Поздравляем! Вы прошли тест! Перейти к **Для успешного прохождения** 75 %% или Оценка следующему пункту получена 100 % выше **Module 3 Review** Оценка последней работы: 100% 1. What does MVC Stand for? Use spaces between each word, no upper case letters, and no punctuation. 1/1 балл Model View Controller Correct! The model view controller pattern is important for user-interface applications, and it previews some software architectures that we will talk about in the next course. 2. Select the **two** elements of the open/closed principle: 1/1 балл Open for modification Open for extension **⊘** Правильно Correct! Well-designed software should strive to be open for extension, implying that the code can be extended without having to change existing parts. Closed for modification **⊘** Правильно Correct! Good software strives to close parts off for modification, which means that they should not need to be opened up again when extending functionality. Closed for extension. Closed for maintenance. Open for maintenance 3. What is the best description of the Dependency Inversion principle? 1/1 балл O Service objects subscribe to their prospective client objects as Observers, watching for a request. Olient objects are dependent on a service interface that directs their requests. Client objects depend on generalizations instead of concrete objects. Client objects depend on an Adaptor Pattern to interface with the rest of the system. ✓ Правильно Correct! Dependencies at high levels should depend on generalizations (superclasses or interfaces) where possible. 4. Which of these statements is true about the Composing Objects principle? 1/1 балл 1. it provides behaviour with aggregation instead of inheritance 2. it leads to tighter coupling The first statement is true The second statement is true Neither statement is true O Both statements are true **⊘** Правильно Correct! Behaviour can be built by aggregating objects instead of using inheritance. This is an an inherently more flexible approach. 5. Which of these UML diagrams demonstrates the Interface Segregation principle? 1/1 балл «interface» a) IInterface1 anOperation(): Boolean anOperation2(): enum anOperation3(): BigDecimal Class1 Class2 anOperation(): Boolean anOperation(): Boolean anOperation2(): enum anOperation2(): enum anOperation3(): void anOperation3(): BigDecimal b) «interface» «interface» IInterface1 IInterface2 anOperation(): Boolean anOperation3(): BigDecimal anOperation2(): enum Class1 Class2 anOperation(): Boolean anOperation(): Boolean anOperation2(): enum anOperation2(): enum anOperation3(): BigDecimal c) «interface» «interface» IInterface2 IInterface1 anOperation(): Boolean anOperation3(): BigDecimal anOperation2(): enum Class1 Class2 anOperation(): Boolean anOperation(): Boolean anOperation2(): enum anOperation2(): enum anOperation3(): BigDecimal «interface» «interface» IInterface1 IInterface2 anOperation(): Boolean anOperation3(): BigDecimal anOperation2(): enum Class1 Class2 anOperation(): Boolean anOperation(): Boolean anOperation2(): enum anOperation2(): enum anOperation3(): BigDecimal (a) O b) () c) d) **⊘** Правильно Correct! Class1 does not need all of the methods, so it makes sense to have two different interfaces. 6. Which of these code examples violates the Principle of Least Knowledge, or Law of Demeter? 1/1 балл public class 0 { M I = new M();3 public void anOperation2() { this.I.N.anOperation(); 6 public class Class1 { public void N() { System.out.println("Method N invoked"); public class Class2 { public void M(Class1 P) { 9 P.N(); 10 System.out.println("Method M invoked"); 11 12 public class 0 { public void M() { this.N(); System.out.println("Method M invoked"); 6 public void N() { System.out.println("Method N invoked"); 9 10 public class P { public void N() { System.out.println("Method N invoked"); 5 public class 0 { public void M() { 9 P I = new P(); 10 I.N(); 11 System.out.println("Method M invoked"); 12 13 } ✓ Правильно Correct! In this example, the method call in the class (O) reaches through the object (I) to a method in another object (N). This is not local and therefore the Principle is violated. 7. How can Comments be considered a code smell? 1/1 балл O They can't! Comments help clarify code. O Too many comments make the files too large to compile. When a comment is used to explain the rationale behind a design decision Excessive commenting can be a coverup for bad code Correct! Sometimes, developers use excessive comments like a "deodorant" for bad code, instead of fixing the code. 8. What is the primitive obsession code smell about? 1/1 балл Ocode that contains many low-level objects, without using OO principles like aggregation or inheritance. Overuse of primitive data types like int, long, float Using many different primitive types instead of settling on a few that together capture that appropriate level of detail for your system. Using key-value pairs instead of abstract data types. ✓ Правильно Correct! Excessive use of primitives may mean that you are not identifying appropriate abstractions. 9. You have a class that you keep adding to. Whenever you add new functionality, it just seems like the most natural 1/1 балл place to put it, but it is starting to become a problem! Which code smell is this? O Long Method Large Class O Divergent Change Speculative generality **⊘** Правильно Correct! This class may also be called a blob class, God class, or black-hole class. **10.** Why is it important to avoid message chains whenever possible? 1/1 балл They lower cohesion in your class. The resulting code is usually rigid and complex. If an unexpected object is returned, this could easily lead to runtime errors. O It's a workaround to get to private methods, which are important for encapsulation. Correct! Code with message chains is more difficult to not only maintain, but also to read. They will require Shotgun Surgery when changes need to be made. 11.Look at the code snippet. Which code smell do you detect? 1/1 балл public class Class1 { public void M(Class2 C) { C.doSomething(x); C.foo(y); C.foo2(z, i); 9 10 O Inappropriate Intimacy O Divergent Change Feature Envy O Long Parameter List **⊘** Правильно Correct! The method M calls lots of methods in the object C. Perhaps it would be better to have this method in that object. 12. Joseph was developing a class for his smartphone poker game, and decided that one day he would like to be able 1/1 балл to change the picture on the backs of the cards, so he created a Deck superclass. Since his app does not have that feature yet, Deck has only one subclass, RegularDeck. What code smell is this? O Divergent Change O Primitive Obsession Speculative Generality Refused Bequest

✓ Правильно

Correct! Coding for anticipated needs instead of the current ones is not good Agile Development.