

Solutions USAMO 2011

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December 5, 2025

This document contains solutions to the Solutions USAMO 2011 problems, written by me during my preparation for the International Mathematical Olympiad.

The content reflects my own understanding and problem-solving process. Some solutions may have been inspired by the work of others or required external help, in which case proper attribution is given (see [section 3](#)).

If you notice any errors or have suggestions for improvement, I would greatly appreciate hearing from you at samuelbaraujo19@gmail.com.

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1 Problems

1. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + (a + b + c)^2 \leq 4$. Prove that

$$\frac{ab + 1}{(a + b)^2} + \frac{bc + 1}{(b + c)^2} + \frac{ca + 1}{(c + a)^2} \geq 3.$$

2 Solutions

2.1 Problem 1.

Problem Statement

Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + (a + b + c)^2 \leq 4$. Prove that

$$\frac{ab+1}{(a+b)^2} + \frac{bc+1}{(b+c)^2} + \frac{ca+1}{(c+a)^2} \geq 3.$$

The key is to correctly homogenize the inequality as shown below

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{2ab+2}{(a+b)^2} \geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{2ab+ab+bc+ca+a^2+b^2+c^2}{(a+b)^2}$$

and observe that

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} 3ab + bc + ca + a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = \sum_{\text{cyc}} (a+b)^2 + (c+a)(c+b).$$

Hence $\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{(c+a)(c+b)}{(a+b)^2} \geq 6$, by the AM-GM inequality.

3 References