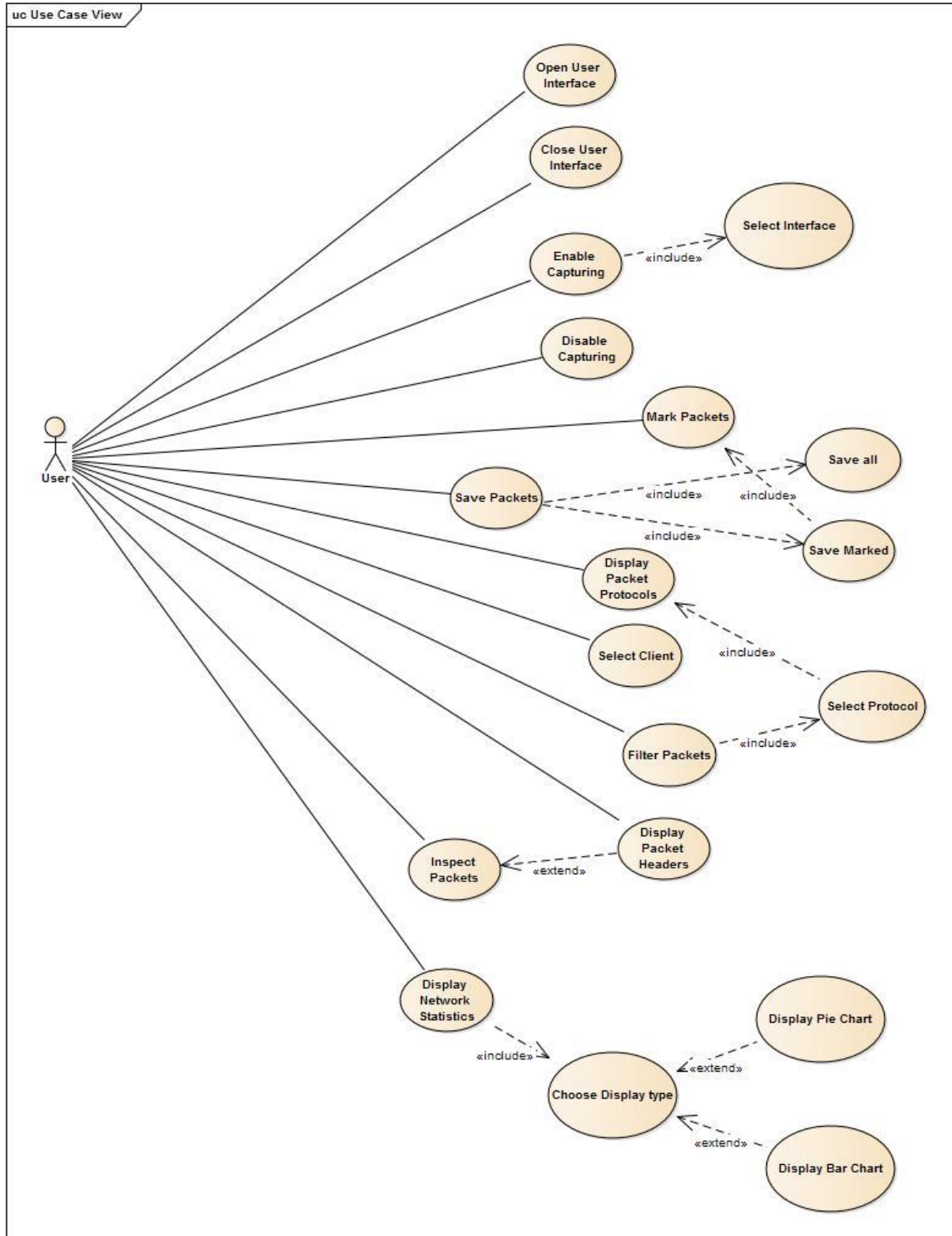
Functional Requirements				
ID	Requirements	Topic Area	User	Priority
FR-001	System should detect and display new clients in real time		User	High
FR-002	System should time stamp captured packets		User	Medium
FR-003	System should remember user preference (export type, filter protocol) from last session		User	Medium

Non-Functional Requirements				
ID	Requirements	Topic Area	User	Priority
NF001	Sufficient network bandwidth			High
NF002	The application should be reliable			High
NF003	Application should be robust and handle at-least 5 clients			High
NF004	Application should be responsive			High
NF005	Application should have a reasonable performance (1sec)			Medium

### 3. Use Cases:

**Actors:** Admin

**Use Case Overview:**



Use Case Documents:

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-001
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Open User Interface
<b>Description:</b>	Select application icon on desktop/ in the start menu to open a graphical interface for running the application

<b>Actors:</b>	Any	
<b>Pre-conditions</b>	User should choose to use graphical interface to application in place of command line access to application	
<b>Post conditions</b>	User should understand the layout of the interface and should understand how the information is being displayed	
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	User might use the GUI as primary interaction with application	
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		Actor Action
	1	Double-click application shortcut on desktop
	2	Click application entry in all programs menu
		System Response
		Application GUI opens
		Application GUI opens

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-002
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Close User Interface
<b>Description:</b>	Display the network statistics on the command line instead of a graphical interface

<b>Actors:</b>	Advanced Users	
<b>Pre conditions</b>	User should have application running	
<b>Post conditions</b>	User Interface closes	
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	frequently	
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		Actor Action
	1	Close User Interface
		System Response
		Stop capturing packets. Close UI



<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-003
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Enable Capturing
<b>Description:</b>	Allows the user to start capturing packets in the network

<b>Actors:</b>	All users		
<b>Pre conditions</b>	User should have		
<b>Post conditions</b>	Users should have opened either the graphical interface or command line interface		
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Frequently		
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		Actor Action	System Response
	1	Open application	Application user interface is displayed
	2	Click 'Enable Capturing'	Transmitted packet details are displayed on the UI

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-004
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Disable Capturing
<b>Description:</b>	Allows user to stop capturing packets in network

<b>Actors:</b>	All users		
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Application should be running and packets are being monitored		
<b>Post conditions</b>	Capturing of packets is stopped and user can use this data to analyze network		
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Very frequent		
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		<b>Actor Action</b>	<b>System Response</b>
	1	Start application	Application interface displayed to user
	2	Click Enable monitoring	Packets start being monitored and their information displayed on the interface
	3	Click Disable Capturing	Capturing of packets is stopped

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-005
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Mark Packets
<b>Description:</b>	Enables the user to mark specific packets for saving information

<b>Actors:</b>	All users		
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Application should be running and packets being captured		
<b>Post conditions</b>	Packets are marked as per user's requirements for saving		
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Very frequent		
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		Actor Action	System Response
	1	Start application	Application interface displayed to user
	2	Click Enable Capturing	Packets start being monitored and their information displayed on the interface
	3	Select packet information to be saved by clicking check boxes against the packet names	Packet information is saved in a log file created in a pre-specified local directory

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-006
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Save Packets
<b>Description:</b>	Enables the user to save packet information

<b>Actors:</b>	All users	
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Application should be running and packets being monitored	
<b>Post conditions</b>	Packets information is saved according to user preference: either all packets are saved or only marked packets are saved.	
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Very frequent	
<b>Primary Flow of Events:</b>		<b>Actor Action</b>
	1	Click on file menu
	2	Click on save packets
	3	Select 'Save marked packets'
		<b>System Response</b>
		Display file menu
		Display submenu giving user the choice of saving either all or only marked packets
		Display checkboxes in front of packets for marking packets for saving. Open dialogue for user to select export type
	4	Select text/xml/p-cap export format
		Save packet information in user chosen format.
<b>Alternative Flow of Events:</b>	1	Click on file menu
		Display file menu
	2	Click on save packets
		Display submenu giving user the choice of saving either all or only marked packets
	3	Select 'Save all packets'
		Open dialogue for user to select export type
	4	Select text/xml/p-cap export format
		Save packet information in user chosen format.

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-007
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Display packet protocols
<b>Description:</b>	Gives user the list different protocols used in captured packets.

<b>Actors:</b>	All users		
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Users should start the application and click on display packet protocols.		
<b>Post conditions</b>	Users should be displayed a list of all protocols used in the captured packets		
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Very frequent		
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		Actor Action	System Response
	1	Click on View menu	Display View Menu
	2	Click Display packet protocols	A list of all protocols used in the captured packets

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-008
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Select Client
<b>Description:</b>	User is able to select a client to capture packets

<b>Actors:</b>	All users		
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Users should start the application.		
<b>Post conditions</b>	User should be able to see packets captured only from selected clients		
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Very frequent		
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		Actor Action	System Response
	1	Start the application	User interface displayed
	2	Select client from a drop down list	Packets only from selected client are displayed

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-009
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Filter packets
<b>Description:</b>	User should be able to display packets having a specific protocol

<b>Actors:</b>	All users	
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Users should start the application and select the type of packets of their preference	
<b>Post conditions</b>	Users should be displayed only those type of packets that have been filtered out by the user	
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Very frequent	
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		<b>Actor Action</b>
	1	Start application
	2	Click Filter Packets
	3	Double Click Protocol
	-	
		<b>System Response</b>
		Open User Interface
		Display List of Protocols
		Set condition to display packets with selected protocol only
		Start Capturing Packets

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-010
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Inspect Packets
<b>Description:</b>	Enable users to view packet info of selected packet

<b>Actors:</b>	All users	
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Users should start the applications and start capturing packets	
<b>Post conditions</b>	User should be displayed packet information	
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Very frequent	
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		<b>Actor Action</b>
	1	Start application
	2	Enable Capture Packets
	3	Select Packet
	4	Click Inspect Packet
		<b>System Response</b>
		Open User Interface
		Display captured packets
		-
		Display all packet information

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-011
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Display Packet Header
<b>Description:</b>	Enables users to view only header of selected packet

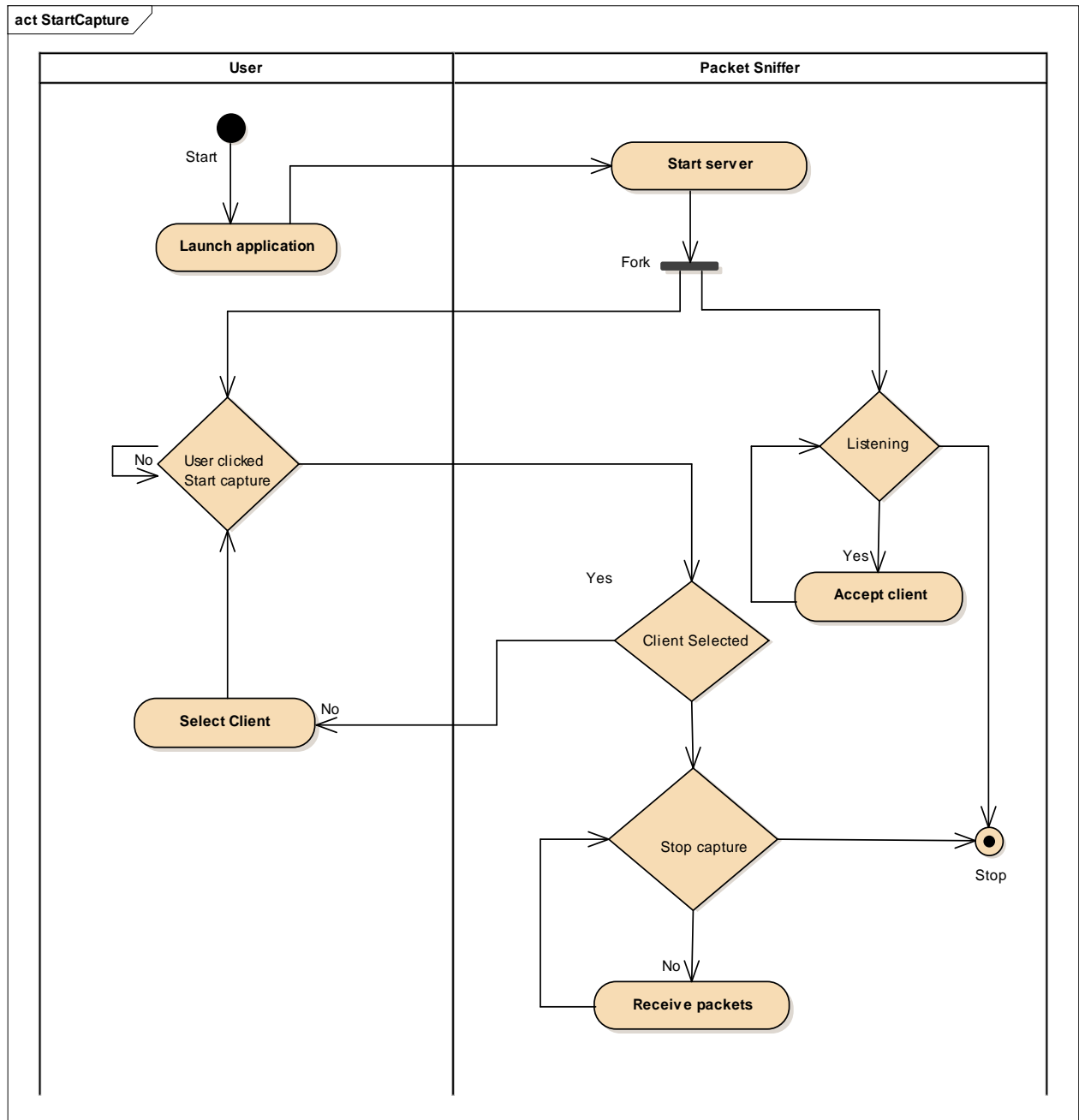
<b>Actors:</b>	All users		
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Users should start the application, start monitoring packets and select the packet whose header is to be expanded		
<b>Post conditions</b>	Users should be displayed the entire packet header		
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Less frequent		
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		Actor Action	System Response
	1	Start application	Open User Interface
	2	Enable Capture Packets	Display captured packets
	3	Select Packet	-
	4	Click Inspect Packet	Display all packet information
	4	Right click packet	-
	5	Select Display Packet Header	Display only packet header

<b>Use Case ID:</b>	UR-012
<b>Use Case Name:</b>	Display Network Statistics
<b>Description:</b>	Enables user to view real time statistics of the information being transmitted along the network

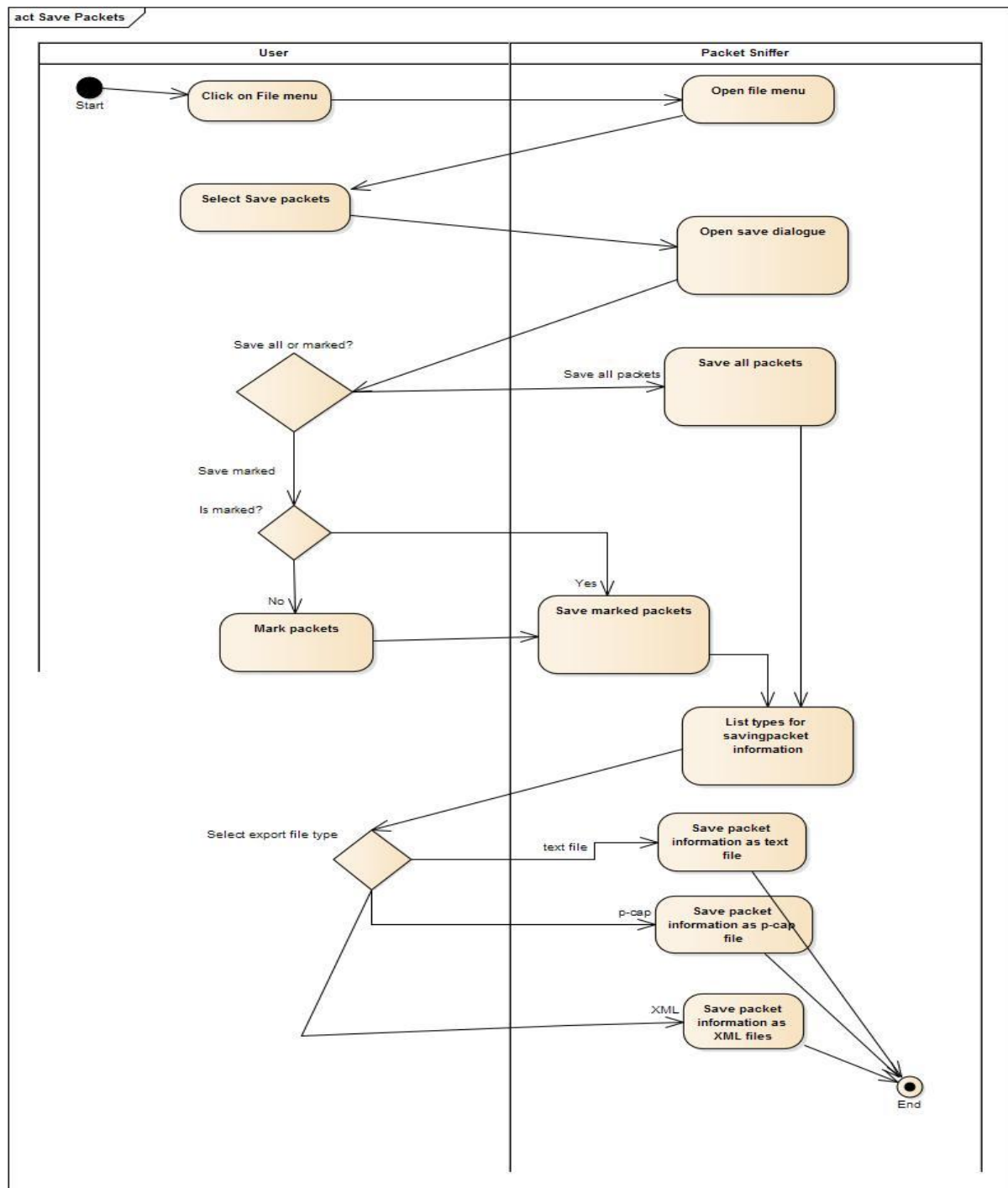
<b>Actors:</b>	All users		
<b>Pre conditions</b>	Users should start the applications and start capturing packets		
<b>Post conditions</b>	Users should be displayed real-time statistics of packets in the form of pie charts or bar graphs		
<b>Frequency of Use:</b>	Very frequent		
<b>Flow of Events:</b>		Actor Action	System Response
	1	Start application	Open User Interface
	2	Enable Capture Packets	Display Captured Packets
	3	Click Display Network Statistics	Display chooser with 2 options – Bar Graph and Pie Chart
	4	Select Bar Graph/Pie Chart	Display Appropriate Plot

## 4. Activity Diagrams:

+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-003} | **Use Case ID** : {UR-003} | **Use Case Name** : {Start Capture} |  
**Group Member Name** : Sunil Baliganahalli Naryana Murthy



+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-006} | **Use Case ID** : {UR-006} | **Use Case Name** : {Save Packets} |  
**Group Member Name** : Apoorva Bapat

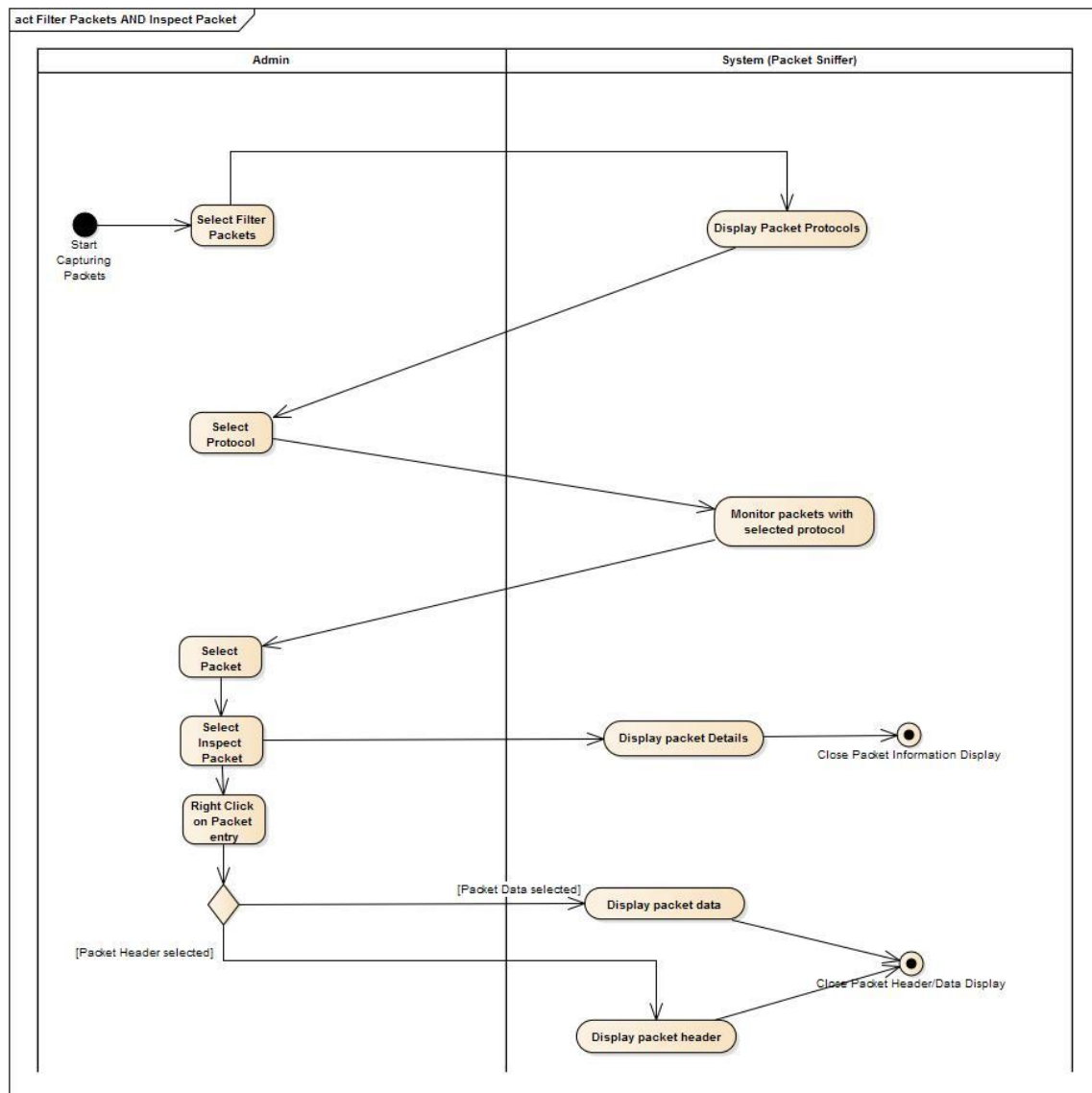


**Use Case Name:** {Save Packets}

**Description:** This diagram represents the activity of saving packets according to user preference of saving only the marked packets. The user clicks on file menu and then UI prompts the user to fill in its requirements. Once, the system gets its marked packets, it then prompts user to select file type or exporting and saves in the selected format.



+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-009, UR-010} | **Use Case ID** : { UR-009, UR-010} | **Use Case Name** : {Filter Packets, Inspect Packet} | **Group Member Name** : Nehal Kamat



**Use Case Name:** {Filter Packet, Inspect Packet}

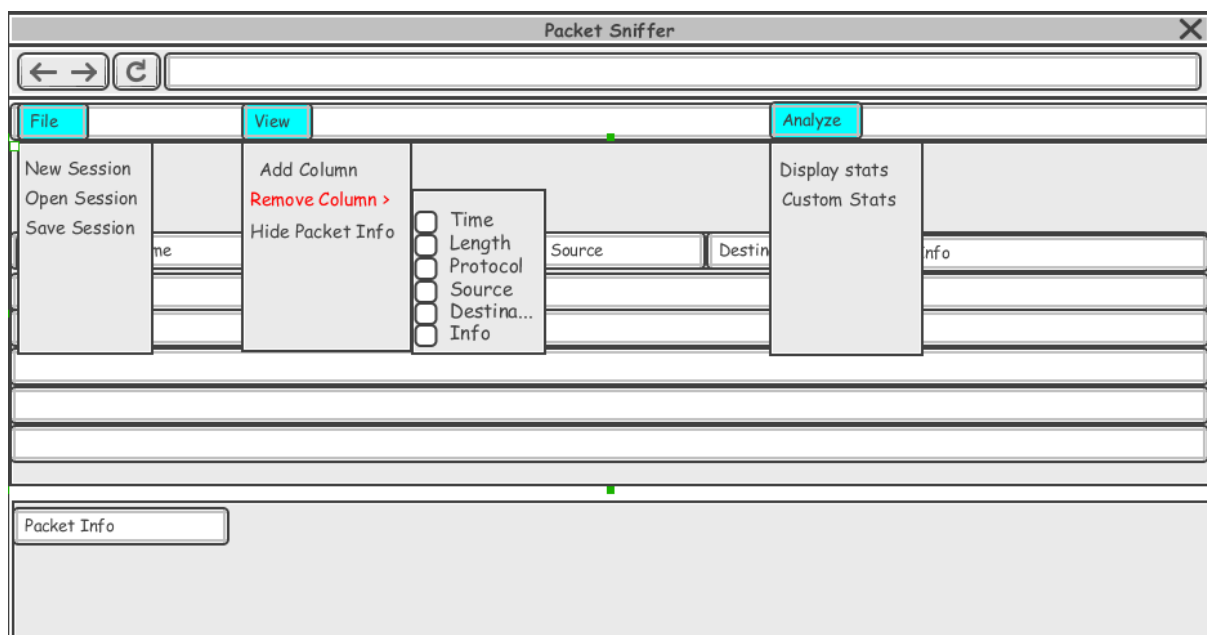
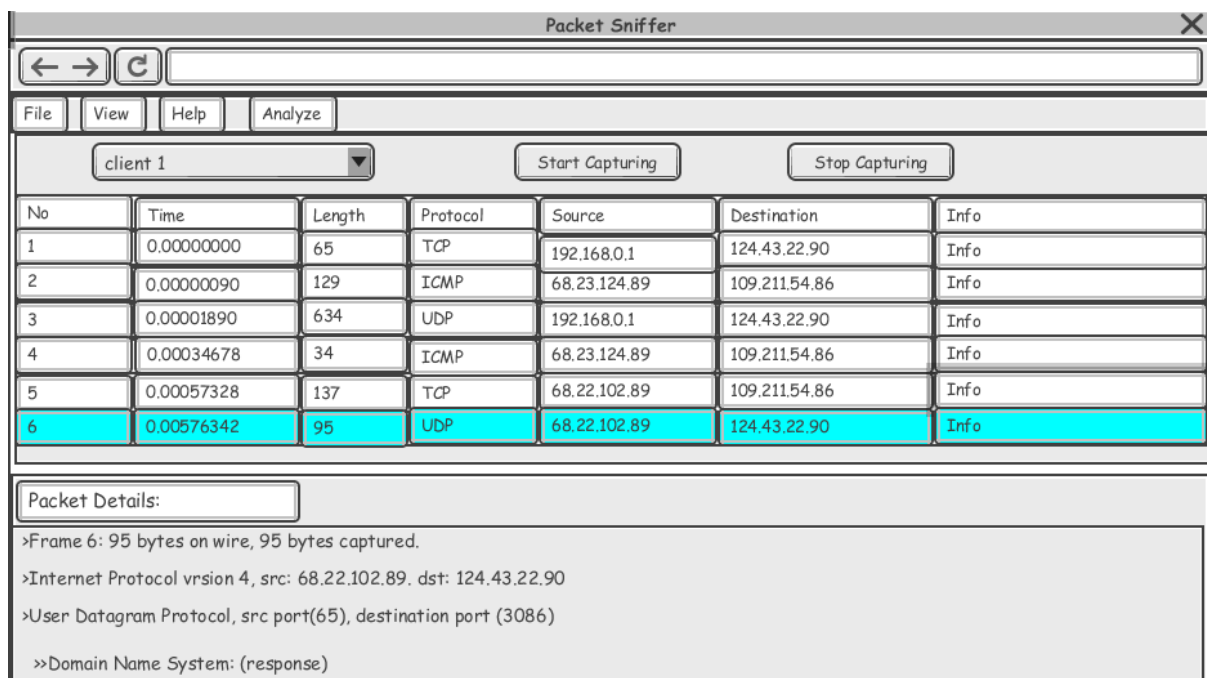
**Description:** This diagram represents the activity of the user filtering packets by protocol and then inspecting one packet from the filtered packets. The user first clicks filter packets which then gives the user the option of choosing one of the packet protocols. After choosing the protocol and the sniffer applying the filter to the captured packets, the user can select a packet and inspect its data.

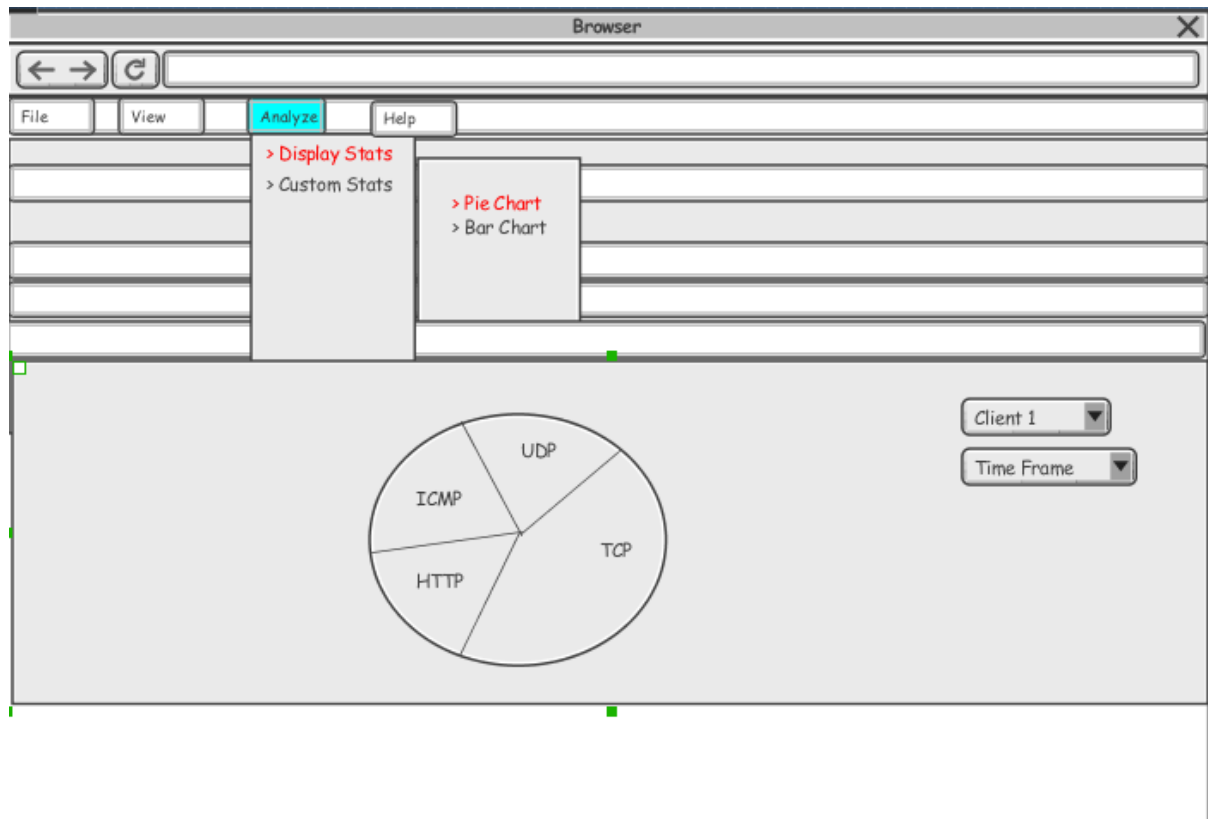
## 5 Data Storage: PCAP format, Text format, Xml format

Classes:

- The application supports multiple formats like Pcap, Text, xml etc.
- All of these format implement a ImportExportData interface.
- The PcapImportExport supports impoting from Pcap and exporting in a Pcap format. Likewise for TextImportExportData, XmlImportExportData.

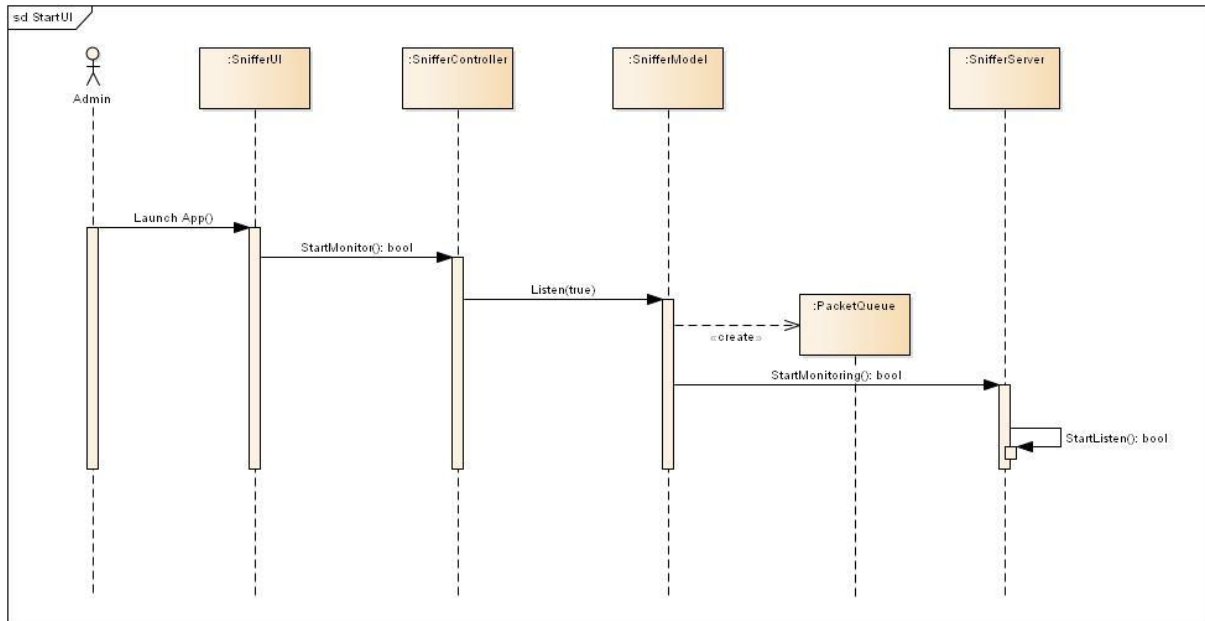
## 6 UI Mockups:





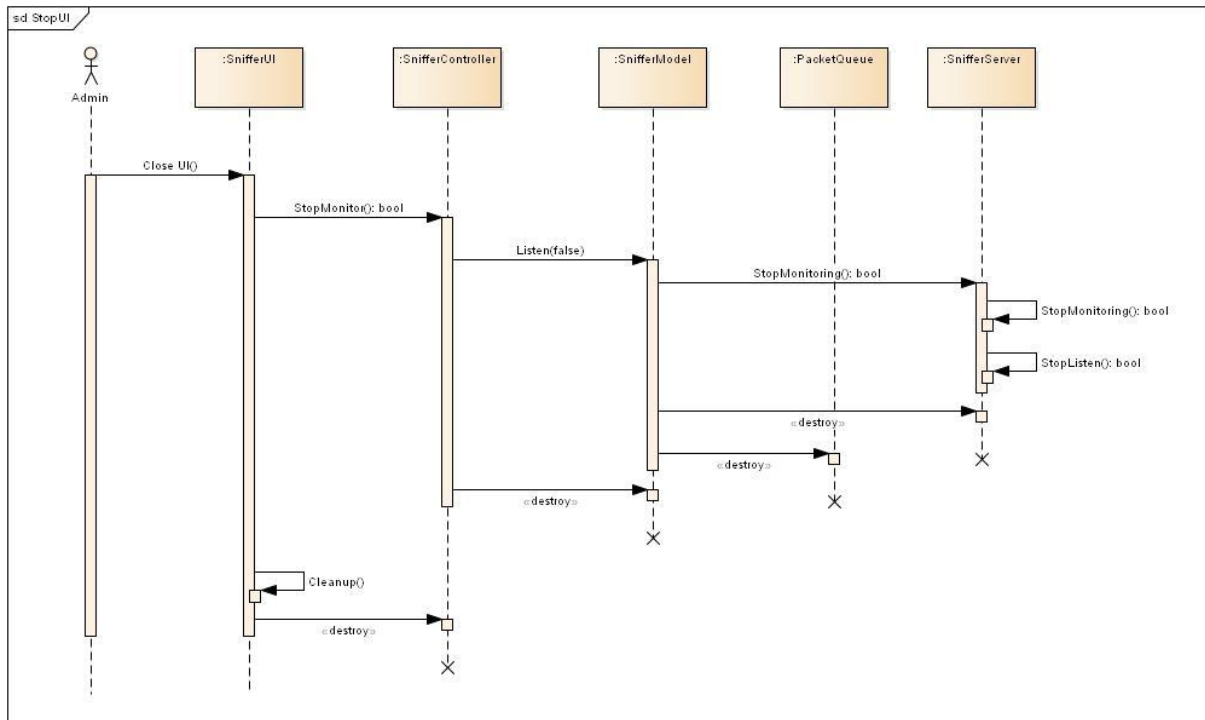
## 7 User Interactions:

+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-001} | **Use Case ID** : {UR-001} | **Use Case Name** : {Start User Interface} | **Group Member Name** : Sunil Baliganahalli Naryana Murthy



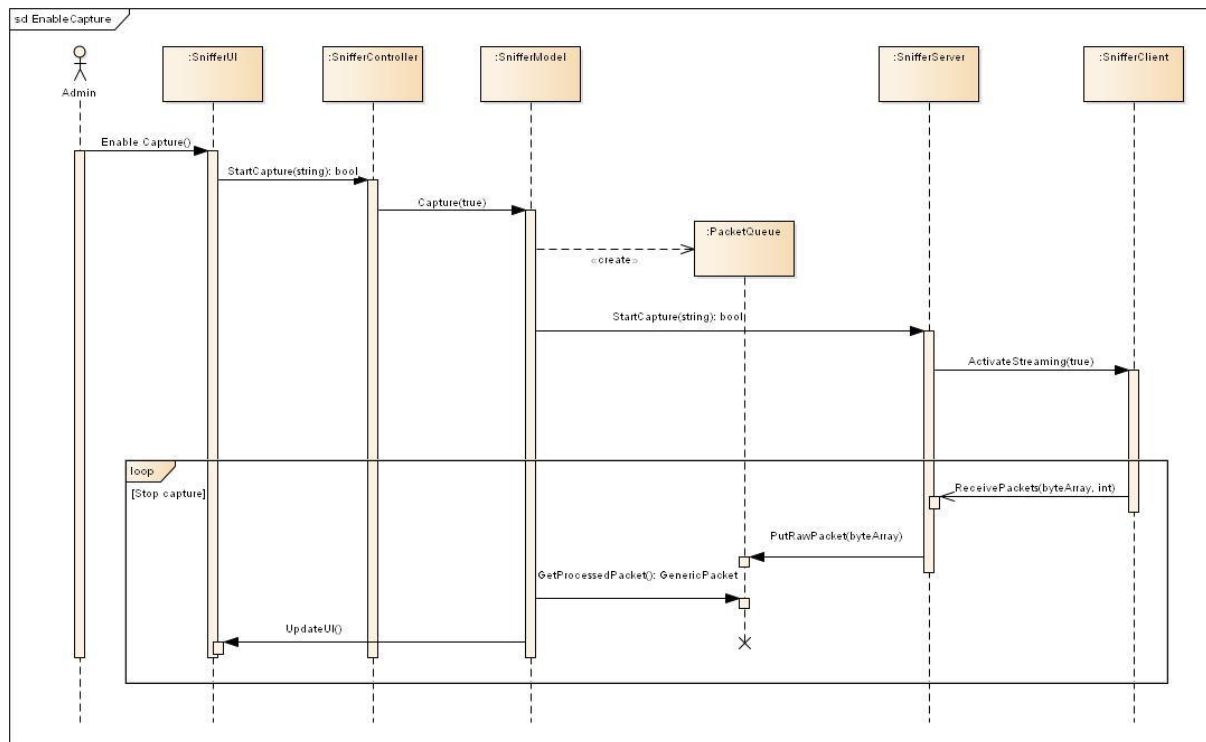
The below sequence diagram shows the application bootup sequence and different classes that are created thereafter.

+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-002} | **Use Case ID** : {UR-002} | **Use Case Name** : {Close User Interface} | **Group Member Name** : Sunil Baliganahalli Naryana Murthy

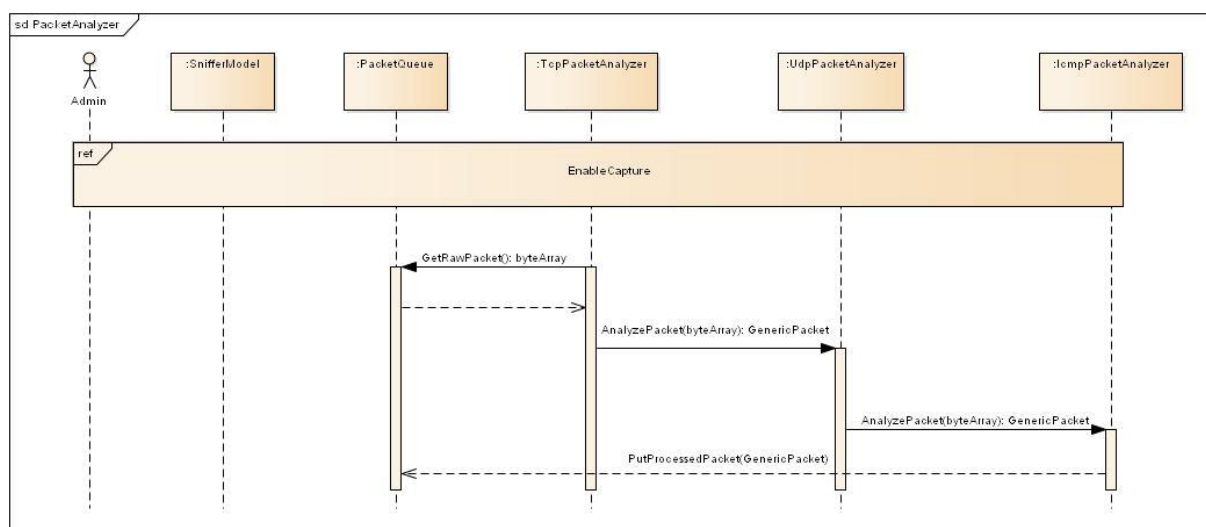


The below sequence diagram shows the application shutdown sequence and different classes that are destroyed thereafter.

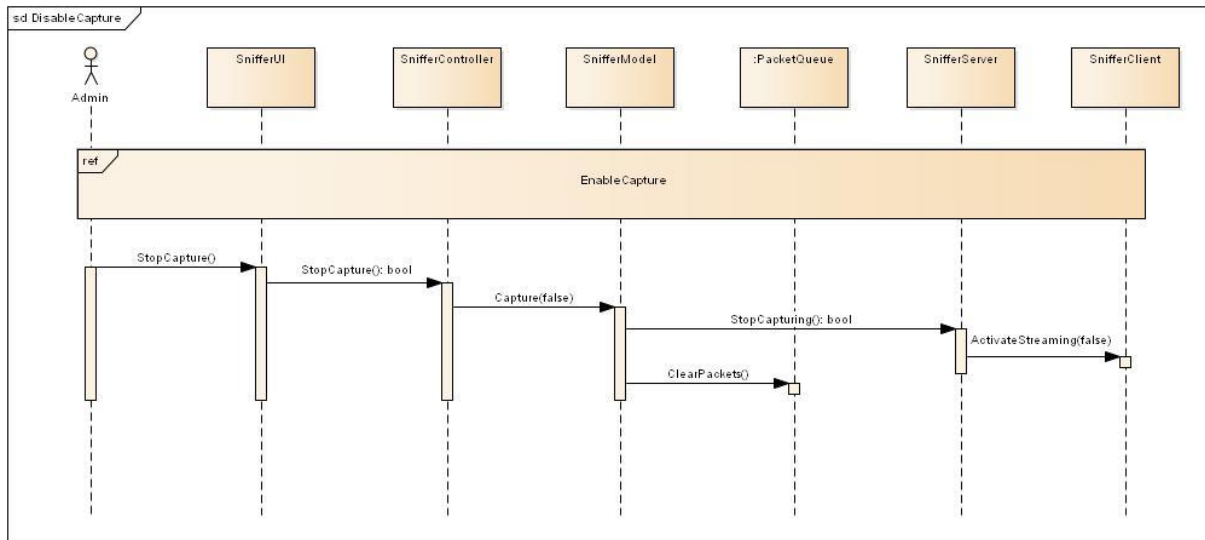
+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-003} | **Use Case ID** : {UR-003} | **Use Case Name** : {Enable Capturing} |  
**Group Member Name** : Sunil Baliganahalli Naryana Murthy



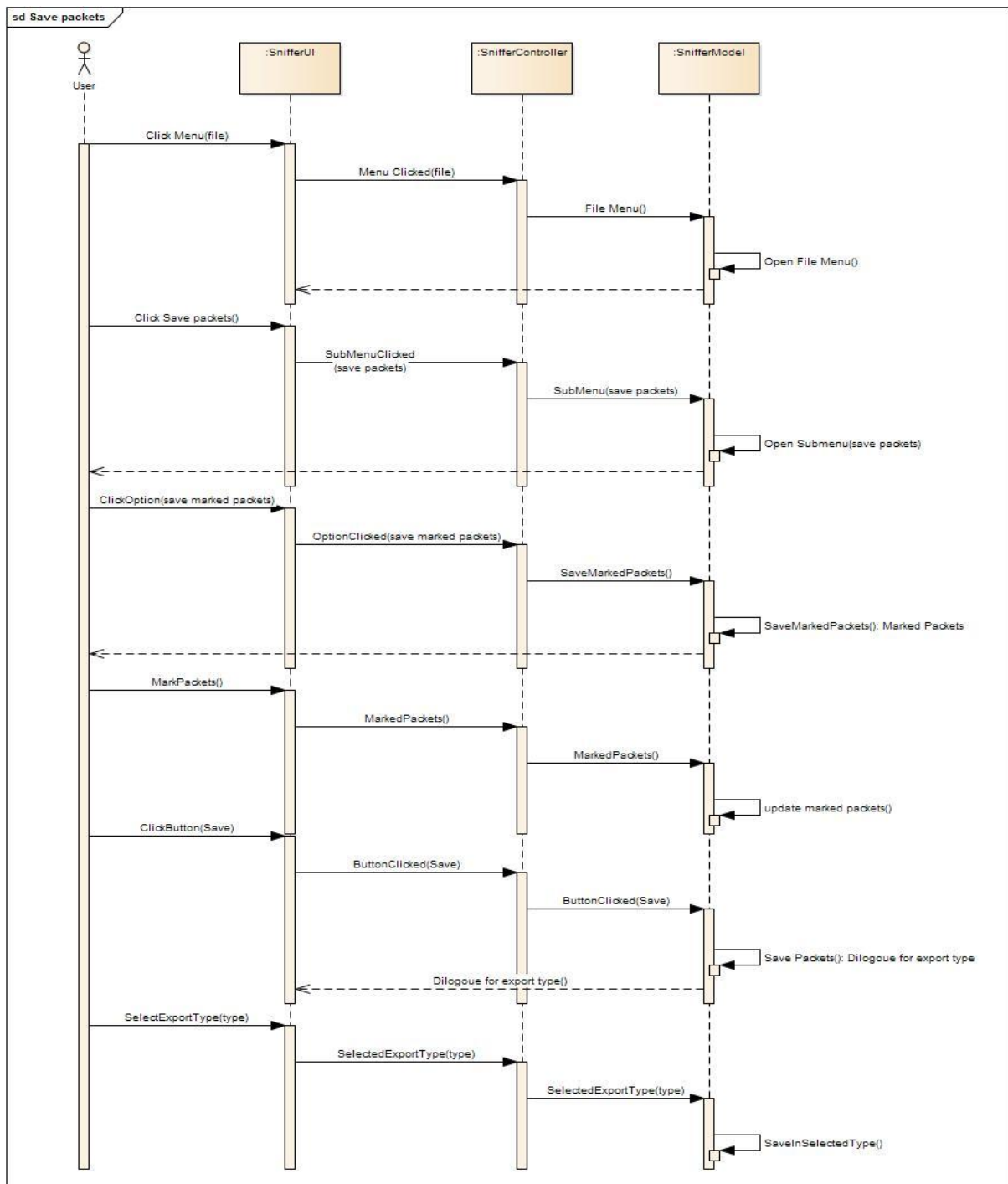
The start capture sequence starts with the user clicking on the enable capture. The packet sniffer server messages the sniffer server to start the listening to the incoming clients. Server then accepts any incoming client and adds the received packets to packet queue, which is then picked up by the packet analyzer to convert the byte stream of packets into object (Generic Packet).



+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-004} | **Use Case ID** : {UR-004} | **Use Case Name** : {Disable Capturing} |  
**Group Member Name** : Sunil Baliganahalli Naryana Murthy



**Requirement ID:** {UR-006}, **Use Case ID:** {UC-006}, **Use Case Name:** {Save Packets}, **Group Member Name:** Apoorva Bapat

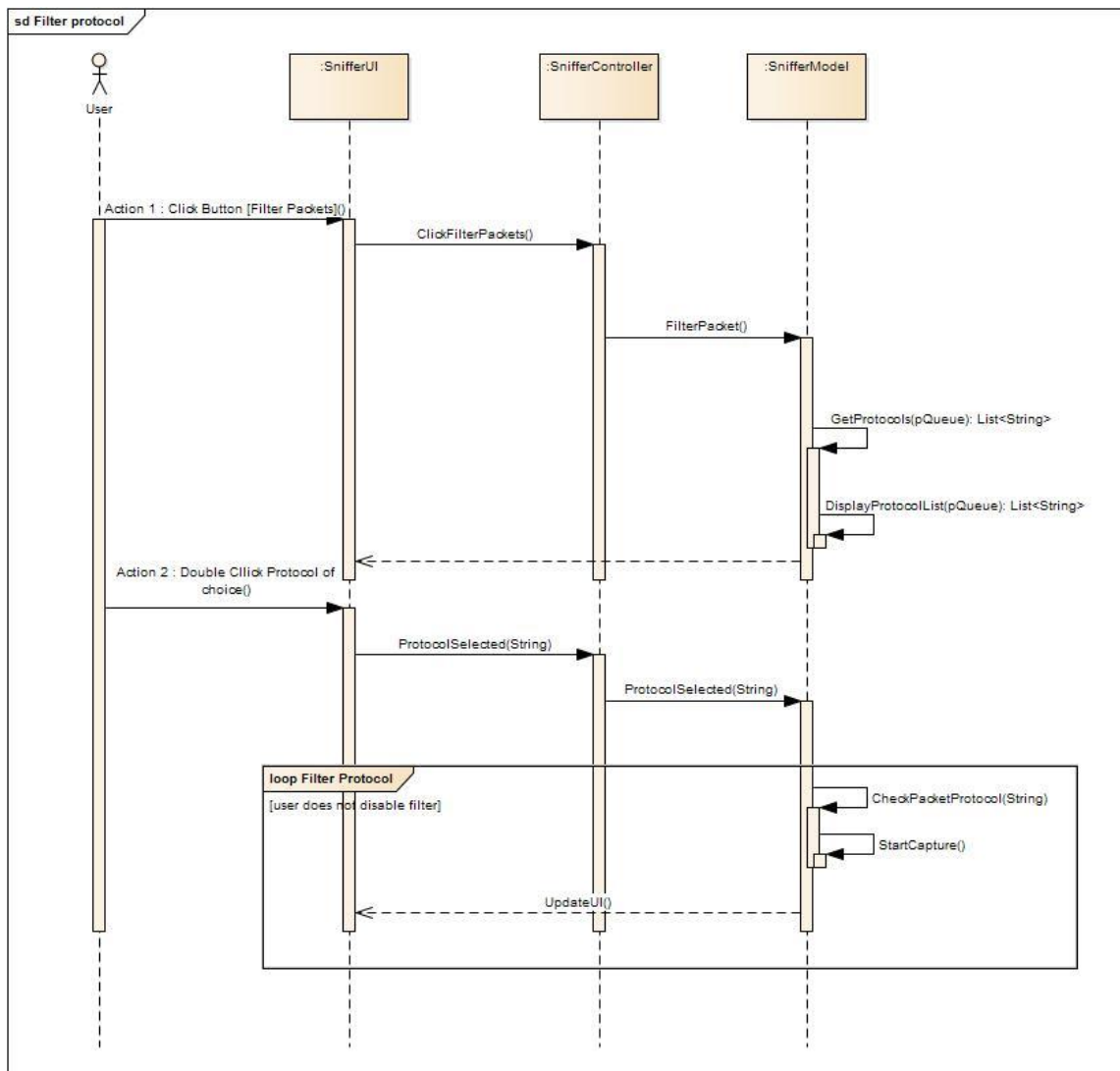


**Use Case Name:** Save Packets

**Description:** User clicks on File menu, which then leads to sub menus and selects save packets. User selects save marked packets for which he/she has to mark packets which are to be saved. After marking these packets, user selects the file format for exporting files.



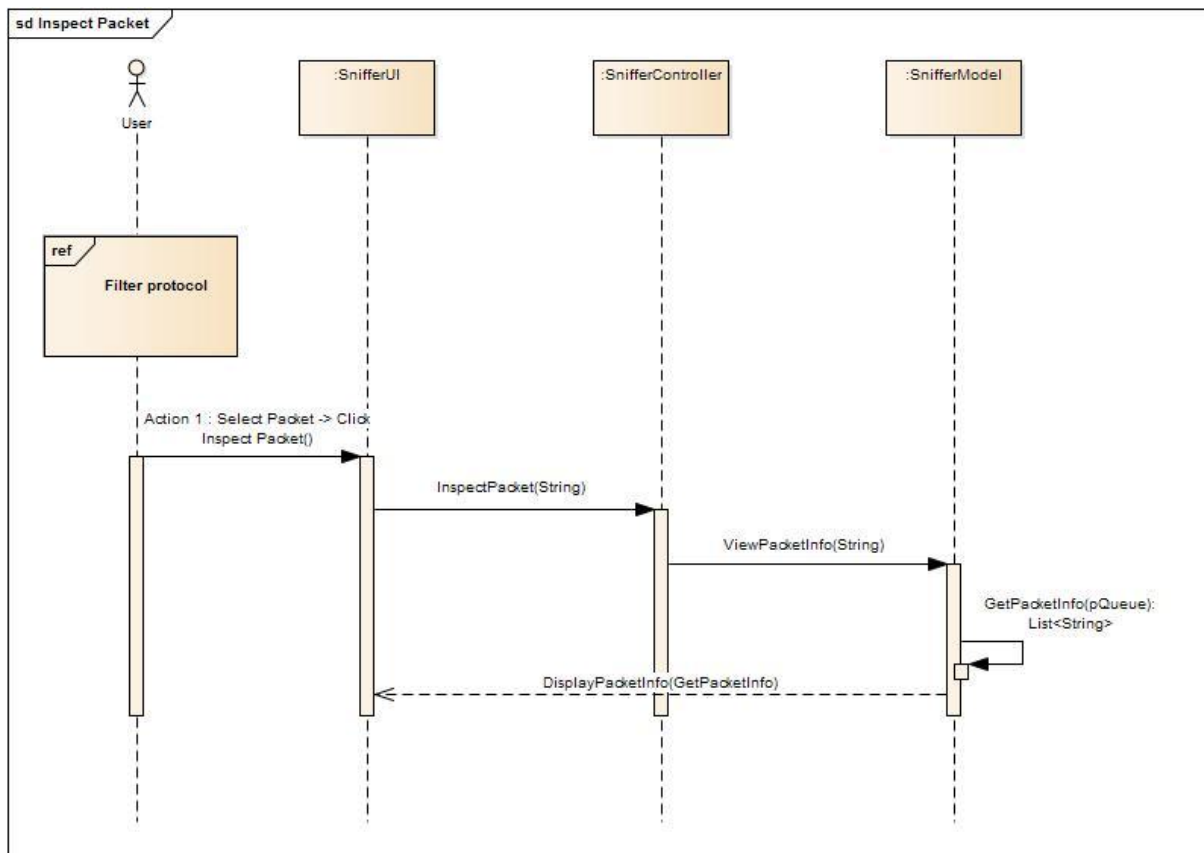
+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-009, UR-010} | **Use Case ID** : { UR-009, UR-010} | **Use Case Name** : {Filter Packets, Inspect Packet} | **Group Member Name** : Nehal Kamat



**Use case Name:** {Filter Packet}

**Description:** User clicks filter packet, which the system then processes to display the list of protocols. The user chooses the protocol and the system then filters the packet according to the protocol

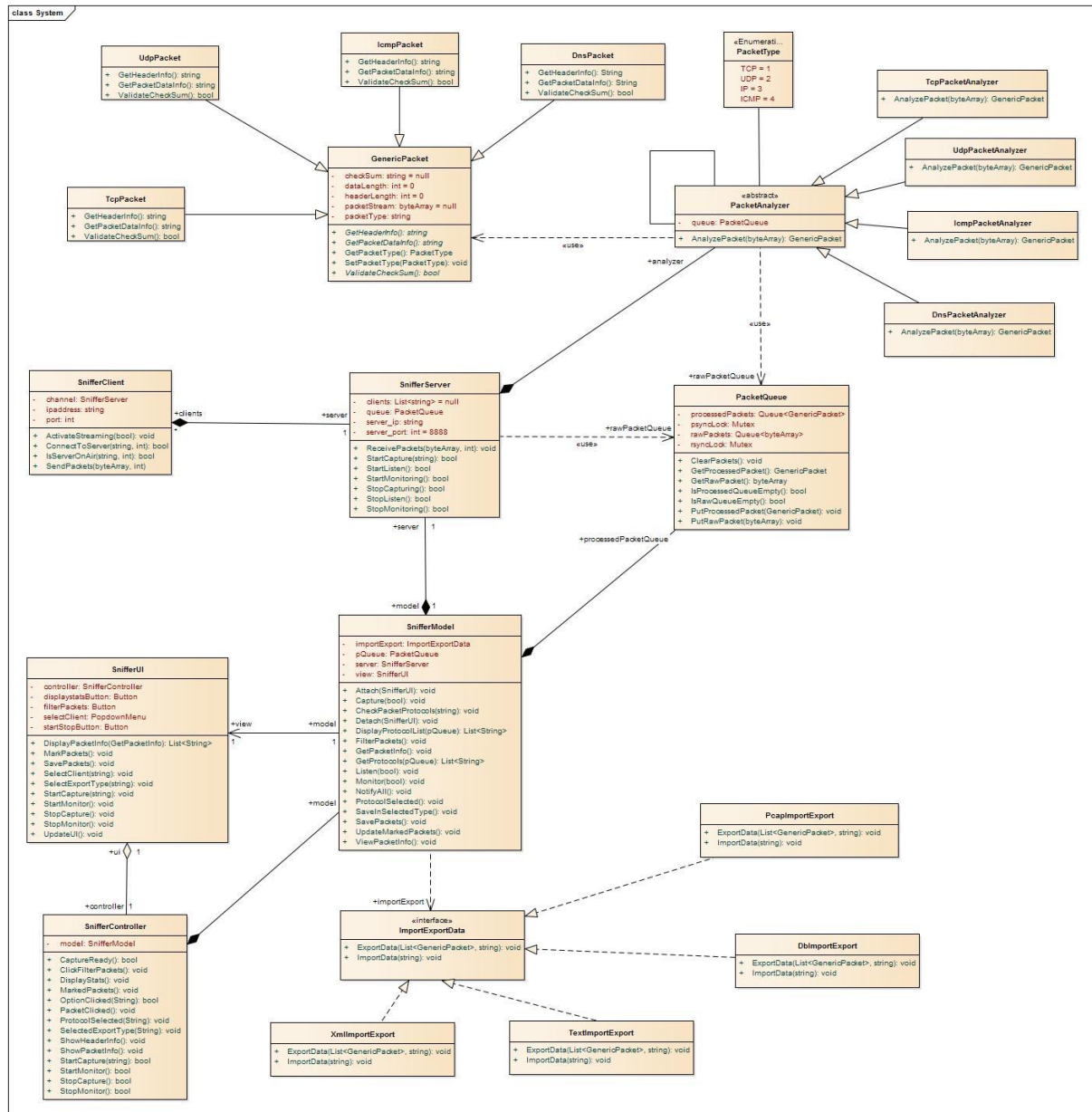
+ **Requirement ID** : {UR-010} | **Use Case ID** : { UR-010} | **Use Case Name** : {Inspect Packet} |  
**Group Member Name** : Nehal Kamat



**Use case Name:** {Inspect Packet}

**Description:** This sequence of actions happens when a filter has been applied by the user. The user selects the packet and clicks inspect packet which the system then processes to display all the details of the packet.

## 7. Class Diagram:



The packet sniffer is client-server architecture. We are using Model-View-Controller (MVC) for the User interface and interfacing with the backend. The packet analyzer uses a Chain of responsibility pattern for analyzing the packet, which gives you the flexibility of extending the analyzer for other types of packets later. For import and export we use a strategy pattern which supports multiple import/exports formats like PCAP, XML etc.

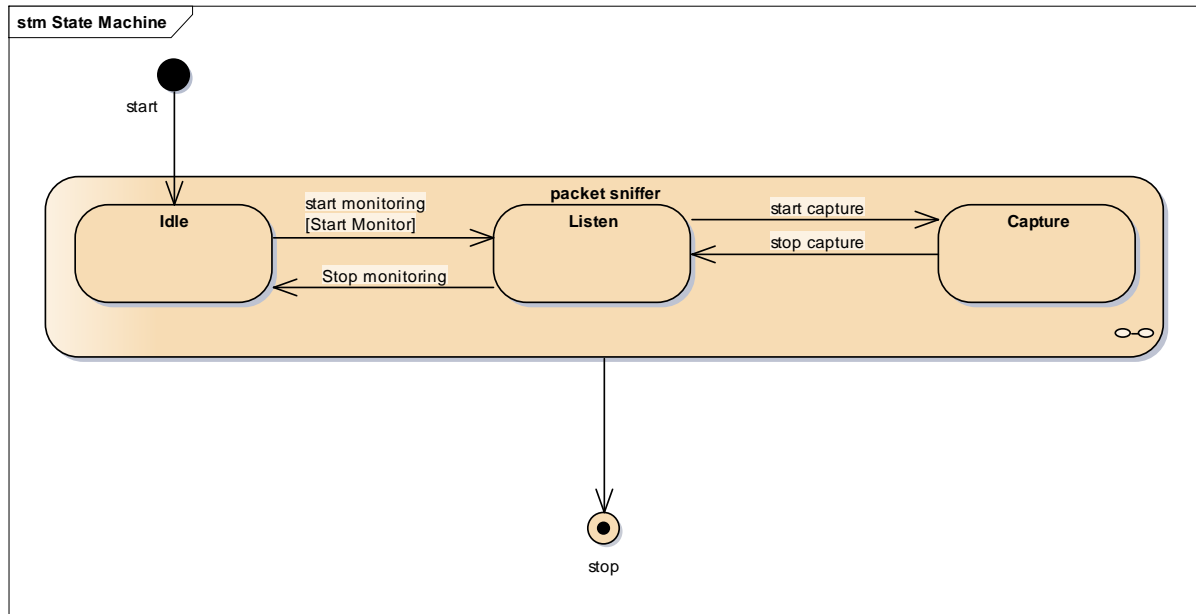
Architectural pattern:

- Client-Server

Design Patterns used:

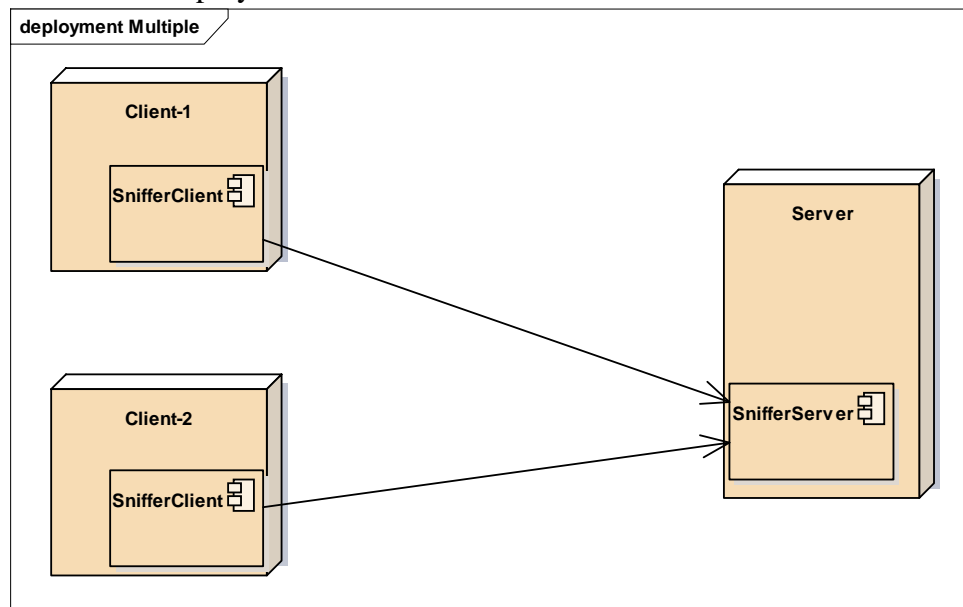
- Model-View-Model
- Observer pattern
- Strategy Pattern
- Chain of responsibility

## 8. State Machine Diagram:



## 9. Deployment View:

(i) Multi-client deployment:



(ii) Stand alone deployment:

