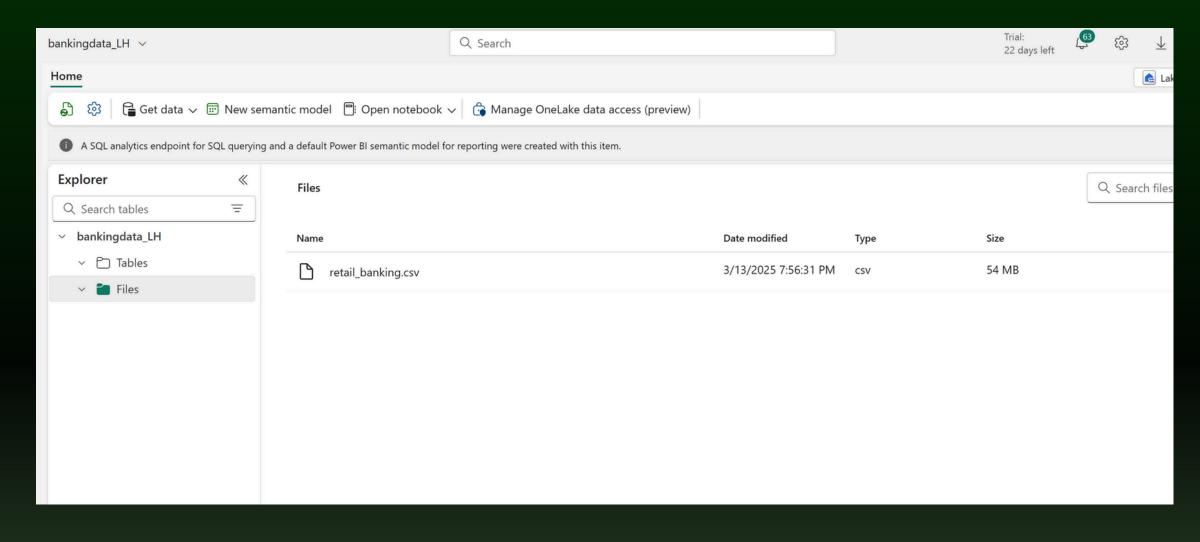




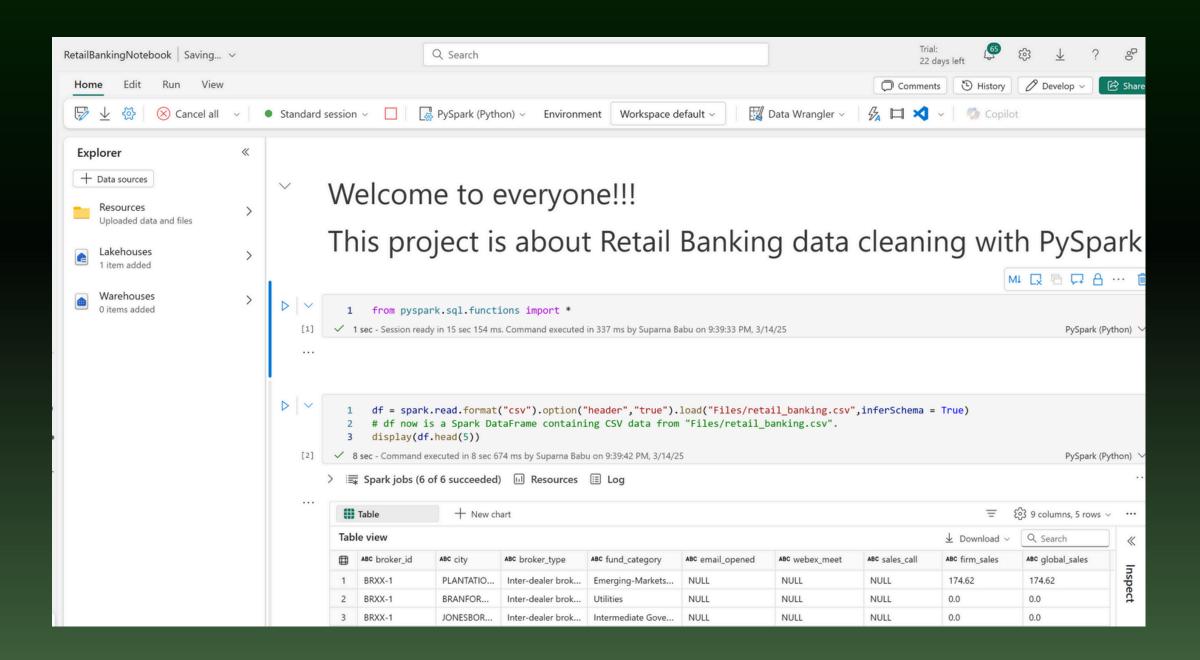


# CREATED LAKEHOUSE AND UPLOADED THE INVESTMENT BANKING DATA INTO LAKEHOUSE





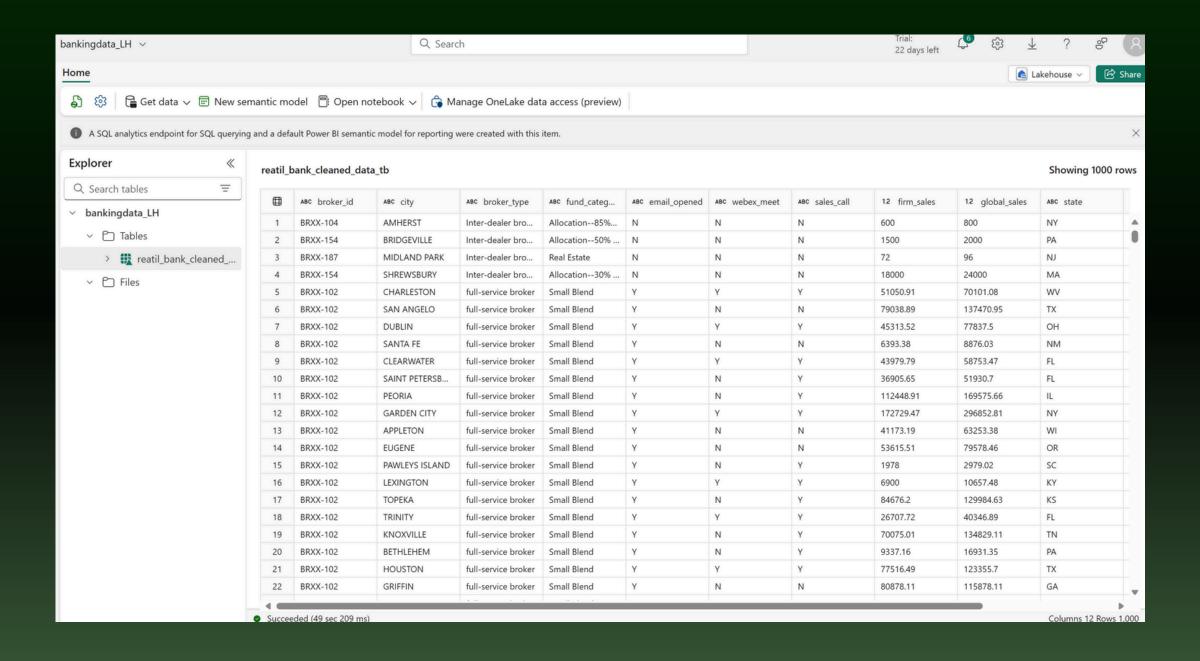
### IN NOTEBOOK PERFORMED ALL DATA CLEANING AND PROCESSING ACTIVITY AND PUSHED TO LAKEHOUSE







### NOW CLEANED DATA LOADED SUCESSFULLY INTO LAKEHOUSE AS DELTA TABLES





### **Key Numbers**

- Rawdatset: Total columns 12, Total Rows 7,53,089
- Created 1 Lakehouse to perform activities
- Created 1 notebook to clean the data.



#### retailbankingnotebook

March 14, 2025

- 1 Welcome to everyone!!!
- 2 This project is about Retail Banking data cleaning with PySpark

```
[1]: from pyspark.sql.functions import *
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 3, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
[2]: df = spark.read.format("csv").option("header", "true").load("Files/

¬retail_banking.csv",inferSchema = True)
     # df now is a Spark DataFrame containing CSV data from "Files/retail_banking.
     display(df.head(5))
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 4, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
    SynapseWidget(Synapse.DataFrame, 95a0a3e0-eb34-44cd-87ff-29785dcfb8f8)
[3]: #df.select("*").where(col('city') == 'KNOXVILLE, TN, TN').show()
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 5, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
[4]: columns_count = len(df.columns)
     rows count = df.count()
     print("This dataset has",columns_count, "columns")
     print("This dataset has",rows count, "rows")
                                                     #to find the columns and rows
      \hookrightarrow count
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 6, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
    This dataset has 9 columns
    This dataset has 753089 rows
```

```
[5]: df.printSchema() #to view the schema of dataframe
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 7, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
    root
     |-- broker_id: string (nullable = true)
     |-- city: string (nullable = true)
     |-- broker_type: string (nullable = true)
     |-- fund_category: string (nullable = true)
     |-- email_opened: string (nullable = true)
     |-- webex_meet: string (nullable = true)
     |-- sales_call: string (nullable = true)
     |-- firm_sales: double (nullable = true)
     |-- global_sales: double (nullable = true)
[6]: list(df.columns) #to view list of columns
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 8, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
[6]: ['broker_id',
      'city',
      'broker_type',
      'fund_category',
      'email_opened',
      'webex_meet',
      'sales_call',
      'firm_sales',
      'global_sales']
[7]: brokerid_nulls_count = df.filter(col('broker_id').isNull()).count() #to find_
      → the nulls count in respectieve column
     print("broker_id column has ",brokerid_nulls_count,"nulls")
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 9, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
    broker_id column has 0 nulls
[8]: city_nulls_count = df.filter(col('city').isNull()).count() #to find the nulls_u
      ⇔count in respectieve column
     print("city column has",city_nulls_count,"nulls")
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 10, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
    city column has 0 nulls
```

```
[9]: brokertype_nulls_count = df.filter(col('broker_type').isNull()).count() #to__
       →find the nulls count in respectieve column
      print("broker_type column has", brokertype_nulls_count, "nulls")
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 11, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     broker type column has 0 nulls
[10]: fundcategory_nulls_count = df.filter(col('fund_category').isNull()).count() ___
       →#to find the nulls count in respectieve column
      print("fund_category column has",fundcategory_nulls_count,"nulls")
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 12, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     fund_category column has 0 nulls
[11]: email_opened_nulls_count = df.filter(col('email_opened').isNull()).count() #to_\|
       →find the nulls count in respectieve column
      print("email_opened column has",email_opened_nulls_count,"nulls")
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 13, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     email_opened column has 434545 nulls
[12]: webex_meet_nulls_count = df.filter(col('webex_meet').isNull()).count() #to find_
       → the nulls count in respectieve column
      print("webex_meet column has", webex_meet_nulls_count, "nulls")
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 14, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     webex meet column has 667429 nulls
[13]: sales_call_nulls_count = df.filter(col('sales_call').isNull()).count() #to find_
       → the nulls count in respectieve column
      print("sales call column has", sales call nulls count, "nulls")
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 15, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     sales_call column has 573091 nulls
[14]: | firm_sales_nulls_count = df.filter(col('firm_sales').isNull()).count() #to find_u
       → the nulls count in respectieve column
      print("firm_sales column has",firm_sales_nulls_count,"nulls")
```

```
StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 16, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     firm_sales column has 0 nulls
[15]: global_sales_nulls_count = df.filter(col('global_sales').isNull()).count() #to___
       → find the nulls count in respectieve column
     print("global_sales column has",global_sales_nulls_count,"nulls")
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 17, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     global_sales column has 0 nulls
     3 Now I can calculate all the columns missing values at single
         instance with Functions
[16]: def check_miss_values_count (data, lst_cl):
         missing_values = {}
         for i in lst_cl:
              a = data.filter(col(i).isNull()).count()
             missing_values[i] = a
         return (missing_values)
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 18, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[17]: check_miss_values_count(df,df.columns)
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 19, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[17]: {'broker_id': 0,
       'city': 0,
       'broker_type': 0,
       'fund_category': 0,
       'email_opened': 434545,
       'webex_meet': 667429,
       'sales_call': 573091,
       'firm_sales': 0,
       'global_sales': 0}
```

#### 4 To get the missing value percentage with Functions

```
[18]: def check_miss_values_pct(data,lst_cl):
          miss_value_pct = {}
          for i in 1st cl:
              a = data.filter(col(i).isNull()).count()
              b = data.count()
              c = (a/b) * 100
              miss_value_pct[i] = c
          return (miss_value_pct)
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 20, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[19]: check_miss_values_pct(df,df.columns)
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 21, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[19]: {'broker_id': 0.0,
       'city': 0.0,
       'broker_type': 0.0,
       'fund_category': 0.0,
       'email_opened': 57.70167934998387,
       'webex_meet': 88.62551438143433,
       'sales_call': 76.09870812081971,
       'firm_sales': 0.0,
       'global_sales': 0.0}
[20]: df.select('broker_id').distinct().count() #to get disticnt count of broker_id
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 22, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[20]: 1178
```

#### 5 To check distinct values of all columns by using function

```
[21]: def check_dist_values(data,lst_cl):
    dist_values_count = {}
    for i in lst_cl:
        a = data.select(i).distinct().count()
        dist_values_count[i] = a
    return (dist_values_count)
```

StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 23, Finished, Available, Finished)

```
[22]: check_dist_values(df,df.columns)
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 24, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[22]: {'broker_id': 1178,
      'city': 9813,
      'broker_type': 2,
      'fund_category': 103,
      'email_opened': 2,
      'webex_meet': 2,
      'sales_call': 2,
      'firm_sales': 44958,
      'global_sales': 360477}
[23]: df.select('broker_type').distinct().show() #to get distinct values of __
      ⇔broker_type column
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 25, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     +----+
             broker_type|
     +----+
     |full-service broker|
     |Inter-dealer broker|
     +----+
[24]: df.select('email_opened').distinct().show() #to get distinct values of __
      →email_opened column
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 26, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     +----+
     |email_opened|
     +----+
                Υl
             NULL
[25]: df.select('webex_meet').distinct().show() #to get distinct values of ___
       ⇒webex meet column
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 27, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
```

```
+----+
     |webex_meet|
    +----+
              Υ|
           NULL
     +----+
[26]: df.select('sales_call').distinct().show() #to get distinct values of
      ⇔sales_call column
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 28, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
    +----+
     |sales_call|
    +----+
              Υl
           NULL
     +----+
       Now I will fill all the nulls in email opened, webex meet and
        sales_call columns
[27]: df = df.fillna('N', subset=['email_opened','webex_meet','sales_call']) #filling_
      \hookrightarrownulls with N
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 29, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[28]: df.select(['email_opened', 'webex_meet', 'sales_call']).distinct().show()
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 30, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     +----+
     |email_opened|webex_meet|sales_call|
```

+----+  $N \mid$  $N \mid$ NΝl Υl Νl Υ| Υl Υl N N Υ| Υl Υ| Νl  $N \mid$ Υ| Υ| Υl Υ| N Υ| N N +----+

[29]: def check miss pctg(data, lst cl):

|full-service broker|

|Inter-dealer broker|

#### 7 Now again I'm checking the nulls percentage of all columns

```
miss_pcntg = {}
         for i in lst_cl:
             a = data.filter(col(i).isNull()).count()
             b = data.count()
             c = (a/b) * 100
             miss_pcntg [i] = c
         return (miss_pcntg)
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 31, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[30]: check_miss_pctg(df,df.columns)
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 32, Finished, Available,
      ⊸Finished)
[30]: {'broker_id': 0.0,
      'city': 0.0,
      'broker_type': 0.0,
      'fund_category': 0.0,
      'email_opened': 0.0,
      'webex meet': 0.0,
      'sales_call': 0.0,
      'firm_sales': 0.0,
      'global_sales': 0.0}
     8 Now I will check broker type, fund category values unique
        count
[31]: df.groupBy('broker_type').agg(countDistinct('broker_id').alias("Unique Count")).
       ⇒show()
     StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 33, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
             broker_type|Unique Count|
     +----+
```

5 l

1173|

```
+----+
[32]: df.groupBy('fund_category').agg(countDistinct('fund_category').alias("Unique_
      ⇔count")).show()
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 34, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
[33]: df.select('city').show(5)
    StatementMeta(, dae29050-9ec3-453f-880e-1428b9fdb12c, 35, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
[]: df.groupBy('city').agg(countDistinct('city')).show(200,False)
    StatementMeta(, , -1, Waiting, , Waiting)
[]: df.select('city').filter(col('city').contains(' TN, TN')).show()
    9 Now I will extract state from city column
[36]: df = df.withColumn("state", split(df["city"], ", ")[1]) #extracting state
    StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 38, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
[37]: df = df.withColumn('city', split(col('city'), ",")[0]) #extracting city
    StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 39, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
[38]: df.show(5)
    StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 40, Finished, Available,
     →Finished)
    +----+
    -----+
    |broker_id|
                     city
                                broker_type|
    fund_category|email_opened|webex_meet|sales_call|firm_sales|global_sales|state|
    +----+
          --+----+
       BRXX-1| PLANTATION|Inter-dealer broker|Emerging-Markets ...|
                                                                   Νl
    N
             N
                  174.62
                             174.62
    BRXX-1|
                 BRANFORD|Inter-dealer broker|
                                                   Utilities
                                                                     Νl
    Νl
                                0.01
             N \mid
                     0.01
                                      CTI
                 JONESBORO | Inter-dealer broker | Intermediate Gove... |
       BRXX-1|
                                                                   Νl
```

```
Νl
              0.01
                       0.01
       Νĺ
            VIENNA | Inter-dealer broker | Intermediate Gove... |
                                                      Υl
BRXX-2|
Νl
              0.01
                    30709.01
                            VAI
       N \mid
BRXX-3|CHAGRIN FALLS|full-service broker|
                                   Target-Date 2050|
                                                       Υ|
              0.01
                       0.01
                            OHI
Νl
       Υl
+----+
   ---+----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

#### 10 to check if there are any numerical values in city column

```
[39]: df.select('city').filter(col('city').rlike("~[0-9]+$")).distinct().show()

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 41, Finished, Available, Uprinished)

+----+
| city|
|
```

- I assume this as zip code of that city Now I'll replace this zip code with city names
- 12 64150 -> Riverside
- 13 15801 -> Du Bois
- 14 95678 -> Roseville

```
[40]: df = df.withColumn("city", regexp_replace('city','64150','Riverside'))

→#Replacing the zip code with city name
```

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 42, Finished, Available, Finished)

```
[43]: df = df.withColumn('city', regexp_replace('city','15801','Du Bois')) #Replacing_\(\) the zip code with city name df = df.withColumn('city', regexp_replace('city','95678','Roseville'))\(\) #Replacing the zip code with city name
```

```
StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 43, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[44]: df.select('city').filter(col('city').rlike("^[0-9]+$")).distinct().show()
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 44, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     +---+
     |city|
     +---+
     +---+
[46]: df.select('state').filter(length('state') > 2).show()
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 45, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     +----+
     |state|
     +----+
     +---+
[47]: df.filter(col('firm_sales').isNull()).count()
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 46, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[47]: 0
[49]: df.filter(col('global_sales').isNull()).count()
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 47, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
[49]: 0
[50]: df.printSchema()
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 48, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     root
      |-- broker_id: string (nullable = true)
      |-- city: string (nullable = true)
      |-- broker_type: string (nullable = true)
      |-- fund_category: string (nullable = true)
      |-- email_opened: string (nullable = false)
```

```
|-- webex_meet: string (nullable = false)
|-- sales_call: string (nullable = false)
|-- firm_sales: double (nullable = true)
|-- global_sales: double (nullable = true)
|-- state: string (nullable = true)
```

only showing top 20 rows

#### 15 Getting the broker\_id wise firm\_sales

```
[54]: df.groupBy('broker_id').agg(sum('firm_sales').alias('Total_firm_sales')).
      →orderBy(desc('Total_firm_sales')).show()
    StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 49, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     +----+
     |broker_id|
                  Total_firm_sales|
     +----+
     | BRXX-298| 5.748833387300012E8|
     BRXX-53|2.1652823814999998E8|
     | BRXX-154|
                    2.1559129687E8
     BRXX-262|1.9989880654000002E8|
        BRXX-3|1.4541805568999997E8|
     | BRXX-102|
                    1.3920014522E8
     | BRXX-92|
                    1.2718398564E8
     | BRXX-253|
                    1.0950492304E8
     | BRXX-124| 8.806711471000002E7|
     BRXX-93 | 7.784665832999998E7 |
     BRXX-94 | 6.184790281999999E7 |
     BRXX-70|3.2582956979999997E7|
     | BRXX-299| 2.816686303000001E7|
     BRXX-263 | 2.7194103220000003E7 |
     | BRXX-291|2.1790086169999998E7|
     | BRXX-136|
                     2.035211896E7
     | BRXX-247|2.0185874740000002E7|
     | BRXX-171|2.0175036339999996E7|
     | BRXX-261|2.0074834919999994E7|
     | BRXX-106|1.9562382400000002E7|
     +----+
```

#### 16 Getting the broker\_id wise global\_sales

```
[55]: df.groupBy('broker_id').agg(sum('global_sales').alias('ttl_global_sales')).

→orderBy(desc('ttl_global_sales')).show()
    StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 50, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     +----+
     |broker_id| ttl_global_sales|
     +----+
     BRXX-53| 8.36834248278002E9|
     BRXX-298 | 8.225108341179993E9 |
     BRXX-154| 5.907926378420001E9|
        BRXX-3 | 5.880296586749996E9 |
     BRXX-262 4.671995777180005E9
     BRXX-102|3.8967221447000017E9|
     BRXX-92| 3.858099052869999E9|
     | BRXX-253|
                   2.41769305174E9
     BRXX-124|1.9496785312600005E9|
     | BRXX-55|
                   1.40345230576E9
     BRXX-93|1.2780107563400004E9|
     | BRXX-94|
                   1.21571801222E9
     | BRXX-172| 8.027236808899999E8|
     | BRXX-247| 6.464248926900003E8|
     BRXX-70 | 6.334079940899998E8 |
     | BRXX-291| 6.156686732499999E8|
     | BRXX-299| 5.385067264999998E8|
     BRXX-76|5.0848096750000006E8|
     | BRXX-179|4.7917767275999993E8|
     BRXX-301|4.5536769792999977E8|
     +----+
    only showing top 20 rows
```

#### 17 Getting the broker\_id wise firm\_sales and global\_sales

```
BRXX-53|2.1652823814999998E8| 8.36834248278002E9|
| BRXX-154|
                 2.1559129687E8 | 5.907926378420001E9 |
BRXX-262|1.9989880654000002E8| 4.671995777180005E9|
   BRXX-3|1.4541805568999997E8| 5.880296586749996E9|
| BRXX-102|
                 1.3920014522E8|3.8967221447000017E9|
  BRXX-921
                 1.2718398564E8 | 3.858099052869999E9 |
| BRXX-253|
                 1.0950492304E8
                                     2.41769305174E9|
BRXX-124 8.806711471000002E7 1.9496785312600005E9
BRXX-93| 7.784665832999998E7|1.2780107563400004E9|
 BRXX-94 | 6.184790281999999E7 |
                                     1.21571801222E9
BRXX-70|3.2582956979999997E7| 6.334079940899998E8|
| BRXX-299| 2.816686303000001E7| 5.385067264999998E8|
| BRXX-263|2.7194103220000003E7| 2.254376408700001E8|
BRXX-291|2.1790086169999998E7| 6.156686732499999E8|
| BRXX-136|
                  2.035211896E7|
                                      2.7739742015E8|
BRXX-247|2.0185874740000002E7| 6.464248926900003E8|
BRXX-171|2.0175036339999996E7|2.5824924037000006E8|
BRXX-261|2.0074834919999994E7| 4.121742455899999E8|
| BRXX-106|1.9562382400000002E7|
                                      2.8011750861E8|
only showing top 20 rows
```

#### 18 calculating customer firm sales percentage

```
[59]: df = df.withColumn('cust_firm_sales_percen', (col('firm_sales') / _____col('global_sales')) * 100)

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 52, Finished, Available, _____Finished)

[62]: display(df.head(5))

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 53, Finished, Available, _____Finished)

SynapseWidget(Synapse.DataFrame, 196f763c-1327-4658-838e-e02ac59d9319)

[64]: df = df.fillna(0, subset = 'cust_firm_sales_percen') #filling null vales with 0

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 54, Finished, Available, _____Finished)

[66]: display(df.head(5))

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 55, Finished, Available, _____Finished)
```

#### 19 calculating a function for loya customer category

```
[67]: def loyalcustcate(cust_firm_sales_percen):
    if cust_firm_sales_percen == 100:
        return "loyal customer"
    elif cust_firm_sales_percen > 75 and cust_firm_sales_percen < 100:
        return "top-tier loyal customer"
    elif cust_firm_sales_percen > 50 and cust_firm_sales_percen <=75:
        return "mid-tier loyal customer"
    elif cust_firm_sales_percen > 25 and cust_firm_sales_percen <=50:
        return "low-tier loyal customer"
    elif cust_firm_sales_percen > 0 and cust_firm_sales_percen <=25:
        return "basic loyal customer"
    else:
        return "stangant loyal customer"</pre>
```

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 56, Finished, Available, Finished)

```
[71]: loyalcustcate(0)
```

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 57, Finished, Available,  $_{\sqcup}$   $_{\hookrightarrow}$  Finished)

[71]: 'stangant loyal customer'

### 20 Now Applying this function to cust\_firm\_sales\_percen and creating new column called custoemr\_status

```
[72]: cust_loyal_udf = udf(loyalcustcate,StringType())
df = df.

withColumn("customer_category",cust_loyal_udf(df['cust_firm_sales_percen']))
```

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 58, Finished, Available,  $_{\sqcup}$   $_{\hookrightarrow}$  Finished)

```
[]: display(df.head(10))
```

StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 59, Finished, Available, Finished)

SynapseWidget(Synapse.DataFrame, ec9e3eab-5801-490e-8701-f05804cd0e2b)

#### 21 Cautomer category wise brokers count

```
[]: df.groupBy('customer_category').agg(count_distinct(col('broker_id')).
       →alias("count_of_brokers"))\
                       .orderBy(desc('count_of_brokers')).show()
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 60, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     +----+
         customer_category|count_of_brokers|
     |stangant loyal cu...|
                                    1176
            loyal customer
                                       278
     |basic loyal customer|
                                       2321
     |top-tier loyal cu...|
                                     205
     |low-tier loyal cu...|
                                     176
     |mid-tier loyal cu...|
                                     163 l
 []: display(df.groupBy('customer_category').agg(count_distinct(col('broker_id')).
       ⇔alias("count_of_brokers"))\
                       .orderBy(desc('count_of_brokers')))
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 61, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     SynapseWidget(Synapse.DataFrame, 5d991ba7-0973-4e46-9bf1-80c0f396bbd8)
 []: display(df.groupBy(['broker_type','customer_category']).
       →agg(count_distinct(col('broker_id')).alias("broker_count"))\
        .orderBy(desc('broker_count')))
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 62, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
     SynapseWidget(Synapse.DataFrame, bb7372ad-f038-43ed-a20c-fe2ca9f105b2)
[61]: df.write.format("delta").saveAsTable("Reatil_bank_cleaned_data_TB")
     StatementMeta(, 51ae7205-cfae-427b-88c7-e248d7e647a4, 63, Finished, Available,
      →Finished)
```

- 22 Completed this Retail Banking PySpark Project in Microsoft Fabric Environment and final table psuhed to Tables section in Delat format
- 23 I hope you all will replciate this project. Thank you all. Keep Learning!! Keep Growing
- $24 \quad Inturi \ Suparna \ Babu$