

# Assignment #9 Solutions

due Friday, October 23th, 2020

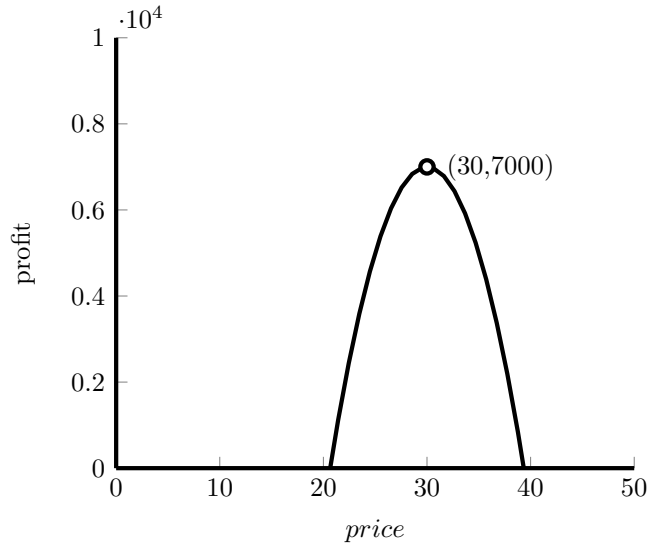
## Problem 1 (20 points)

(a) The objective function  $z = (4000 - 80p)(p - 10) - 25000 = -80p^2 + 4800p - 65000$ , then we can take the derivative of  $z$  over  $p$  and set it to zero, namely,

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial p} = -160p + 4800 = 0$$

Then we have  $p^* = 30$ , the optimal volume  $v^* = 1,600$  and the optimal profit  $z^* = 7000$ .

(b)



## Problem 2 (20 points)

(a) Using Excel solver, the optimal solution is  $(x_1, x_2) = (15.45, 12.27)$  with profit = 382.72.

1	<b>Riverwood Paneling Company</b>				
2					
3	<b>Variables:</b>				
4	Colonial Paneling (x1)	15.454545			
5	Western Paneling (x2)	12.272727			
6					
7	Profit:	382.72727			
8					
9	<b>Constraints</b>	x1	x2	Used	Constraint Allowed
10	Labor		1	2	40 = 40

(b) From the sensitivity report, we can see that the Lagrange Multiplier is 0.27. It reflects the approximate change in the objective function resulting from a unit change in the quantity (right-hand-side) value of the constraint equation. For this problem, if the quantity of labor hours is increased from 40 to 41 hours, the value of  $Z$  will increase by \$0.27—from \$382.73 to \$383.

1	Microsoft Excel 16.28 Sensitivity Report			
2	Worksheet: [hw10.xlsx]Q2 (a)			
3	Report Created: 11/5/19 1:20:37 AM			
4				
5				
6	Variable Cells			
7			Final	Reduced
8	Cell	Name	Value	Gradient
9	\$B\$4	Colonial Paneling (x1)	15.45454532	0
10	\$B\$5	Western Paneling (x2)	12.27272734	0
11				
12	Constraints			
13			Final	Lagrange
14	Cell	Name	Value	Multiplier
15	\$D\$10	Labor Used	40	0.272712457

### Problem 3 (30 points)

Let  $(x, y)$  be the coordinate of the new distribution center.

Data: Let  $(x_i, y_i)$  be the coordinate of supplier  $i$ ,  $i = A, B, C, D$ .

$t_i$  be the annual number of truckloads from supplier  $i$ ,  $i = A, B, C, D$ .

The distance between supplier  $i$  and new distribution center is  $d_i = \sqrt{(x_i - x)^2 + (y_i - y)^2}$ . Hence, the objective function is

$$\min \sum_{i \in \{A, B, C, D\}} d_i t_i$$

Using Excel solver, the location for the new distribution center is  $(x, y) = (178.17, 483.18)$  with total transportation = 68,171.95 miles.

1	Burger Doodle restaurant					
2						
3	Variables: new distribution center					
4	x	178.17307				
5	y	483.18067				
6						
7	Total Distance	68171.951				
8						
9	supplier	x	y	distance	Annual Truckloads	total distance ( supplier -> distribution center)
10	A	200	200	284.02061	65	18461.33979
11	B	100	500	79.961987	120	9595.438399
12	C	250	600	137.13447	90	12342.10217
13	D	500	300	370.30761	75	27773.07105

### Problem 4 (30 points)

Let  $x_i$  be the proportion of money invest in stock  $i$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, 4$ .

Data:  $r_i$  be the annual return of stock  $i$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, 4$ .

$\rho_{ij}$  is the correlation between stock  $i$  and stock  $j$ , where  $i = 1, \dots, 4$  and  $j = 1, \dots, 4$ .

$\sigma_i$  is the variance of stock  $i$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, 4$

$$\min \sum_{i=1}^4 \sum_{j=1}^4 \rho_{ij} \sigma_i \sigma_j x_i x_j$$

$$s.t. \sum_{i=1}^4 r_i x_i \geq 0.12$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^4 x_i = 1$$

$$x_i \geq 0, i = 1, \dots, 4$$

Using Excel solver, the optimal solution is  $(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (0.025, 0, 0.615, 0.359)$  with minimum portfolio variance = 0.0361, and total return = 0.12

1	Investment portfolio							
2								
3	Variables							
4	x1	0.02537561						
5	x2	0						
6	x3	0.61522538						
7	x4	0.359399						
8								
9	Correlation matrix:					Return:	Variance:	
10	1	0.9	0.7	0.3		0.18	0.112	
11	0.9	1	0.8	0.4		0.12	0.061	
12	0.7	0.8	1	0.2		0.1	0.045	
13	0.3	0.4	0.2	1		0.15	0.088	
14								
15	Computing the covariance matrix (Sigma):							
16		0.112	0.07439032	0.04969507	0.02978322			
17		0.07439032	0.061	0.0419142	0.02930665			
18		0.04969507	0.0419142	0.045	0.01258571			
19		0.029783217	0.02930665	0.01258571	0.088			
20								
21	Computing the portfolio variance:							
22	x*Sigma*x =	0.03613206						
23								
24	Portfolio variance:	0.03613206						
25	Portfolio return:	0.12	>=	0.12				
26	Sum of variables:	1	=	1				