PRACTICE SET – 3 DSA

1.Kth smallest element

```
import java.util.*;
class Problem1 {
  public static int kthSmallest(int[] arr, int n, int k) {
     PriorityQueue<Integer> pq = new PriorityQueue<>();
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       pq.add(arr[i]);
     int result = -1;
     for (int i = 1; i \le k; i++) {
       result = pq.poll();
     return result;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter the size of the array: ");
     int n = sc.nextInt();
     int[] arr = new int[n];
     System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array: ");
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
     }
     System.out.print("Enter the value of k: ");
```

```
int k = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println(kthSmallest(arr, n, k));
    sc.close();
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>javac Problem1.java
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem1
Enter the size of the array: 6
Enter the elements of the array:
2 7 5 9 8 3
Enter the value of k: 4
2. Minimize the height
import java.util.*;
class Problem2 {
  public static int minDifference(int[] arr, int n, int k) {
    Arrays.sort(arr);
    int ans = arr[n - 1] - arr[0];
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
      int min = Math.min(arr[0] + k, arr[i] - k);
      int max = Math.max(arr[i - 1] + k, arr[n - 1] - k);
      ans = Math.min(ans, max - min);
    }
    return ans;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
System.out.print("Enter the size of the array: ");
    int n = sc.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter the value of k: ");
    int k = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println(minDifference(arr, n, k));
    sc.close();
  }
 C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>javac Problem2.java
 C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem2
 Enter the size of the array: 4
 Enter the elements of the array:
 Enter the value of k: 3
3. Paranthesis Checker
import java.util.*;
class Problem3 {
  public static boolean isBalanced(String s) {
    Stack<Character> stack = new Stack<>();
    for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
```

```
char ch = s.charAt(i);
                               if\,(ch == \c'(\c') \parallel ch == \c'(\c') \parallel 
                                                 stack.push(ch);
                                 } else if (ch == '}' && !stack.isEmpty() && stack.peek() == '{') {
                                                 stack.pop();
                                 } else if (ch == ')' && !stack.isEmpty() && stack.peek() == '(') {
                                                 stack.pop();
                                 } else if (ch == ']' && !stack.isEmpty() && stack.peek() == '[') {
                                                 stack.pop();
                                 } else {
                                                 return false;
                 return stack.isEmpty();
  }
public static void main(String[] args) {
                 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                 System.out.print("Enter the expression: ");
                 String s = sc.nextLine();
                 System.out.println(isBalanced(s));
                 sc.close();
  }
```

}

```
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>javac Problem3.java
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem3
Enter the expression: {[()]}
true
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem3
Enter the expression: {[)]
false
```

4. Equilibrium point

```
import java.util.*;
class Problem4 {
  public static int equilibriumPoint(int[] arr, int n) {
     int totalSum = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       totalSum += arr[i];
     }
     int leftSum = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        totalSum -= arr[i];
       if (leftSum == totalSum) {
          return i + 1; // 1-based index
        }
       leftSum += arr[i];
     return -1;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter the size of the array: ");
    int n = sc.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println(equilibriumPoint(arr, n));
    sc.close();
  }
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>javac Problem4.java
 C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem4
 Enter the size of the array: 5
 Enter the elements of the array:
 1 3 5 2 2
 C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem4
 Enter the size of the array: 3
 Enter the elements of the array:
 1 2 3
5.Binary Search
import java.util.*;
class Problem5 {
 public static int binarySearch(int[] arr, int target) {
    int left = 0, right = arr.length - 1;
```

```
while (left <= right) {
     int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
     if (arr[mid] == target) {
        return mid;
     }
     if (arr[mid] < target) {</pre>
        left = mid + 1;
     } else {
        right = mid - 1;
  return -1;
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.print("Enter the size of the array: ");
  int n = sc.nextInt();
  int[] arr = new int[n];
  System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array (sorted): ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
  System.out.print("Enter the target element: ");
  int target = sc.nextInt();
  int result = binarySearch(arr, target);
```

```
if(result == -1) {
    System.out.println("Element not found");
} else {
    System.out.println("Element found at index: " + result);
}

sc.close();
}

C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>javac Problem5.java

C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem5
Enter the size of the array: 5
Enter the elements of the array (sorted):
1 3 5 6 8
Enter the target element: 8
Element found at index: 4
```

6.Next Greater element

```
import java.util.*;

class Problem6 {
    public static int[] nextGreaterElement(int[] arr) {
        int n = arr.length;
        int[] result = new int[n];
        Stack<Integer> stack = new Stack<>();

        for (int i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
            while (!stack.isEmpty() && stack.peek() <= arr[i]) {
                  stack.pop();
            }
            result[i] = stack.isEmpty() ? -1 : stack.peek();
            stack.push(arr[i]);
        }
}</pre>
```

```
return result;
 }
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   System.out.print("Enter the size of the array: ");
   int n = sc.nextInt();
   int[] arr = new int[n];
   System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array: ");
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
   }
   int[] result = nextGreaterElement(arr);
   System.out.print("Next greater elements: ");
   for (int i : result) {
     System.out.print(i + " ");
   System.out.println();
   sc.close();
 }
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>javac Problem6.java
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem6
Enter the size of the array: 4
Enter the elements of the array:
Next greater elements: 3 4 4 -1
```

7. Union of two arrays(with duplicate elements)

```
import java.util.*;
class Problem7 {
  public static int unionCount(int[] a, int[] b) {
     Set<Integer> set = new HashSet<>();
     for (int num: a) {
       set.add(num);
     for (int num : b) \{
       set.add(num);
     }
     return set.size();
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter the size of array a: ");
     int n = sc.nextInt();
     int[] a = new int[n];
     System.out.println("Enter elements of array a: ");
     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       a[i] = sc.nextInt();
     }
     System.out.print("Enter the size of array b: ");
     int m = sc.nextInt();
```

```
int[] b = new int[m];
   System.out.println("Enter elements of array b: ");
   for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     b[i] = sc.nextInt();
    }
   int result = unionCount(a, b);
   System.out.println("Number of elements in the union: " + result);
   sc.close();
  }
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>javac Problem7.java
C:\Users\SUNITHARAJ\Downloads\cdc\Day 3>java Problem7
Enter the size of array a: 6
Enter elements of array a:
1 2 3 4 5 7
Enter the size of array b: 4
Enter elements of array b:
1 8 9
Number of elements in the union: 8
```