Welcome Back



We will get started shortly...



Q: Have you submitted your authorized support users to customer.success@HashiCorp.com

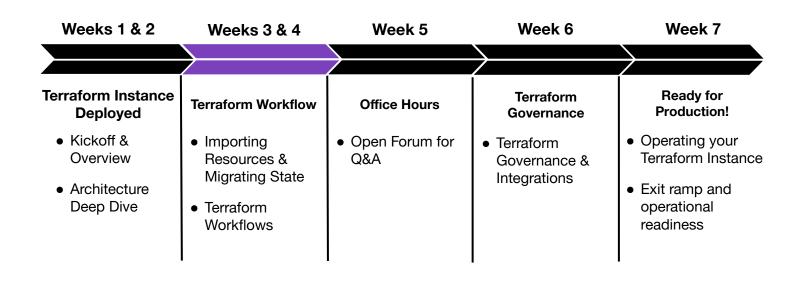


Importing Resources & Migrating State into Terraform Enterprise

February 2023

Terraform Enterprise Path to Production







Agenda

- 1. Terraform Basics
- 2. Importing Existing Infrastructure
- 3. Migrating from OSS to Enterprise

Terraform Basics

Infrastructure as Code



Using HashiCorp Configuration Language (HCL) infrastructure and services from any provider can be provisioned in a codified, secure, and automated fashion

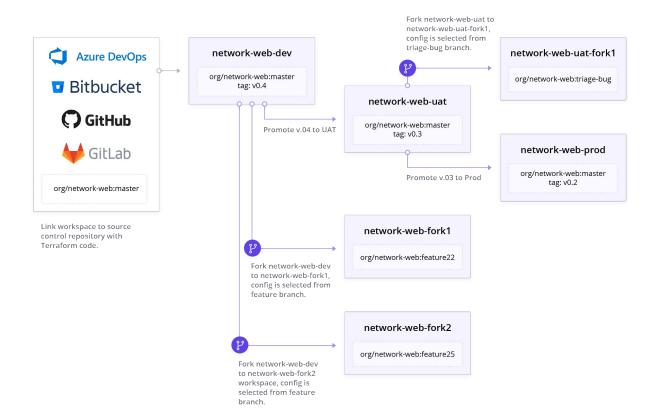
- HCL is human readable and machine executable
- HCL is a declarative, Turing-Complete language
- Used to automate, version, and collaborate on infrastructure

```
CODE EDITOR
         "google compute instance" "svr" {
               = "server"
  machine type = "q1-small"
               = "us-central1-a"
  zone
  disk {
    image = "ubuntu-1404-trusty-v20160114e"
resource "dnsimple zone record" "hello" {
  zone name = "example.com"
         = "server"
  value
google compute instance.svr.network interface.0.
address
  type
```

Benefits of Infrastructure as Code



- Versioning
- Collaboration
- Promotion
- Forking

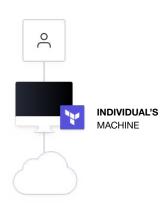




Ways to interact with Terraform

CLI

Terraform CLI



- No requirements for collaboration
- No requirements for centralized reusable configs
- No policy or governance requirements

Enterprise / Cloud

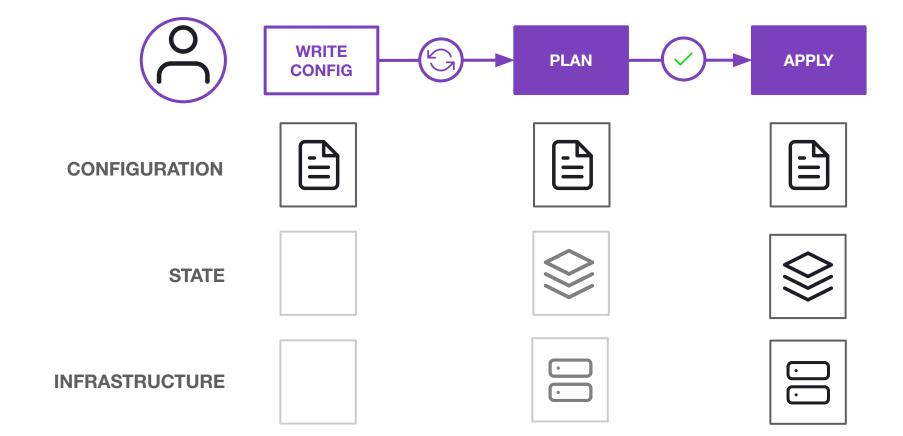
Self-Hosted / SaaS



- Air gapped infrastructure and applications
- Data sovereignty requirements
- Regulatory compliance requirements
- Stringent reliability and availability requirements

Terraform Workflow

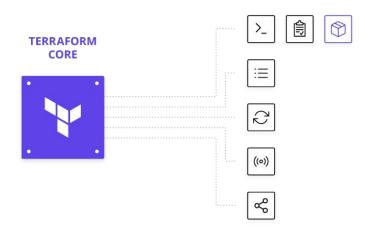




Terraform Core Engine

例

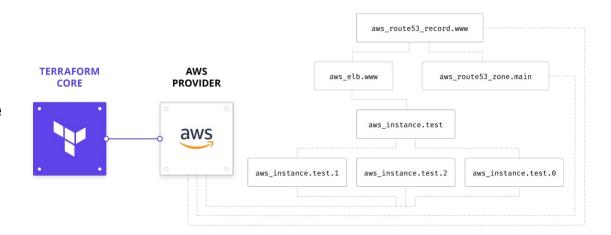
- The "engine" driving Terraform Enterprise
- Loads providers as needed
- OSS <u>hosted on Github</u>
- Responsible for:
 - Reading and Interpolating configuration files and modules
 - State Management
 - Executing plan
 - Communicating with providers
 - Constructing resource graphs



Resource Graph



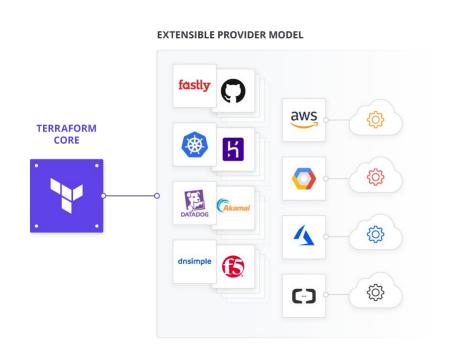
- Safely provision and change infrastructure
- See planned infrastructure changes before execution
- No need to manually coordinate dependent resources



Provider Plugins



- Expose implementation for specific services
- Offer extensible layer for 'Core' to learn how to talk to anything with an API without any upgrades
- Responsible for:
 - Initializing libraries for API calls
 - Authenticating with the provider
 - Defining resources that map to services
 - Executing commands or scripts for designated resources

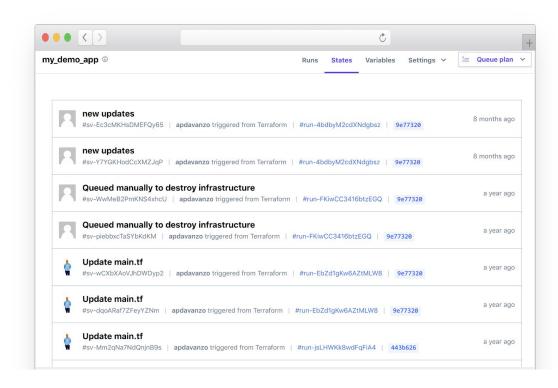


Infrastructure State

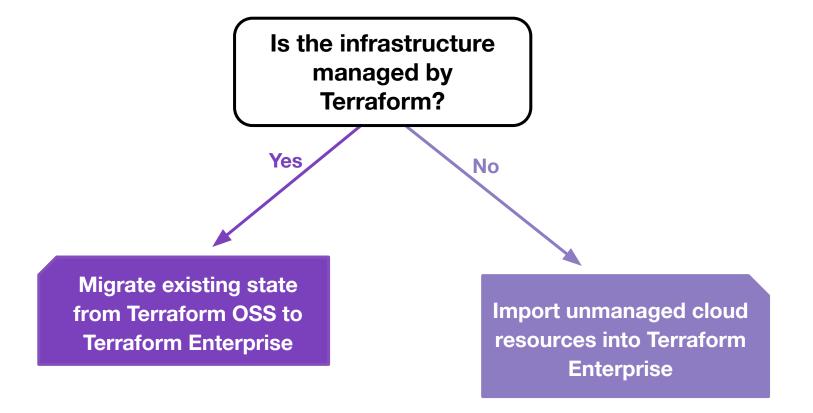


State is Terraform's understanding of an infrastructure

- Used by Terraform to provide an understanding of resources under its control
- TFE can use it it to show where previous runs have made changes to infrastructure
- TFE provides remote state management which encrypts the state file



Managing existing infrastructure with TFE (



Import Unmanaged Cloud Resources



Terraform Import

- Terraform is able to import existing infrastructure
- Importing takes resources created by some other method and bring it under Terraform management
- This is a great way to slowly transition infrastructure to Terraform





	CODE	IMPORT	PLAN	APPLY
CODE				
STATE				
INFRA				



Importing Prerequisites

Before you can import existing infrastructure into Terraform Enterprise you must have completed the following:

- Installed <u>Terraform CLI</u> locally
- Deployed Terraform Enterprise
- <u>Tutorial</u>



Steps

- Write Terraform code that matches your infrastructure
- 2. Import infrastructure into your Terraform state file using terraform import
- 3. Review plan output from terraform plan to ensure the configuration matches expected state
- 4. Apply the configuration to update your Terraform state by running terraform apply



Write Terraform code that matches your infrastructure.

```
[main.tf]

provider "aws" {
    region = "eu-west-1"
}

resource "aws_vpc" "testvpc" {
    cidr_block = "10.0.0.0/16"
}

output "vpcid" {
    value = aws_vpc.testvpc.id
}
```





Initialize Terraform with

terraform init

\$ terraform init

Initializing the backend...

Initializing provider plugins...

- Finding latest version of hashicorp/aws...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v3.68.0...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v3.68.0 (signed by HashiCorp)

Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform, rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.



Import infrastructure into your Terraform state file using terraform import

```
$ terraform import aws vpc.testvpc "vpc-aabbccdd"
```

```
aws_vpc.testvpc: Importing from ID "vpc-aabbccdd"...
aws_vpc.testvpc: Import prepared!
   Prepared aws_vpc for import
aws_vpc.testvpc: Refreshing state... [id=vpc-aabbccdd]

Import successful!

The resources that were imported are shown above. These resources are now in your Terraform state and will henceforth be managed by Terraform.
```



Review the plan output from terraform plan to ensure the configuration matches expected state



\$ terraform plan

```
aws_vpc.testvpc: Refreshing state... [id=vpc-aabbccdd]
Changes to Outputs:
    + vpcid = "vpc-aabbccdd"
```

You can apply this plan to save these new output values to the Terraform state, without changing any real infrastructure.

Note: You didn't use the -out option to save this plan, so Terraform can't quarantee to take exactly these actions if you run "terraform apply" now.



Apply the configuration to update your Terraform state by running

terraform apply

```
$ terraform apply
aws_vpc.testvpc: Refreshing state... [id=vpc-aabbccdd]

Changes to Outputs:
    + vpcid = "vpc-aabbccdd"

You can apply this plan to save these new output values to the Terraform state, without changing any real infrastructure.

Apply complete! Resources: 0 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.

Outputs:

vpcid = "vpc-aabbccdd"
```

Migrating Existing State



Prerequisites

Before you can migrate Terraform OSS state into Terraform Enterprise you must have completed the following:

- Installed <u>Terraform CLI</u> locally
- Deployed Terraform Enterprise
- Optionally: Acquired an API token for Terraform Enterprise



Migration Steps

Before:

- Take a backup!
- Ensure that you have initialized your existing state
- Create and configure the Workspace in Terraform Enterprise

During:

- Login to Terraform Enterprise and generate an API Token
- Add the Terraform remote backend
- Reinitialize Terraform and confirm state migration

After:

- Verify that the state has been migrated to the workspace
- Move old state (to another backup)
- Trigger a remote run within Terraform Enterprise
- Check everything worked as expected



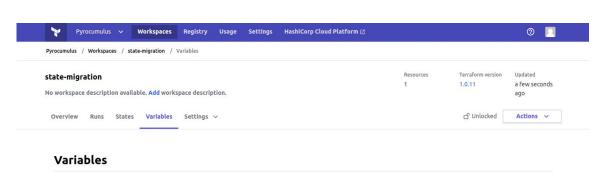
Before

Review the existing Terraform code

```
[main.tf]
terraform {
  required providers {
    aws = {
      source = "hashicorp/aws"
      version = ">= 3.68.0"
  required version = ">= 1.0.7"
provider "aws" {
    region = "eu-west-1"
resource "aws vpc" "testvpc" {
    cidr block = "10.0.0.0/16"
output "vpcid" {
   value = aws_vpc.testvpc.id
```



Create and configure the workspace to include AWS credentials



Terraform uses all Terraform @ and Environment @ variables for all plans and applies in this workspace. Workspaces using Terraform 0.10.0 or later can also load default values from any .auto .tfvars files in the configuration. You may want to use the Terraform Cloud Provider or the variables API to add multiple variables at once.

Sensitive variables

Sensitive 2 variables are never shown in the UI or API, and can't be edited. They may appear in Terraform logs if your configuration is designed to output them. To change a sensitive variable, delete and replace it.

Workspace variables (0)

Variables defined within a workspace always overwrite variables from variable sets that have the same type and the same key. Learn more about variable set precedence 🔀

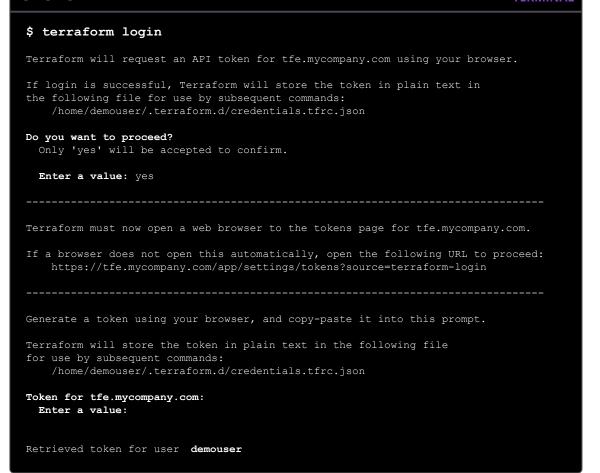
Value

 Terraform variable These variables should match the december to use interpolation or set a non- 	clarations in your configuration. Click the HCL string value.	 Environment variable These variables are available in the Terrafor 	m runtime environment.
Key	Value		
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID	ASIAQI5S3I4IY34O3J3Z		☐ Sensitive ⓒ
Variable Description			
description (optional)			

Category



Login to Terraform
Enterprise and generate
an API Token







Add the Terraform Remote Backend

```
[main.tf]
terraform {
 required providers {
   aws = {
     source = "hashicorp/aws"
     version = ">= 3.68.0"
 required version = ">= 1.0.7"
 cloud {
    organization = "<ORG NAME>"
   workspaces {
     name = "Example-Workspace"
```



Reinitialize Terraform and confirm state migration



\$ terraform init

Initializing Terraform Cloud...

Do you wish to proceed?

As part of migrating to Terraform Cloud, Terraform can optionally copy your current workspace state to the configured Terraform Cloud workspace.

Answer "yes" to copy the latest state snapshot to the configured Terraform Cloud workspace.

Answer "no" to ignore the existing state and just activate the configured Terraform Cloud workspace with its existing state, if any.

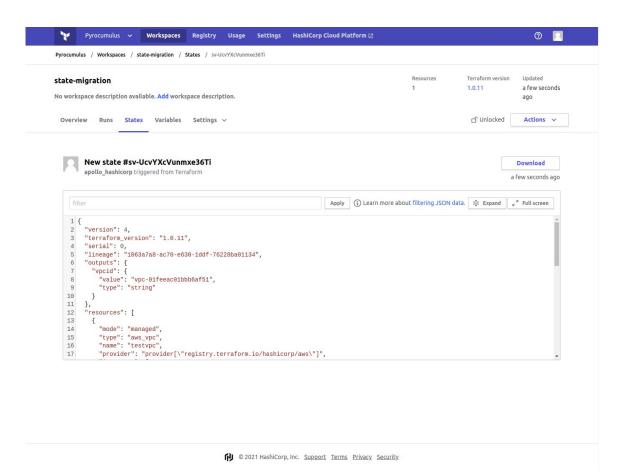
Should Terraform migrate your existing state?

Enter a value:



After

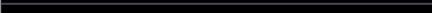
Verify the workspace exists and that the state file has been uploaded



TERMINAL



Trigger a remote run within Terraform Enterprise



\$ mv terraform.tfstate terraform.tfstate.local

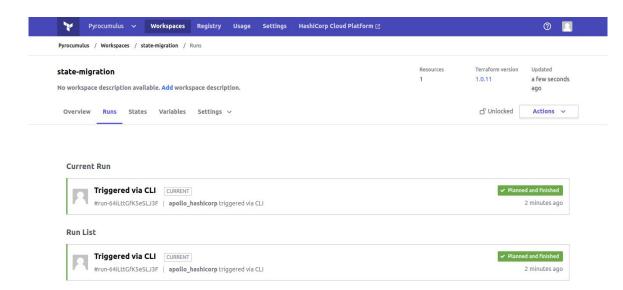
\$ terraform apply

```
Running apply in the remote backend. Output will stream here. Pressing Ctrl-C
will cancel the remote apply if it's still pending. If the apply started it
will stop streaming the logs, but will not stop the apply running remotely.
Preparing the remote apply...
To view this run in a browser, visit:
https://tfe.mycompany.com/app/myorganization/state-migration/runs/run-64iLttGfK5eSLJ3F
Waiting for the plan to start...
Terraform v1.0.11
on linux amd64
Configuring remote state backend...
Initializing Terraform configuration...
aws vpc.testvpc: Refreshing state... [id=vpc-01feeac01bbb6af51]
Note: Objects have changed outside of Terraform
Terraform detected the following changes made outside of Terraform since the
last "terraform apply":
  # aws vpc.testvpc has been changed
 ~ resource "aws vpc" "testvpc" {
                                         = "vpc-01feeac01bbb6af51"
      + tags
        # (15 unchanged attributes hidden)
Unless you have made equivalent changes to your configuration, or ignored the
relevant attributes using ignore changes, the following plan may include
actions to undo or respond to these changes.
```

No changes. Your infrastructure matches the configuration.



Verify a remote run has been triggered by the CLI



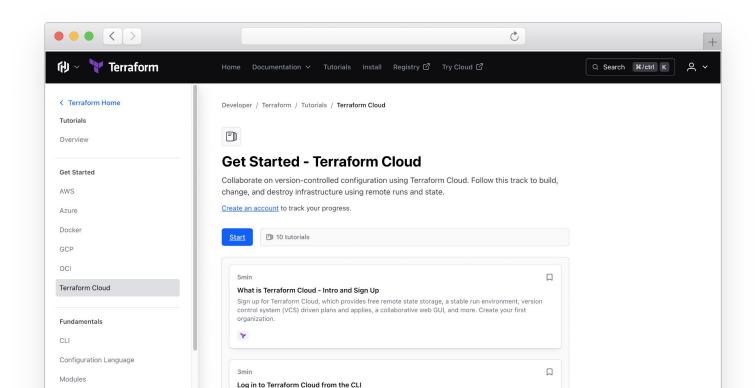
Next Steps

Tutorials

https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/tutorials



Step-by-step guides to accelerate deployment of Terraform Enterprise





Resources

- HCL Reference
- <u>Terraform Resource Graph</u>
- Migrating Terraform OSS to Terraform Enterprise
- Importing Existing Infrastructure into Terraform
 Enterprise
- <u>Terraform Import</u>
- Community Tools for importing resources*
 - aws2tf
 - <u>Terraformer</u>

^{*} Community projects are **not maintained, supported or endorsed** by HashiCorp.

Need Additional Help?



Customer Success

Contact our Customer Success Management team with any questions. We will help coordinate the right resources for you to get your questions answered.

customer.success@hashicorp.com

Technical Support

Something not working quite right? Engage with HashiCorp Technical Support by opening a ticket for your issue at support.hashicorp.com.

Discuss

Engage with the HashiCorp Cloud community including HashiCorp Architects and Engineers discuss.hashicorp.com

Upcoming Webinars



Terraform Workflow Management

Deep dive into best practices around run workflows, workspaces, variables, modules, and Git repo structure

Office Hours

Bring your questions to Office Hours!

Terraform Governance

Learn best practices and guidance for implementing key TFE features like Cloud Agents, RBAC, Sentinel, and run triggers and notifications

Action Items



- Share to <u>customer.success@hashicorp.com</u>
 - Authorized technical contacts for support
 - Stakeholders contact information (name and email addresses)
- Take an inventory of your current resources and begin your migration planning
- Select version control system(s)

Q & A



Thank You

<u>customer.success@hashicorp.com</u> www.hashicorp.com/customer-success