Big Data Analytics

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Visualisation and **Visualisation Categories**



Visualisation (EasyBI, 2023)

- Visualisation is a way to represent information.
- Data visualisation helps data analysts understand complex relationships between variables such as helping to identify patterns and trends of data.
- Visualisation Chart Categories:
 - Comparison
 - Composition
 - Distribution
 - Relationship

Comparison (Temple University, 2023)

- It suits for comparing variables:
 - To find the highest and lowest points in data.
 - To understand the increasing and decreasing values.
- Comparison charts such as:
 - Column chart small data and oriented vertically
 - Bar chart complexed and detailed data, long x-axis labels, and oriented horizontally
 - Line chart analysing trends
 - Choropleth geographical data

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Composition (Temple University, 2023)

- It is suited for comparing a part to a whole.
- It is in a percentage form.
- Composition charts such as:
 - Pie chart small data and clear differences between variables
 - Stacked bar/column chart multiple levels of the same variables



Distribution (Temple University, 2023)

- It is suited for analysing distribution analysis such as mean, range, and outliers.
- Distribution charts such as:
 - Line chart analysing trends
 - Scatter plot small data and highlighting the similarities between variables
 - Bar/Column histogram relationship of a variable over a set of categories

Relationship (Temple University, 2023)

- It is suited for analysing the relationship between two or more variables.
- It can be used to identify outliers and trends of data clusters.
- Relationship charts such as:
 - Scatter plot small data and highlighting the similarities between variables
 - Bubble chart represents three or more dimensions of data where the larger bubble shows the higher percentage of total value in that bubble.

Visualisation Table and Charts



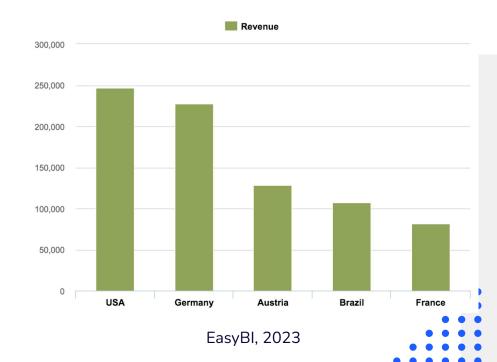
Table (EasyBI, 2023)

- Table is suitable for illustrating a small number of variables and data points.
- It is often used when:
 - Represent comparison, composition, or relationship visualisation.
 - Data can be easily interpreted from a table.
 - Individual values are needed to be compared.
 - Require precise values



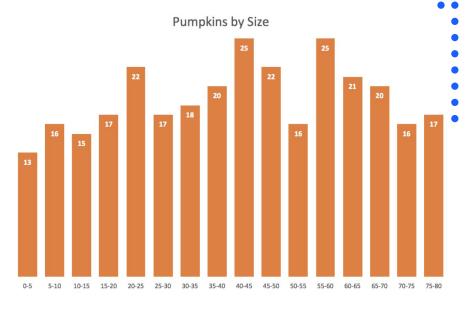
Column Chart (EasyBI, 2023)

- It is used for comparing different values.
- It shows the comparison of individual values between columns.
- It can be used to compare values between different categories or value changes in the same category.





- It is used to represent the distribution and relationships of a variable over a set of categories.
- For example, a distribution of the sizes of pumpkins in a pumpkin festival.

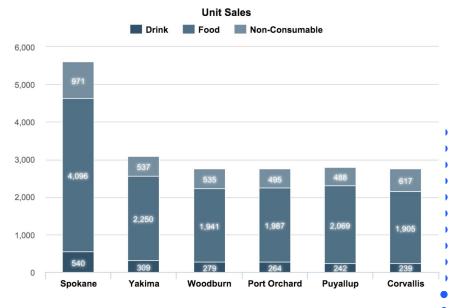


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Stacked Column/ Bar Chart (EasyBI, 2023)

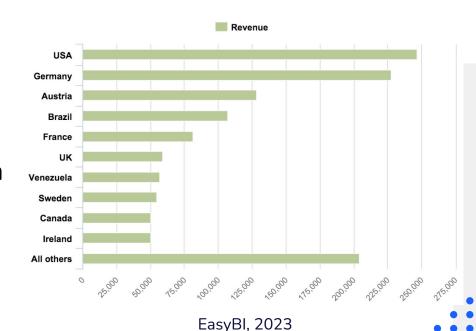
- It is used to represent composition.
- It shows multiple levels of the same variables.



EasyBI, 2023

Bar Chart (EasyBI, 2023)

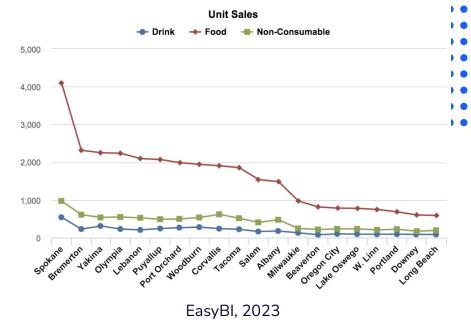
- It is used when:
 - The names of categories are long.
 - The number of categories is more than seven and less than fifteen.
 - Representing negative numbers.





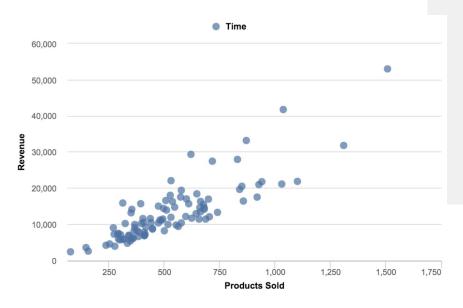
Line Chart (EasyBI, 2023)

- It is used to analyse trends.
- It emphasises the continuation of values.



Scatter Plot (EasyBI, 2023)

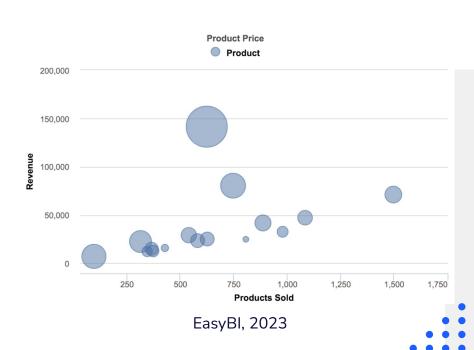
- It is used to analyse the relationship between two variables.
- It highlights the similarities (or dissimilarities) between variables.



EasyBI, 2023

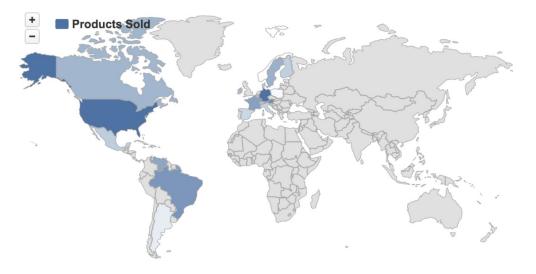
Bubble Plot (EasyBI, 2023)

- It represents three or more dimensions of data.
- In other words, it is a scatter plot with other dimension(s).
 - A scatter plot compares two values, and then adds bubble size as a third variable.
 - If bubbles have similar sizes, you can add labels.



Chropleth/Map Chart (EasyBI, 2023)

• It represents geographically related data.





- EasyBI. Data Visualization. https://eazybi.com/blog/data-visualization-and-chart-types. Accessed: 2023-09-27.
- Temple University. Data Visualization Resources: Types of Charts and Graphs for Data Viz. https://guides.temple.edu/c.php?g=939377&p=6769862. Accessed: 2023-09-14.

