

Grim Look At Planes Shot Down

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Byline: By Ron DePasquale

Body

If a Ukrainian passenger plane was shot down in Iran on Wednesday, as American officials believe, it would join a long list of civilian aircraft brought down by armed forces.

A Ukrainian airliner, a Boeing 737-800, went down in Iran on Wednesday morning, killing at least 176 people. American officials believe that the Iranians brought down the airliner by mistake, with two missiles fired from an Iranian air defense system, the SA-15.

Here are some of the most prominent passenger jets to be shot down -- whether accidentally or, in some cases, deliberately:

July 17, 2014: Malaysia Airlines Flight 17

MH17 was flying from Amsterdam to Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, when it was blown out of the sky over eastern Ukraine, killing 298 people. In June, an international investigative team charged four people, including three with ties to Russian intelligence.

Moscow has consistently denied any involvement in the disaster, but Western countries and experts have blamed Russian-backed separatists.

Oct. 4, 2001: Siberia Airlines Flight 1812

Seventy-eight people, most of them Russian émigrés to Israel, died when the flight from Tel Aviv to Novosibirsk exploded and plunged into the Black Sea off the Russian coast.

Four minutes earlier, two long-range antiaircraft missiles were fired during a Ukrainian air defense exercise off the Black Sea's Crimean coast. Ukraine's president later said that he accepted investigators' finding that his country's military had accidentally destroyed the Russian airliner.

July 3, 1988: Iran Air Flight 655

A United States Navy warship in the Persian Gulf shot down an Iranian passenger plane that the Navy said it mistook for a jet fighter, killing all 290 people onboard. The Iran Air Airbus A300 was flying over the Strait of Hormuz while the warship, the Vincennes, a 9,600-ton missile cruiser, was being engaged by Iranian gunboats.

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The Americans, who were following radar readings, wrongly thought they saw a hostile F-14 jet fighter, and downed the plane with a surface-to-air missile.

Sept. 1, 1983: Korean Air Lines Flight 007

A Soviet fighter jet shot down KAL 007 after the airliner strayed off course and over Soviet territory, killing 269 passengers and crew members and prompting several theories.

The Soviet Union contended the jet was on a spying mission, which the United States denied. The United States, Japan and the Soviet Union searched the Sea of Okhotsk for the black box recorder but said they were unable to find it.

The episode evoked the Soviet downing of Korean Air Lines Flight 902 in 1978, which had a different fate: All but two passengers on that flight survived.

June 27, 1980: Itavia Flight 870

The crash of Itavia Flight 870, known as the Ustica affair, killed all 81 people aboard and produced legions of conspiracy theories in Italy. The airliner was entering the final leg of a routine trip from Bologna, Italy, to Palermo, Sicily, when it suddenly plunged into the Tyrrhenian Sea near the small island of Ustica.

In 2013, Italy's highest court ruled that the government had to compensate the families of some of the victims, implicitly acknowledging the most widely accepted theory behind the crash: that a missile fired by a warplane had hit the twin-engine McDonnell Douglas DC-9. The court did not say where that missile came from.

Sept. 3, 1978: Air Rhodesia Flight 825 Feb. 12, 1979: Air Rhodesia Flight 827

In similar episodes, rebel forces in what was then Rhodesia, now Zimbabwe, brought down two aircraft within five minutes of their takeoff from Kariba.

Both were apparently hit by Sovietâ€made Strela heatâ€seeking missiles. Altogether, more than 100 people died in the two episodes.

Feb. 21, 1973: Libyan Arab Airlines Flight 114

A Boeing 727-200 en route from Tripoli, Libya, to Cairo via Benghazi, Libya, was shot down by Israeli fighter aircraft over the Sinai Desert. Just five of the 113 passengers survived.

Israel said that the plane had flown over Israeli military concentrations along the Suez Canal and over a military airfield in Sinai, which was then occupied by Israel, which claimed it downed the plane to thwart a possible act of terrorism.

July 27, 1955: El Al Flight 402

Bulgarian fighter jets shot down a wayward plane that was traveling from London to Tel Aviv and had crossed into Bulgarian airspace during a storm, killing all 58 people on board. Under international pressure, Bulgaria -- then part of the Soviet bloc -- eventually gave Israel \$200,000.

July 23, 1954: Cathay Pacific VR-HEU

Chinese fighter jets shot down a British-made DC-3 Skymaster operated by Cathay Pacific Airlines, the airline based in Hong Kong, then a British territory. Ten of the 18 people on board died. China later apologized, saying it mistook the flight traveling from Bangkok for a Taiwanese fighter jet and that it would consider paying compensation.

A few days later, the episode grew more complicated when United States Navy aircraft searching for survivors clashed with Chinese military planes and shot down two of them.

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Aug. 24, 1938: The Kweilin Incident

Five Japanese military planes shot down a Chinese-American owned DC-2, known as Kweilin, soon after it had left Hong Kong for Chongqing. China and Japan were at war at the time.

Fourteen people died; many of them had machine-gun wounds. The American pilot survived.

https://www.nytimes.com/2020/01/09/world/middleeast/civilian-planes-shot-down.html

Graphic

PHOTO: The crash site of the Ukrainian plane in Tehran. (PHOTOGRAPH BY Arash Khamooshi for The New York Times FOR THE NEW YORK TIMES)

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