

# **Terraform Workflows**



# **Agenda**

- Run Workflows
- Terraform Modules
- Workspaces
- Variables
- Git Repo Structure
- Q+A

# Run Workflows

## **Run Workflows**

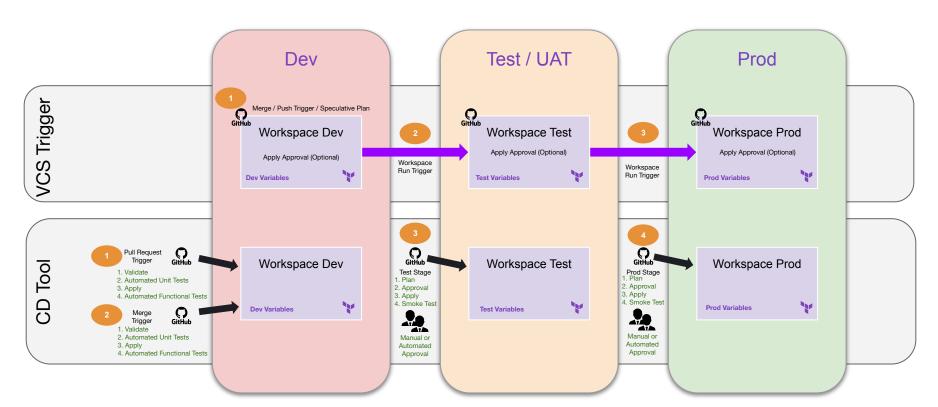


- <u>UI-Driven Runs</u> manually trigger runs from the TFC web UI.
- <u>VCS-Driven Runs</u> easiest integration, directly connects a Git Repo to a Terraform
   Workspace, with automatic runs on Git Commit and Pull Request code changes.
- <u>CLI-Driven Runs</u> easy to use, single CLI command to trigger runs, takes files in the local folder, creates a .zip file, and sends the contents to the TFC API.
- <u>SDK-Driven Runs</u> calls to the TFC API, using a Language Specific integration, available for Golang, Python, and .NET.
- <u>API-Driven Runs</u> full control, all features available to the web UI have an API call, but requires custom coding JSON REST HTTP API calls.

## **Workflow Types**

## 例

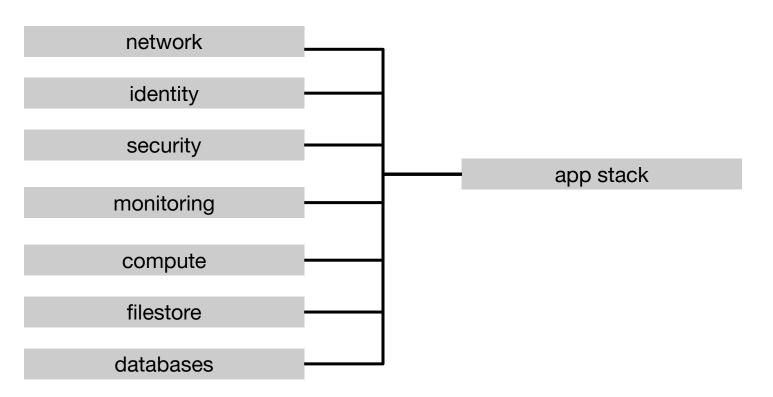
## **VCS Trigger vs CLI / API in CD Tool**



# Terraform Modules

## **Architecture**





# **Code Layout**

## Variables and Outputs

#### **Root Module**

```
# ./main.tf
variable "vpc cidr" {
default = "10.0.0.0/16"
module "network"
source = "mytfe.com/myorg/nework/myprovider"
vpc cidr = var.vpc cidr
public subnet cidr = var.public subnet cidr
 region = var.region
availability zones = var.availability zones
module "security-groups" {
source = "mytfe.com/myorg/secgrps/myproveder"
vpc id = module.network.vpc id
vpc cidr = var.vpc cidr
public subnet ids = module.network.pub sub ids
```

#### Private Sub Module



```
# https://mytfe.com/myorg/network/myprovider
# ./main.tf
variable "vpc cidr" {
 type = string
resource "aws vpc" "default"
cidr block = var.vpc cidr
enable dns hostnames = true
output "vpc id" {
value = "${aws vpc.default.id}"
resource "aws subnet" "subnet public" {
vpc id = aws vpc.default.id
cidr block = var.public subnet cidr
availability zone = var.availability zones
output "pub sub ids" {
value = [ "${aws subnet.subnet public.*.id}"
```

## **Network**



#### **AWS**

Route 53 DNS, TLS/SSL Certs, Regions, Availability Zones, VPC, Internet Gateway, Public Subnet, Private Subnet, Route Table, Network ACL, Direct

### **Azure**

VNet, Network Gateway, NAT Gateway, Route Table, Express Route (on-prem), Public IP, Application Gateway

### **GCP**

VPC, Subnet, Cloud NAT, Compute Route, Cloud Interconnect (on-prem), Public IP, API Gateway

#### **VM**ware

Infoblox DNS / BIND, Verisign / Microsoft AD / Cloud Foundry CA TLS/SSL certs, Regions, Availability Zones, VLAN, Palo Alto / Checkpoint Firewall, DMZ, Internal VLANs, Cisco / Juniper / HP / Dell Route Table, Network ACL, WAN Link / Dark fiber, VMware ESXi / Tanzu NSX Firewall Rules, VMware vLAN

# **Security**



## **AWS**

AWS Config (resource), AWS GuardDuty (NIDS), AWS Macie (S3), VPC Flow Logs

## **Azure**

Azure PolicySets, Network Security Groups, Azure AD Policies

#### **GCP**

**GCP Security Command Center** 

#### **VM**ware

Palo Alto Prisma (resource), Splunk (NIDS), SFlow / NetFlow / Cisco Network Flow Logs, Qualys / Tenable Nessus / Rapid7 Nexpose / Checkpoint (VM, container), Tripwire / OSSEC (FIM)

# **Identity**



## **AWS**

IAM Group, IAM Role, IAM User, IAM Policy (customer-managed)

## **Azure**

Azure AD (Active Directory), Azure Resource Group

## **GCP**

Service Account, Folder, Roles, Policy

## **VM**ware

Microsoft Active Directory, LDAP, SAML, Okta

# **Monitoring**



## **AWS**

AWS CloudTrail (cli/sdk), CloudWatch, CloudWatch Metrics

## **Azure**

Azure Network Watcher Flow Log, Monitor

## **GCP**

Network Telemetry, VPC Flow Logs, Cloud Audit Logs

## **VM**ware

DataDog / SignalFX / Nagios / SolarWinds, Splunk / ELK / SumoLogic, HP OpenView

# Compute



### **AWS**

Load Balancer (ALB, ELB, NLB), Auto-scaling Group + Launch Config + Resource Group + EC2, EKS (K8S), ECS, FarGate (hosted ECS), AWS Lambda

### **Azure**

Traffice Manager (global LB), Scale Set + Launch Config + Resource Group + VM, Azure K8S / AKS

## **GCP**

Load Balancer, Managed Instance Group (MIG) + Instance Template + Stateful Configuration + Compute, GCP EKS / K8S

#### **VM**ware

F5 / HAProxy / nginx Load Balancers, VMware vRealize, VMware Pivotal Cloud Foundry (PKS, PCS) / K8S

## **Filestore**



**AWS** 

S3, CloudFront (CDN)

**Azure** 

Blob Storage, Content Delivery Network

**GCP** 

Cloud Storage, Cloud CDN

**VM**ware

SAN, NAS, GlusterFS, Minio / Ceph / Dell EMC ECS S3-compatible, Akamai

## **SQL Databases**



## **AWS**

RDS (MySQL, Aurora, Postgresql, MSSQL, Oracle)

### **Azure**

MSSQL, Oracle, MySQL, Postgres

## **GCP**

Cloud SQL (PostgreSQL, MySQL, SQL Server)

## **VM**ware

MS SQL Server, Oracle DB, Sybase DB, DB2, MySQL, Postgresql

## **NoSQL Databases**



## **AWS**

ElasticSearch, MongoDB, DocumentDB, Hadoop, DynamoDB

### **Azure**

ElasticSearch, MongoDB, Azure HDInsight Hadoop

## **GCP**

BigQuery, ElasticSearch, MongoDB Atlas, BigTable

### **VM**ware

ElasticSearch, MongoDB, Hadoop

# **In-memory Databases**



**AWS** 

ElastiCache (Memcached, Redis)

**Azure** 

Azure Cache for Redis

**GCP** 

GCP Memorystore (Redis, Memcached)

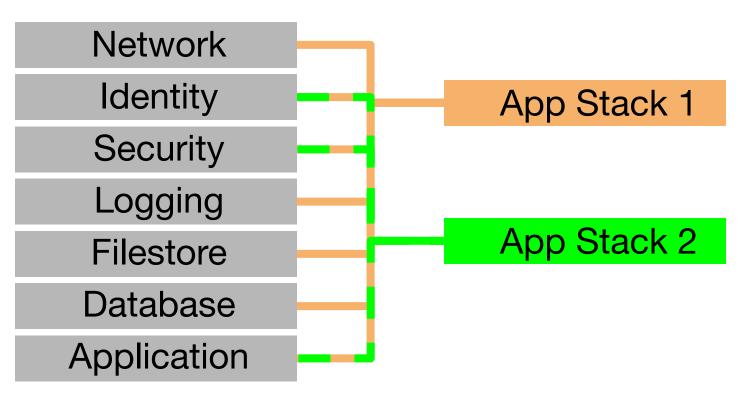
**VM**ware

Memcached, Redis

# Module Registry

# **Module Sharing**

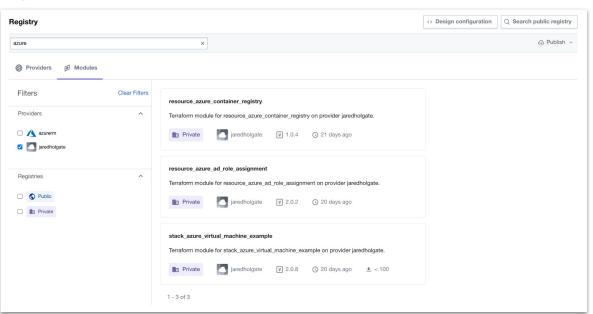




# **Private Module Registry**



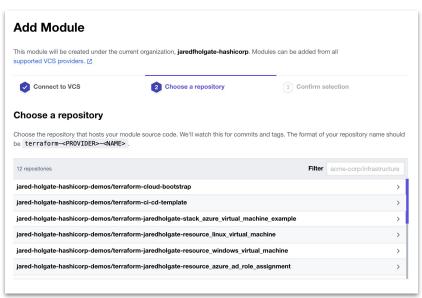
- VCS integration
- Versioning based on VCS tags
- Restrict using Sentinel
- Must follow a specific convention



# **Private Module Registry**



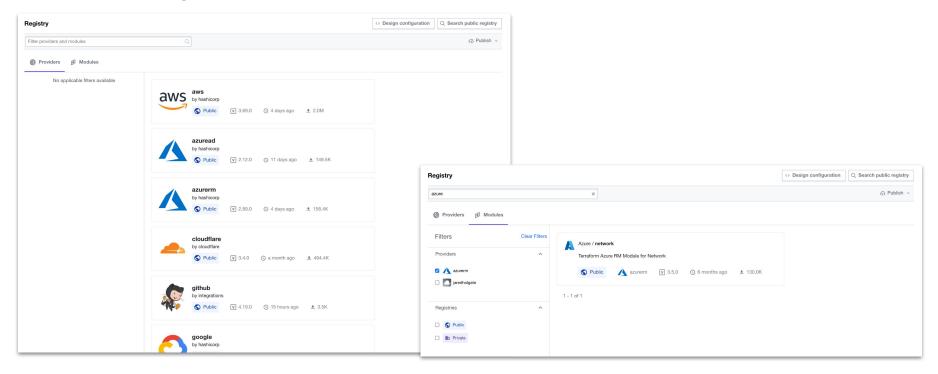
- Repo name must follow the convention: terraform-cprovider>-<module name>
   e.g. terraform-myorganisation-azure\_network
- Must have a README.md
- Must have a main.tf file
- Must have a version tag in x.y.z format



## **Public Providers and Modules**



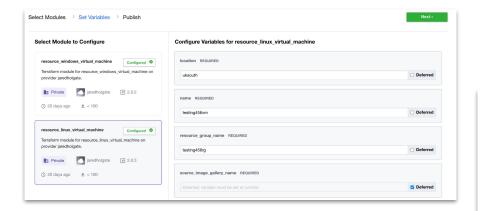
- Specify which providers and modules are recommended
- Restrict using Sentinel

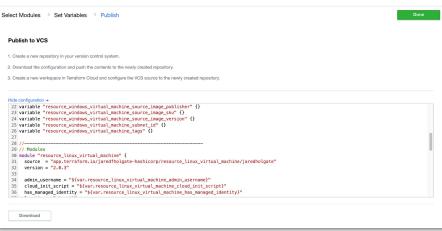


# **Configuration Designer**



- Helps to write HCL
- Still need to source control and have a workspace





## Resources



- <a href="https://learn.hashicorp.com/tutorials/terraform/module-private-registry-add?in=terraform/modules">https://learn.hashicorp.com/tutorials/terraform/module-private-registry-add?in=terraform/modules</a>
- <a href="https://learn.hashicorp.com/tutorials/terraform/module-private-registry-share?in=terraform%2Fmodules">https://learn.hashicorp.com/tutorials/terraform/module-private-registry-share?in=terraform%2Fmodules</a>
- https://www.terraform.io/docs/registry/index.html
- https://www.terraform.io/docs/cloud/registry/publish.html
- https://www.terraform.io/docs/cloud/registry/add.html

# Workspaces

## **Considerations**



- Blast-Radius: Do not put everything in one place.
- Least Privilege: Divide cloud resources into multiple Workspaces so that a Team cannot change another Team's cloud resources.
- Rate of Change: The Networking layer will not change as often as the Compute layer. Common changes should not affect uncommonly changing resources.
- Ease of Maintenance: Group similar resources to ensure maintenance changes
  don't affect other components, ex: upgrading all instances of Postgres / MySQL / MS
  SQL / Oracle / ElasticSearch should not affect the Networking resource.

# 1. Monolithic Workspace



<u>Production</u>	<u>Staging</u>	<u>QA</u>	<u>Dev</u>
network	network	network	network
security	security	security	security
identity	identity	identity	identity
compute	compute	compute	compute
filestore	filestore	filestore	filestore
sql	sql	sql	sql

# 2. Production vs. Non-production



<u>Production</u>	<u>Staging</u>	<u>QA</u>	<u>Dev</u>
network	network	network	network
security	security	security	security
identity	identity	identity	identity
compute	compute	compute	compute
filestore	filestore	filestore	filestore
sql	sql	sql	sql

# 3. Prod vs. Non-prod w/ Landing Zones



<u>Production</u>	<u>Staging</u>	<u>QA</u>	<u>Dev</u>
network	network	network	network
security	security	security	security
identity	identity	identity	identity
compute	compute	compute	compute
filestore	filestore	filestore	filestore
sql	sql	sql	sql

# 4. Divided by Environments (Envs)



<u>Production</u>	<u>Staging</u>	<u>QA</u>	<u>Dev</u>
network	network	network	network
security	security	security	security
identity	identity	identity	identity
compute	compute	compute	compute
filestore	filestore	filestore	filestore
sql	sql	sql	sql

# 5. Isolated Envs w/ Landing Zones (LZs) 砂

<u>Production</u>	<u>Staging</u>	<u>QA</u>	<u>Dev</u>
network	network	network	network
security	security	security	security
identity	identity	identity	identity
compute	compute	compute	compute
filestore	filestore	filestore	filestore
sql	sql	sql	sql

# 6. Isolated Envs w/ LZs and App Layers 🖖



<u>Production</u>	<u>Staging</u>	<u>QA</u>	<u>Dev</u>
network	network	network	network
security	security	security	security
identity	identity	identity	identity
compute	compute	compute	compute
filestore	filestore	filestore	filestore
sql	sql	sql	sql

# 7. Isolated Envs w/ Shared App Layers



<u>Production</u>	<u>Staging</u>	<u>QA</u>	<u>Dev</u>
network	network	network	network
security	security	security	security
identity	identity	identity	identity
compute	compute	compute	compute
filestore	filestore	filestore	filestore
sql	sql	sql	sql

# 8. Isolated Envs w/ Isolated Layers



<b>Production</b>	<u>Staging</u>	<u>QA</u>	<u>Dev</u>
network	network	network	network
security	security	security	security
identity	identity	identity	identity
compute	compute	compute	compute
filestore	filestore	filestore	filestore
sql	sql	sql	sql

## **Terraform tfe Provider**



## **Automate Terraform Cloud Configuration**

- https://registry.terraform.io/providers/hashicorp/tfe/
- tfe = Terraform Enterprise
- Works with Terraform Cloud and Terraform Enterprise
- Requires a Token argument, which is the API Token
- Comprehensive resource and data source coverage

## **Workspace Creation Automation**



```
# Configure a TF Workspace Variable called
# "tf token" with the TFE API Token
terraform {
 required providers {
   tfe = {
     source = "hashicorp/tfe"
     version = "\sim> 0.25.3"
   null = {
     source = "hashicorp/null"
     version = "~> 3.1.0"
# https://reqistry.terraform.io/providers/hashicorp/tfe/latest/docs
provider "tfe" {
 hostname = var.tf hostname
 token = var.tf token
```

#### **Workspace Creation Automation**



```
variable "tf organization" {
 type = string
 default = "Pyrocumulus"
variable "tf workspaces" {
 type = set(string)
 default = ["workspaceA", "workspaceB",
   "workspaceC"]
resource "tfe workspace" "test" {
 for each = var.tf workspaces
 name = each.key
 organization = var.tf organization
output "tf workspace ids" {
 value = { for k, v in tfe workspace.test :
   k \Rightarrow v.id
```

```
resource "tfe variable" "test" {
  for each = { for k, v in
tfe workspace.test:
   k \Rightarrow v.id
  key = "test key name"
  value = "test value name"
  category = "terraform"
  workspace id = each.value
resource "tfe team" "test" {
  name = "test-team-name"
  organization = var.tf organization
resource "tfe team access" "test" {
  for each = { for k, v in
tfe workspace.test:
  k \Rightarrow v.id
  access = "read"
  team id = tfe team.test.id
  workspace id = each.value
```

# Workspace Variables

### Workspaces, Secrets / Credentials

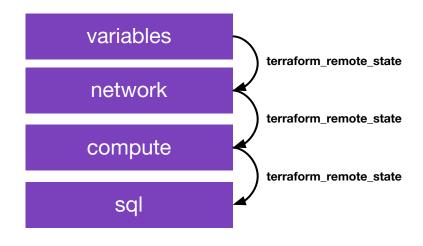


- 1. Vault Enterprise
- 2. Vault Open Source
- 3. Cloud Agents, with Cloud Identity Credentials (ex: AWS IAM Instance Profile)
- 4. Variable Sets (beta)
- 5. **terraform\_remote\_state** data source, read between Workspaces
- 6. Workspace Variable, Sensitive
- 7. Workspace Environment Variable, Sensitive
- 8. CI/CD Inject Credentials at Run-time

https://www.hashicorp.com/blog/managing-credentials-in-terraform-cloud-and-enterprise

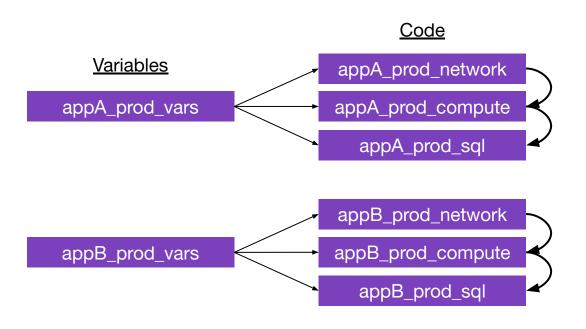
#### **Changes Across Workspaces with Run Triggers**





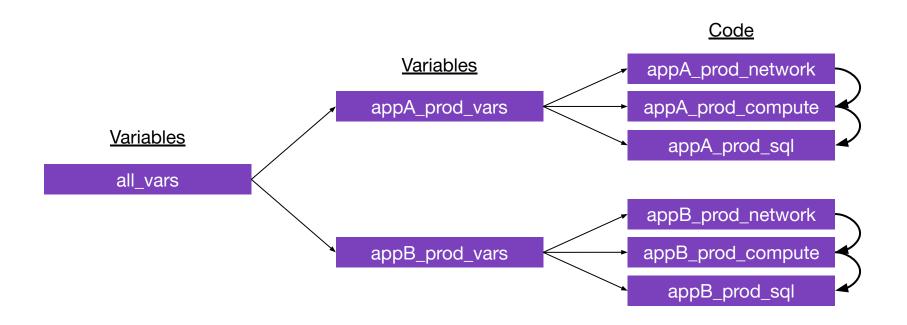
#### **Changes Across Workspaces with Run Triggers**





#### **Changes Across Workspaces with Run Triggers**





# Git Repository Structure

## MonoRepo vs MultiRepo



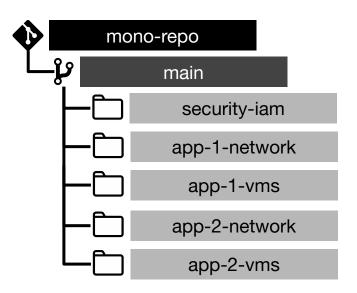
TFE Supports both models;

- MonoRepo: Single Repo organised by folder
- MultiRepo: Repo per application / component
- For Private Registry Modules you must use a repo per module when using VCS integration.

Caution: Managing a large MonoRepo can be complex and may impact performance

### Repository Structure MonoRepo

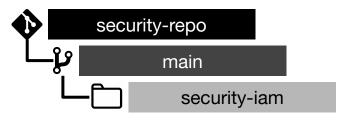


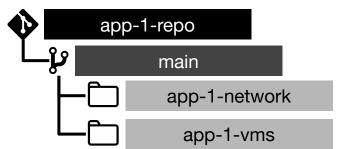


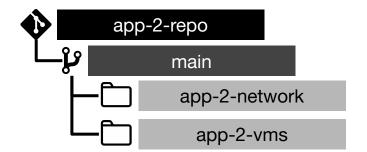
- Workspace per Env
- Single Git Repo
- Large git clones
- git tag / version is applied across the whole repo

### Repository Structure MultiRepo





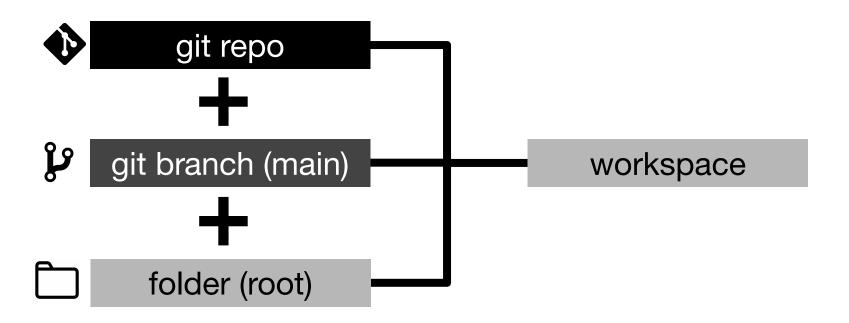




- Workspace per Env
- Multi Git Repo
- Small git clones
- git tag / version is per application

## Components, for VCS-Driven Runs





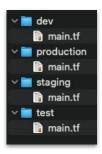
#### **Code Structure for Environments**



#### Three main options

## Many Code copies with hard coded variables

Do not use variables, simply hard code the differences between environments directly in the HCL files.



## Single Code copy with variable files (API / CLI)

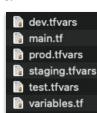
Use variables in the code and store any non-secret variables in source control per environment

This pattern can be used for API
/ CLI driven workflows. You can
specify the tfvars file on the
command line or copy it to a
\*.auto.tfvars file.

## Single Code copy with deploy time variables

Use variables in the code and inject from the workspace or CD tool at deploy time.

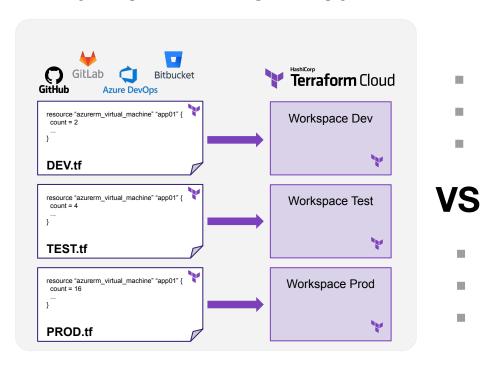


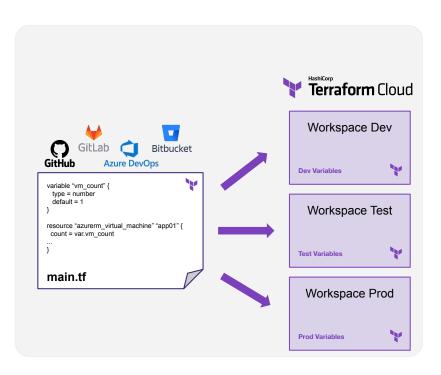


#### **Code Structure for Environments**



#### Many Copies vs Single Copy





#### **Branching Strategies**



#### Main options for Branching with TFE

#### Trunk based

Trunk based branching refers to having a single branch that you deploy from.

Changes get into the trunk branch via a Pull Request from a short lived feature branch.

Run Triggers or a CD tool are used to promote to environments.

#### Git Flow or similar

More complicated structure, you may have a dev branch that deploys to dev environment and release and hotfix branches that go to staging and production.

You would still likely use Run
Triggers or a CD tool to get from
staging to production.

#### **Branch per Environment**

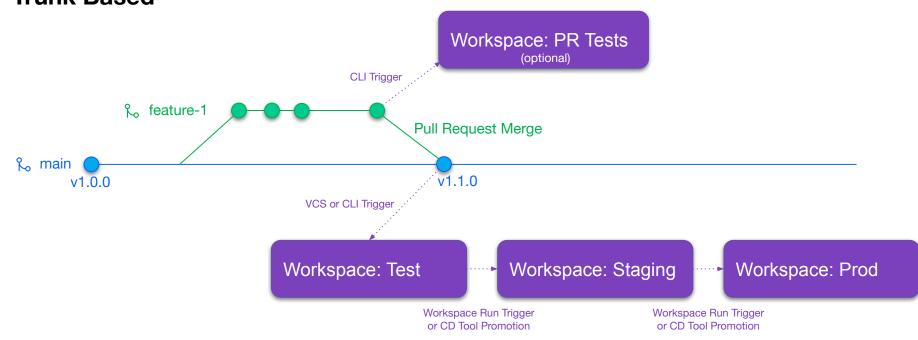
Each environment has its own branch associated with a workspace.

To kick off runs to different environments, the branches are merged into each other going up the chain.

### **Branching Strategies**



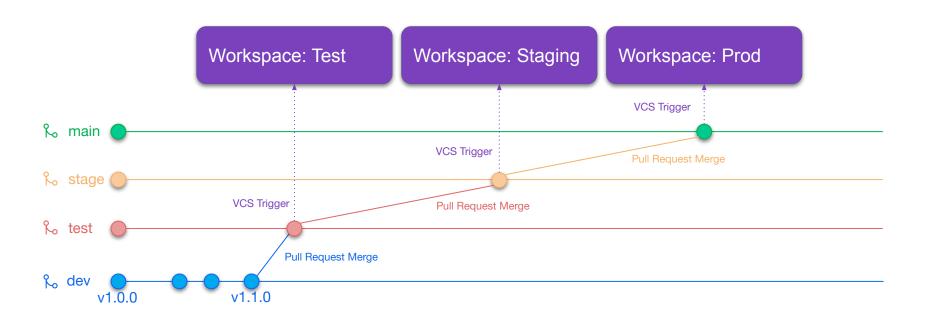
**Trunk Based** 



#### **Branching Strategies**



#### **Branch per Environment**



### How refactor a Git Monorepo



- Refactor to use Terraform Modules
- 2. Create Git Repos for each Terraform Module
- 3. Created Git Repos of Terraform Code for each App
- Migrate the code from the MonoRepo folder into the new repository
- 5. Update the Workspace VCS configuration

## **Next Steps**

## **Need Additional Help?**



#### **Customer Success**

Contact our Customer Success

Management team with any
questions. We will help coordinate
the right resources for you to get
your questions answered.

customer.success@hashicorp.com

#### **Technical Support**

Something not working quite right?
Engage with HashiCorp Technical
Support by opening a new ticket for
your issue at support.hashicorp.com.

## **Upcoming Onboarding Webinars**



May 31:

Webinar: Terraform Enterprise

**Arch Deep Dive (Active/Active)** 

and Community Office Hours

An interactive open forum to discuss specific questions about your environment and Use Cases. Please bring your questions.

June 7:

Webinar: Terraform Cloud

Agents, RBAC & Sentinel /

**Architecture** 

June 14:

**Program Closing** 

# Q & A



## Thank You

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