Natural Language Processing

Tutorial 5: Grammar and Parsing

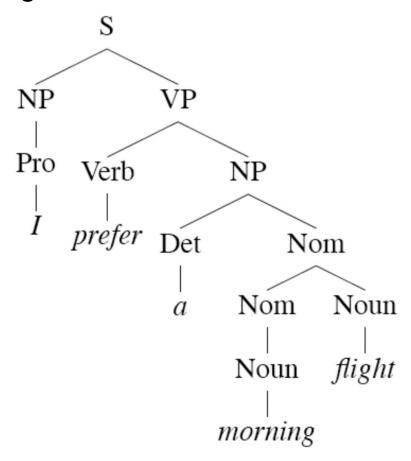
Dr. Sun Aixin

QI. Draw phrase structures of the sentences.

- a) Does American airlines have a flight between five a.m. and six a.m.?
- b) I would like to fly on American airlines.
- c) Please repeat that.
- d) I need to fly between Philadelphia and Atlanta.
- e) What is the fare from Atlanta to Denver?

Phrase Structure

➤ Organizes words into nested constituents



Example constituents

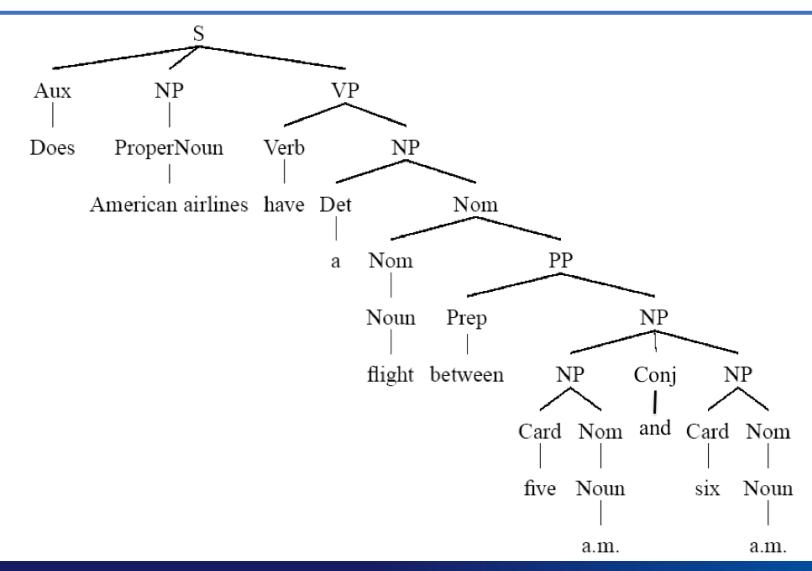
- S
- NP
- Nom
- VP
- PP

POS Tag Set

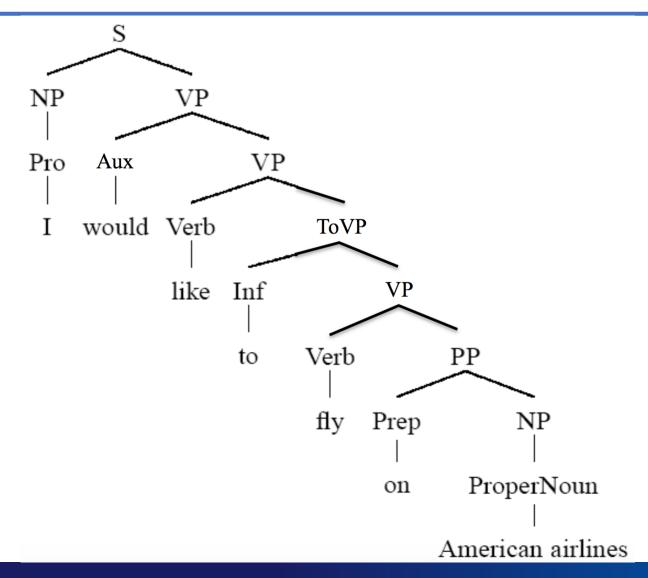
- ➢ Nouns
 - Noun
 - ProperNoun
- ▶ Pronouns
 - Pro
- ➤ Modifiers
 - Det
 - Card (cardinal number e.g., five)
 - Adj
 - Adv

- > Verbs
 - Verb
 - Aux (e.g., may)
- > Prepositions
 - Prep
- ➤ Infinitives (to-Verb)
 - Inf (i.e., to)
- Conjunctor (e.g., and)
 - Conj

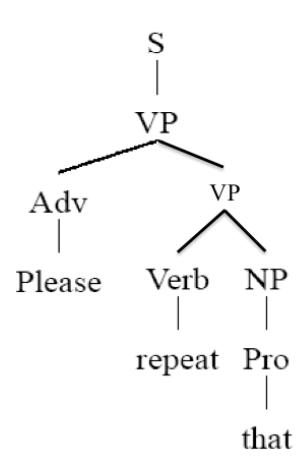
(a). Does American airlines have a flight between five a.m. and six a.m.?



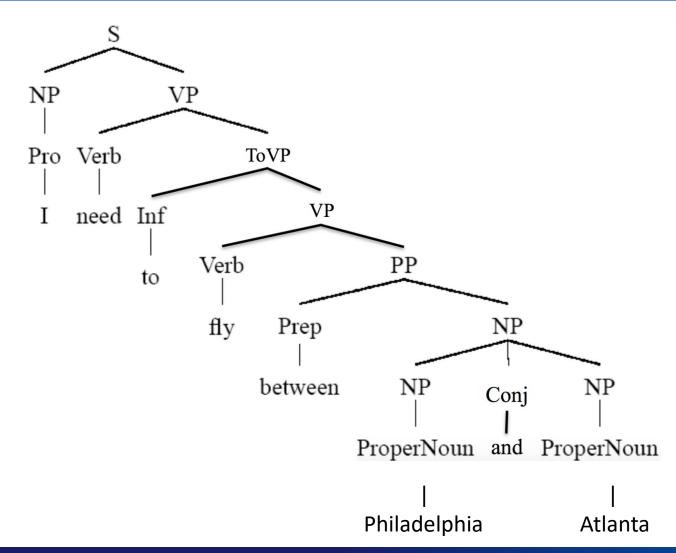
(b). I would like to fly on American airlines.



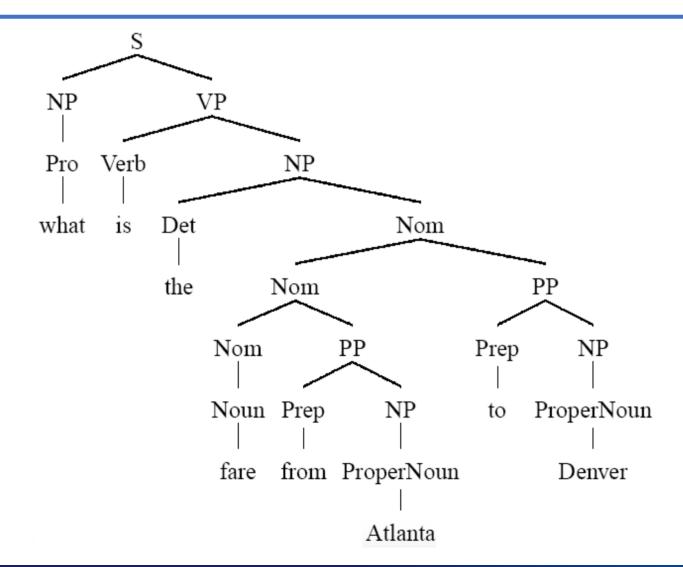
(c). Please repeat that.



(d). I need to fly between Philadelphia and Atlanta.



(e). What is the fare from Atlanta to Denver?



Q2. Consider the L1 grammar used in our lectures.

| S→ NPVP | Nominal → Noun | NP→ Verb PP |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| S→ Aux NPVP | Nominal → Nominal Noun | VP → VP PP |
| S→ VP | Nominal → Nominal PP | PP→ Preposition NP |
| NP→ Pronoun | VP→ Verb | |
| NP→ Proper-Noun | VP→ Verb NP | |
| NP→ Det Nominal | VP → Verb NP PP | |

- ➤ Draw the parse table for the following sentence using the L1 grammar
 - Reserve a room at MBS
- ➤ Parse table → CKY Parsing

The CKY algorithm



- > CKY algorithm requires grammars to be in Chomsky Normal Form (CNF).
 - CNF rules can only be in two forms: $A \rightarrow B C$ or $A \rightarrow w$.
 - That is, the right-hand side of each rule must expand either to two non-terminals or to a single terminal.
- >Any CFG can be converted into a corresponding equivalent CNF grammar
 - Rules that mix terminals with non-terminals on the right-hand side
 - e.g., $INF-VP \rightarrow to VP$. Create a dummy non-terminal TO
 - $INF-VP \rightarrow to VP$ becomes $INF-VP \rightarrow TO VP$ and $TO \rightarrow to$
 - Rules that have a single non-terminal on the right-hand side
 - e.g., $S \rightarrow VP$. Rewrite the right-hand side and expand VP with all its corresponding rules. $S \rightarrow VP$ becomes $S \rightarrow Verb NP$, $S \rightarrow Verb NP PP$, and ...
 - Rules that the length of the right-hand side is greater than 2
 - e.g., $S \rightarrow Verb \ NP \ PP$. Create a dummy non-terminal $X1. S \rightarrow Verb \ NP \ PP$ becomes $S \rightarrow X1 \ NP, X1 \rightarrow Verb \ NP$

An example CFG grammar in its CNF form

Review

| \mathscr{L}_1 Grammar | \mathscr{L}_1 in CNF |
|------------------------------------|---|
| $S \rightarrow NP VP$ | $S \rightarrow NP VP$ |
| $S \rightarrow Aux NP VP$ | $S \to X1 VP$ |
| | $XI \rightarrow Aux NP$ |
| $S \rightarrow VP$ | $S 	o book \mid include \mid prefer$ |
| | $S \rightarrow Verb NP$ |
| | $S \rightarrow X2 PP$ |
| | $S \rightarrow Verb PP$ |
| | $S \rightarrow VP PP$ |
| $NP \rightarrow Pronoun$ | $NP \rightarrow I \mid she \mid me$ |
| $NP \rightarrow Proper-Noun$ | $NP \rightarrow TWA \mid Houston$ |
| $NP \rightarrow Det\ Nominal$ | $NP \rightarrow Det Nominal$ |
| $Nominal \rightarrow Noun$ | $Nominal \rightarrow book \mid flight \mid meal \mid money$ |
| $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal Noun$ | $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal Noun$ |
| $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal PP$ | $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal PP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb$ | VP ightarrow book include prefer |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ | $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb NP PP$ | $VP \rightarrow X2 PP$ |
| | $X2 \rightarrow Verb NP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb PP$ | $VP \rightarrow Verb PP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow VP PP$ | $VP \rightarrow VP PP$ |
| $PP \rightarrow Preposition NP$ | $PP \rightarrow Preposition NP$ |

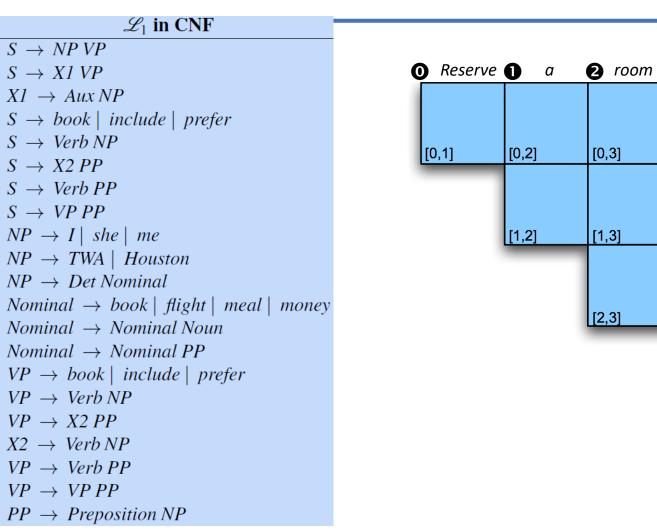
CNF rules can only be in two forms: $A \rightarrow B C$ or $A \rightarrow w$.

Each non-terminal node above the POS level in a parse tree will have exactly two daughters

That is: a non-terminal node can be derived from **exactly TWO constituents** (that can be derived earlier).

An example CFG grammar in its CNF form

| \mathscr{L}_1 Grammar | \mathscr{L}_1 in CNF | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| $S \rightarrow NP VP$ | $S \rightarrow NP VP$ | |
| $S \rightarrow Aux NP VP$ | $S \rightarrow X1 VP$ | |
| | $XI \rightarrow Aux NP$ | |
| $S \rightarrow VP$ | $S \rightarrow book \mid include \mid prefer \mid reserve$ | |
| | $S \rightarrow Verb NP$ | |
| | $S \rightarrow X2 PP$ | |
| | $S \rightarrow Verb PP$ | 5 |
| | $S \rightarrow VPPP$ | Reserve a room at MBS |
| $NP \rightarrow Pronoun$ | $NP \rightarrow I \mid she \mid me$ | |
| $NP \rightarrow Proper-Noun$ | $NP \rightarrow TWA \mid Houston \mid MBS$ | |
| $NP \rightarrow Det Nominal$ | $NP \rightarrow Det Nominal$ | |
| $Nominal \rightarrow Noun$ | $Nominal \rightarrow book \mid flight \mid meal \mid money$ | reservelroom |
| $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal Noun$ | $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal Noun$ | |
| $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal PP$ | $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal PP$ | |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb$ | $VP \rightarrow book \mid include \mid prefer \mid reserve$ | nr:ze v/ |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ | $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ | See definitions in: All Codesiastical Finance Military Sport Amerindian Ecology Textiles v |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb NP PP$ | $VP \rightarrow X2 PP$ | verb 1. retain for future use. |
| | $X2 \rightarrow Verb NP$ | "roll out half the dough and reserve the other half" Similar: put to one side put aside set aside lay aside keep back keep • |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb PP$ | $VP \rightarrow Verb PP$ | 2. arrange for (a room, seat, ticket, etc.) to be kept for the use of a particular person. "a place was reserved for her in the front row" Similar: (book) make a reservation for order) arrange in advance arrange for > In the content of the c |
| $VP \rightarrow VP PP$ | $VP \rightarrow VP PP$ | noun 1. a supply of a commodify not needed for immediate use but available if required. "Australia has maior coal .cas. and uranium reserves" |
| $PP \rightarrow Preposition NP$ | $PP \rightarrow Preposition NP$ | Similar: stock store supply stockpile reservoir pool fund bank v 2. a body of troops withheld from action to reinforce or protect others, or additional to the regular |
| | | forces and available in an emergency. "the men were stationed as a central reserve ready to be transported wherever necessary" |



"reserve" can be a noun or verb, similar to "book"

3 at

[0,4]

[1,4]

[2,4]

[3,4]

4 MBS

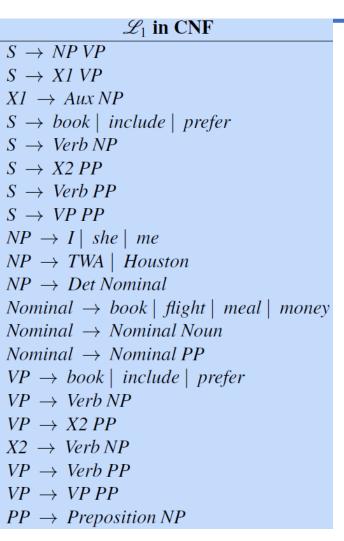
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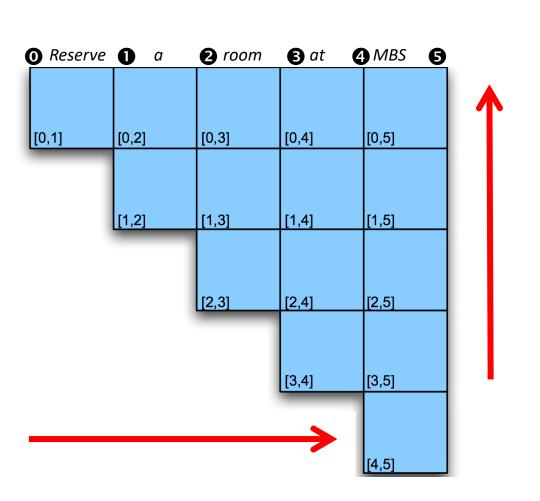
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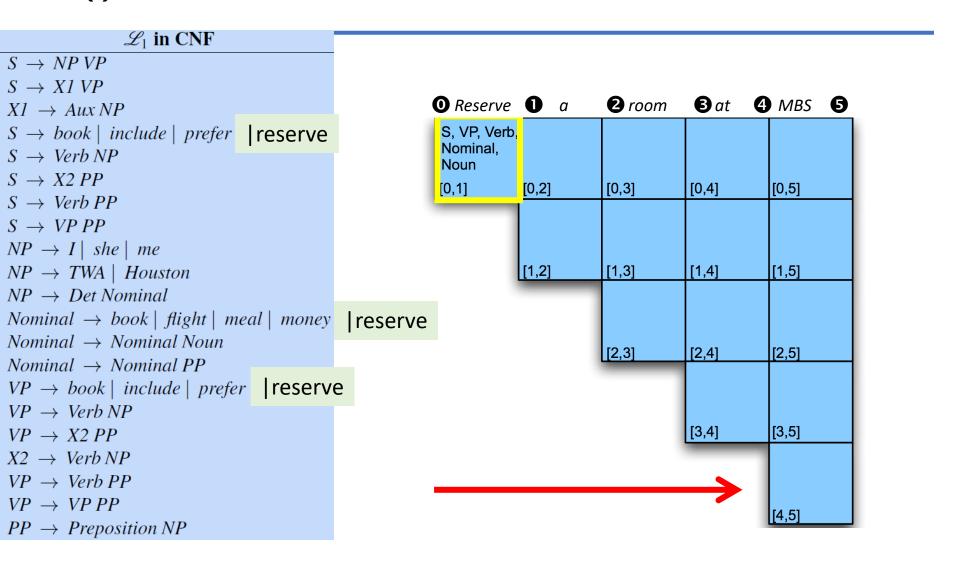
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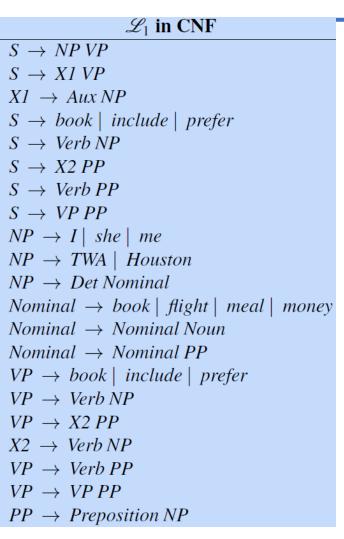
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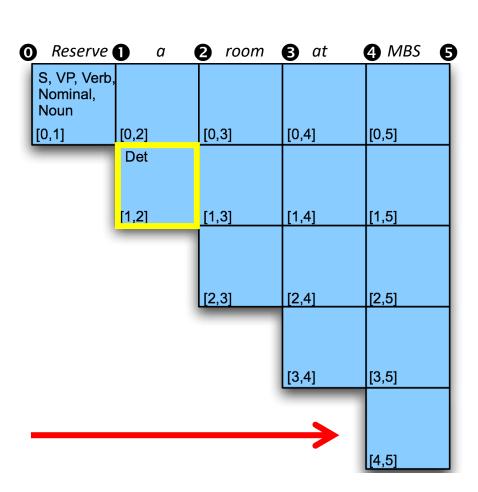
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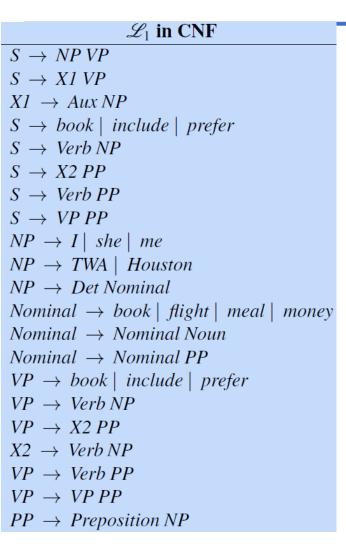


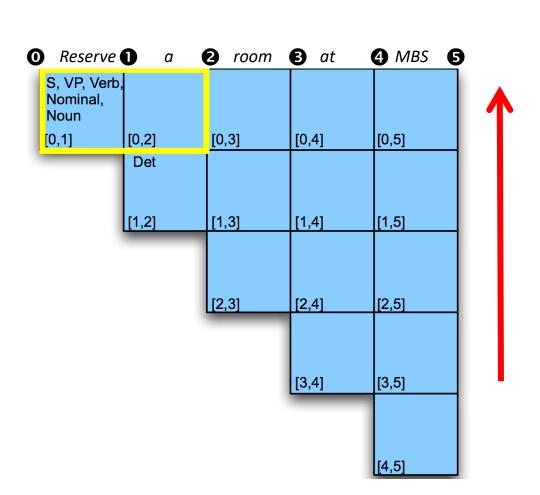


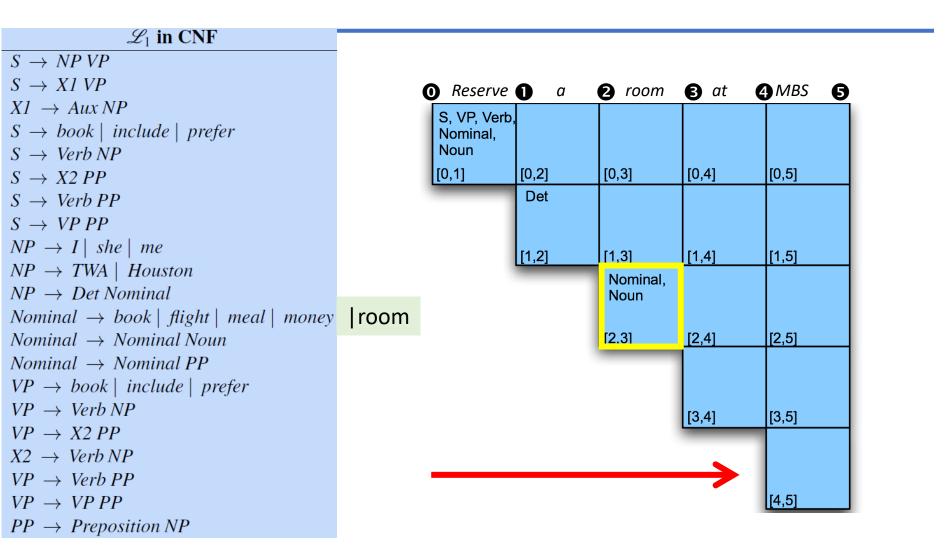


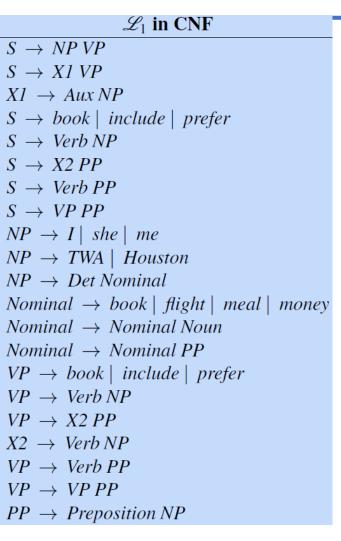


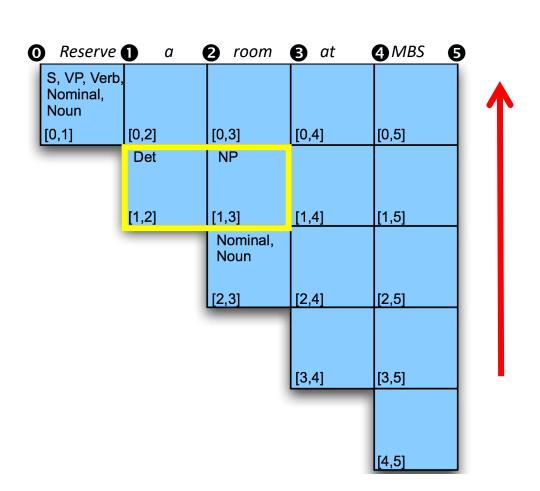




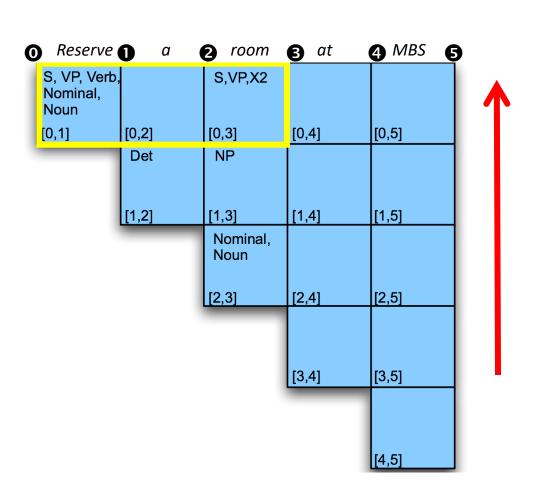


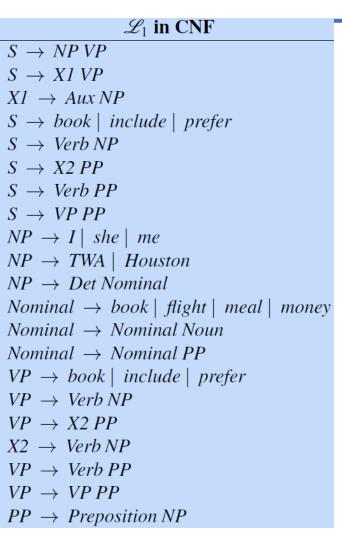


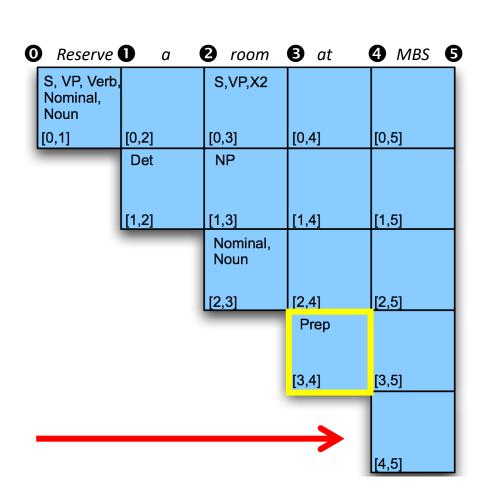




| \mathscr{L}_1 in CNF |
|--|
| $S \to NP VP$ |
| $S \to XI VP$ |
| $XI \rightarrow Aux NP$ |
| $S \rightarrow book \mid include \mid prefer$ |
| $S \rightarrow Verb NP$ |
| $S \rightarrow X2 PP$ |
| $S \rightarrow Verb PP$ |
| $S \rightarrow VPPP$ |
| $NP \rightarrow I \mid she \mid me$ |
| $NP \rightarrow TWA \mid Houston$ |
| $NP \rightarrow Det Nominal$ |
| Nominal \rightarrow book flight meal money |
| $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal Noun$ |
| $Nominal \rightarrow Nominal PP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow book \mid include \mid prefer$ |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow X2 PP$ |
| $X2 \rightarrow Verb NP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb PP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow VP PP$ |
| $PP \rightarrow Preposition NP$ |

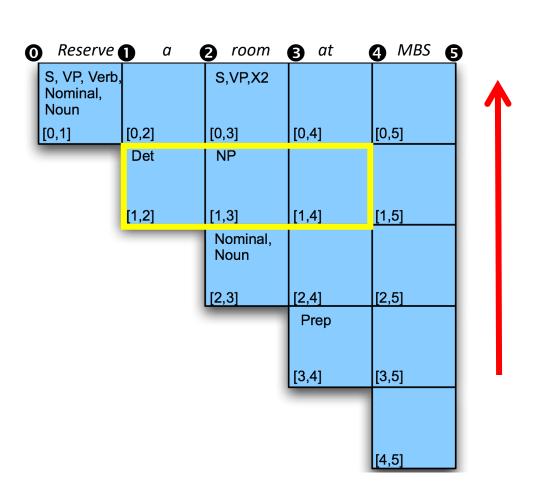


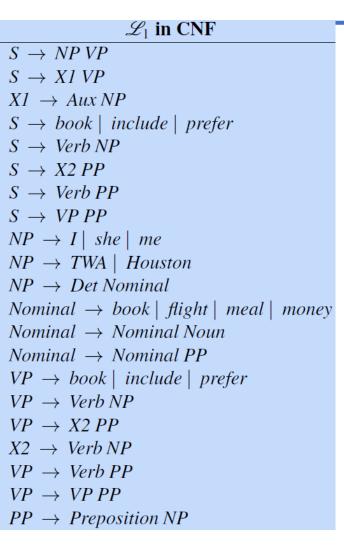


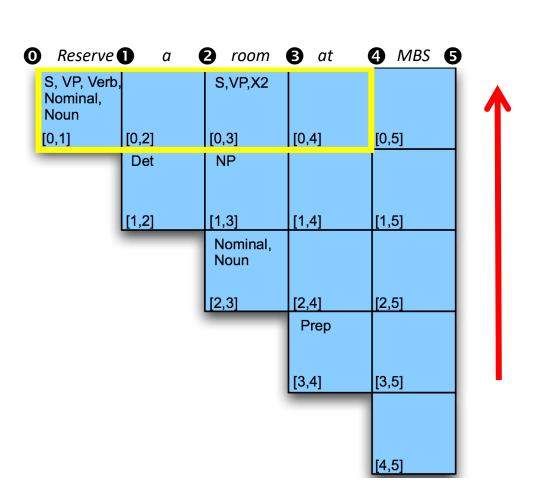


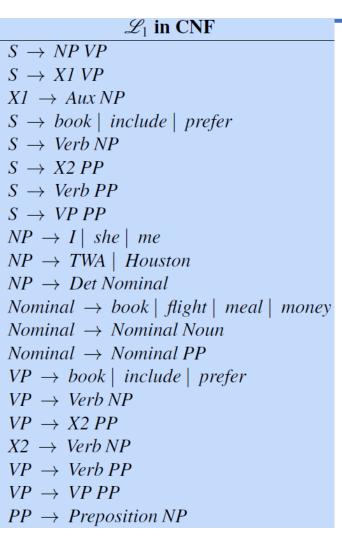
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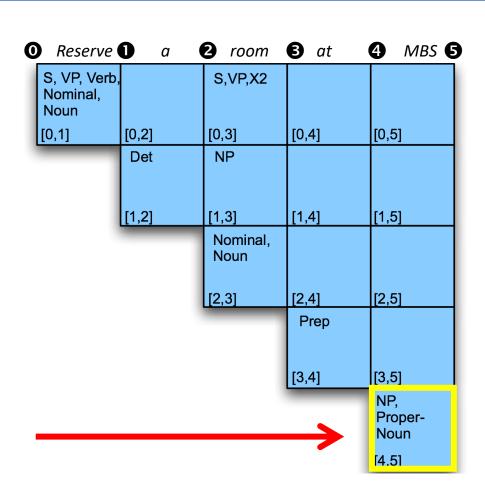
| S, VP, Verb Nominal, Noun | , | S,VP,X2 | | | 1 |
|---------------------------------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|-----|
| [0,1] | [0,2] | [0,3] | [0,4] | [0,5] | |
| | Det | NP | | | |
| | [1,2] | [1,3] | [1,4] | [1,5] | |
| | | Nominal, Noun | | | П |
| | | [2,3] | [2,4] | [2,5] | |
| | | | Prep | | |
| | | | [3,4] | [3,5] | ı . |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | [4,5] | |



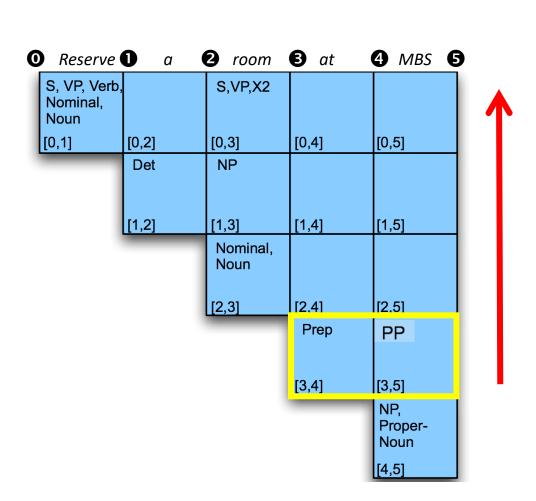




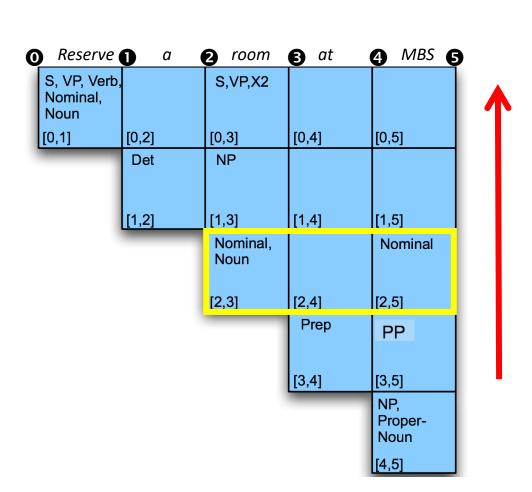




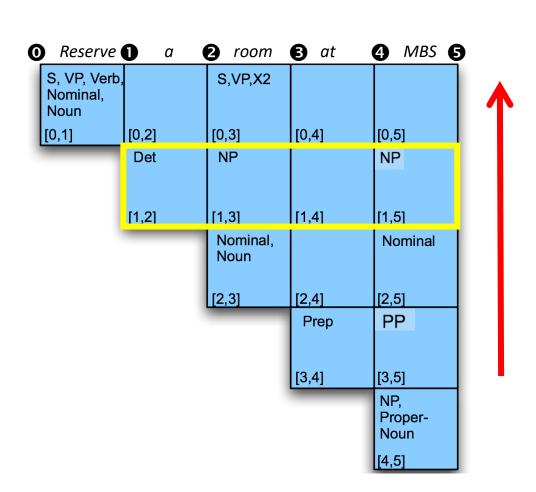
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| $S \rightarrow X2 PP$ |
| $S \rightarrow Verb PP$ |
| $S \rightarrow VP PP$ |
| $NP \rightarrow I \mid she \mid me$ |
| $NP \rightarrow TWA \mid Houston$ |
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| $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ |
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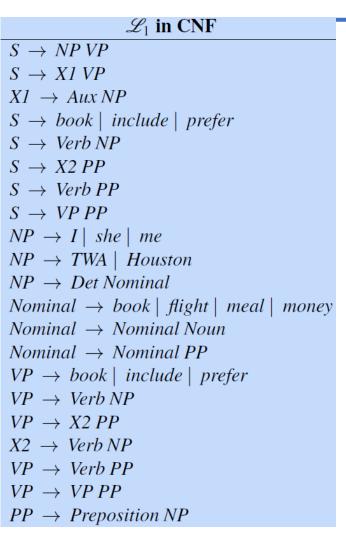


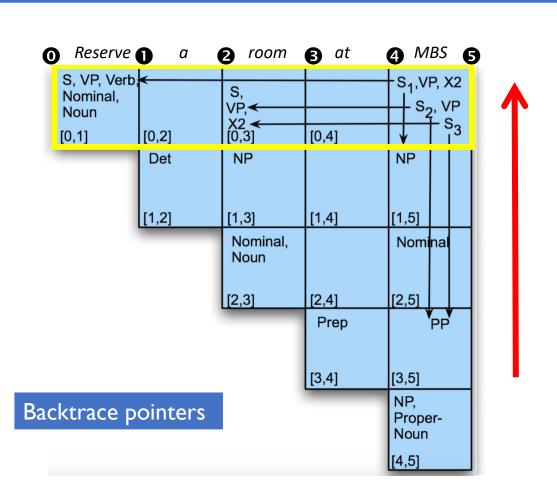
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| $PP \rightarrow Preposition NP$ |
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| Nominal \rightarrow Nominal Noun |
| Nominal $	o$ Nominal PP |
| $VP \rightarrow book \mid include \mid prefer$ |
| $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ |
| $VP \rightarrow X2 PP$ |
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| |







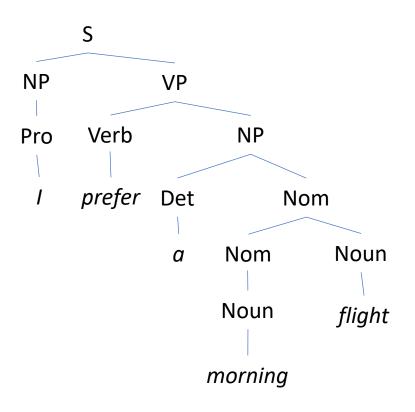
Q2(ii) Revise the L1 grammar

- In order to be able to parse the following sentences:
 - I would like to fly on American airlines.
 - Please repeat that.
 - I need to fly between Philadelphia and Atlanta.
 - What is the fare from Atlanta to Denver?

| S→ NPVP | Nominal → Noun | NP→ Verb PP |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| S→ Aux NPVP | Nominal → Nominal Noun | VP → VP PP |
| S→VP | Nominal → Nominal PP | PP→ Preposition NP |
| NP→ Pronoun | VP→ Verb | |
| NP→ Proper-Noun | VP→ Verb NP | |
| NP→ Det Nominal | VP → Verb NP PP | |

Derivation

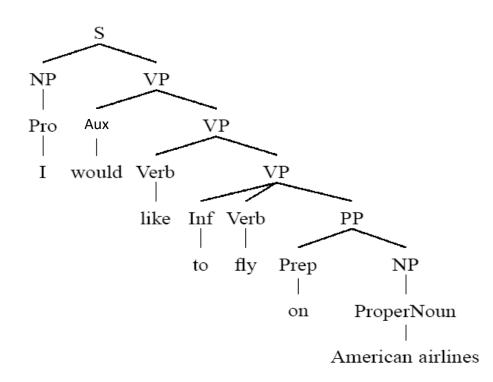
A derivation (parse tree) consists of the bag of grammar rules that are in the tree

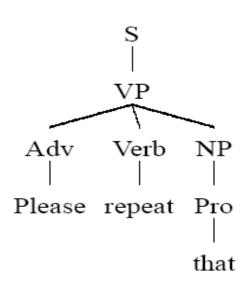


- 1. $S \rightarrow NP VP$
- 2. NP \rightarrow Pro Pro \rightarrow I
- 3. $VP \rightarrow Verb NP$ Verb $\rightarrow prefer$
- 4. NP \rightarrow Det Nom Det \rightarrow a
- 5. Nom → Nom Noun Noun → morning
- 6. Nom → Noun Noun → flight

The first two sentences

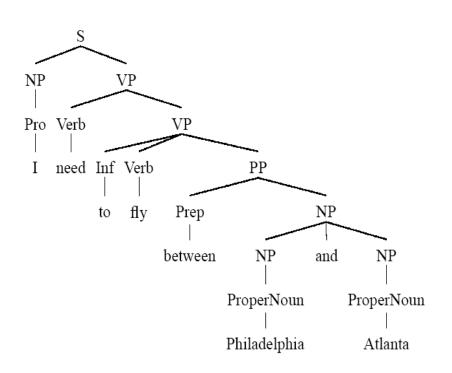
- I would like to fly on American airlines.
- Please repeat that.

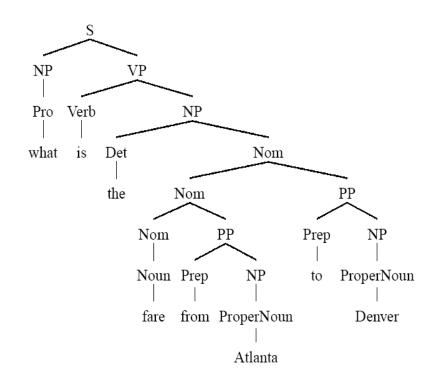




The next two sentences

- I need to fly between Philadelphia and Atlanta.
- What is the fare from Atlanta to Denver?





Q2(ii) Revise the L1 grammar

- In order to be able to parse the following sentences:
 - I would like to fly on American airlines.
 - Please repeat that.
 - I need to fly between Philadelphia and Atlanta.
 - What is the fare from Atlanta to Denver?

| S→ NPVP | Nominal → Noun | NP→ Verb PP |
|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| S→ Aux NPVP | Nominal → Nominal Noun | VP → VP PP |
| $S \rightarrow VP$ | Nominal → Nominal PP | PP→ Preposition NP |
| NP→ Pronoun | VP→ Verb | |
| NP→ Proper-Noun | VP→ Verb NP | |
| NP→ Det Nominal | VP → Verb NP PP | |

Q2(ii) Include the rules that are not listed in L1

- $S \rightarrow NPVP$
- S → Aux NPVP
- $S \rightarrow VP$
- NP \rightarrow Pronoun
- NP → ProperNoun
- NP → Det Nominal
- NP \rightarrow NP Conj NP
- Nominal → Noun
- Nominal → Nominal Noun
- Nominal → Nominal PP
- $VP \rightarrow Verb$
- VP → Verb NP
- VP → Verb NP PP
- VP → Verb PP

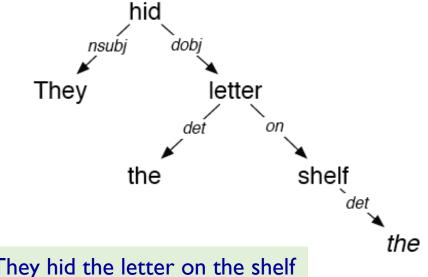
- $VP \rightarrow VP PP$
- VP → Aux VP
- VP → Verb VP
- $VP \rightarrow Inf Verb PP$
- VP → Adv Verb NP
- PP → Preposition NP
- •
- Det \rightarrow the
- Noun \rightarrow fare
- Verb → like | fly | repeat | need | is
- Pronoun \rightarrow I | that | what
- ProperNoun → American airlines |
 Philadelphia | Atlanta | Denver
- Aux → would
- Preposition → from | to | on | between
- Conj → and
- $lnf \rightarrow to$
- Adv \rightarrow please

Q3. Draw typed dependency structures of the sentences

- a) Does American airlines have a flight between five a.m. and six a.m.?
- b) I would like to fly on American airlines.
- c) Please repeat that.
- d) I need to fly between Philadelphia and Atlanta.
- e) What is the fare from Atlanta to Denver?

Dependency structure

- > Represents grammatical (dependency) relations between pairs of words (i.e., head, dependent)
- > Head: Grammatically most important word in a phrase
 - Verb of VP
 - Noun of NP
 - Prep of PP
 - Adj of AdjP



They hid the letter on the shelf

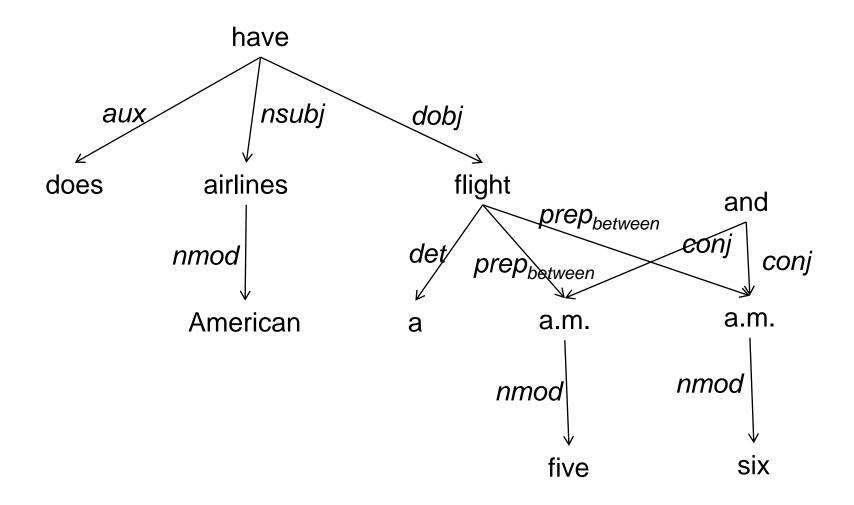
Dependency Relations

- ➤ Verb relations
 - nsubj : nominal subject
 - dobj : direct object
 - aux (auxiliary verb main verb)
 - xmod (verb adverb)
 - xcomp_{to} (verb – to-infinitive)

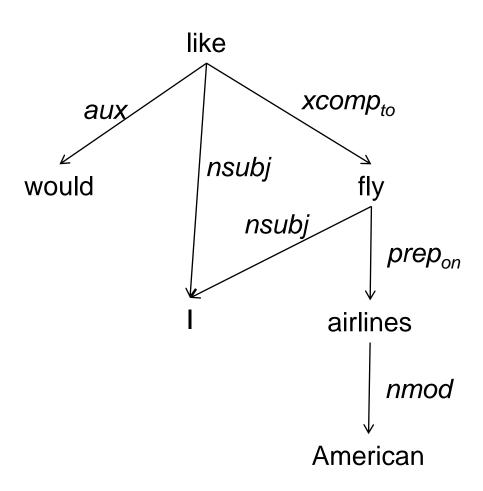
- ➤ Noun relations
 - nmod: nominal modifier
 - det
- > Preposition relations
 - prep_X (e.g. prep_{at})
- ➤ Coordination
 - conj

http://universaldependencies.org/u/dep/all.html

(a). Does American airlines have a flight between five a.m. and six a.m.?

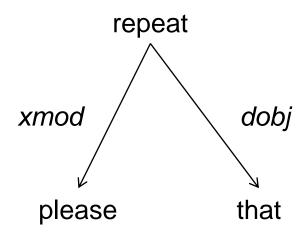


(b). I would like to fly on American airlines.



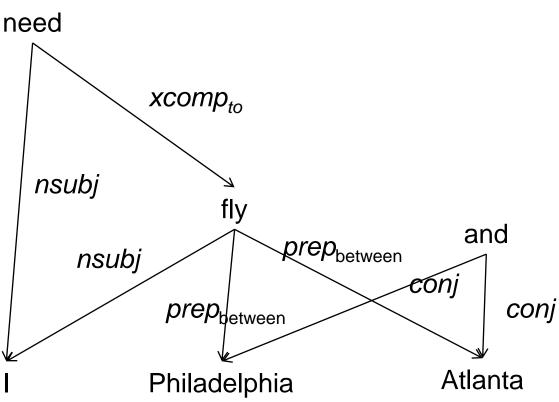
- nsubj
- dobj
- aux (auxiliary verb main verb)
- xmod (verb adverb)
- xcomp_{to} (verb to-infinitive)

(c). Please repeat that.



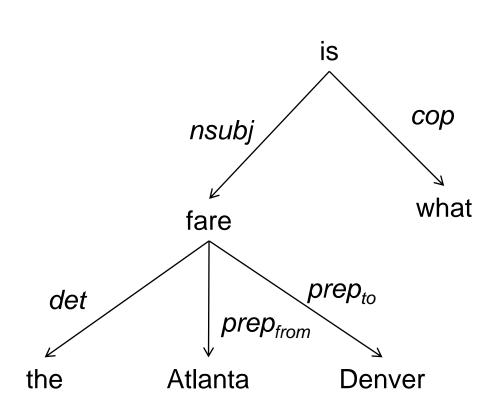
- nsubj
- dobj
- aux (auxiliary verb main verb)
- xmod (verb adverb)
- xcomp_{to} (verb to-infinitive)

(d). I need to fly between Philadelphia and Atlanta.



- nsubj
- dobj
- aux (auxiliary verb main verb)
- xmod (verb adverb)
- xcomp_{to} (verb to-infinitive)

(e). What is the fare from Atlanta to Denver?



- nsubj
- dobj
- aux (auxiliary verb main verb)
- xmod (verb adverb)
- xcomp_{to} (verb to-infinitive)