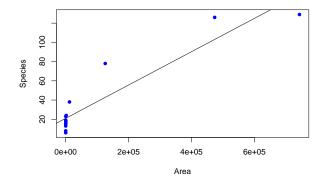
Supplement for Lecture 7: Outliers and Influential Points

Load Data from Textbook

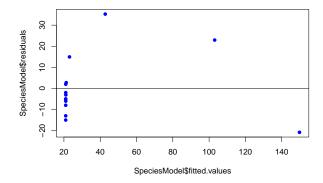
```
data("SpeciesArea") # Load Data
species = SpeciesArea[,-c(4,5)] # Shorten Name and Remove Last 2 Columns
rm(SpeciesArea) #Removes Old Object from Environment
head(species)
##
         Name
                Area Species
## 1
       Borneo 743244
                         129
      Sumatra 473607
                         126
         Java 125628
                          78
## 3
## 4
       Bangka 11964
                          38
                          24
## 5 Bunguran
                1594
## 6
       Banggi
                 450
                          18
```

Linear Model for Species vs Area

```
SpeciesModel=lm(Species~Area, data=species)
plot(Species ~ Area, data=species, pch=16, col="blue")
abline(SpeciesModel)
```

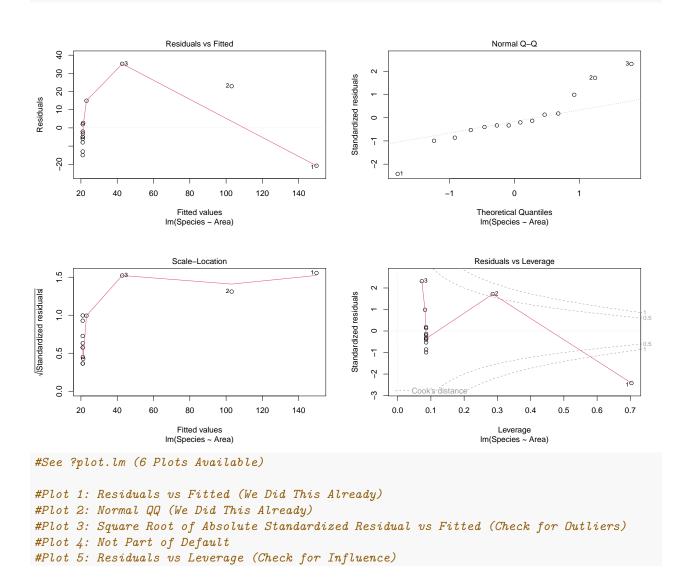


```
plot(SpeciesModel$residuals~SpeciesModel$fitted.values,pch=16,col="blue")
abline(0,0)
```

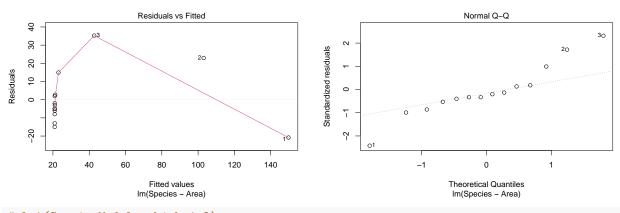


Default Plots from lm Object

plot(SpeciesModel) #Default Argument which=c(1,2,3,5)



```
#Plot 6: Not Part of Default
plot(SpeciesModel, which=c(1,2)) #Only Want First Two
```



#plot(SpeciesModel, which=1:2)
#plot(SpeciesModel, 1:2)

Identifying Outliers

2

4

Sumatra 473607

Bangka 11964

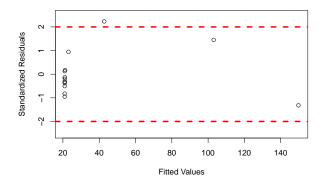
```
#Alternate to SpeciesModel$residuals
residuals(SpeciesModel)
##
                                  3
                          35.241524
                                    14.942506
                                                 2.739901
                                                           -3.061813
## -20.807685
               22.927548
                                                                      -6.017442
                                 10
                                            11
                                                        12
                                                                   13
                1.996424
                          -5.003402
                                     -4.991789 -12.988150
                                                           -7.986070 -14.985203
   -2.006349
max(residuals(SpeciesModel)) #Largest
## [1] 35.24152
min(residuals(SpeciesModel)) #Smallest
## [1] -20.80769
max(abs(residuals(SpeciesModel))) #Farthest Away from 0
## [1] 35.24152
which.max(abs(residuals(SpeciesModel))) #Returns Index of the Max
## 3
## 3
#Bad Idea: Remove Data Point with Largest Outlier
species.without.3 = species[-which.max(abs(residuals(SpeciesModel))),]
species.without.3
##
                  Name
                         Area Species
## 1
                Borneo 743244
                                  129
```

126

38

```
## 5
              Bunguran
                         1594
                                   24
## 6
                          450
                                   18
                Banggi
## 7
                Jemaja
                          194
                                   15
## 8
                          130
                                   19
       Karimata Besar
## 9
                Tioman
                          114
                                   23
## 10
              Siantan
                       113
                                   16
## 11
             Sirhassan
                                   16
                           46
## 12
                Redang
                           25
                                    8
## 13
            Penebangan
                           13
                                   13
## 14 Perhentian Besar
                            8
                                    6
#Standardizing Residuals
SSE=sum(residuals(SpeciesModel)^2)
n=length(residuals(SpeciesModel))
std.error.regression = sqrt(SSE/(n-2))
std.error.regression #Expect to be Off By 15 Species On Average When Using Model to Predict
## [1] 15.79018
summary(SpeciesModel)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Species ~ Area, data = species)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -20.808 -7.494 -4.027
                             2.554 35.242
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 2.098e+01 4.621e+00
                                    4.541 0.000677 ***
                                    8.925 1.21e-06 ***
              1.733e-04 1.942e-05
## Area
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 15.79 on 12 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8691, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8582
## F-statistic: 79.66 on 1 and 12 DF, p-value: 1.206e-06
#Plot of Standardized Residuals
std.res=residuals(SpeciesModel)/std.error.regression
plot(y=std.res,x=fitted(SpeciesModel),
     main="Standardized Residuals Versus Fitted Values",
     xlab="Fitted Values", ylab="Standardized Residuals",
    ylim=c(-2.5,2.5))
abline(h=c(-2,2),
      col="red",
      lty=c(2,2),
      1wd = c(3,3))
```

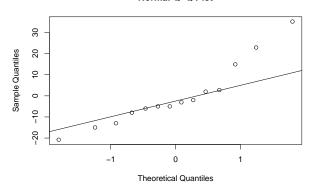
Standardized Residuals Versus Fitted Values



Assess Conditions of Residuals

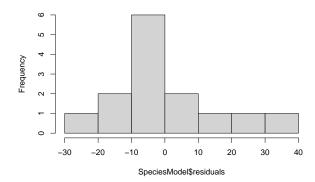
qqnorm(SpeciesModel\$residuals)
qqline(SpeciesModel\$residuals)

Normal Q-Q Plot



hist(SpeciesModel\$residuals)

Histogram of SpeciesModel\$residuals

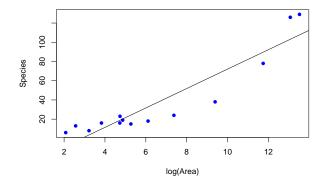


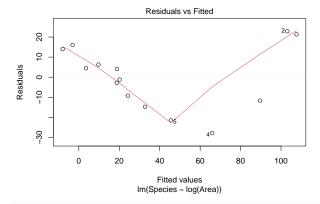
Transformation

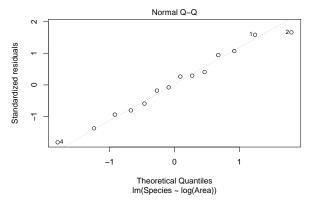
abline(TransMod)

Three Possible Options Using Natural Logarithm Transformation Only

```
• y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 log(x) + \epsilon
   • log(y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \epsilon
  • log(y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 log(x) + \epsilon
# Run the Code and Try All Three To Choose Best
TransMod=lm(Species~log(Area), data=species)
summary(TransMod)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Species ~ log(Area), data = species)
## Residuals:
                 1Q Median
                                  3Q
##
       Min
                                          Max
## -27.916 -11.075
                      1.455
                             12.052
                                       22.905
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -28.989
                               8.923 -3.249 0.00697 **
                                        8.580 1.82e-06 ***
## log(Area)
                  10.107
                               1.178
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 16.34 on 12 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8599, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8482
## F-statistic: 73.62 on 1 and 12 DF, p-value: 1.822e-06
plot(Species ~ log(Area), data=species, pch=16, col="blue")
```

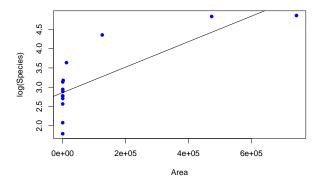




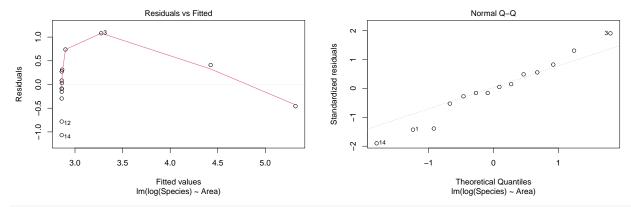


TransMod=lm(log(Species)~Area, data=species)
summary(TransMod)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(Species) ~ Area, data = species)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                            Max
                                    3Q
## -1.06844 -0.25964 -0.02951 0.30320
                                       1.08130
##
  Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 2.860e+00 1.721e-01
                                      16.62 1.2e-09 ***
               3.305e-06 7.232e-07
                                       4.57 0.000643 ***
## Area
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.588 on 12 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6351, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6047
## F-statistic: 20.89 on 1 and 12 DF, p-value: 0.0006433
plot(log(Species) ~ Area, data=species, pch=16, col="blue")
abline(TransMod)
```

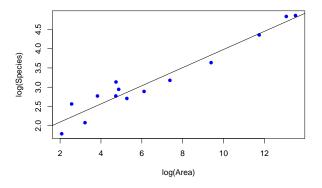


plot(TransMod,c(1,2))

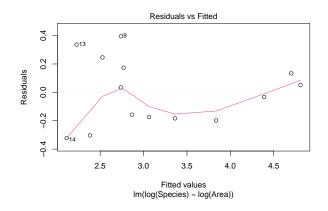


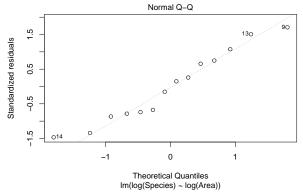
TransMod=lm(log(Species)~log(Area), data=species)
summary(TransMod)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(Species) ~ log(Area), data = species)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
  -0.32280 -0.18071 0.00079 0.16356 0.39534
##
##
  Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                 1.6249
                            0.1326
                                     12.26 3.81e-08 ***
                            0.0175
                                     13.46 1.34e-08 ***
## log(Area)
                 0.2355
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2427 on 12 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9379, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9327
## F-statistic: 181.1 on 1 and 12 DF, p-value: 1.335e-08
plot(log(Species) ~ log(Area), data=species, pch=16, col="blue")
abline(TransMod)
```



plot(TransMod,c(1,2))





Getting Fitted Values, Residuals, and Predictions

Using the model we fit to make predictions:

$$\widehat{\log(y)} = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \log(x)$$

Transforming predictions back to the units of Y = Number of Species

$$\hat{y} = e^{\widehat{\log(y)}} = e^{\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \log(x)} = e^{\hat{\beta}_0} x^{\hat{\beta}_1}$$

If we run coef (TransMod), we find our estimates

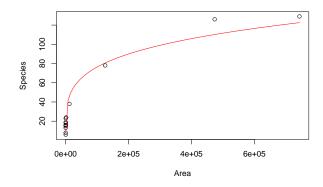
$$\hat{y} = e^{1.6249 + 0.2355 \log(x)} = e^{1.6249} x^{0.2355}$$

```
#Recall Property of Logs
10<sup>1</sup>log10(5)
## [1] 5
exp(log(7))
## [1] 7
\#Extract\ Coefficients
as.numeric(coef(TransMod))
## [1] 1.6249050 0.2354745
beta0=as.numeric(coef(TransMod))[1]
beta1=as.numeric(coef(TransMod))[2]
#Raw Predictions of Log(Species)
species$logfit = fitted(TransMod)
#3 Methods for Predictions of Actual Species
species$fit1 = exp(species$logfit)
species$fit2= exp(beta0+beta1*log(species$Area))
species$fit3 = exp(beta0)*species$Area^beta1
#Obtain Residuals in Original Units of Species Variable to Calculate SE of Regression
```

```
species$res = species$Species - species$fit1
sqrt(sum(species$res^2)/(length(species$res)-2)) #Standard Error of Regression
```

[1] 6.551732

```
#Plot Fitted Model on Raw Untransformed Data
plot(Species~Area, data=species)
curve(exp(beta0+beta1*log(x)), add=TRUE, col="red")
```



#Extrapolate for the Island Australia (7,700,000 km^2)
exp(beta0+beta1*log(7700000))

[1] 212.4615

```
plot(Species~Area, data=species,xlim=c(0,7700000),ylim=c(0,400))
curve(exp(beta0+beta1*log(x)), add=TRUE, col="red")
points(7700000,379,col="blue",pch=16,cex=3) #I Wikipedia Like a Boss
```

