

Ineq Basic

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This document collects my solutions to the OTIS problem sets from the **Ineq Basic** unit, written during my preparation for mathematical olympiads.

The solutions reflect my understanding and problem-solving approach at the time of writing. Some arguments were informed by discussions, official notes, or published sources; when so, attribution is provided (see [section 3](#)).

If you find errors or have suggestions, please contact me at samuelbaraujo19@gmail.com.

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1 Practice Problems

11AM01 (**USAMO 2011 P1**) Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + (a + b + c)^2 \leq 4$. Prove that

$$\frac{ab+1}{(a+b)^2} + \frac{bc+1}{(b+c)^2} + \frac{ca+1}{(c+a)^2} \geq 3.$$

01IM02 (**IMO 2001 P2**) Prove that for all positive real numbers a, b, c ,

$$\frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + 8bc}} + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 + 8ca}} + \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2 + 8ab}} \geq 1.$$

05IM03 (**IMO 2005 P3**) Let x, y, z be three positive reals such that $xyz \geq 1$. Prove that

$$\frac{x^5 - x^2}{x^5 + y^2 + z^2} + \frac{y^5 - y^2}{x^2 + y^5 + z^2} + \frac{z^5 - z^2}{x^2 + y^2 + z^5} \geq 0.$$

12IM02 (**IMO 2012 P2**) Let $n \geq 3$ be an integer, and let a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n be positive real numbers such that $a_2 a_3 \cdots a_n = 1$. Prove that

$$(1 + a_2)^2 (1 + a_3)^3 \cdots (1 + a_n)^n > n^n.$$

03ELM04 (**ELMO 2003 P4**) Let $x, y, z \geq 1$ be real numbers such that

$$\frac{1}{x^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{y^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{z^2 - 1} = 1.$$

Prove that

$$\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{z+1} \leq 1.$$

04IM04 (**IMO 2004 P4**) Let $n \geq 3$ be an integer. Let t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n be positive real numbers such that

$$n^2 + 1 > (t_1 + t_2 + \cdots + t_n) \left(\frac{1}{t_1} + \frac{1}{t_2} + \cdots + \frac{1}{t_n} \right).$$

Show that t_i, t_j, t_k are side lengths of a triangle for all i, j, k with $1 \leq i < j < k \leq n$.

11MOPR42 (**MOP 2011 R4.2**) For positive real numbers a, b, c with $a + b + c = 3$ prove that

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} \sqrt{\frac{a^3 + b^3}{a + b}} + 9\sqrt[3]{abc} \leq 12.$$

04SLA5 (**Shortlist 2004 A5**) If a, b, c are three positive real numbers such that $ab + bc + ca = 1$, prove that

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{a} + 6b} + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{b} + 6c} + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{c} + 6a} \leq \frac{1}{abc}.$$

98IRN (**Iran 1998 P5**) When $x (\geq 1), y (\geq 1), z (\geq 1)$ satisfy $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} = 2$, prove in equality.

$$\sqrt{x+y+z} \geq \sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y-1} + \sqrt{z-1}$$

95IM02 (IMO 1995 P2) Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $abc = 1$. Prove that

$$\frac{1}{a^3(b+c)} + \frac{1}{b^3(c+a)} + \frac{1}{c^3(a+b)} \geq \frac{3}{2}.$$

12JM03 (USAJMO 2012 P3) Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove that

$$\frac{a^3 + 3b^3}{5a+b} + \frac{b^3 + 3c^3}{5b+c} + \frac{c^3 + 3a^3}{5c+a} \geq \frac{2}{3}(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)$$

98SLA3 (Shortlist 1998 A3) Let x, y and z be positive real numbers such that $xyz = 1$. Prove that

$$\frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} + \frac{y^3}{(1+z)(1+x)} + \frac{z^3}{(1+x)(1+y)} \geq \frac{3}{4}.$$

2 Solutions

2.1 Lecture Problems

2.1.1 USAMO 2011 P1

Problem Statement

Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + (a + b + c)^2 \leq 4$. Prove that

$$\frac{ab + 1}{(a + b)^2} + \frac{bc + 1}{(b + c)^2} + \frac{ca + 1}{(c + a)^2} \geq 3.$$

The key is to correctly homogenize the inequality as shown below

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{2ab + 2}{(a + b)^2} \geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{2ab + ab + bc + ca + a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{(a + b)^2}$$

and observe that

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} 3ab + bc + ca + a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = \sum_{\text{cyc}} (a + b)^2 + (c + a)(c + b).$$

Hence $\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{(c + a)(c + b)}{(a + b)^2} \geq 6$, by the AM-GM inequality.

2.1.2 IMO 2001 P2

Problem Statement

Prove that for all positive real numbers a, b, c ,

$$\frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + 8bc}} + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2 + 8ca}} + \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2 + 8ab}} \geq 1.$$

2.1.3 IMO 2005 P3

Problem Statement

Let x, y, z be three positive reals such that $xyz \geq 1$. Prove that

$$\frac{x^5 - x^2}{x^5 + y^2 + z^2} + \frac{y^5 - y^2}{x^2 + y^5 + z^2} + \frac{z^5 - z^2}{x^2 + y^2 + z^5} \geq 0.$$

2.2 Mandatory

2.2.1 IMO 2012 P2

Problem Statement

Let $n \geq 3$ be an integer, and let a_2, a_3, \dots, a_n be positive real numbers such that $a_2 a_3 \cdots a_n = 1$. Prove that

$$(1 + a_2)^2 (1 + a_3)^3 \cdots (1 + a_n)^n > n^n.$$

2.2.2 ELMO 2003 P4

Problem Statement

Let $x, y, z \geq 1$ be real numbers such that

$$\frac{1}{x^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{y^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{z^2 - 1} = 1.$$

Prove that

$$\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{z+1} \leq 1.$$

2.2.3 IMO 2004 P4

Problem Statement

Let $n \geq 3$ be an integer. Let t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n be positive real numbers such that

$$n^2 + 1 > (t_1 + t_2 + \dots + t_n) \left(\frac{1}{t_1} + \frac{1}{t_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{t_n} \right).$$

Show that t_i, t_j, t_k are side lengths of a triangle for all i, j, k with $1 \leq i < j < k \leq n$.

2.2.4 MOP 2011 R4.2

Problem Statement

For positive real numbers a, b, c with $a + b + c = 3$ prove that

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} \sqrt{\frac{a^3 + b^3}{a + b}} + 9\sqrt[3]{abc} \leq 12.$$

2.3 Not Mandatory

2.3.1 Shortlist 2004 A5

Problem Statement

If a, b, c are three positive real numbers such that $ab + bc + ca = 1$, prove that

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{a} + 6b} + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{b} + 6c} + \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{c} + 6a} \leq \frac{1}{abc}.$$

2.3.2 Iran 1998 P5

Problem Statement

When $x(\geq 1)$, $y(\geq 1)$, $z(\geq 1)$ satisfy $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} = 2$, prove in equality.

$$\sqrt{x+y+z} \geq \sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y-1} + \sqrt{z-1}$$

2.3.3 IMO 1995 P2

Problem Statement

Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $abc = 1$. Prove that

$$\frac{1}{a^3(b+c)} + \frac{1}{b^3(c+a)} + \frac{1}{c^3(a+b)} \geq \frac{3}{2}.$$

2.3.4 USAJMO 2012 P3

Problem Statement

Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove that

$$\frac{a^3 + 3b^3}{5a + b} + \frac{b^3 + 3c^3}{5b + c} + \frac{c^3 + 3a^3}{5c + a} \geq \frac{2}{3}(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)$$

2.3.5 Shortlist 1998 A3

Problem Statement

Let x, y and z be positive real numbers such that $xyz = 1$. Prove that

$$\frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} + \frac{y^3}{(1+z)(1+x)} + \frac{z^3}{(1+x)(1+y)} \geq \frac{3}{4}.$$

3 References