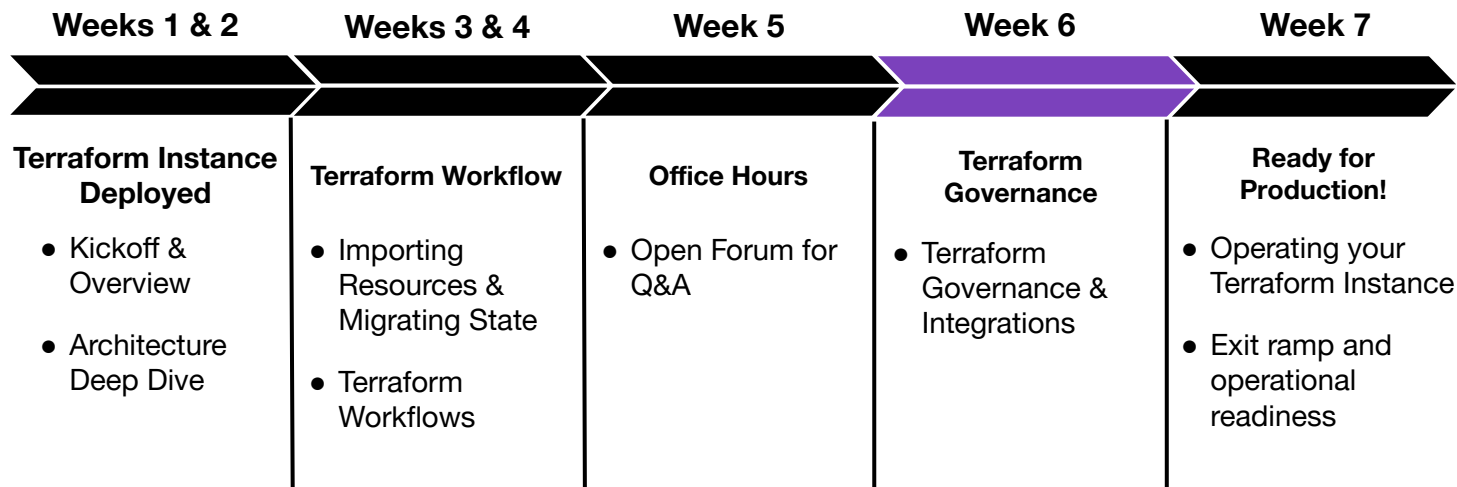


Terraform Governance & Integrations

Terraform Enterprise Path to Production





Agenda

1. Role Based Access Controls
2. Cloud Agents
3. Sentinel
4. TFE & ServiceNow
5. Run Triggers & Run Notifications

01

Role Based Access Controls

Terraform Enterprise RBAC Model



- Terraform Enterprise's access model is team-based
 - Permissions are assigned at the team level
 - Users inherit permissions based upon team assignment
- TFE's permission model is split into [organization-level](#) & [workspace-level](#) permissions
- Every Org has an [“owners” team](#) which have every available permission in that org
- Workspace permissions allow administrators to delegate access to specific collections of infrastructure

Workspaces and Projects



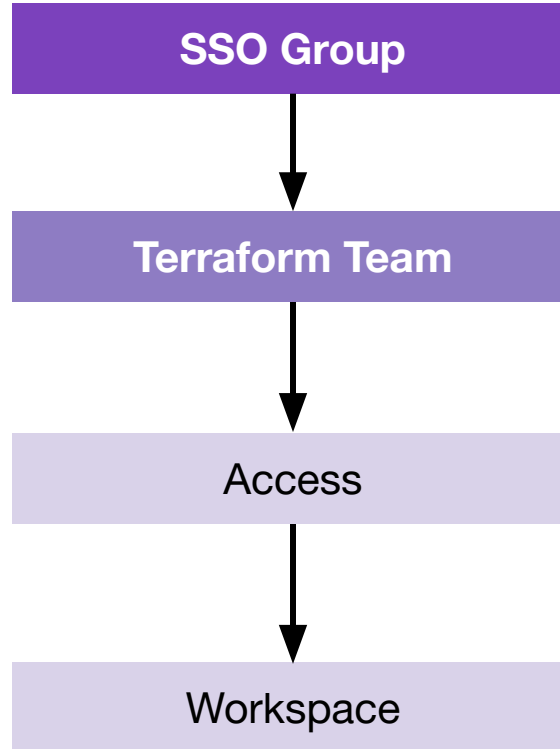
- Projects let you organize workspaces and scope access to workspace resources
- Each project has a separate permissions set which can be used to manage access to all workspaces in the project
- Project-level permissions
 - More granular than Org-level permissions
 - More specific than workspace-level grants
- Projects added in TFE 202302-1 (Feb 2023)

Common Scenarios



- TFE is often used by multiple Teams (i.e. *Developers, QA, Security, etc*)
- The best approach to managing permissions is:
 - a. Create Groups within your Single Sign-on (SSO) service for each team
 - b. Assign each group as a TFE Team
 - c. Determine how Workspaces will be divided, & assign permissions accordingly
- Data can be dynamically shared between Workspaces as read-only by using the “**tfe_outputs**” data source
- [Terraform_remote_state](#) Data Source

Permissions Flowdown



Workspace & Projects Permissions



- There are two ways to [assign permissions](#) to a TFE team:
 - Custom permissions
 - Fixed permission sets - bundles of specific permissions, designed for delegated access patterns
- Each workspace has an “admin” permissions level with full control of the workspace
- Projects have specific permissions that can be assigned to teams
- Members of teams with "admin" permissions for a Project have permissions for every workspace in the project & [additional permissions](#)

Workspace Permissions Sets



Read

- Read runs
- Read variables
- Read state versions

Plan

- Queue plans
- Read variables
- Read state versions

Write

- Lock/unlock Workspace
- Download Sentinel mocks
- Read and write Variables
- Read and write State Versions
- Approve Runs

Admin

- VCS Configuration
- Manage Team Access
- Execution Mode
- Delete Workspace
- Read & write workspace settings, general settings, notification configurations, run triggers, & more

State Files



- May contain secrets, passwords, and API Tokens
- Should be handled as sensitive material when applying RBAC permissions
- Are encrypted at rest using HashiCorp Vault
- Data can still be read at runtime or directly from the TFE UI if a User has the necessary Workspace permissions



hashicorp-training ▾

Workspaces

Modules

Usage

Settings

HCP [↗](#)

hashicorp-training / Workspaces / dev-webapp / Overview

dev-webapp

No workspace description available. [Add](#) workspace description.

Resources

0

Terraform

version

0.14.8

Updated

2 minutes

ago

[Overview](#)[Runs](#)[States](#)[Variables](#)[Settings ▾](#)[Queue plan manually ▾](#)

General

Locking

Notifications

Run Triggers

SSH Key

Team Access

Version Control

Destruction and Deletion

Waiting

This workspace is waiting for configuration files to be uploaded.

Checking for configuration

Waiting for the configuration files to be uploaded.

CLI-driven

1. Ensure the configuration files are pushed into Terraform Cloud by running the `terraform init` command line or by using a CI/CD pipeline.
2. Add the configuration files to the workspace by adding this configuration block to the workspace where you run Terraform.

Example code

```
terraform {  
  backend "remote" {  
    organization = "hashicorp-training"
```



Execution mode:

[Remote](#)Auto apply: [Off](#)

Metrics

Data will appear after at least one run.

Contributors (1)

0





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Workspaces

Modules

Usage

Settings

HCP



hashicorp-training / Workspaces / dev-webapp / Settings / Access

dev-webapp

No workspace description available. [Add](#) workspace description.

Resources

0

Terraform
version

0.14.8

Updated

2 minutes
ago

Overview

Runs

States

Variables

Settings ▾



Queue plan manually ▾

Team Access

[Add team and permissions](#)

Heads up

Teams with organization-level permissions can also access this workspace, even if they are not listed on this page or are listed at a lower access level.

NAME

PRIVILEGES

Owners of hashicorp-training

default



dev-webapp

No workspace description available. [Add](#) workspace description.

Resources

0

Terraform
version

0.14.8

Updated

2 minutes
ago[Overview](#)[Runs](#)[States](#)[Variables](#)[Settings](#) ▾[Queue plan manually](#) ▾

Add Team Permissions

Add a team and assign permissions to this workspace.

1

[Select a team](#)

2

[Assign permissions](#)

NAME

Dev-Team

[Select team](#)



Plan

[Assign permissions](#)

Read permissions plus the ability to create runs

- ✓ All permissions of read
- ✓ Create runs

Write

[Assign permissions](#)

Read, plan and write permissions

- ✓ All permissions of plan
- ✓ Can read and write
- ✓ Approve runs
- ✓ Lock/unlock workspace

Team API Token



- A Team can only have a single API token
- The token can be regenerated
- The token capabilities is defined by the roles and permissions of the team
- The token can be used both by the CLI and API
- The token will bypass SSO and MFA
- Tokens can also be generated at Organisation and User level

Admin Roles



Super user roles

Manage Policies

Create, edit and delete Sentinel Policy Sets

Manage Workspaces

Create and administrate all workspaces in the organisation

Manage VCS Settings

Create and manage VCS settings and SSH Keys

Manage Policy Overrides

Override 'soft-mandatory' policy checks.

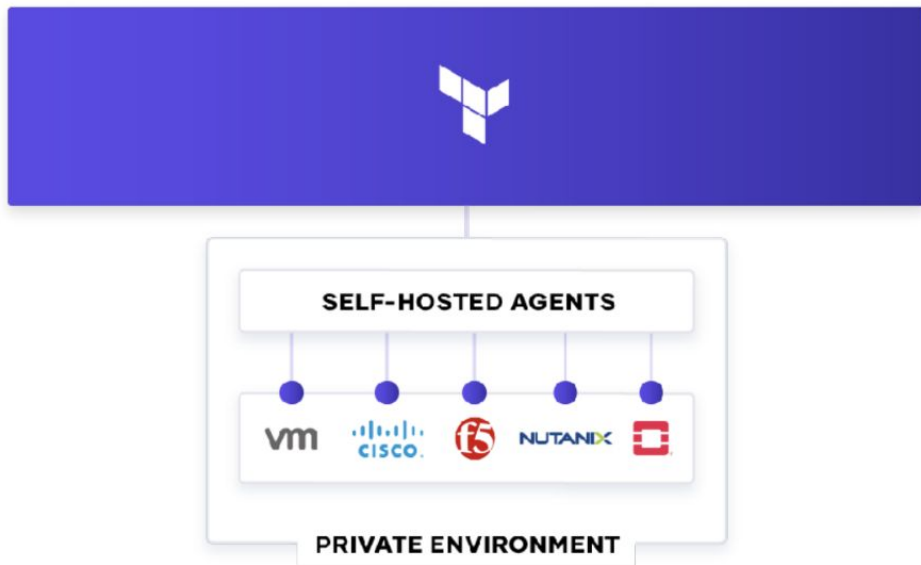
02

Cloud Agents

Terraform Cloud Agents



- x86-based Golang binary
- Only outbound connectivity required
- Communicate with isolated, private infrastructure, such as vSphere, Nutanix, OpenStack, or across multiple cloud accounts
- Can be hosted close to target infrastructure
- Deployable on bare metal, a VM, as a Docker container, or in a Kubernetes cluster



Requirements



Supported Platforms

- Baremetal
- Docker
- Kubernetes (K8S)
- Virtual Machine

Hardware Requirements

- x86-based Linux host
- 2 GB of RAM
- 4 GB of disk space

Networking Requirements

- TFE host via HTTPS (443)
- releases.hashicorp.com
- registry.terraform.io
- (Airgapped) if custom TF CLI binary is used external access is not needed.

Terraform Cloud Agents



- No restriction on Agent or Agent Pool Count
- Agents must define the TFE hostname via either:
 - -address CLI flag
 - TFC_ADDRESS environment variable
- Agents support custom Terraform bundles
- Must be able to communicate with the TFE instance via **HTTPS**
- There are some restrictions on what versions of Agents can be registered

Terraform Cloud Agents



- Configured as an agent pool with many agents
- A token is generated and applied using a command line or ENV VAR and connects back to TFE
- Once an agent is in a pool, the pool can be assigned to a Workspace

Token created

Your new agent token, **MyToken**, is displayed below.

`uja0McBuQx87G0.atlasv1.VsaoGmxwgJyvM1knF0dQPsgeMma98LiRxov5KLbzeqoImoxWLECZy0BMTaHGru10Is` [🔗](#)

Warning

This token **will not be displayed again**, so make sure to save it to a safe place.

Set up your agents

Connect to your Docker host and set the following environment variables. `TFC_AGENT_NAME` is optional.

```
$ export TFC_AGENT_TOKEN=uja0McBuQx87G0.atlasv1.VsaoGmxwgJyvM1knF0dQPsgeMma98LiRxov5KLbzeqoImoxWLECZy0BMTaHGru10Is
$ export TFC_AGENT_NAME=my_agent_name
```

Once the environment is configured, run the Docker container with the following command or [download the agent file](#).

```
$ docker run -e TFC_AGENT_TOKEN -e TFC_AGENT_NAME hashicorp/tfc-agent:latest
```

[Read more in our documentation](#).

Execution Mode

If you change the execution mode any in progress runs will be discarded.

☐ Remote

Your plans and applies occur on Terraform Cloud's infrastructure. You and your team have the ability to review and collaborate on runs within the app.

☐ Local

Your plans and applies occur on machines you control. Terraform Cloud is only used to store and synchronize state.

☒ Agent

Terraform Cloud will manage the plans and applies your agents execute.

Agent pool

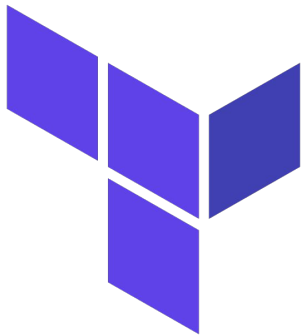
`My-Super-Agent-Pool` [🔗](#) ID: `apool-YBkTXUy6Xonspvpn` [🔗](#)

03

Sentinel



Sentinel is: “Policy, Governance, & Security
as Code”



Sentinel Benefits



 Enforcement

 Automation

 Speed

 Version Control

 Reproducibility

 Auditability

 Reliability

Sentinel



- Has its own [language](#) that includes variables, loops, imports, conditionals, and functions
- [Modules](#) are useful for creating reusable code and libraries
- Ensures governance is applied automatically rather than relying on manual auditing
- Supports fine-grained policies using conditional logic
- Allows you to write complex logic and even call cost estimation

Sentinel



- Runs **after** a terraform plan and **before** a terraform apply
terraform plan --> sentinel check --> terraform apply
- [Enforcement levels](#):
 - **Advisory**: required, cannot bypass, fail the TF RUN (prod)
 - **Soft mandatory**: required, TF Owner can bypass with a comment in the TF UI, will halt the TF Run
 - **Hard mandatory**: guard-rails warning, info warnings in the TF Run
- Includes a [CLI tool](#) to allow fast policy tests and runs
- Validates Config and State (Create, Edit, Destroy) of Terraform resources
- [Foundational Policies Library](#) of premade policies is available

Common Sentinel Use Cases



1. Cloud Provider	6. Resource Tagging
2. Account ID	7. Resource Types
3. Limit regions of Availability Zones	8. Resource Sizes
4. Cost Estimates	9. Resource Configuration
5. Cost Limiting	10. Resource Destruction

Workflow



1. Create Terraform Workspaces

2. Create Sentinel Policies Git Repo

3. Create Policy Sets in TFC

4. Attach Policy Set to One (or more) Workspaces

Terraform Plan

Sentinel Check

Terraform Apply



Syntax Example



```
import "units"


memory = func(job) {
  result = 0
  for job.groups as g {
    for g.tasks as t {
      result += t.resources.memory else 0
    }
  }

  return result
}

main = rule {
  memory(job) < 1 * units.gigabyte
}
```

Sentinel Rule Git Repo




 **hashicorp / terraform-sentinel-policies** Public

[Watch](#) 58 [Fork](#) 20 [Star](#) 18

[Code](#) [Issues](#) [Pull requests](#) [Actions](#) [Projects](#) [Wiki](#) [Security](#) [Insights](#)

[main](#) 1 branch 2 tags [Code](#)

 **rberlind** Give pshamus credit ... 442c23d on 3 Feb 13 commits

aws	add map_key filers and check-ec2-environment-tag.sentinel	last month
azure	add links to aws, azure, and registry functions docs	2 months ago
cloud-agnostic	add links to aws, azure, and registry functions docs	2 months ago
common-functions	Give pshamus credit	last month
gcp	add gcp-functions module	last month
vmware	remove raw data	2 months ago
.gitignore	remove raw data	2 months ago
LICENSE	Initial commit	2 months ago
README.md	add map_key filers and check-ec2-environment-tag.sentinel	last month


About

Example Sentinel Policies for use with Terraform Cloud and Terraform Enterprise

- Readme
- MPL-2.0 License
- Code of conduct

18 stars
58 watching
20 forks

Releases 2

 **v1.0.1** Latest
on 1 Feb

[+ 1 release](#)

Policy Set File Structure



hashicorp / terraform-sentinel-policies Public

Watch 58 Fork 20 Star 18

Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights

main terraform-sentinel-policies / gcp / Go to file Add file ...

rberlind add gcp-functions module b3e3977 on 31 Jan History

..		
gcp-functions	add gcp-functions module	last month
mocks	remove raw data	2 months ago
test	remove raw data	2 months ago
enforce-mandatory-labels.sentinel	add gcp-functions module	last month
restrict-egress-firewall-destination-ranges.sentinel	remove raw data	2 months ago
restrict-gce-machine-type.sentinel	remove raw data	2 months ago
restrict-gke-clusters.sentinel	remove raw data	2 months ago
restrict-ingress-firewall-source-ranges.sentinel	remove raw data	2 months ago
sentinel.hcl	add gcp-functions module	last month

Automate Sentinel to Workspaces



```
# Get a list of Workspace IDs, based on matching a Regex pattern
variable "workspace_name_pattern" {
  type = string
  default = ".*_dev_vdm"
}
data "tfe_workspace_ids" "all" {
  names = ["*"]
  organization = var.tf_org_name
}
output "all_workspace_ids" { value = data.tfe_workspace_ids.all.ids }
locals {
  # filter by the Workspace Name, then return the Workspace ID, or null, then remove null entries
  filtered_workspace_ids = compact(flatten([
    for name, id in data.tfe_workspace_ids.all.ids : [
      (length(regexall(var.workspace_name_pattern, name)) > 0) ? id : null
    ]
  ]))
}
output "filtered_workspace_ids" { value = local.filtered_workspace_ids }
```

Limitations



- Can only enforce against Terraform deployed and managed resources.
- Cannot enforce “self-managed” services (ex: mysql on AWS EC2, Azure VM, GCP VM, VMware VM)
- Cannot enforce against resource logs / metrics (ex: AWS CloudTrail, Azure Monitor, GCP Cloud Audit Logs)
- Cannot continuously monitor (ex: AWS Config, Azure Policy, GCP Forseti)
- Sentinel uses the Cloud Provider’s Cost Estimation API, which doesn’t continuously run, and does not check costs for usage-based billing (ex: AWS Athena, Azure DataBricks, GCP BigQuery, GCP Pub/Sub)

04

Terraform & ServiceNow Integration

Integration with ServiceNow



- The Terraform ServiceNow Service Catalog integration enables end-users to provision self-serve infrastructure via ServiceNow
- Connecting ServiceNow to Terraform Enterprise lets users:
 - order Service Items
 - create workspaces
 - perform Terraform runs using prepared Terraform configurations hosted in VCS repositories
- [Terraform ServiceNow Service Catalog Integration Setup Instructions](#)
- [Terraform ServiceNow Integration Administrator Guide](#)

Integration Workflow



Terraform Admin	
Prepare an organization for use with the ServiceNow Catalog	ServiceNow Admin
Create a team that can manage workspaces in that organization	
Create a Team API so the integration can use that team's permission	
Retrieve the oAuth token ID's and repository identifiers for TFC to identify your VCS	
	Install the Terraform Integration application from the ServiceNow App Store
	Connect the integration application with TFE
	Add the Terraform Service Catalog to ServiceNow
	Configure the VCS repositories in ServiceNow
	Configure the Variable Sets for use with the VCS

05

Run Triggers & Run Notifications

Run Triggers

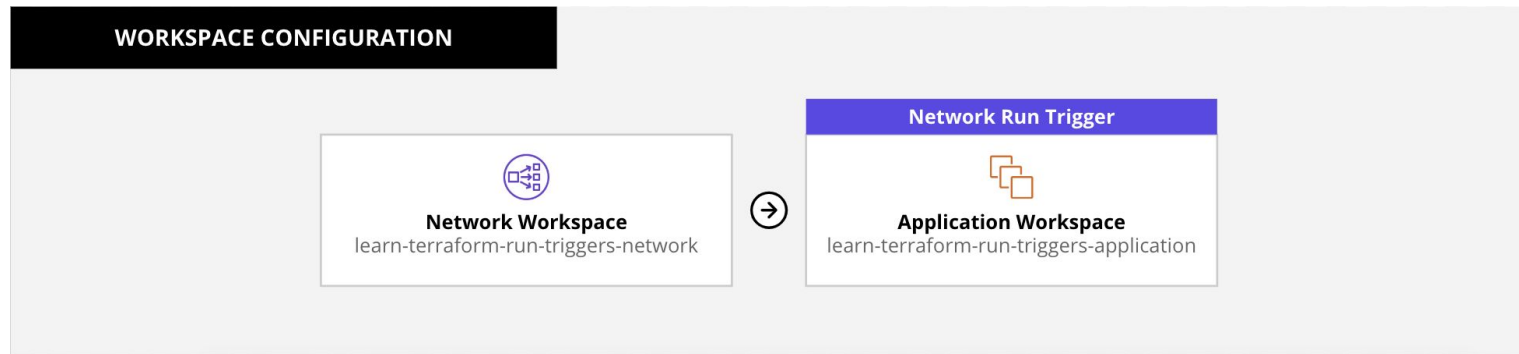


- Create infrastructure pipelines in TFE
- Allow teams to manage complex infrastructure in TFE by creating infrastructure pipelines between multiple workspaces
- When a source workspace is selected, multiple dependent workspaces can be linked
- When a successful apply is executed in the source workspace, the dependent workspaces have runs triggered and can be configured to auto-apply their configurations

Use Case: Application Configuration Management



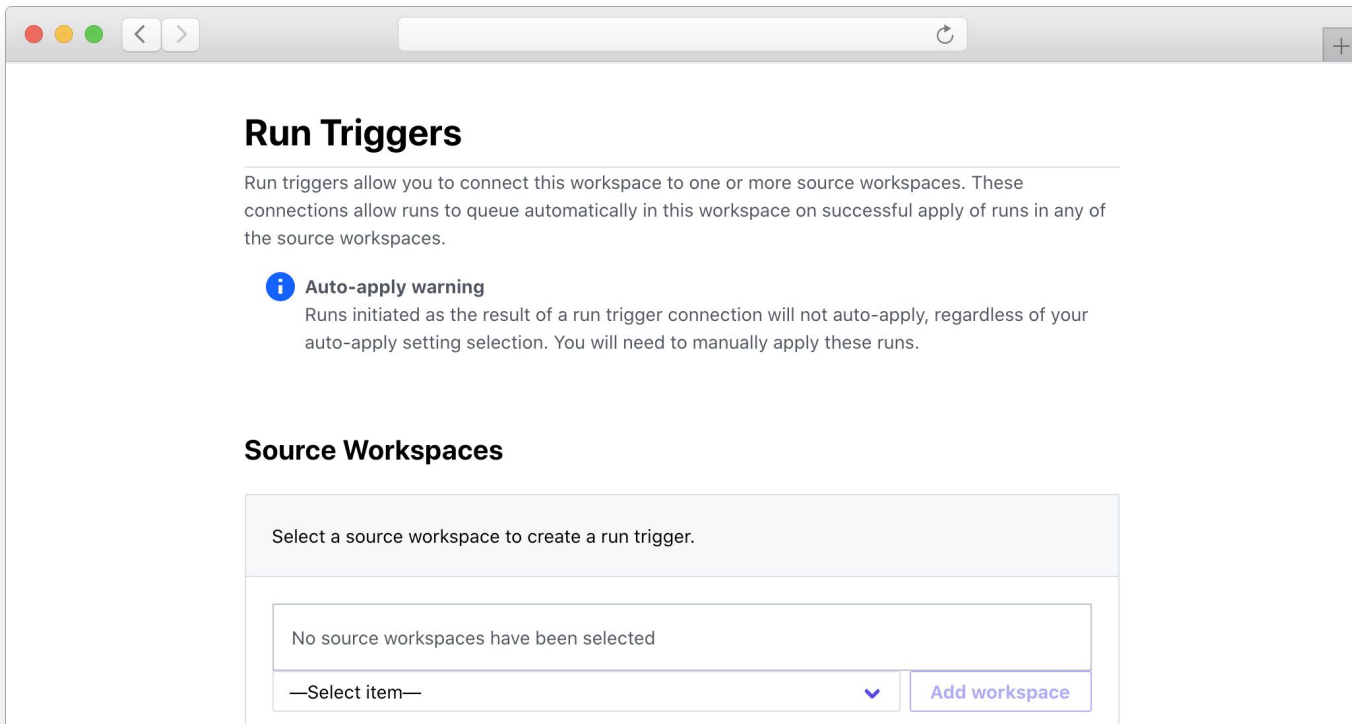
Run triggers automatically trigger updates to application configuration to rebalance servers across new subnets once they are successfully provisioned in the network workspace



Create Run Triggers



Workspace Settings → Run Triggers → Select Source Workspace



Run Notifications



- Run Notifications send updates/notifications to external services with details on run progress
- Notifications can be sent to up to 20 destinations
- Each workspace can be configured with it's own notification settings
- Can send either POST message to any URL via webhook, email message, or sent to Slack & post updates in channels

Notification Triggers



	Trigger	Description
Created	"run:created"	When a run is created and enters the "Pending" state.
Planning	"run:planning"	When a run acquires the lock and starts to execute.
Needs Attention	"run:needs_attention"	Human decision required. When a plan has changes and is not auto-applied, or requires a policy override.
Applying	"run:applying"	When a run begins the apply stage, after a plan is confirmed or auto-applied.
Completed	"run:completed"	When the run has completed on a happy path and can't go any further.
Errored	"run:errored"	When the run has terminated early due to error or cancellation.



Sample Notification Payload

```
CODE EDITOR

{
  "payload_version": 1,
  "notification_configuration_id": "nc-AeUQ2zfKZzW9TiGZ",
  "run_url":
  "https://app.terraform.io/app/acme-org/my-workspace/runs/run-FwnENkvDnrpyFC7M",
  "run_id": "run-FwnENkvDnrpyFC7M",
  "run_message": "Add five new queue workers",
  "run_created_at": "2019-01-25T18:34:00.000Z",
  "run_created_by": "sample-user",
  "workspace_id": "ws-XdeUVMWShTesDMME",
  "workspace_name": "my-workspace",
  "organization_name": "acme-org",
  "notifications": [
    {
      "message": "Run Canceled",
      "trigger": "run:errored",
      "run_status": "canceled",
      "run_updated_at": "2019-01-25T18:37:04.000Z",
      "run_updated_by": "sample-user"
    }
  ]
}
```



Create Notification Trigger

Workspace → Settings →
Notifications

The screenshot shows a web application interface for creating a notification trigger. The top navigation bar includes 'email-notifications', 'Workspaces' (highlighted with a red box), 'Modules', and 'Settings'. Below this, the breadcrumb trail is 'email-notifications / Workspaces / demo_workspace / Settings / Notifications / New'. The main header for the workspace is 'demo_workspace' with a help icon. On the right, there are tabs for 'Runs', 'States', 'Variables', and 'Settings' (highlighted with a red box), along with a 'Queue plan' dropdown. The main content area is titled 'Create a Notification' and includes a description: 'Notifications allow you to send messages to other applications based on Run events.' Under the 'Destination' section, there are three selectable options: 'Webhook' (selected with a blue dot), 'Email', and 'Slack'. Each option has a description and a radio button. Below the destination selection, there are three input fields: 'Name' (with placeholder 'e.g. My Notification'), 'Webhook URL' (with placeholder 'https://example.com/...'), and 'Token' (with placeholder 'Encrypted - write only'). At the bottom, there is a link to 'Read more in the documentation'.

email-notifications / Workspaces / demo_workspace / Settings / Notifications / New


demo_workspace ⓘ


Runs States Variables **Settings** Queue plan


Create a Notification

Notifications allow you to send messages to other applications based on Run events.

Destination


Webhook
POST messages to any URL
☒


Email
Send messages to users via Email
☐


Slack
Send messages to a Slack Channel
☐

Name

Webhook URL

Token

Used to generate the HMAC on the notification request. [Read more in the documentation](#)

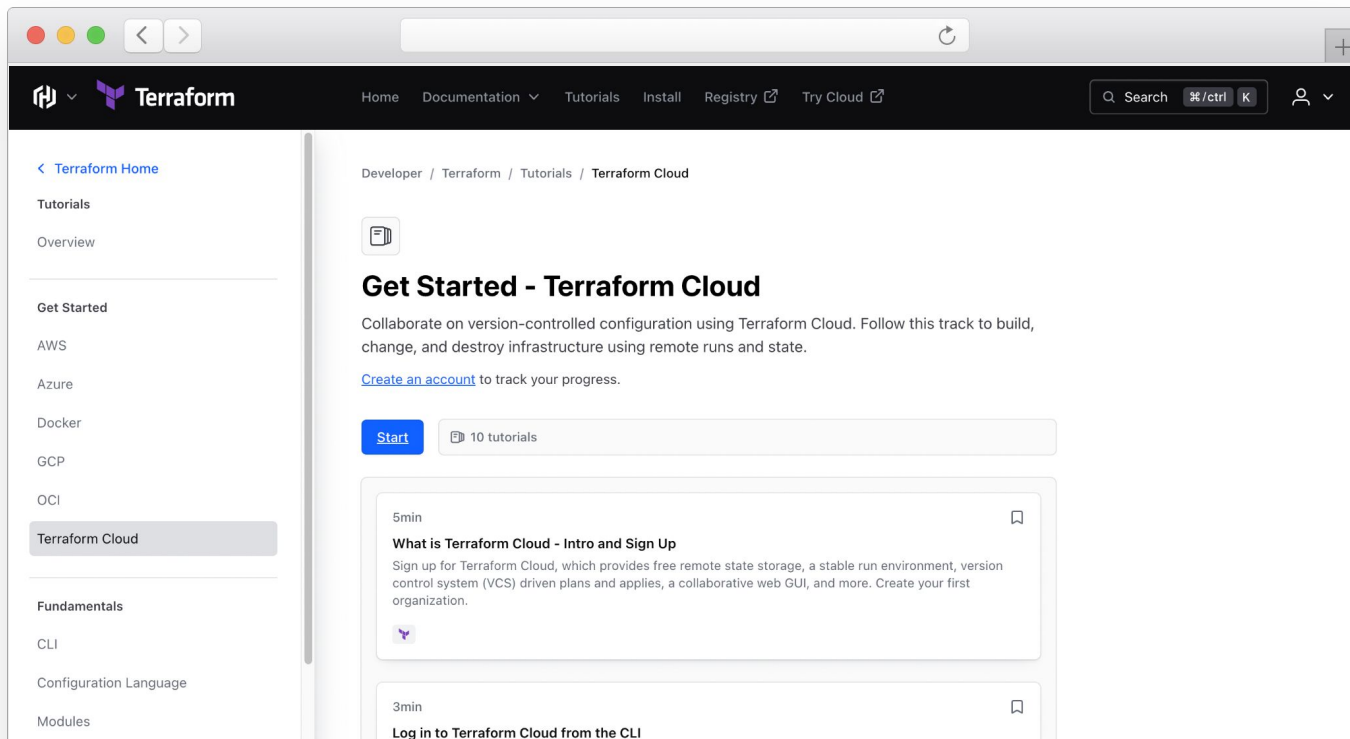
Next Steps

Tutorials

<https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/tutorials>



Step-by-step guides to accelerate deployment of Terraform Enterprise



The screenshot shows the Terraform Developer website interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Home, Documentation, Tutorials, Install, Registry, and Try Cloud. A search bar is located on the right. The left sidebar contains a list of navigation items: Terraform Home, Tutorials, Overview, Get Started, AWS, Azure, Docker, GCP, OCI, Terraform Cloud (highlighted), Fundamentals, CLI, Configuration Language, and Modules. The main content area displays the 'Get Started - Terraform Cloud' tutorial page. It features a breadcrumb trail: Developer / Terraform / Tutorials / Terraform Cloud. Below the breadcrumb is a document icon. The title 'Get Started - Terraform Cloud' is prominently displayed. The introductory text states: 'Collaborate on version-controlled configuration using Terraform Cloud. Follow this track to build, change, and destroy infrastructure using remote runs and state.' A link 'Create an account' is provided to track progress. A 'Start' button and a box indicating '10 tutorials' are visible. The first tutorial card is titled 'What is Terraform Cloud - Intro and Sign Up' with a 5min duration. The second card is titled 'Log in to Terraform Cloud from the CLI' with a 3min duration.

Developer / Terraform / Tutorials / Terraform Cloud

Get Started - Terraform Cloud

Collaborate on version-controlled configuration using Terraform Cloud. Follow this track to build, change, and destroy infrastructure using remote runs and state.

[Create an account](#) to track your progress.

[Start](#) 10 tutorials

5min

What is Terraform Cloud - Intro and Sign Up

Sign up for Terraform Cloud, which provides free remote state storage, a stable run environment, version control system (VCS) driven plans and applies, a collaborative web GUI, and more. Create your first organization.

3min

Log in to Terraform Cloud from the CLI



Resources

- [TFE Permissions](#)
- [API Tokens](#)
- [Organizing Workspaces with Projects](#)
- [Terraform Cloud Agents on TFE](#)
- [Manage Private Environments with Agents](#)
- [Cloud Agent Releases](#) & [Kubernetes Module](#)
- [Sentinel Language Reference](#)
- [Sentinel Foundational Policies Library](#)
- [Run Triggers](#) & [Registry: tfe run trigger](#)
- [Notifications API](#) & [Registry: tfe notifications](#)

Need Additional Help?



Customer Success

Contact our Customer Success Management team with any questions. We will help coordinate the right resources for you to get your questions answered.

customer.success@hashicorp.com

Technical Support

Something not working quite right? Engage with HashiCorp Technical Support by opening a ticket for your issue at support.hashicorp.com.

Discuss

Engage with the HashiCorp Cloud community including HashiCorp Architects and Engineers

discuss.hashicorp.com

Upcoming Webinars



Terraform Enterprise Operations

We take a deep dive into best practices for operating Terraform Enterprise instances including backup & restore operations, upgrade process, and monitoring

Program Closing

We conclude the webinar series with a short recorded session

The session and accompanying materials include an Operational Readiness Checklist for Terraform Enterprise and links to all of the program materials and recordings

Action Items



- Validate TFE architecture and design with appropriate stakeholders for approval (Security Team, Network Team, Developer Leads, etc)
- Start planning RBAC structure for the deployment (Orgs, Teams, Projects, Workspaces, Roles)
- Review Sentinel resources and determine which policy sets will be utilized in your environment(s)

The background is a solid dark blue. In the top-left corner, there is a square area containing a pattern of thin, light blue diagonal lines. In the bottom-right corner, there is a square area containing a pattern of small, light blue dots.

Q & A



Thank You

customer.success@hashicorp.com

www.hashicorp.com