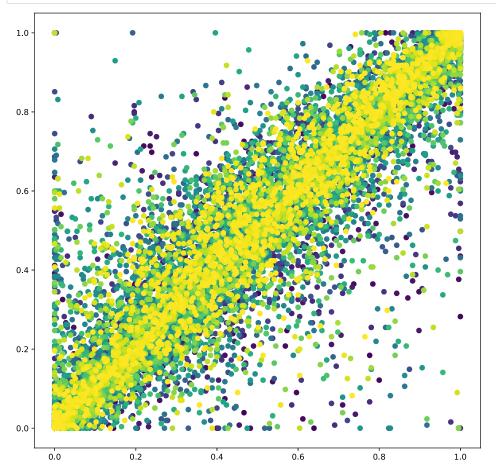
```
In [1]: import os
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import glob
         import cv2
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import keras
from keras import layers
         from PIL import Image
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow import keras
         from tensorflow.keras import layers
         from tensorboard import notebook
         from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import Iterator
         from sklearn import decomposition
         from sklearn import discriminant analysis
         from sklearn import datasets
         from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
         from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
         from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
         INFO:tensorflow:Enabling eager execution
INFO:tensorflow:Enabling v2 tensorshape
         INFO:tensorflow:Enabling resource variables
         INFO:tensorflow:Enabling tensor equality
         INFO:tensorflow:Enabling control flow v2
In [2]: train = []
         train_gnd = []
         test = []
test_gnd = []
         files = glob.glob('../256_ObjectCategories/*/*.jpg')
         i = 0
         for i in range (0,len(files)):
           if j%3==0:
              im = keras.preprocessing.image.load_img(files[i],target_size=(100,100))
              im = keras.preprocessing.image.img_to_array(im)
              test_gnd.append(files[i][-12:-9])
              test.append(im)
           else:
             im = keras.preprocessing.image.load_img(files[i],target_size=(100,100))
              im = keras.preprocessing.image.img_to_array(im)
              train_gnd.append(files[i][-12:-9])
              {\sf train.append(im)}
             j=j+1
         train\_gnd = np.array(train\_gnd)
         train = np.array(train)
test = np.array(test)
         test_gnd = np.array(test_gnd)
         train = train.astype('float32') / 255
train_gnd = train_gnd.astype('int64')
         test_gnd = test_gnd.astype('int64')
         test = test.astype('float32') / 255
In [3]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=[20, 20])
for i in range(10):
              ax = fig.add_subplot(10, 10, i + 1)
              ax.imshow(train[i])
In [4]: Train = train.reshape(len(train),-1)
```

Test = test.reshape(len(test),-1)

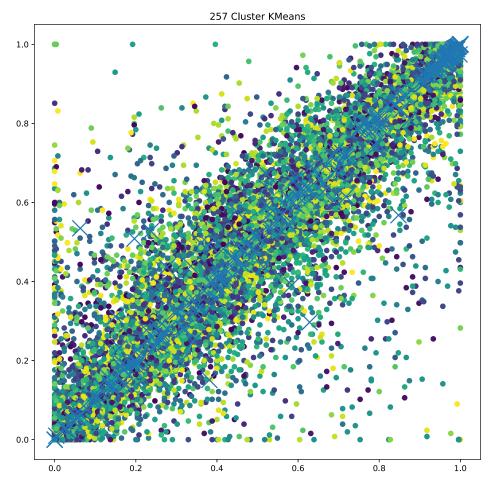
In [5]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=[10, 10])
ax = fig.add_subplot(1, 1, 1)
ax.scatter(Train[:,0], Train[:,1], c=train_gnd);



In [6]: kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters = 257).fit(Train)

```
In [7]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=[10, 10])
    ax = fig.add_subplot(1, 1, 1)
    ax.scatter(Train[:,0], Train[:,1], c=kmeans.labels_);
    ax.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,0], kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,1], marker='x', s=400)
    ax.set_title('257 Cluster KMeans')
```

Out[7]: Text(0.5, 1.0, '257 Cluster KMeans')



```
In [8]: def retrieve_info(cluster_labels,y_train):
    #Associates most probable label with each cluster in KMeans model
    #returns: dictionary of clusters assigned to each label'''
# Initializing
    reference_labels = []
# For loop to run through each label of cluster label
    for i in range(len(np.unique(kmeans.labels_))):
        index = np.where(cluster_labels == i,1,0)
        num = np.bincount(y_train[index==1]).argmax()
        reference_labels.append(num)
    return reference_labels
```

```
In [9]: reference_labels = retrieve_info(kmeans.labels_,train_gnd)
number_labels = np.random.rand(len(kmeans.labels_))
for i in range(len(kmeans.labels_)):
    number_labels[i] = reference_labels[kmeans.labels_[i]]
```

In [10]: print(accuracy_score(number_labels,train_gnd))

0.13139580474416782